

NIGERIAN TIDE

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CALLING ALL TECHNICAL STUDENTS

APPLICATION forms for entry into technical colleges in the Rivers State for the three-year vocational course are now available for collection at the technical section of the Ministry of Education, Port Harcourt.

According to a release from the ministry, the Port Harcourt Technical College will offer such courses as catering, electrical installation, work fabrication, craft practice, furniture making and upholstery, mechanical craft practice, motor vehicle mechanics, painting and decoration and welding craft practice. Technical college, Abiodun will offer courses in block laying and concreting, carpentry and joinery, electrical installations, mechanical craft practice and property plumbing for students.

Technical College, Tombia will run courses in marine engineering practice, telecommunications and all other courses offered in the two other colleges.

Required minimum entry qualification is Government Class Four and 'S' 75 certificate.

Completed application forms with the necessary credentials should be forwarded to the ministry before or by June 30, 1980.

TEXACO SPILLAGE VICTIMS

OKILO WARNS AGAIN



● CHIEF MELFORD OKILO
Governor of Rivers State

AGAIN

‘We may go to court if...’

rent negotiations in Lagos did not satisfy the aspirations of his people “we shall have no alternative instead of taking up arms than to go to court.”

He stated that already, technical partners of the state government had completed an evaluation of the extent of damage done and submitted a report to the Federal Government.

“We are now humbly waiting on the Federal Government on what it would say”, he said.

When asked if the oil company responsible for the spillage had paid any compensation, Governor Okilo said, “Not a kobo to my knowledge”.

Chief Okilo stated that what had so far got to the victims of the spillage was from the one million naira initially provided by the state government for relief materials.

This effort was being complemented by contributions to the state government by voluntary organisations, religious bodies, companies and individuals, he said.

(Continued on page 3)

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THE Rivers State Government may go to court if an equitable and justifiable compensation is not paid for the damage done as a result of last February's major oil spillage which rendered thousands of people homeless and destroyed their main sources of livelihood.

The spillage followed a blow-out at APO14 station, owned by the Texaco Nigeria Limited, in the Brass Local Government area of the Rivers State.

The indication was made

by Chief Melford Okilo, Governor of the Rivers State while speaking on an NTV Kaduna Programme, "Meeting Point".

Governor Okilo stated that if the outcome of cur-

No major fed govt project in Rivers

THERE is no major Federal Government project in the Rivers State that costs between five to ten million naira.

This was revealed by the state governor, Chief Melford Okilo in Kaduna while answering questions during a television programme "Meeting Point".

Chief Okilo stated that the state had been neglected since the inception of military

rule up till today.

The situation, he said was quite different in other parts of the federation, adding "Go to other parts of the country and you will see that one single project costing 200 million to 300 million."

This, he said, is money re-

leased from the crude oil being taken from the Rivers State. He went on, "You would be surprised that no 100 million out of these billions is returned to the Rivers State."

"How do you think a people will continue to tolerate a situation like this?" he asked.

The governor appealed to the conscience of Niger-

(Continued on page 3)

Indisciplined student expelled, 22 suspended

from Idris Obalopo

Two workers down graded by board

THE newly constituted board of directors of the British Overseas Airways Limited has ended a five-month-long series of protests under their leadership in all parts of the state.

Talking to workers at the headquarters of the company in Benin City, the action chairman of the board, Frank Okoko, said that his board was not to work on a removal basis so that the company can meet profits.

He said that all those who are prepared to work would be adequately remunerated while those who would not work and want to be paid will be sent away.

Later during the day the directors found some of the staff wanting in their apt and decided to down grade them.

Two later supervisors were down graded. On the other hand, some workers who performed their duties very well were compensated with increased salaries as incentives.

There is no room for further in this company, the action chairman finally warned.

In the photograph below, the public relations officer of the company, Mr. E. N. Egbu, talks to an air stewardess who has welcomed the board to the headquarters.

TWENTY-two final year students of the College of Education, Bere-Ekhi Ondo State have been suspended till October this year for alleged gross acts of indiscipline.

The college also dismissed one final year student for the alleged indiscipline.

A report from Akure stated that both the dismissal and suspension were contained in a letter served on the students by the college authorities.

A source close to the institution said that the disciplinary action moved to the students was not unconnected with the beating of a man

by a group of students being conveyed to the permanent site of the college.

According to the source, the students attacked their victim after dragging him out of his car until the man took to his heels and hid in the bush.

As a result of the incident, said the report, two heads of departments in the college had to be re-assigned.



BOARD URGED TO SOLVE COMPANY'S PROBLEMS

The Anambra State Commissioner for Industries and Technology, Mr. Maxinus I. Ukata has called on the members of the newly constituted board of directors of the Niger Gas Company Ltd. Enugu to tackle the problems of the company very seriously.

The members, he said, should find permanent solutions to the problems of constant breakdown of the plants, labour unrest and lack of market for the products of the company.

Mr. Ukata made the appeal in his address at the inaugural meeting of the board.

In an address of welcome the chairman of the board, Mr. S. E. Igboke appealed to the state government to replace the obsolete oxygen and acetylene plants which had served the company actively for six years.

Mr. Igboke said that more than N15,000 was paid as deposit to a firm based in Germany for the servicing of the plants.

He hinted that plans had reached advanced stage to establish domestic gas industry which he said "is the first of its kind in the state".

The six members of the boards are Mr. S. E. Igboke, chairman, Mr. Augustine Anakwu, M. Ignatius Eganazu, Mr. Benson Okoli, Mr. Okke Okwori and Mrs. Lube Amibi.

Four high court judges take oath

FOUR newly appointed high court judges have been sworn-in by the Ondo State Governor Chief M. A. Arin-yan at Akure.

The new judges are sitting from right to left Mr. Justice Timothy Oluwale, Mr. Justice Omoleye Tosun, Mr. Justice Rasheed Lawo-

hinmi and Mr. Justice Omsajola Balogun listening to the address of the governor at the ceremony.



High court complex for Ahoada

A HIGH court complex and a magistrates court are to be built in Ahoada in the Rivers State area.

This was announced by the Rivers State chief judge, Mr. Justice Donald Graham Douglas while addressing chiefs and people of Ahoada during his inspection tour of the judiciary in the state.

He explained that the high court complex which estimated would consist of two high courts.

This he said was in the bid to bring justice nearer to the people.

Mr. Justice Graham Douglas urged the people to cooperate with the judge and magistrates based in the area in order to discharge their duties credibly.

Earlier, the chairman of the Ahoada Local Government Management Committee, Mrs. W. E. Ogburne had appealed to the chief judge to ensure that justice was given to the establishment of such courts in the area.

He also appealed for the accommodation to be provided for the members of the judiciary.

The chief judge later thanked the high court, the chief magistrate's court and the law for the new high court complex and staff quarters.

EDITORIAL

LOW PROFILE AND ALL THAT

THE last military regime introduced what it called low profile among public functionaries. The idea was to set an example to the generality of our people in simple living. So we embarked on selling off official cars of the Mercedes, Cadillac and Volvos class at ridiculously uneconomic prices to rich countrymen and women. We are not at all sure that the experiment succeeded in making our people any less ostentatious.

EVEN if it performed such a miracle, we do not share the view that the President, the vice president, the state governors

and deputy governors should use low class cars. That would be stretching the whole thing to a laughable point. Even in those so-called socialist countries there are belittling official vehicles for those who are entitled to use them. Or are we abolishing ranks in this country? Whatever be the merits of low profile, we think that our top public functionaries should be distinguished from the crowd. This accords with their high offices, and has nothing whatever to do with vainglory or ostentation.

THOSE who are genuinely desirous to save public funds

for development have our support. But that is another issue altogether. For now, let us call

Safety in the air

NIGERIA has in two weeks lost 29 lives in two separate air accidents. There was the Nigerian Air Force plane which crashed into the Atlantic Ocean on that fateful morning of May 26 killing all the 18 persons aboard. Then last Wednesday another tragedy struck when a helicopter operating for the Shell Petroleum Development Company crashed into the sea killing all its eleven passengers.

WHILE the nation awaits detailed reports into the crashes, we wish to appeal for a bit more care during flights. It is also necessary to insist on the most rigorous maintenance of both military and civil aircraft. Nigeria has an enviable avia-

tion history compared with some parts of the world. We cannot afford to slacken.

DEATHS on our roads have become so common that they are almost taken for granted, which is to be regretted because of these on the resources of the country are incalculable. They also cause destitution, agony and misery in many homes. While we battle with the recklessness on the roads, we must continue to ensure maximum safety in the air.

WE extend our sincere condolences to the families of the latest air deaths. We expect that everything would be done by those in whose service they were to lighten the sorrows and sufferings of their dependants.

We may

(Continued from page 1)

Its authors stress that they did not wish to exercise any pressure on world athletes and spectators to spurn the Moscow Olympics. But they appealed to them to "think of the bloody deeds and the mendacity of the Communist regime and turn the Moscow stadium into a mighty platform of indictment."

They should ask for legitimisation of the USSR's internal politics and a complete adherence to universal rights and freedoms.

Members of the committee said that the USSR's "unilateral decision to ban the participation of athletes from the United States and other countries" was "a gross violation of the Olympic Charter." They also said that the USSR's "unilateral decision to ban the participation of athletes from the United States and other countries" was "a gross violation of the Olympic Charter."

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WHAT IS PH STATE

ACCORDING to some substantive historical backgrounds, Port Harcourt is jointly owned by two groups.

The groups are Okrika and Ikwire.

Then what right has the other group demanding for Port Harcourt State without seeking approval from those (Okrikans) who own the land Port Harcourt with them.

The publications in the Nigerian Times of 22nd and 23rd May, 1980, the so-called Port Harcourt State Movement mentioned some towns and villages that would constitute their dream Port Harcourt State detaching Ovwaka the sole owner of Port Harcourt.

Indeed, from the look of things, the authors are very bold in some parts of their

own.

It is not a difficult thing for

some one to understand that their aim is to practice oppression, cheating and Cynicism against those from Riverine areas.

Subsidy is frustrating them from demanding State but such state should not be Port Harcourt State because Port Harcourt is for two groups.

We are old enough as such there is no need to set further confusion in the country.

Join the Government that is interested in an even development.

Yours faithfully,
JOSEPH AMIESIMAKA
Port Harcourt

Managing town development funds

To the town development funds for the purpose of the

development of the town. It is not a difficult thing for some one to understand that their aim is to practice oppression, cheating and Cynicism against those from Riverine areas.

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home villages or towns and see for yourselves as to whether the home account books fail to show both the Receipts and Payments columns. By this you will realise what balance out-stands or the measure of blame that goes.

Taking for granted that your reason for the cry of dissatisfaction is true, then you certainly should not be satisfied with the

in trusteeship, can summon their subjects and sort out the things that appear to be difficult for the people to understand, or the areas of apparent confusion.

Indeed, they would be doing themselves a world of good, and the masses in turn would confide ever stronger in them.

I salute the various state governments for the role they play in giving both moral and financial succour to the blocks of towns and villages, the welfare societies, unions, co-operatives etc through the three tier system.

By these gestures the states work to mitigate the drain and strain of the various communities in their efforts to develop and improve their lot a bit.

If we therefore place any value at all on the idea of the state governments to help their subjects, they should

No major

development of the town. It is not a difficult thing for some one to understand that their aim is to practice oppression, cheating and Cynicism against those from Riverine areas.

Subsidy is frustrating them from demanding State but such state should not be Port Harcourt State because Port Harcourt is for two groups.

READ THE
NIGERIAN
TIDE DAILY



Fund raising banned in schools

by Ademola Popoola

THE Ondo State Government has banned all forms of fund raising activities in schools and colleges in the state with immediate effect.

A release signed by the secretary to the state government, Mr M. A. Popoola in Akure said that the government's decision was necessary in view of gross abuses associated with the disbursement of such funds.

It added that the launching of such fund-raising committees and undermines the free education policy of the state government.

The release explained that the state government had been giving active consideration to the activities of some schools and other institutions of learning in the state which embarked on fund raising activities for projects.

The government however, emphasised that it was not in any way opposed to members of any community coming to the assistance of schools within their locality.

By doing so, the release stated, they would only be acting in conformance with the intention of the state government which regarded them as partners in progress in the implementation of its educational programmes.

Development fund of N-7m launched

A N7,500,000 development fund has been launched at Ilorin by the Oyo State Commissioner for Agriculture and Natural Resources, Mr Aso Olowu.

He also laid the foundation stone of a school in the town. In the photograph, the commissioner is seen laying the foundation stone of the school which will cater for the handicapped.

Local govt committee challenged

THE appointment of a committee on creation of more local government areas in Kaduna State by the state government, Alhaji Abdulkadir Balarabe Musa has been described as illegal and unconstitutional.

The chairman of the House Committee on local government, Alhaji Tukur Idris (SPN, Bako) levelled the accusation while addressing a press conference in Kaduna.

He explained that only the state legislature had the power to make such appointment as provided in Section 4 of the Nigerian Constitution and also the amended local government Edict No. one of 1977. Section 22 which gave the House the power to create new local governments in the state.

Alhaji Tukur wondered why the governor did not wait for the court's decision on local government since the speaker of the state Legislature had been taken to court on the issue.

The chairman called on legislators to take appropriate measures by applying for the interim injunction to stop the committee appointed by the governor not to start work.

Alarming rate of crime Judge rebukes youths

CHIEF Magistrate, R. C. Nworie, presiding at a Port Harcourt Circuit Magistrate's Court has decried the alarming

rate at which young men were being involved in crime.

The chief magistrate lamented the situation where Ekuru Okpara, a 27-year-old educationist with the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare, and two others, of no visible means or 'fixed' wife brought before him on charges of fraud and stealing.

The two other accused persons are Thompson Eze and Felix George.

Mr Nworie implored Nigerians to do something to save the situation. Chief Magistrate Nworie lamented "Even after seeing the money they only go to night clubs and drink with girls."

He wondered why the youth could not get about their legitimate activities. The prosecution led by Sergeant Vitez Nwankwo had said that Ekuru Okpara and George between March 1 and 22, 1979 year at Port Harcourt with an intention to defraud the Federal Government forged a Federal Savings Bank pass book purporting it to show that they deposited N800 in the Port Harcourt post office.

Ekuru Okpara, the prosecution also alleged, on May 22, 1979 year at the Federal Savings Bank Abuja, Imo State knowingly

and fraudulently altered a Federal Savings Pass Book to read N10,000 instead of Anthony Eke.

The prosecution further alleged that Okpara on the same date, time and place presented a pass book and other a substantial form for N700.

All the accused persons pleaded not guilty to all the charges. They were remanded in prison custody. The court adjourned hearing to June 24.

Basin authority plans 4 dams

THE Anambra Inno River Basin Development Authority (AIRBDA) is to build four dams in Imo and Anambra States. Announcing this in Owerri after an extensive tour of the authority's projects in the two states, the chairman, Mr Ferdinand Eke, emphasised that one of the dams "will be used as a show piece for the authority's projects."

He disclosed that this particular dam would be built at Ndimoko across the Inno River in the Ikwuano/Okigwe Local Government area of Imo State and would have capacity for 58 million cubic litres of water to serve farming communities within Ikwuano/Okigwe and Ideato local government areas.

A second dam would be constructed across the Abonyi River at Obobo in Izzi, Anhaliki, Anambra State, and this would have capacity for 400 million cubic litres of water to irrigate rice fields in the area.

Seven Papal knights receive investitures

SEVEN staunch members of the Roman Catholic Church in Ondo State have received investitures of Papal Knights at the St. Patrick's Catholic Cathedral Church, Ado-Ekiti from the Rt Rev. Michael O. Fagun, the resident Bishop of the Ekiti Catholic Diocese.

Photograph below shows some of the Knights and the Deputy Governor, Mr Akin Omoboriowo and his wife flanked by Bishop Alaba Job of Ibadan (3rd from left) and Bishop Michael Fagun of Ado-Ekiti, (right).



Campaign launched

to educate farmers

Youth clubs recommended

YOUTH clubs have been described as an effective weapon to fight against social problems.

Youths could also play important roles in community development through the launching of various development funds.

These remarks were made by the social welfare officer in-charge of Okrika District in Okrika Obigbo (in Eleme Local Government area, Mr S. E. Ina-David at the general meeting of the Ibiakia Age Group in Okrika.

Mr Ina-David advised members of the age group to be hardworking in order to develop their town.

A campaign designed to educate farmers on the importance of farming has been launched at Omoku in Abiodun Local Government area.

Known as "operation know your farmers" the exercise is designed to afford members of Agro-

Fisheries Committees in Omoku Urban Council, the opportunity to visit all the registered farmers in the area to study problems facing them.

They would also look into their areas of specialisation.

Speaking to farmers at Omoku during the campaign, the chairman of the Agro-Fisheries Committee for the area, Chief A. E. Akhako said that his committee would make loans available and also provide chemicals and farm implements to farmers in the area.

He advised the farmers to channel their applications for loans to his office.

Chief Akhako also appealed to them to make use of the opportunity provided by the state government so as to increase their production.

Speaking earlier on behalf of the farmers, Chief Gabriel Usimini observed that loans in the past meant for farmers were given to wrong people who were not engaged in the profession.

He appealed to the present administration to ensure that loans were given to farmers who are physically involved in food production and other important aspects of agriculture.



MR ANTHONY IKEM

ANTHONY IKEM DECLARED MISSING

A STAFF of Globe Star Engineering Company Limited in Port Harcourt Rivers State has been reported missing.

He is Mr Anthony Nwokonkwo - Ikekwa Ikem, who hails from Nyon in Ika Local Government area of Imo State.

He was alleged to have left his home town last October to Lagos and finally departed Lagos a month later to his home town and has not returned home since then.

He is fair in complexion with a wide face. He is about 1.65 Metres and speaks English and Igbu languages fluently.

He was last seen wearing his 3-burned white French suit.

Commissioner starts tour

The Commissioner of Education, Mr. A. E. Agorin, has started his tour of the Rivers State government areas in Port Harcourt.

He will also inspect the progress of the various projects in the area. According to the statement, the Commissioner will visit Ika, Okrika, Central Abia, Yenagoa, Okrika and Ikaka.

Other areas to be visited by the Commissioner are Abiodun, Okrika, Okrika, Ndiya, Bori, Degema and Abiodun.

The statement added that the Commissioner would spend off the tour with a visit to Cross Roads, Abiodun, Asper and Dibia pumping stations.

Parents, teachers urged to co-operate

Co-ordination relationship between parents, teachers and students is bound to play a vital role in helping the government achieve its objectives of qualitative education.

The Chairman of the Sakabara District Education Board, Mr A. E. Agorin, made the remark at Abiodun, during his inspection tour of educational institutions in the area.

He said that only discipline and co-operation among parents, teachers and students would ensure the successful implementation of the educational programmes of the state government.

Health board chairman wants co-operation

The chairman of the Port Harcourt City Health Management Committee, Mr G. I. Orah, has appealed to all heads of health institutions in the City to rally together for the welfare, progress and upliftment of the health care of the people.

Mr Orah made the call while addressing senior doctors, nursing officers, dentists, pharmacists and laboratory technicians of his committee's assignment to the health institutions during his first meeting with the officials.

He said that the main objective of the meeting was to discuss together the problems facing the health care institutions.

CONTRACT FOR 100 HOUSING UNITS SIGNED

A CONTRACT has been signed for the building of a 100 low cost housing units at Obite in Ogbia-Egbema District of the Abiodun Local Government area in the Rivers State.

The project is costing ₦ 8 million.

This was announced at Obite by the chairman of

Ogbia-Egbema District Housing and Environment Committee, Chief S. O. Elenwa.

He said that over twenty-nine hectares of land had already been donated by the Obite community for the project.

The chairman further stated that the land had been surveyed and that construction work was expected to start as soon as the building plans were ready.

Also at Omoku in Ogbia-Egbema district, a day care centre is to be built at Omoku by the Omoku Urban Council Social Welfare Committee.

The committee will also establish youth centres for recreational activities in the area.

The chairman of Omoku Urban Social Welfare Committee, Mr B. I. Odo announced this recently.

SLAUGHTER HOUSE FOR ABONNEMA

A NEW slaughter house and market stalls have been opened at Abonnema in Degema Local Government area.

The projects which were undertaken by the Abonnema Urban Council are estimated at more than ₦500,000.

This was announced by the chairman of Degema Local Government Management Committee, Mr Obafemi Long John at Abonnema.

The chairman said that the provision of market stalls and the slaughter house was part of the responsibility of his council.

He appealed to the Abonnema community to take advantage of the facilities provided by his council and supported with constant officials. The project monthly stall fees.

MAN WITH NO FIXED ADDRESS CHARGED

THE police have charged a man with no fixed address with the offence of being a vagrant. The man was charged with the offence of being a vagrant.

The police also charged the man with the offence of being a vagrant. The man was charged with the offence of being a vagrant.

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GOVERNMENT OF THE RIVERS STATE OF NIGERIA

Agricultural Development Agency
 Governor's Office
 Port Harcourt

INVITATION TO TENDER

Tenders are invited from eligible contractors for the following categories of operations in our Opuama Re-Development Project (some 60 minutes south by speed boat from Yenagwa Town, in Yenagwa Local Government area)

- Category A: Detailed Soil Survey of an initial 200 hectares (500 acres) of thick mangrove at Opuama on Sebina Creek
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- Category C: Design and construction of Dam and partitioning of the area into 4-hectare paddies for each farm family
- Category D: Design and construction of Fish Ponds with sluice gates behind the Dam

2. Tenders should indicate estimates for each of the operations per hectare where applicable. The project site can be inspected by calling on the Resident Manager, Mr R. P. Nwaku, any time within the week including weekends at Opuama

3. Tenders for all the four categories of operations (A to D) with relevant treasury receipts for non-refundable deposit of one hundred Naira (N100) or twenty-five naira (N25) for each of the categories must be submitted in sealed envelope and addressed to reach the Executive Director, Agricultural Development Agency, Governor's Office, P.M.B. 5008, Rumu 725, Block A in the Secretariat Complex, not later than noon on Monday, August 4, 1980. Relevant job specifications can be obtained from the ADA office

4. The Agricultural Development Agency is not bound to accept the lowest or any tender

E. A. LEH
 For: Executive Director
 Agricultural Development Agency

VACANCIES

FINANCIAL ACCOUNTANTS

Following recent expansion, two opportunities have arisen within the Nigerian affiliate of an international dredging and engineering group for qualified accountants to be appointed as area financial accountants to be located in Port Harcourt and Warri offices.

After an initial period of 1 to 2 years with the present holders of the posts, the successful candidates will assume duty as area financial accountants reporting to the Head of Finance and Administration in the Head office in Lagos.

Candidates for both positions will be between 30 and 35 years of age, possess a recognised accounting qualification (ACA, ACCA, ICMA or the equivalent) and will be required to supervise the accounting staff, produce monthly management accounts, budget statements, financial accounts and any other financial information required by the management.

In addition, the candidate appointed for the Warri office will be required to undertake administrative duties.

It is essential that candidates should have had practical accounting experience within the construction industry, and details of this should be stated in the application.

The salary is around N9,000 to N11,000 per annum with a company car and furnished accommodation.

Applicants should write in confidence quoting reference 1406, giving brief details of age, education, career, salary progression to date and location preference.

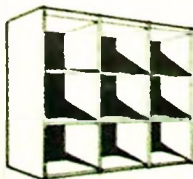
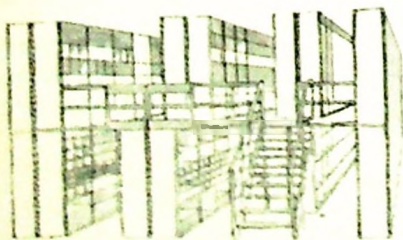
Interviews will be conducted in Lagos and Port Harcourt. Replies will be sent only to shortlisted candidates.

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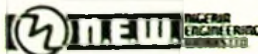


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LAGOS
 134, Awolowo Road, S.W. 1 (Koyi),
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 ENUGU
 Hotel Presidential (Building),
 P.M.B. 1096, Enugu.

CURFEW IMPOSED ON STUDENTS

The government of the semi-autonomous Transkei Bantustan last week declared a state of emergency aimed at breaking a student protest movement affecting the whole of South Africa.

A decree signed by Transkei President Kaiser Matanzima and his brother George, the chief minister and minister of police, restricts the movements of school children and students and certain categories of school workers. The students who have been boycotting classes to protest against what they described as inferior education, are forbidden to stay away from school and have been placed under curfew each night.

The Transkei Bantustan (tribal homeland) was proclaimed independent by Africa in 1976 under Pretoria's "separate development" policy, but has yet to be recognised by any other government or international organisation.

The University of Umatazi and 12 secondary schools in Transkei have been hit by the protest movement launched seven weeks ago and which has spread to other coloured, Indian and black schools and universities throughout South Africa.



OIL FOUND OFF-SHORE

IVORY COAST SIGNS DRILLING PACT

IVORY COAST has signed two contracts allowing foreign petroleum companies to drill for oil offshore, the *Fraternite Matin* newspaper reported.

It said the contracts were signed on Thursday at Yamoussoukro with the Philips-Agip-Yefco consortium and total exploration S. A. Petroci.

The newspaper did not give the locations or the size of the concessions, noting only that Philips-Agip had found "an oil deposit in the sea west of Abidjan" at the end of April.

Oil-industry sources said the deposit was off the small town of Jaquesville

and was thought to have about 500 million tons of oil 200 million of which deposit could be producing up to 7 or 8 million tons a year (about 160,000 barrels per day) by 1983, the sources said. They added that the quality of the oil and the relative cost of its production would be known sometime this year.

Another deposit, in the sea near the frontier with Ghana, east of Abidjan, is to begin production this year and should be putting out 1.5 million to 2 million tons a year (about 40,000 barrels per day) by next year.

Experts have indicated this by 1985 Ivory Coast

could be producing as much as 10 million tons a year (200,000 barrels of crude) as much as Gabon, a member of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC).

30 killed daily in political violence

EVERY day about 30 corpses, often with marks of torture, arrive at the city morgue in Guatemala city as political violence reaches unprecedented levels.

Observers here estimated that 35 university professors, about 30 student leaders, hundreds of trade unionists and thousands of peasants have died in Guatemala.

The Guatemala episcopal conference has spoken of "numerous members of the clergy" being victims of the political violence "rarely in its history has Guatemala lived such bitter days, the conference commented.

Officially most of the killings are by "unknown people" who then disappear without trace. It is believed that most of the assassinations are by extreme rightist and leftist factions.

A group calling itself the secret anti-communist army has in the past published lists of alleged communists, whom it has threatened to kill.

The army claimed responsibility for the death on May 29 of former Christian Democrat member of parliament Hamilton Noriega, killed at Santa Cruz College at his own giving a lesson.

Parliamentarian Oscar Enriquez in statements to the press declared "there is not a single family in Guatemala that has not been touched by the death of a relative or close friend."

BRIEFS

Canberra

AUSTRALIA has advised Zimbabwe that it will receive "beneficiary status" under the Australian system of tariff preferences for developing countries, it was learned on Friday.

New trade links between Zimbabwe and Australia are expected to begin within six weeks.

Action started this week in the Australian trade department to resume contracts that operated before Rhodesian whites broke from Britain in 1965 and international economic sanctions were imposed.

London

HEADS of state and government of the European Common Market will formally recognize the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) in a special statement to be issued at the end of the European summit meeting in Venice next Thursday, the *Guardian* newspaper reported.

The declaration will call for PLO PLO EWPB CBMS in Mid-East peace negotiations, the newspaper also said.

Without mentioning sources, the *Guardian's* Brussels correspondent said that the special statement would acknowledge the Palestinian people's right to "self-determination."

Jerusalem

THE Israeli army on Friday struck inside Lebanon against Palestinian targets around the southern town of Sidon, Israeli radio has reported.

An Israeli army spokesman said several Palestinians were killed in the raid. The Israeli forces returned to their base after the raid without any difficulty.

The spokesman added that the operation was part of an action to prevent the Palestinians organizing raids against Israeli.

IN MEMORIAM

Remember with deep feelings and affection our beloved son and brother,



NINEH BENJAMIN ORUBO
Aged 20 years

who passed away prematurely in a ghastly motor accident near Re-nji on Saturday, 9th June, 1979.

Your untimely death threw relatives and friends into deep sorrow and the tears which were shed have not yet dried. You have left a vacuum which will never be filled and you will ever remain in the minds of those who love you.

May God grant you eternal rest.

Fondly remembered by
MR & MRS R. S. ORUBO
for and on behalf of the family

SOVIET UNION

Human history has never known such a devastating and bloody war as World War II.

According to far from complete data, the material losses inflicted by the war on Europe alone amounted to the value of 260 billion dollars in the 1938 prices. The direct military spending of the combatants constituted 60 to 70 per cent of their national incomes.

The death toll amounted to over 50 million.

The battles of World War II are long past, but it continues attracting the close attention of politicians, statesmen, and military leaders, and also historians, economists and other scholars in many countries, as well as the general world public.

So what are the main lessons of the past war?

The paramount one of the lessons of World War II is the logical character of the victory over Nazi Germany and militarist Japan.

History thus corroborated anew that in the end the military ventures of imperialism and its

Lessons that must not be forgotten



● LEONID BREZHNEV

aggressive activities inevitably turn against imperialism itself.

Victory over the crack forces of world reaction did irreparable damage to imperialism.

The war aggravated the overall crisis of capitalism and ushered in its new stage.

Victorious popular democratic and socialist revolutions took place in several European and Asian countries, and a world socialist system was formed.

The crisis of the entire colonial

system of imperialism was exacerbated and the national liberation struggle of the peoples assumed an unprecedented scale and eventually resulted in the collapse of colonialism and the emergence of dozens of newly-independent

by
**Maj — Gen
V. Matsulenko**

national states.

The second, no less important lesson of the war consists in the fact that it showed up its main instigator, international imperialism, and faced the peoples of the world with the need to wage decisive struggle for curbing the aggressive forces of imperialism, for preventing another, even more sanguinary and devastating world war, and for ensuring a lasting world peace.

However deviously the falsifiers of history might scheme in their

attempts to conceal from the real investigators of the war and its causes, facts and forcefully show the truth.

In the six years from 1934 to 1939 the US, Britain and France invested about 15 billion marks in the German economy, about 70 per cent of that sum was laid out by the Americans.

This investment contributed to the revival of the German military industry. By the late 1930s Germany's war industry had already surpassed those of Britain, France and the US.

Between 1935 and 1939 the US produced 1,500 million dollars worth of military output, Britain 2,500 million dollars' worth and Germany 12,000 million dollars' worth.

Italy and Japan had also largely turned their economies from peace to war.

Nazi Germany would not have been able to unleash World War (Continued on page 14)

**Fore
comm**

AS OTHER

Nigerians, who have travelled to or studied in Europe or America would agree that much of the western glamour that we see represent only one side of the true situation in the developed countries.

It will be difficult however to make an unbiased judgment of human societies on comparative basis for reasons that anyone can imagine quite easily.

However, there are certain fairly objective criteria by which the degree of development and maturity of a society and the people who make it up can be evaluated.

Human values vary according to societies, situations and time, but there are certain ethical norms that are universal which neither time nor circumstances can alter.

Nazi Germany would not have been able to unleash World War (Continued on page 14)

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SOUTH AFRICA

Beyond doubt, the legitimate and complete victory of the Zimbabwe Patriots Front was a blow at the South African racist authorities.

The result of the elections in Zimbabwe was a veritable shock to Pretoria's authorities, wrote Murphy, an American correspondent in South Africa.

This effect on the apartheid rulers may be easily explained. The Patriots Front's advent to power means the abolition of the last "buffer" state between South Africa and Free Africa, and is, at the same time, a cardinal change in the political situation in Southern Africa.

Peter Botha and his henchmen cannot fail to realise that the victory of the Zimbabwean patriots has produced a tremendous impression on the African majority in South Africa and, of course, an activist vision of the National Liberation movement in the very cradle of apartheid is to be expected.

Facts prove, however, that the racists are not going to reckon with the objective course of developments in the region and are doing their all to quell, at least for the time being, the African population's struggle against the man-made system.

Thus, after the victory of the Patriotic Front, South Africa's leaders have unleashed a propaganda campaign aimed to demoralise the authorities' readiness to carry through straight reforms in South Africa. No other than the racist leader

Will Pretoria learn the Zimbabwe lesson?

Peter Botha stressed, in his recent speech, the need to draw a new Constitution and said that six representatives of all the races would participate in discussing it.

The South African mass media now emphasize the allegedly reformist mood of the Republic's Premier and his intentions to make apartheid more "humane".

It should be stressed here that the racists are not for the first time trying to deceive the African and the international

by
James Orju

community. They began with faccid measures like removing the "whites only" signs in some restaurants, toilets, and bars, permitting the Africans visit beaches, and so on.

They are now going to use this stratagem by introducing various amendments to apartheid's inherent laws to demoralise their desire to "change" the law, actually preserving it essentially or even making it even more tough.

Such was the case, for instance, with the Trade Union legislation.

Last autumn the Botha government began shouting from the rooftops that from now on all of South Africa's African workers had the right to unite in Trade Unions. At the same time, however, the racist legislators

changed this legislation and the Africans' Trade Unions now exist among the "philanthropic" organisations. It is only natural that, unorganised legitimately, the Africans' Trade Unions got under the brightened control of the government, which has merely isolated the Trade Unions.

In a similar way the racists are altering the laws, allegedly in the interests of the Africans but in fact in their own interests, in a bid to adapt themselves to the changing situation in the country, in Africa and in the world.

They will not find it difficult to do, because, according to the Wall Street Journal, South Africa's laws are so confused that even the best lawyers cannot understand them. Characteristically, the observance of those abnormal laws is monitored control of by about 44 Governmental departments and a massive bureaucratic apparatus, with every official mostly interpreting law in his own way. Beyond doubt, under such circumstances the "law" will always be interpreted in the Africans' disfavour.

It turns out in fact that Botha's "reforms" do not provide "the equal rights for the African majority in many spheres of social activities", as he has declared. As before, the apartheid law the African working people to move substance. Thus even dock-

ed rights—to housing, work, education, and so on—are being utterly ignored, as ever.

Suffice it to say that in 1974 about 26 per cent of the African workers were jobless, and the number of the unemployed among the indigenous population annually grows by 150,000—200,000.

So, the Racist Premier and his accomplices are in vain trying to present things as if they "are resolutely embarking on the path of transforming apartheid". None believe it.

By talking about "changes" they want only to preserve the disastrous system.

It appears that Peter Botha and his entourage have not drawn the proper conclusions from the lesson of Zimbabwe. In the final count the future is determined by the will of the people.



MR JOSHUA NKOMO
Zimbabwe Minister for Internal Affairs

Such values have little to do with industrial and scientific developments or academic excellence.

Just as race classes do not make men women, so also does the development of a nation not depend solely on nice roads and streets, nice cars and television sets, nice means of the ability to destroy the world in a few minutes.

Certainly, in terms of these things the western world must be respected and feared, and President Carter of America is anxious to see that America must do everything to remain "the most powerful nation in the world".

Let us wish the western world the best of luck, but in this article we shall examine how the great and powerful nations look at the less fortunate ones of the third world who do not enjoy their degree of affluence and power.

In particular we shall look at what kinds of complaints are often made against Nigeria and Nigerians in the western world, and it is expected that this article should be taken seriously as a great deal of homework went into it.

Developing nations tend to have two major problems, namely: an effective and efficient administration, and integral stability.

Material poverty is a world-wide phenomenon not peculiar to the third world alone although the degree is worse and more clearly seen in the countries of the third world. On the other hand, the affluence of the great and powerful countries are sometimes over-exaggerated and there is always the attempt to

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SEE US

system works efficiently in developed countries there is no reason why it cannot be made to work anywhere without having to grease the machinery.
One serious setback is that we mix bureaucracy with paternalism and place wrong and incompetent persons in positions they should not occupy.
Therefore, we find a mismatching of the personalities of the participants with their organizational roles.
This is a serious dilemma in administration.
The British are generally reticent and rarely tell you directly what they think about you. What some blacks in Britain regard as acts of discrimination against them by whites are not discrimination proper.
The whites hold a strong opinion that most blacks are too sensitive, feeling slighted and easily offended when no offense
(Continued on page 14)

Old oil-field plays new role in China

Though it has long lost its standing as China's top oil producer following the emergence of Daqing and other large oilfields, the Yumen Oilfield in northwest China still figures prominently as far as petroleum technological development is concerned.
Yumen now produces 600,000 tons of crude a year—a tiny fraction of China's annual output which has shot over the 100-million-ton mark. Yumen has, nevertheless, become a sort of oil laboratory for the whole of China.
Petroleum scientists and engineers from many parts of the country met at Yumen last October to solve some problems faced by the Chinese oil industry.
Many technological projects have employed or actually plan where in the country will first



The Yumen Oilfield

worked out at Yumen, which also trained a lot of technical people for the country's fast-expanding oil industry.
Situated in a semi-desert region 1,600 kilometres west of Beijing, Yumen is China's oldest oilfield and the cradle of the Chinese oil industry.
The first producing well was sunk there in 1889, and when China was blockaded by the Japanese armed forces during World War II, Yumen's kerosene went to light thousands of homes in western China, though production at that time was meagre—never exceeding 50,000 tons of crude oil per year.
In the years following the establishment of the People's Republic in 1949, extensive prospecting and drilling work was done to bring an estimate in 1970 that by 1975, Yumen reached

its peak production of 1.1 million tons.
Output began to fall off later, and it shrank to 400,000 tons in 1967 because the old wells had become "stripper wells" producing little even with the aid of mechanical pumping.
This was due to the exhaustion of the original reservoir pressure to furnish the driving energy.
Scientists at Yumen have evolved the technique of injecting water underground to increase reservoir pressure and oil recovery.
This pushed up Yumen's annual crude production to 600,000 tons in 1979, and the total has been increasing since.
The water injection method pioneered at Yumen is now widely satisfactory to many other Chinese oilfields.
The Yumen oilfield has a com-

plex geological structure consisting of fast, massive and bedded deposits.
The oil pools are located at depths ranging from 10 to 3,000 metres and their pressures vary greatly. All this provides favourable conditions for research work.
Some oil-refining techniques have also been perfected at Yumen.
One is a cracking process which raises the output of light or diesel oil but uses 10 per cent less catalyst.
Yumen also went ahead of other Chinese fields in automation when its engineers in 1974 built a remote-control system to operate 100,000-ton top producing wells, monitoring stations, a water-injection station and a treating station on part of the oilfield.

UNITED STATES

COWBOY RAVING AS STATE POLICY

Acquainting oneself with the details of all this story about the American commando raid in an Iranian desert, one can hardly get away from the impression that these are sequences from a bad Hollywood film in the "Western" style.
So peculiar have become the methods of the conduct of foreign policy which the present administration employs.
The remarkable cowboy daring has been raised to the level of state policy and, consequently, concerns all and each and for this reason urgency needs a prophylactic analysis.
From the purely military point of view it is hard to imagine how such a reckless warlike operation would expect success in the centre of the Iranian capital.
The newspaper Chicago Tribune had warned in an editorial on April 11 that "it would be madness to launch an operation that would net 90 coffins." Probably, the aim of the commandos was the town of Qum, which is closer to the place of their landing and where the residence of the Ayatollah Khomeini is.
In any case the President has crossed the fatal line after boasting not so long ago of his peaceful

presidency with not a single American dead in military actions "the first time in 53 years that has happened."
Now the brave commandos did not in fact even take the bodies of their eight dead comrades with them. A peaceful presidency has gone up in smoke.
They did not for the sake of the rescue of hostages, but as they tried to save the political ambitions of their commander in chief.
Nothing threatened the lives of the hostages, and they were treated satisfactorily. The President himself promised their families not to take away any actions that could lead to a bloodshed. Yet he took.
The mother of one of the hostages, Barbara Tamm, who recently visited her son, in her statement on American television asked the Americans to understand the reasons for which students seized the hostages, not to shirk their responsibility with the help of references to "mob" or "fanatism".
The President, however, believes that "we have nothing for which to apologise" to Iran and the people of this country. It is now one of the many untruths which Carter promised never to resort to.
Generally speaking, the entire

foreign news bears the trademark "Made in USA." Carter was warned about precisely such possible consequences in the event of permitting the former Shah to come to New York for medical treatment which, as it now turns out, he could well obtain in another place. Did the President look for an occasion to demonstrate his qualities as a leader at the moment when the American

display of "resolve," provocative statements that everybody was humiliating America and that it was time to remind the world that America is a great power. It is not without meaning that neither Ronald Reagan nor Edward Kennedy, Carter's rivals in the struggle for presidency, have condemned him for his adventurism. This means that he goes along with the stream, and this circumstance must add to the cautionment of the rest of the world which is now asking itself what else can one expect from the present unpredictable White House occupants.
From the foreign policy standpoint, the price of the raid is great: allies have turned away in horror. They are also hurt once again by the thoughtless ignoring of their opinion. The West European press abounds in sharply critical evaluations of the incident. The Third World countries are also learning a lesson.
However, from the point of view of the internal power struggle Carter expects personal dividends, even despite the fact that he obviously violated the 1973 Congress military-powers resolution demanding that the President preliminary consult Congress in



Mr Jimmy Carter

military initiatives.
The resolution was adopted to make it more difficult for US Presidents to undertake military adventures like the one in Vietnam. It may well be forgotten in the current jingoistic frenzy.
A demonstration of "deterrence" is politically useful in America. Carter's predecessor, Gerald Ford, sacrificed 41 servicemen, "rescuing" the Mayaguez ship with a crew of 40 which, by the way, the Kampuchians who had captured it were going to release without a battle.
In 1976 it is assumed that Carter will also have his own "Mayaguez". Threats for the future follow the abortive adventurism.
The process of American "democracy" certainly goes too far when self-seeking candidates begin to play with the destinies of a people.

by
a Correspondent

EVIL OF EXAM LEAKAGE

"HELLO Mike, have you heard that there's something in the air?" "Oh yes Greg, have you contributed your five naira yet? Because I understand that tomorrow is the last date for payment. I have since contributed mine." "All right then, I'm going immediately; thanks for the information."

This type of conversation is the kind of thing that goes on amongst a number of final year students in most of our secondary schools these days.

Examination leakage popularly referred to as "Expo" is nothing new. Infact it even looks like it has come to stay in our society. It has come about as a result of the much talked about decline in the standard of education, which in turn is very much connected with the growing indiscipline amongst students.

One would then ask what are the causes of these examination leakages? The causes can be grouped into two. The societal factors and the individual factors responsible for this very ugly practice.

Some of the societal factors include the much talked about indiscipline generally eating deep into the fabrics of our entire society. People no more believe in the popular slogan of "slow and steady wins the race". People want every thing fast and by the easiest means. Hustling for every thing now seems the "in-thing" in our society; academics inclusive.

Teachers no longer devote most of their time to their duties, with the result that students no longer cover their West African School Certificate (WASC) syllabus for instance, not to talk of revising very well.

Some parents fail in their responsibilities of providing the basic needs of their children in school. For instance, some of such Parents scold with paying the necessary fees buying them provisions and giving them some pocket money. They ask them to manage with one or two textbooks, and to borrow from their friends who are more op- portuned.

This craze for fast money by all makes some people to claim that they are em-

ployees of the West African Examinations Council (WAEC), and as such have the question papers with them. They are also ready to sell them at very exorbitant prices. Usually, their prices range from a thousand to two thousand naira. These students who want these question papers at all costs then organize to raise the said amount. The unfortunate aspect of the entire deal however, is that in most of the cases, the examination papers are fake ones.

Some of the individual factors on the other hand, include the fact that right from start, some students choose the wrong subjects and want to pursue the wrong careers. When the "D" day is getting close and finding that they cannot effectively cope they decide to get at the question papers at all costs. Students on the other hand, are simply lazy and do not study at all throughout the session. This class of students prefer to play truancy. Some of the very good and intelligent students, nove

by Ngozi Ukoha

with these ones who behave more or less like toots, and in this way find themselves confused as the examination approaches. In such a situation, they have no other alternative than to cheat in the examination.

This ugly practice has resulted into so many things. For instance, many schools have had their entire examination cancelled. In others, some of the papers have been withheld. The most pathetic aspect of the whole issue is the fact that some honest but unfortunate students have had their results withheld, while some dishonest but lucky ones have had theirs released. In some cases, not only are these results released, these students do very well.

Another thing is the fact that these West African School Certificate results now get very poor. Many students can no more further their education with such results. When this is the case, some of these students decide to work. But with this rise in unemployment in our country today, some of them (Continued on page 14)

ALGA Rejects Port Harcourt State

We the entire members of N.P.N. an ALGA consisting of Ekpoye District, Abua Odual District, Ogbia Eghema District, Ndolu District and Omoku Urban hereby dissociate ourselves and communities from the demands for the creation of a Port Harcourt State from the present Rivers State for the following reasons:-

1. The agitators (some who are our sons and daughters) did not at anytime receive the mandate of the people to demand for a state, especially a Port Harcourt State.
2. No body from ALGA as a State Assembly-man, National Assembly man or Senator was elected into office as a result of election manifesto to help the electorates procure a Port Harcourt State. Those councillors, members of House and Senators who signed, did so on their selfish behalf and not with the consent of the electorates. Some even signed both as councillor and member of the State House at the same time, just for the signing.
3. If the people of ALGA desire association with any people for the creation of a State, the masses will be consulted and certainly a more MEANINGFUL COMMITTEE will be set up to pursue and agitate for a separate State, and certainly it will not be a Port Harcourt State.
4. The protagonists for the creation of a Port Harcourt State are all N.P.P. people who always love to lead but will never accept being led. A good leader must be a good follower.
5. Creation of Port Harcourt State will confirm ALGA as a minority inside a minority. It will be more painful for ALGA people to serve as a minority in a dream Port Harcourt minority State.
6. Creation of Port Harcourt State except for having more Federal allocation will create more chaos in boundary adjustment, distribution of assets and liabilities of the present State, discontent and cheating in sharing of offices and other attendant spoils which will bring about worries upon worries for the ALGA people. We are yet recovering from the shocks of the last civil war.
7. Agitation for a Port Harcourt State has a political undertone aimed at thwarting the good programme of the Government of Chief Okilo.

Signed on behalf of Entire ALGA (P.P.)

1. MAJOR W. E. OGBODUA (Vice Chairman ALGA (P.P.))
2. MR. C. U. IDEOZU (Secretary ALGA (P.P.))
3. CHIEF N. T. IBE (Chairman Ekpoye District)
4. MR. N. E. IBIKE (Chairman Ekpoye District)
5. CHIEF T. I. OYE (Chairman Abua/Odual District)
6. MR. W. J. OJILI (Secretary Abua/Odual District)
7. CHIEF N. C. ELEHINA (Chairman Ogbia/Eghema District)
8. MR. C. B. OSUA (Secretary Ogbia/Eghema District)
9. MR. J. E. OJILI (Vice Chairman Ndolu District)
10. MR. OJILI (Secretary Ndolu District)
11. MR. F. C. OJILI (Chairman Omoku Urban)
12. MR. D. I. OJILI (Secretary Omoku Urban)
13. MR. M. W. AGAE (Chairman Youth Wing ALGA)
14. MR. V. C. ALIMA (Secretary Youth Wing ALGA)

Dr. THOMAS
 1. Mr. President
 2. President of Senate
 3. National Chairman N.P.P.
 4. Government House Port Harcourt
 5. Speaker House of Representatives
 6. Speaker Rivers State House of Assembly
 7. Chairman J.C.C. Rivers State



MICHELIN HAS VACANCY FOR A YOUNG DYNAMIC LAWYER

QUALIFICATION:

Applicants must be holders of the LL.B Degree from a recognised University and must be legally qualified to practice as Barrister-at-Law or Solicitor in Nigeria.

DUTIES: These shall include:

- (a) giving advice on legal documents especially those concerned with Industry and Government.
- (b) drafting of agreements and legal documents.
- (c) interpreting and explaining legislation, law and decrees.
- (d) making appearance, if necessary, in court or at conferences on behalf of the Company.

METHOD OF APPLICATION:

Applications stating full name, age, qualifications and experience should be addressed to:

The Factory Manager,
Michelin Nigeria Limited,
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Port Harcourt.

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Public Notice

The members of the Okwesa Igabor Family of Ndofia represented by M. A. I. O. Igabor, Paul E. Ighor, E. Ighor, E. Ighor, Igbor and Madam Amelle Ighor have been drawn to a public notice on page 7 of the Nigerian Tide Vol. 10 No. 211 of Friday the 30th May 1980 captioned "LAND DONATED FOR HOUSING PROGRAMME" which it was suggested that the people of Ndofia Community in Ndofia Division of the Rivers State have donated more than 50 hectares of land to the Rivers State Government for the housing of 100 housing units at the District Headquarters.

Some time ago, our clients have further advised that some housing units have been planned by unknown persons on the said land and called "Okwesa Igabor estate" in Ndofia Division of the Rivers State. Such estate has been planned without our clients' leave or licence.

The Rivers State Government, the Ndofia District Workers' Unions, Housing Environment Committee, the Ndofia Community as a body and the people in general public are hereby informed that all that parcel of land will be given as and called "OKWESA IGABOR estate" and given to the people of Ndofia in Ndofia Division of the Rivers State property of one of the members of the Okwesa Igabor Family of Ndofia, aforesaid.

Any person, group of persons, Institution or Body Corporate, intending to buy or sell or acquire or donate or in any other manner acquire the said parcel of farm land without the WRITTEN CONSENT OF ALL the duly constituted representative members of the OKWESA IGABOR FAMILY shall be at their sole risk.

Meanwhile the Trespassers Speculators who planned the "New" estate on the said farm land are WARNED to remove them immediately.

Dated at Port Harcourt this 8th day of June 1980.

PO ORADELE ADELE & COMPANY

ORADELE ADELE
Solicitor for Okwesa Igabor
Family of Ndofia
Chamber Chambers
24 Ikwerre Road
Port Harcourt.

OBITUARY

The Shell Branch of Petroleum and Natural Gas Senior Staff Association of Nigeria (PENGASSAN) announce with deep regret the tragic and untimely death of two of its members.



MESSRS U. E. UDOFIA (49) AND N. A. IHEKWABA (29)

which sad event occurred on Wednesday, June 4, 1980 in a helicopter crash while flying from Port Harcourt to Utapate Flowstation in Ikot Abasi Local Government of Cross River State on Company's business.

We pray that the Almighty God should give their families the heart to bear this irreparable loss.

May their souls rest in perfect peace.

EFFIONG EKERENDUH
(Hon. General Secretary, Shell Branch PENGASSAN)
For and on behalf of all the Members, Shell Branch of PENGASSAN.

**CINEMA
TO-NIGHT**

BLAZA CINEMA
 Picture tonight at 8.15 is
SWEENEY
 A black action packed picture
 about the fugitive search
 of the deadly police officer
 during the robbery and
 killing. The two main stars
 Bruce Willis and Warren
 Oates track and they're longer
 than ever. You must see
 them in 80. Show us what
 you got the late show at 10.15
 Admission: 20k & 30k
 Monday 9th June 1980

**Classified
Adverts**

CHANGE OF NAME

KRAMA — I formerly known
 and called as Itoha Krama
 now wish to be known and
 addressed as M. Ebo Obi
 Obi. All documents
 bearing my former
 name remain valid. Contact
 at Salla (N.E.) Ibadan, Oyo
 State and the general public
 should please call M. Ebo
 Obi Obi Obi Obi Obi.

HALAH — I formerly known
 as Mrs Gladys Alagha Ebo
 of Ministry of Trade and
 Industry now wish to be known
 and addressed as Mrs
 Gladys Alagha Allison. See
 delight from reading at No. 18
 Victoria Street Port Harcourt.
 All documents bearing my for-
 mer name remain valid. Min-
 istry of Trade and Industry to
 take note please.

BENEDICT — I formerly
 known called and addressed as
 Wakolore Benedict now wish to be
 known called and addressed as
 Akolore Benedict. All docu-
 ments bearing my former name
 remain valid. Akolore Benedict
 School and WAET, Lagos. I
 take note Akolore Benedict.

WIDENING — I formerly
 known called and addressed as
 Mrs Justice Widening now wish
 to be known called and
 addressed as Mrs Justice Chuku.
 The Nigeria State Health
 Management Board, General
 Hospital Abuja and the gen-
 eral public should please take
 note Mrs Justice Chuku.

OGWARI — I formerly known
 and addressed as Mrs Florence
 O. Agwari now wish to be
 known and addressed as Mrs
 Florence I. Ogburn. All
 documents bearing my former
 name remain valid. I occupy
 Port Harcourt and the gen-
 eral public should please take
 note Mrs Florence I. Ogburn.

HEEDY — I formerly known
 and addressed as Virginia
 Heedy now wish to be known
 called and addressed as
 Virginia Nwagwu. Documents
 bearing my former name re-
 main valid. The Federal Mi-
 nistry of Education, Rivers
 State, School of Education and the
 general public should take
 note Virginia Heedy Nwagwu.

**OJIMS FUNCTIONAL COLLEGE RUMUJI
PROFESSIONAL INSTITUTE OF SECRETARIES
PORT HARCOURT**

**Entrance and Scholarship
Examinations**

Entrance examinations into the above Professional
 Colleges for the 1980/81 Academic Session (Class One)
 will take place on the 28th June, 1980, at various cen-
 tres in the State.

Interested candidates, preferably those who are cur-
 rently in Elementary Six and those who left schools a
 year ago, must apply.

Evening Class

The Evening Section of the School which prepares
 students for G.C.E., R.S.A., Pitman, Institute of Com-
 merce, Nigerian Society of Commerce, etc. is now in
 full session.

Vacancies still exist for interested candidates. Apply
 in person or by post stating which section you wish
 to belong.

The Academics Secretary,
 Ojims Functional College,
 169 Ikwerre Road,
 P. O. Box 131,
 Port Harcourt — Rivers State.

WATCH OUT

A Motel of Interna-
 tional standard will be
 opened in Port Har-
 court soon.

Watch out for more
 information.

**African Universities
Press**

(PILGRIM BOOKS LIMITED)

Due to continued expansion we now have va-
 cancies for four (4) EDUCATIONAL REP-
 RESENTATIVES.

QUALIFICATIONS:

1. N.C.E. or above
2. Fluency in English written and spoken
3. At least three (3) years relevant experience
4. A high level of personal motivation and the willingness to work as part of a successful sales team
5. A current driving license.

Applicants who are prepared to provide ap-
 propriate collateral for company property
 assigned, will be preferred.

REMUNERATION:

A company car and generous housing allow-
 ance will be part of a competitive and attrac-
 tive remuneration package.

Applications should be made in writing to the
 Managing Director, African Universities Press
 (Pilgrim Books Limited), P.M.B. 5617, Iba-
 dan. The closing date for applications is June
 30, 1980.

Interview will be held in Ibadan. Only those
 applicants notified of selection for interview
 should attend.

African Universities Press
 (Pilgrim Books Limited)



**BLACKWOOD HODGE (NIGERIA) LTD.
PORT HARCOURT**

LOSS OF 11 BH/INVOICE BOOKS

This is to notify the general public that 11
 BH Invoice Books have been reported lost in
 transit from Lagos to Port Harcourt. The in-
 voice books bear the numbers -

- 10601A to 11000A
- 12051A to 12100A
- 13001A to 13100A

These Invoice Books have therefore been
 declared cancelled.

The public is therefore warned to check all
 invoices issued to them especially in the Port
 Harcourt area.

The company hereby disclaims liability for
 any of the above invoice purported to have
 been issued by the company.

MANAGEMENT.

CEMENT FOR SALE

15,000 Metric Tons of Polish Cement for sale.

CONTACT:— KLIFCO (NIG.) LTD.
8, INDUSTRY ROAD,
PORT HARCOURT.
PHONE: 332026
TELEX: 61255 NG.

ADVERTISE

IN

THE

TIDE

ELLIS TOLOFARI & SONS

Our business is for Tools and Equipment We stock Power Tools and their accessories. Drills of all sizes, Angle grinders, Carbon brushes, Sanders for Panel heaters etc.

We sell at a very competitive price. Call now and always at:

192 Niger Street,
Port Harcourt.



Imo Social Club of Nigeria

PORT HARCOURT BRANCH

The general meeting of Imo Social Club of Nigeria, Port Harcourt Branch will hold on the 11th June, 1980 at the Progress Hotel—No. 30 Aba Road, Rumuokwu, Port Harcourt at 6 p.m. prompt.

Old and intending members are requested to turn up and on time. Lateness and absenteeism will be penalized. Furthermore, the Games Organizer in the person of Mr. Simcon Nwamara cease this opportunity to appeal to interested members of sports to be in readiness for an intensive football practice to be announced later. The first outing will be promising.

MICHAEL ODUNNA
Chairman

S. D. ORJI
Secretary General

N. I. UKAEGBU
Publicity Secretary

THE SHELL PETROLEUM DEVELOPMENT COMPANY OF NIGERIA LIMITED

The Shell Petroleum Development Company of Nigeria Limited invites applications from suitably qualified Nigerian Nationals for employment in its Operating Division in Warri as:

LEGAL ADVISER

DUTIES:

- (a) To advise Divisional Management on:
 - (i) All legal matters and Court cases involving the Company,
 - (ii) Land and other claims affecting the interest of the Company.
- (b) To liaise with Private Legal Practitioners in connection with legal matters/court cases involving the Company.
- (c) To scrutinize and advise on all Contracts, Deeds, Policies and Procedures which the Company may wish to execute.

QUALIFICATIONS:

Candidates wishing to be considered for this position must possess the following qualifications:

- (a) Enrolment as Solicitor and Advocate of the Supreme Court of Nigeria.
- (b) A minimum of 7 years post enrolment experience.
- (c) In addition to A and B, possession of a good Honours Degree in Law though not essential, will be an advantage.

Applications stating details of age, qualification and experience should be directed to:

The Shell Petroleum Development Co. of Nig. Ltd.,
PERL/7 (Ref. LEGAL POSITION),
21/22 Marina,
P. M. B. 2418,
LAGOS.

to reach them not later than three weeks from the date of this publication. Replies will be sent ONLY to those candidates required for interviews.

VACANCIES

A reputable Industrial and Marketing Company wants for immediate employment:

(1) FIELD SALES EXECUTIVE

Qualification: Diploma in Marketing plus 3 years working experience with a marketing organisation.

(2) SALESMEN/CANVASER

Advance Diploma from a Salesmanship School or UCTA Certificate with 3 years working experience in an industrial firm.

(3) **One Lady Shorthand/Typist** with a good knowledge in Book-keeping and commerce.

(4) **SALARY** attached to each of the posts is very attractive and negotiable.

The successful applicant in list "A" above would be made the marketing manager of the company.

Interested applicants should apply immediately to the:—

Managing Director,
P. O. Box 1440,
Port Harcourt.

enclosing photostat copies of certificates and testimonials to reach him not later than 20th June, 1980.



AS OTHER NATIONS SEE NIGERIA

(Continued from page 9)

As I have already said, the British are not interested in the country and its people, they are interested in the money which can be made out of it.

On the same line, the French are not interested in the country and its people, they are interested in the money which can be made out of it.

The public opinion in the United Kingdom is not interested in the country and its people, they are interested in the money which can be made out of it.

The same is true of the United States. The public opinion in the United States is not interested in the country and its people, they are interested in the money which can be made out of it.

As a result, we have a situation where the country is being run for the benefit of a few people, and not for the benefit of the people as a whole.

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It would be worth going into the question where money has been found, the hard way and where a people has had to sweat and toil to get it. It is a question of the quality of the goods.

We have been described as being capable of selling and buying for gold, silver, and diamonds. It is a question of the quality of the goods.

It is a question of the quality of the goods. We have been described as being capable of selling and buying for gold, silver, and diamonds.

But, perhaps the most interesting thing is that some of them see black countries, particularly Nigerian, as a source of cheap labour and are reluctant to extend such facilities to them. They can then produce a vast number of goods and services, and most educational institutions look at certificates presented by Nigerian students applying for admission with serious suspicion.

A most common accusation against Nigerian men is that they often deny their marital status and virginity as soon as they have satisfied their appetites. One can understand what Nigerian men are capable of doing in this regard and why they feel so get committed. However, black men generally are often highly commended for their virility, and their ability to couple often even when there is no need for it. We are sometimes associated with opium and aphrodisiac.

Important as we may consider ourselves, Nigeria as a nation

is hardly famous in any part of the western world unless when the price of fuel oil goes up or in relation to this or that or anything else's cost. It is common to find some university students who cannot say whether Nigeria is in Trinidad, a part of Zululand, or in West Africa. Ironically, I was severely beaten in primary school by a teacher for failing to pronounce British Isles properly. It was easier to draw the map than that of Nigeria.

All said and done, one important thing to note is that you cannot take the whiteman seriously, not even when he is your boyfriend. And, like Mrs. Crabtree or Madam Snerwell that she is, scandal is the stock-in-trade of the Okeba woman for she will always have something unpleasant and ridiculous to say about everyone. Above all, we must stop going the whiteman route to continue to believe that we are incapable of managing our lives and affairs. That was the justification for slavery, colonization and political interferences.

EVIL OF EXAM LEAKAGE

(Continued from page 10)

out of frustration in getting all sorts of crime. The police are sent to armed robbery, while the girls may go into prostitution.

As a result, we have a situation where the country is being run for the benefit of a few people, and not for the benefit of the people as a whole.

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Big lessons

(Continued from page 8)

It is without loans and technical aid from the US, Britain and France and without their Marshall Plan.

On April 17, 1939, the Soviet government put forth a detailed programme for Soviet-British alliance in fighting the aggression.

It was proposed to conclude a treaty of mutual assistance, against aggression between the USSR, Czechoslovakia and France.

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motivation and trying to conceal their true causes and objectives referring to this end to all sorts of political machinations and deceiving both the people in their own countries and world public opinion.

German revisionism, for instance, was rationalizing its aggressive plans by accusing world supremacy by Germany's alleged racial inferiority and insisting that he talk about the "sovereign right".

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Small text at the bottom right, likely a publication notice or address.

Small text at the bottom far right, likely a publication notice or address.



CRY TO WORLD ATHLETES

by a correspondent



Mr Otto Gloria, the Brazilian coach who will be handling the Green Eagles for the World Cup series (third from left) and his assistant, Mr Raul Carlosso (fourth from left) join Mr Isaac Akioye, the director of the National Sports Commission (second from right) and other Eagles officials in a group photograph on arrival in Lagos.

1980 budget for sports— 'IT'S SMALL'

—Wikere, Fiberesima

MR B Wikere (OLGA III member of the Rivers State House of Assembly has observed that the provision made for sports in the 1980 budget is not enough.

Mr Wikere was contributing to the budget debate during the week when he made the statement.

He said that Sharks Football Club of Port Harcourt would be playing the West African Football Union cup this year, and that it was not out of place to support the team with adequate facilities.

He told the House that he had the opportunity to visit the "Garden" City boys during training at the camp.

"I was not impressed at all having the boys were thoughtless and when I later gathered that they were used the previous day while it was raining," he added.

He said that he did not expect the Sharks to be given only a pair of boot each and that the boys needed more than that.

He therefore called on the government to make adequate provision during the next financial year. For the Sharks if it would not be possible this year.

Also expressing such view Mr O. D. Fiberesima (OLGA III) said that a state like Anambra was lacking in the country due to its contribution of Rangers International football club.

He said that the state government of the club had been supporting it both financially

and morally, this was why they had all along been performing wonders in the field of soccer.

Mr De-Fiberesima frowned at the N5 million earmarked for sports and Social Welfare, adding that he would like sports to be promoted in the Rivers State.



SIR B. WIKERE



DIC-FIBERESIMA

MAY 21 must be a heavily rated date on many Calendars in Moscow, indicating that on the Kremlin's look at the Soviet President, Mr Brezhnev's. For that is the day to which more than 100 countries have formally signed to the USSR as the host nation whether they intend to take part in the Year Olympic Games, in mid-July.

Nine days before that, however, prospects of near final competition faded further with the West German decision not to go. This meant that two big East competing nations would be absent, the United States, having earlier taken a similar decision.

The quadrennial game-the world's premier sporting event, have been put in jeopardy by the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, a widely held view being that to attend would be to condone this aggression.

National Olympic committees and the athletes themselves have, therefore, been urged to boycott the games as a form of protest. But a particularly eloquent appeal from within the Soviet Union itself appears to have been addressed to would-be participants even before the invasion took place.

It comes from a group of political prisoners at the notorious Novosibirsk Prison camp in the Krasnoyarsk Territory near the Arctic Circle. While stopping short of asking the athletes not to take part, the document urges them to "think not of sporting records, but also of the human spirit and human rights."

"We are political prisoners from the concentration camp Novosibirsk, cherish the hope that you will not be indifferent to these ideals."

The sportsmen were urged to join the Moscow stadium into a "mighty platform indictment."

It is assumed that the plea which was smuggled out of the USSR and delivered to leading Soviet human rights campaigners now facing one's code was drafted before or shortly after Soviet troops stormed into Afghanistan last December for the unknown betray no awareness of the event. Had they known the appeal would undoubtedly have been more pointed.

The writers who identify themselves as Resnikov, Ivan, Ukrainians and Lithuanians argue that it would be wrong to regard sport as non-political as the greater the sporting event, the greater was its political significance.

Had the 1980 Olympics been staged in Moscow rather than in Munich, the history of the modern Olympic would have been no nobler they claim as the Soviet Union than had no fewer concentration camps than Nazi Germany.

Rivers not for Judo

THE Rivers State, which is supposed to be the centre for Zone 4 in this year's Nigerian Amateur Judo competition has withdrawn from the competition.

This was made known by the Rivers State Judo Association secretary Mr J. P. Mazi.

He said, the reason of the withdrawal was due to lack of fund for host the Zone preliminary.

According to him, he had contacted the sports council for fund and other big firms in the state for sponsorship, to no avail. The association was advised by the sports council to back out of the competition.

Just as the Navy regime did in 1976 the State Government today hopes that the Olympic Games would be without problems of possible that they would have no opportunity to see the "true picture of Soviet reality." Although the USSR regime was a state of 19 years ago, the character of its regime had not changed.

Soviet imperialism was currently the most vibrant and murderous form of totalitarianism. In the Soviet Union there reigns every sort of lawlessness, which is partly covered up but sometimes also cynically displayed to the whole world and given the semblance of legality, the appeal states.

Monday, June 9, 1980

Health: 100 prosecuted in PH

The public health division of the Ministry of Health and Social Welfare has prosecuted a total of hundred persons for contravening the environmental sanitation law of the Rivers State.

Of this number, 66 were convicted and N750 realised from fines.

These facts were contained in the annual report of the ministry for 1979.

According to the report, 34

accused persons were discharged for want of evidence on charges of violating the environmental sanitation law of the state.

The public health division from the break-down of the returns for last year showed that 192 summonses and a total 2,123 abatement notices were served.

The Ministry also inspected 35,681 compounds out of which 25,637 were found clean.

Incidence of corruption, hooliganism..

Traditional ruler cries out to govt

**Aku gives
assurance**

CORRUPTION, prostitution and hooliganism assumed alarming proportion in some local government areas of the Benue State, Chief Augustine Tsav, clan head, of Mbagwa has claimed.

Chief Tsav who expressed concern over the growth of this frightening trend among the youths, said that there were increasing population of bachelors and spinsters in the areas.

In an address he presented to Governor Aper Aku on behalf of his people, when the governor arrived there on the final phase of his tour of local government areas, Chief Mbagwa demanded that there should be a law on bride prices in the state.

able situation.

He asked the government to upgrade the Lessel health clinic to a general hospital with a provision of an ambulance, as well as water, electricity and also to ensure that a teacher training college was sited in the area.

The chief also requested that (Kyo) — Lessel — Lshanga road link be tarred, while government should also aid private and community primary and post-primary institutions there.

He also asked the government to give out loans to farmers towards massive food production from the area.

In his response, Governor Aku announced to the delight of the people that already, legal draftsmen



GOV APER AKU

were working on the bill for a reasonable bride price as a result of the request by the Tiv Traditional Council.

According to the governor, the Traditional Council had suggested free marriage in order to foster love, mutual respect and harmony among the people and that in such a case only N400 should be accepted as a token dowry by parents.

He appealed to Governor Aku to present a bill to the state House of Assembly on dowry after consulting with the Tiv Traditional Council on the issue.

The chief believed that if the marriage situation continued to be affected by the present alarming high bride price, it would become detrimental to the unity, progress and stability of the areas and the state in general.

Earlier, Chief Tsav had spoken of a promising new era under the civilian administration revealing that social and economic life under the military administration got to an unbearable situation.

WANTED

Distributors for Fresh Frozen Fish

A Fishing Company based in Calabar wishes to appoint distributors for its fresh frozen fish and shrimp.

Interested parties with adequate cold storage facilities should apply to the address below stating:

1. Capacity of Cold Store
2. Location of Cold Store
3. Required quantity of fish (in tonnes) per week
4. Name and address of Bankers (for reference purposes).

APPLY TO

NIKO MARINE INDUSTRIES LTD
(Fishing Division)
P. O. Box 349,
CALABAR

IMO BUILDING OWN AIRPORT

The Imo State Government has started building an airport at Okwue, near Owerri.

This was disclosed at Government House, Enugu in Anambra State by the Imo State Governor, Mr. Sam Mbakwe, shortly before he left Enugu for Owerri at the end of his one-day visit to the state.

Governor Mbakwe stated that the Federal Government had accepted the responsibility of giving Imo State an airport.

He made it clear that if the Federal Government failed to

fulfil its obligation, his government would continue to carry out its plans for a university.

In answer to a question on the proposed university for Imo State, Mr. Mbakwe said that the idea had not been dropped.

He, however, conceded that the project was a costly venture that needed elaborate preparations.

The governor opposed the abolition of the Joint Admissions and Matriculation Board (JAMB) and argued that such a decision would be to some state

governments, the opportunity to admit more students from their own state of origin.

"There can never be unity, peace and stability in this country unless justice is done," he stated.

In his own remark, the governor of Anambra State, Chief Jim Nwobodo commended Governor Mbakwe for his efforts to give Imo State a face-lift and expressed the hope that the cordial relationship existing between the two sister states would continue.