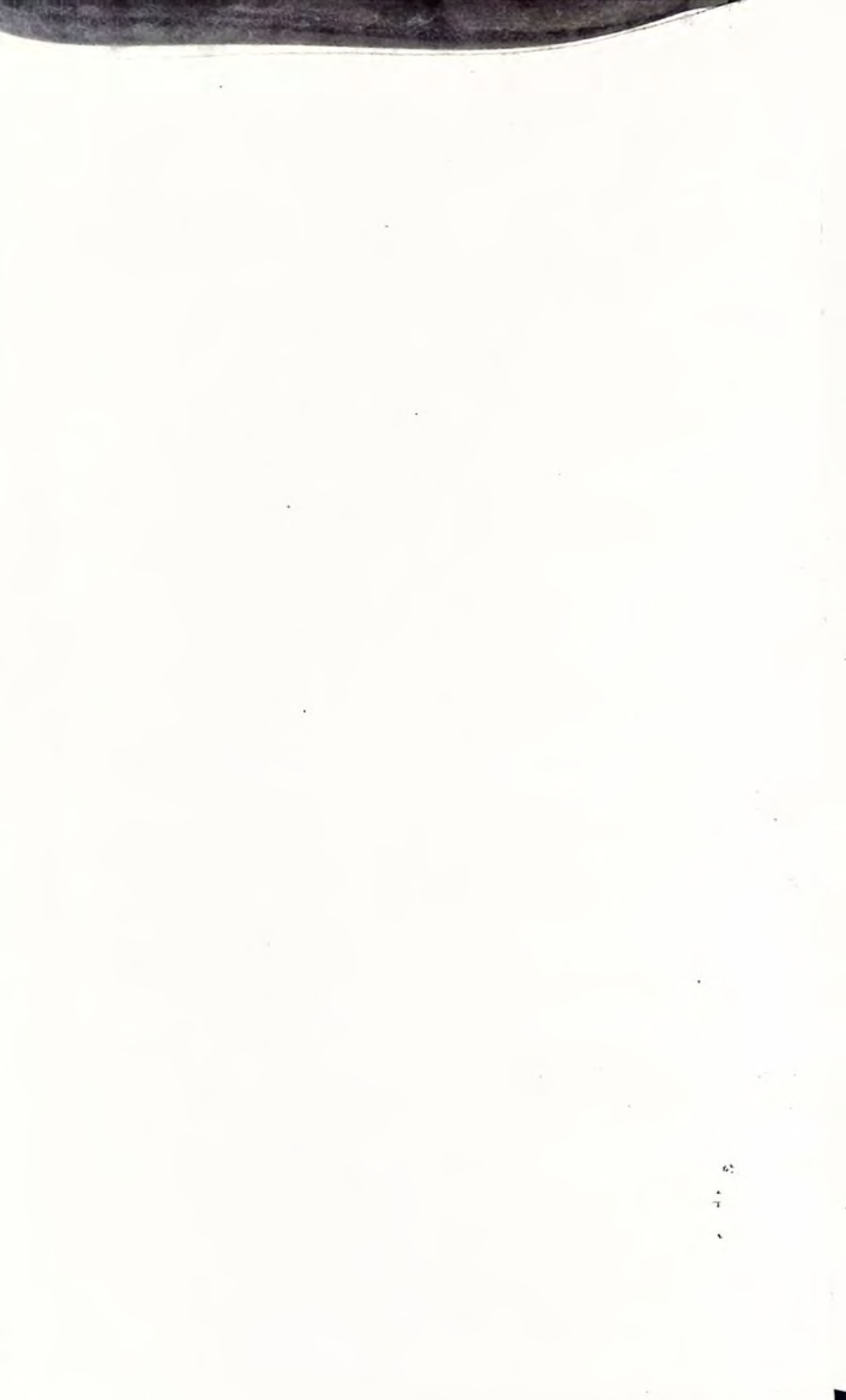


OD  
DT 515  
E. 044



45

TABLE OF LAWS  
NUMERICAL ORDER

No.	Title	Date of commencement
1.	1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	5th June, 1954
2.	1954-55 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	1st April, 1954
3.	Local Loans (Eastern Region) (Registered Stock) Law, 1954	29th September, 1954
4.	Eastern Region Loans Law, 1954 ... ..	29th September, 1954
5.	Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954 ... ..	1st October, 1954
6.	1954-55 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	29th September, 1954
7.	Eastern Regional Marketing Board (Amendment) Law, 1954	20th December, 1954
8.	Purchase Tax on Produce Law, 1954... ..	20th December, 1954
9.	Cattle (Taxation and Control) Law, 1954 ... ..	1st April, 1955
10.	Eastern Region Finance Corporation Law, 1954 ... ..	1st February, 1955
11.	Commissioner in the United Kingdom Law, 1954 ... ..	30th December, 1954
12.	Eastern Region Development Corporation Law, 1954 ...	1st February, 1955

TABLE OF LAWS  
ALPHABETICAL ORDER

	Page
Cattle (Taxation and Control) Law, 1954 ... ..	A 39
Commissioner in the United Kingdom Law, 1954 ... ..	A 43
1954-55 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	A 3
Eastern Region Finance Corporation Law, 1954 ... ..	A 55
Eastern Region Development Corporation Law, 1954 ... ..	A 47
Eastern Region Loans Law, 1954 ... ..	A 27
Eastern Region Marketing Board Law, 1954 ... ..	A 8
Eastern Region Marketing Board (Amendment) Law, 1954 ... ..	A 33
1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	A 1
1954-55 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954 ... ..	A 29
Local Loans (Eastern Region) (Registered Stock) Law, 1954 ... ..	A 19
Purchase Tax on Produce Law, 1954 ... ..	A 35

INDEX TO SUBSIDIARY LEGISLATION

Title	No. of Instrument	Page
<i>Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance (Cap. 20):</i>		
Directions under section 37:		
Calabar ... ..	115	B 349
Enugu ... ..	141	B 420
Enugu ... ..	179	B 481
The Obubra Native Authority (Registration of Births and Deaths) Rules, 1954 ... ..	189	B 511
<i>Dogs Ordinance (Cap. 56):</i>		
Enugu Urban District Council (Licensing of Dogs) Order, 1954 ...	251	B 617
Rabies (Abakaliki Division) Declaration and Prohibition Order, 1954	145	B 423
Rabies (Kumba) Control, Seizure and Detention (Revocation) Order, 1954 ... ..	55	B 170
Rabies Port Harcourt Division Declaration Order, 1954 ... ..	294	B 692

<i>Title</i>	<i>No. of Instrument E.R.L.N.</i>	<i>Page</i>
<i>Forestry Ordinance (Cap. 75):</i>		
Enugu Water Headworks Forest Reserve Order, 1954	184	B 503
Enugu Water Headworks Forest Reserve (Prohibition of Trespass) Order, 1954	266	B 637
Oban Group Forest Reserve (Partial De-reservation) Order, 1954	72	B 256
Oban Hills and Oban Group Forest Reserve (Amendment) Order, 1954	181	B 483
Nkambe Fuel Plantation Native Authority Forest Reserve (Partial De-reservation) Order, 1954	146	B 424
Sombreiro Forest Reserve (De-reservation) Order, 1954	156	B 442
<i>Interpretation Ordinance (Cap. 94):</i>		
Delegation of Powers (Land)	284	B 677
<i>Liquor Ordinance (Cap. 114):</i>		
The Liquor (Amendment) Regulations, 1954	269	B 641
<i>Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127):</i>		
Bamenda South-Eastern Native Authority (Banso Market) Rules, 1954	167	B 461
Establishment of Ofiong Akpan Udosen Market Notice, 1953	94	B 318
Umuahia-Ibeku Market Amendment Rules, 1953	1	B 1
<i>The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140):</i>		
Native Authorities Establishment and Appointment Notices:—		
Amendment No. 1 (Calabar)	12	B 59
Amendment No. 2 (Bamenda)	45	B 139
Amendment No. 3 (Owerri)	110	B 343
Amendment (Rivers)	157	B 443
Amendment No. 4 (Rivers and Owerri)	163	B 449
Amendment No. 4 (Cameroons)	200	B 535
Amendment No. 6 (Cameroons)	215	B 553
Amendment No. 7 (Cameroons)	216	B 554
Amendment No. 8 (Ogoja)	237	B 585
Amendment (Degema Division)	62	B 221
Specification of Composition Notices:—		
Adibom Group Council	160	B 445
Ala Ala Council	96	B 319
Arughunya Group Council	158	B 443
Bafaw-Balong Group Council	206	B 542
Bai-Dieka Clan Council	202	B 538
Balue Clan Council	208	B 543
Bambuko Clan Council	204	B 540
Basossi Clan Council	203	B 539
Bende Divisional Council	95	B 319
Calabar Divisional Council	13	B 60
Eastern Area Council	254	B 620
Eberei-Obiohia Group Council	125	B 405
Elu Elu Council	98	B 322
Etche Clan Council	130	B 408
Igbo Group Council	126	B 405
Iko Clan Council	16	B 63
Ikpai Clan Council	18	B 65

<i>Title</i>	<i>No. of Instru- ment</i>	<i>Page</i>
	<i>E.R.L.N.</i>	
Ikwere Clan Council ... ..	246	B 605
Isangele Group Council ... ..	207	B 543
Kugho Group Council ... ..	159	B 444
Mamfe Town and Area Council... ..	217	B 555
Kumba Town Council ... ..	209	B 544
Mba Group Council ... ..	128	B 407
Mbonge Group Council ... ..	210	B 545
Netim Clan Council ... ..	15	B 62
Northern Bakundu Clan Council ... ..	205	B 541
North Western Area Council ... ..	212	B 548
Oban Clan Council ... ..	17	B 64
Odida-Anyanwu Council ... ..	97	B 320
Odual (Saka) Clan Council ... ..	162	B 447
Ofe-Okim-Oyoro Group Council ... ..	124	B 404
Okehi Group Council ... ..	127	B 406
Owuwa-Anyanwu Council ... ..	99	B 323
Oyuk Clan Council ... ..	19	B 66
Ozuza Clan Council ... ..	122	B 403
Southern Area Council ... ..	201	B 537
South-Western Area Council ... ..	213	B 549
Ulakwo-Umuoselem Group Council ... ..	129	B 407
Umuogba-Umuajalolu Group Council ... ..	123	B 403
Uyanga Clan Council ... ..	14	B 61
 Variation of Membership:—		
Kumba Division Native Authorities (variation of membership) Order, 1954 ... ..	214	B 551
 Rules and Orders:—		
Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Ikwo Local Rates) Rules, 1954 ... ..	244	B 601
Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Orders, 1954 ... ..	279	B 668
Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	230	B 576
Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954 ... ..	241	B 595
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Alienation of Land) Rules, 1953 ... ..	168	B 463
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954 ... ..	221	B 563
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Licensing of Dogs) Rules, 1954 ... ..	253	B 619
Ala Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954 ... ..	233	B 580
Aro Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954 ... ..	93	B 318
Aro Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953 ... ..	105	B 334
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Educa- tion Rating) Rules, 1953 ... ..	111	B 344
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Educa- tion Rating) Rules (Aghem Clan), 1954 ... ..	194	B 524
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Educa- tion Rating) Rules (Bum Clan), 1954... ..	195	B 525

Title	No. of Instru- ment E.R.L.N.	Page
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, (Kom Clan), 1954	192	B 521
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, (Fungom Clan), 1954	193	B 523
Bamenda North-Western Federation Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1954	180	B 482
Bamenda South-Eastern Federation of Native Authorities (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1953	108	B 320
Bamenda South-Western Native Authority (Bicycles Licences) Rules, 1954	161	B 445
Bamenda South-Western Federation Native Authority (Control of Animals) Rules, 1954	174	B 471
Bamenda South-Western Federation Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1954	232	B 578
Bende Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954	238	B 586
Eastern Ijo Native Authority (Vehicle Licence) Rules, 1954	235	B 582
Elu Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954	234	B 581
Epie-Atissa Native Authority (Vehicle Licensing) Rules, 1954	219	B 558
Etiti Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954	197	B 529
Ezeagu Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Rules, 1954	277	B 667
Ezeagu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	243	B 599
Ezeagu Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954	245	B 603
Ikom Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	186	B 505
Ikom Divisional Native Authority (Hospital Rating) Rules, 1954	218	B 556
Ikwere-Etche Federated Native Authority (Etche Clan) (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	102	B 328
Ikwere-Etche Federated Native Authority (Etche Clan Area) (Marriage) Rules, 1953	154	B 439
Ikwere-Etche Federated Native Authority (Ikwere Clan) (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	103	B 330
Ikwere-Etche Federated Native Authority (Ikwere Clan Area) (Marriage) Rules, 1954	53	B 167
Ikwere-Etche Federated Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953	63	B 222
Iman Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953	64	B 223
Isuikwuato Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954	188	B 509
Isuochi Federated Native Authority (Education Rating) (Lokpanta) Rules, 1954	196	B 527
Isuochi Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954	191	B 519
Kembong Native Authority (Ntenako and Ndekwei Villages) (Education Rating) Rules, 1953	121	B 402
Mamfe Town Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953	101	B 326
Mba Ise Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954	261	B 627
Mbaitoli-Ikeduru Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954	143	B 421
Mbano Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954	198	B 531
Nembe Native Authority (Vehicle Licences), Rules, 1954	220	B 561

<i>Title</i>	<i>No. of Instru- ment</i>	<i>E.R.L.N. Page</i>
Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954	263	B 633
Nkanu Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Order, 1954	278	B 667
Nkanu Native Authority (Public Service Rating) Rules, 1954	240	B 593
Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment No. 2) Rules, 1954	290	B 690
Obubra Divisional (Medical Services Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954	270	B 642
Obudu District Native Authority (Bicycles Licences) Rules, 1954	273	B 661
Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954	229	B 575
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	222	B 565
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (No. 2) Rules, 1953	107	B 338
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services, General Rating) (No. 2) Rules, 1953	104	B 332
Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services, General Rating) Rules, 1954	242	B 597
Oguta Federal Native Authority (Hawkers and Petty Stall-Holders) Rules, 1954	252	B 617
Oguta Federal Native Authority (Public Services, Rating) Rules, 1953	131	B 408
Oguta Federal Native Authority (Vehicle and Canoe Licensing) Rules, 1954	35	B 108
Ohoba Federal Native Authority (Public Services, Rating) Rules, 1953	164	B 452
Okigwi Area Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954	187	B 507
Okrika Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954	224	B 567
Onitsha Town Council (Regulation of Fishing) (Revocation) Rules, 1953	79	B 290
Orlu Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953	106	B 336
Orlu Divisional Native Authority (Medical Services Rating) Rules, 1953	112	B 345
Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954	228	B 574
Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953	100	B 324
Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority (Engenni Clan Area) (Marriage) Rules, 1954	166	B 457
Uyo Federated Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953	109	B 341
<i>Native Courts Ordinance (Cap. 142):</i>		
Public Notice (Jurisdiction and Powers Native Courts)	272	B 646
<i>Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance: (Cap. 155):</i>		
Appointment to Aba Town Planning Authority	142	B 421
Calabar (Declaration of Planning Area) Order, 1954	54	B 170
Port Harcourt Re-declaration of Planning Area) Order, 1954	292	B 691

Title	No. of Instru- ment E.R.L.N.	Page
<i>Pawnbrokers Ordinance (Cap. 165):</i>		
Pawnbrokers (Application to Onitsha Urban District Council) Order in Council, 1954 ... ..	291	B 691
<i>Public Health Ordinance (Cap. 183):</i>		
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Slaughter) Rules, 1953 ...	120	B 400
Public Health (Eastern Region Native Authorities) Rules, 1954 ...	257	B 624
Umuahia-Ibeku Township (Bake-house) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	114	B 348
<i>Public Holidays Ordinance (Cap. 184):</i>		
Appointment of Public Holidays ... ..	259	B 626
<i>Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216):</i>		
Notice under section 31 (Umuahia-Ibeku) ... ..	236	B 584
Port Harcourt (Advertisements) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	288	B 687
Port Harcourt Town Council (Dissolution) Order in Council, 1954 ... ..	175	B 473
Townships (Itu) Order, 1954 ... ..	71	B 253
Umuahia-Ibeku (Education Rating) Bye-laws, 1954... ..	268	B 638
Umuahia-Ibeku (Township Rates Notice) 1954 ... ..	144	B 423
Umuahia-Ibeku (Traffic Control) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	274	B 662
<i>Vaccination Ordinance (Cap. 224):</i>		
Ezeagu Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1954 ... ..	275	B 665
Nkanu Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1954... ..	276	B 666
<i>Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947):</i>		
Ahoada (Control of Traffic) Order, 1954 ... ..	293	B 692
Onitsha (Control of Traffic) Order, 1954 ... ..	155	B 441
Port Harcourt Town Council (Specification of Parking Places) Order, 1954 ... ..	287	B 687
Regulations under section 11. (Kumba-Mamfe Road) ... ..	34	B 107
Regulations under section 11. (Mamfe-Bamenda) Road ... ..	172	B 470
Road Traffic (Licence Fees) Regulations, 1954 ... ..	271	B 643
<i>Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948 (No. 38 of 1948):</i>		
Appointment of members of Council... ..	173	B 470
Dissolution (see E.R.L.N. 175 of 1954 page B 473).		
Port Harcourt (Rating No. 1) Order, 1954 ... ..	185	B 504
Port Harcourt (Rating No. 2) Order, 1954 ... ..	267	B 637
<i>Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950):</i>		
Instruments establishing councils:—		
Abak County Council ... ..	36	B 111
Abak, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ... ..	56	B 171
Abba Local Council ... ..	247	B 605
Annang District Council ... ..	47	B 146
Aro, Ibo Rural District Council... ..	6	B 23
Awgu County Council ... ..	66	B 233
Awgu District Council ... ..	59	B 216
Awgu, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ... ..	68	B 237
Biase Rural District Council ... ..	4	B 13
Eastern Annang District Council ... ..	37	B 115
Eastern Nsit Rural District Council ... ..	29	B 99
Enyong, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ... ..	11	B 39
Four Groups District Council ... ..	48	B 151

Title	No. of Instru- ment E.R.L.N.	Page
Ibekwe County Council ... ..	46	B 141
Ibesikpo-Asutan Rural District Council ... ..	27	B 89
Ibibio District Council ... ..	49	B 156
Ibiono Rural District Council ... ..	5	B 18
Igbo-Etiti District Council ... ..	75	B 272
Igbo-Eze District Council ... ..	77	B 281
Iman Rural District Council ... ..	25	B 79
Isi-Uzo District Council ... ..	76	B 276
Itu Itam Rural District Council... ..	3	B 8
Itu-Mbuzo Local Council ... ..	67	B 233
Lower Cross River County Council ... ..	2	B 3
Northern Annang District Council ... ..	38	B 120
Nsukka County Council ... ..	65	B 225
Nsukka, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ...	116	B 351
Obolo District Council ... ..	50	B 161
Onitsha County Council ... ..	73	B 257
Onitsha Urban District Council... ..	74	B 258
Opobo, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ...	58	B 204
Opobo Urban District Council ... ..	78	B 285
Southern Annang District Council ... ..	39	B 125
Ukwulu Local Council ... ..	248	B 609
Uruan Rural District Council ... ..	26	B 84
Uyo County Council ... ..	23	B 69
Uyo Federated Rural District Council ... ..	24	B 74
Uyo, Local Councils in the administrative division of— ...	57	B 187
Uzo-Uwani District Council ... ..	84	B 300
Western Annang District Council ... ..	40	B 129
Western Nsit Rural District Council ... ..	28	B 94
<i>Instruments amending various Instruments establishing Councils:</i>		
Abak County Council ... ..	223	B 567
Aro/Ibo District Council ... ..	41	B 134
Awka Local Councils within the administrative division of ...	247	B 605
	248	B 609
Biase Rural District Council ... ..	31	B 105
Biase Rural District Council ... ..	139	B 419
County and District Councils... ..	260	B 627
Eastern Annang Rural District Council ... ..	250	B 615
Eastern Ibibio-Ikono District Council ... ..	176	B 475
Eket County Council ... ..	20	B 67
Eket District Council ... ..	21	B 67
Eket Local Councils within the administrative division of, and part of the administrative division of Uyo... ..	22	B 68
Enyong, Local Councils within the administrative division of ...	33	B 107
Ikot Ekpene County Council ... ..	177	B 476
Lower Cross River County Council ... ..	30	B 105
Rural and Urban District Councils (Nudity) ... ..	132	B 411
Rural and Urban District Councils (Repatriation of Destitute adults)	140	B 419

<i>Title</i>	<i>No. of Instru- ment E.R.L.N.</i>	<i>Page</i>
<i>Instruments revoking Instruments establishing Councils:</i>		
Onitsha County Council ... ..	60	B 221
Onitsha Urban District Council ... ..	61	B 221
<i>Functions of Councils (Notices):</i>		
Nudity ... ..	51	B 166
Repatriation of Destitute Adults ... ..	52	B 167
Appointment of Auditors ... ..	265	B 637
<i>Bye-laws.</i>		
Aba-Ngwa County Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1953 ...	113	B 346
Aba Urban District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-laws, 1954	283	B 676
Aba Urban District Council (Control of siting of advertisements) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	280	B 669
Aba Urban District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	152	B 435
Aba Urban District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954... ..	182	B 497
Aba Urban District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	7	B 29
Aba Urban District Council (Market) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954	136	B 415
Aba Urban District Council (Obstruction and Nuisances in Streets) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	178	B 477
Aba Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	282	B 672
Aba Urban District Council (Sports Stadium) Bye-laws, 1953 ...	150	B 430
Aba Urban District Council (Street names and numbers) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	88	B 311
Aguata District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	82	B 296
Aguata District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-laws, 1954 ...	151	B 432
Aguata District Council (Motor Traffic) (Umunze and Ekwulobia) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	91	B 316
Aguata District Council (Protection of water) (Oko Village) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	70	B 252
Aguata District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	89	B 312
Aguata District Council (Vaccination) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	119	B 399
Calabar Urban District Council (Conservancy) Bye-laws, 1954 ...	258	B 625
Calabar Urban District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	281	B 670
Calabar Urban District Council (Street names and numbers) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	256	B 623
Calabar Urban District Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1954...	262	B 631
Calabar Western District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954	171	B 469
Eastern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ...	134	B 413
Eastern Ngwa District Council, (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ...	133	B 412
Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	264	B 635
Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954	285	B 679
Eket District Council (Ibenu Market) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	42	B 135
Enugu Urban District Council (Bake-houses, Dairies and Aerated water manufactories) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	117	B 395
Enugu Urban District Council (Burning of Vegetation) Bye-laws, 1954	226	B 571
Enugu Urban District Council (Eating Houses, Food Preparing and Preserving Premises) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	80	B 291
Enugu Urban District Council (Hawkers and Petty Stall-holders) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	9	B 37

Title	No. of Instru- ment!		Page
	E.R.L.N.		
Enugu Urban District Council (Hawkers and Petty Stall-holders) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	43		B 137
Enugu Urban District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	81		B 293
Enugu Urban District Council (Obstruction and Nuisances in Streets) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	69		B 248
Enugu Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	87		B 307
Enugu Urban District Council (Speed Limit) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	32		B 106
Enugu Urban District Council (Speed Limit) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	255		B 622
Enugu Urban District Council (Street names and numbers) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	92		B 317
Enugu Urban District Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	227		B 572
Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Conservancy) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	169		B 467
Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	137		B 416
Iman District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	286		B 684
Itu, Itam Rural District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	225		B 569
Itu, Itam Rural District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	289		B 689
Itu, Itam Rural District Council (Sale of Liquor) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	239		B 587
Niger County Council (Schools attendance) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	147		B 425
Njikoka District Council (Oji River Area) (Building and Dwelling Houses) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	85		B 304
Northern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	190		B 517
Northern Ngwa District Council (Registration of Births and Deaths) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	8		B 32
Northern Ngwa District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	83		B 298
Okobo-Onon District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	44		B 138
Onitsha Northern District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	149		B 429
Onitsha Northern District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	153		B 437
Onitsha Northern District Council (Control of Traffic) (Otuocha Market) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	231		B 577
Onitsha Northern District Council (Market) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	170		B 468
Onitsha Northern District Council (Slaughter) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	138		B 418
Onitsha Northern District Council (Traditional Prostitution) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	135		B 414
Onitsha Southern District Council (Bake houses) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	118		B 397
Onitsha Southern District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	148		B 427
Onitsha Southern District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	86		B 306
Onitsha Southern District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	183		B 502
Onitsha Southern District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	165		B 455
Otoro District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	249		B 613
Southern Ngwa Rural District Council (Maternity and Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1953 ... ..	90		B 314
Ubium District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954 ... ..	199		B 533



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 5th day of June, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,  
Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 1



1954

**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.

*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO MAKE SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISION FOR THE SERVICE OF THE EASTERN REGION FOR THE YEAR ENDING THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MARCH, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-THREE.

[5th June, 1954] Date of commencement.

WHEREAS by the 1952-53 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1952, a sum not exceeding three million, eight hundred and sixty-one thousand, eight hundred and ninety pounds, was provided for the service of the Eastern Region for the year ending on the thirty-first day of March, one thousand nine hundred and fifty-three to be applied and expended in the manner therein described and for the several services set forth in the Schedule thereto.

Preamble.

E.R. No. 1 of 1954 1952-53 Eastern  
Region Supplementary Appropriation

AND WHEREAS by the 1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1952, a further sum not exceeding two hundred and twenty-six thousand seven hundred pounds was appropriated to the purpose and in the manner expressed in the Schedule thereto.

AND WHEREAS certain sums have been applied and expended in the said year for the services set forth in the Schedule hereto beyond the sums provided for such services by the aforementioned Laws.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:—

1. This Law may be cited as the 1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954.

2. The sums set forth in the Schedule hereto are hereby declared to have been duly and necessarily applied and expended, allowed and granted in addition to the sums provided by the 1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1952, and the 1952-53 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1952.

SCHEDULE

					£
402.	Lieutenant-Governor ...	...	...	...	1,640
403.	Administration ...	...	...	...	20,340
406.	Education ...	...	...	...	23,340
407.	Local Industries ...	...	...	...	190
410.	Medical Services ...	...	...	...	27,440
411.	Miscellaneous ...	...	...	...	116,580
417.	Public Works Recurrent—Maintenance Services	...	...	...	20,010
	Total ...	...	...	...	<u>£209,540</u>

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly

Enactment.

Short title.

Additional  
expenditure  
for 1952-53  
legalised.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,*  
*Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 2



1954

**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**  
SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.  
*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO APPROPRIATE THE SUM OF FIVE MILLION, ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO THOUSAND, THREE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FIVE POUNDS TO THE SERVICE OF THE YEAR ENDING ON THE THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF MARCH, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE. Title.

[1st April, 1954] Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:— Enactment.

1. This Law may be cited as the 1954-55 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1954. Short title.

E.R. No. 2 of 1954 1954-55 Eastern  
Region Appropriation

Expenditure of £5,132,345 authorised out of the revenue and funds of the Eastern Region of Nigeria.

Balance unissued to lapse.

Appropriation of £5,132,345

2. The Regional Treasurer may on the warrant of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region pay out of the revenue and other funds of the Eastern Region during the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1955, any sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of five million, one hundred and thirty-two thousand, three hundred and forty-five pounds, being the total of the amounts set forth opposite Heads 421 to 454 in the Schedule hereto.

3. The moneys granted by this Law are intended for the services in respect of which moneys will become payable within the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1955, and any balance thereof unissued at the end of the month of March of that year shall lapse and not be available for making payments in any subsequent month.

4. The said sums, in the whole not exceeding the sum of five million, one hundred and thirty-two thousand, three hundred and forty-five pounds, shall be appropriated to the purposes and in the manner expressed in the Schedule to this Law.

SCHEDULE

421.	Lieutenant-Governor	£	
422.	Executive ... ..	11,710	
423.	Legislature ... ..	10,250	
424.	Civil Secretary's Office ... ..	57,450	
425.	Administration ... ..	36,200	
426.	Information Services ... ..	376,580	
427.	Local Industries ... ..	25,955	
428.	Police ... ..	3,100	
429.	Printing and Stationery ... ..	638,700	
430.	Financial Secretary's Office ... ..	41,070	
431.	Public Debt Charges ... ..	11,390	
432.	Miscellaneous ... ..	1,300	
433.	Subventions ... ..	194,100	
434.	Treasury ... ..	88,300	
435.	The Ministry of Education ... ..	68,580	
436.	Education ... ..	6,520	
437.	Scholarship Scheme ... ..	1,843,580	
438.	The Ministry of Health ... ..	86,650	
439.	Medical Services ... ..	6,510	
440.	The Ministry of Land and Survey ... ..	613,300	
441.	Land ... ..	5,220	
442.	Survey ... ..	25,850	
443.	The Ministry of Local Government ... ..	36,930	
444.	Community Development... ..	27,280	
445.	Co-operative Societies ... ..	11,930	
446.	The Ministry of Natural Resources ... ..	26,690	
447.	Agriculture ... ..	6,360	
448.	Forestry ... ..	115,800	
	Carried forward ...	59,970	
		<u>£4,437,275</u>	

		Brought forward ...	£4,437,275
449.	Veterinary ...	...	22,330
450.	The Ministry of Works ...	...	6,310
451.	Public Works ...	...	188,050
452.	Public Works Recurrent—Maintenance Works ...	...	266,320
453.	Public Works Recurrent—Maintenance Services ...	...	37,700
454.	Public Works Extraordinary ...	...	174,360
	Total ...	...	<u>£5,132,345</u>

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 1st day of October, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Governor, Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 5



1954

Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.  
*Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO MAKE PROVISION FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A TITLE-  
MARKETING BOARD IN THE EASTERN REGION OF NIGERIA  
AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES CONNECTED THEREWITH.

[1st October, 1954] Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:— Enactment.

Short title and date of commencement. 1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Lieutenant-Governor by notice in the *Regional Gazette*.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Law:—

“the board” means the Eastern Regional Marketing Board established under the provisions of this Law;

“Eastern Region” means the Eastern Region excluding the Southern Cameroons;

“export” means to take or cause to be taken out of Nigeria;

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“licensed buying agent” means any person in possession of a valid licence granted to such person by the Board under the provisions of this Law for the purchase of produce for sale to the Board;

“local government body” includes any Local Government Council established by any written law, the Port Harcourt Town Council, the local authority of a Second Class Township, a Native Authority and any planning authority established under the provisions of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance;

“member” of the Board includes the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman;

“the Minister” means the Minister for the time being charged under section 119 of the Nigeria (Constitution) Order-in-Council, 1954, with responsibility for trade;

“produce” means the produce specified in the Schedule to this Law and any derivative thereof;

“producer” means a person engaged in the cultivation or collection or preparation of produce;

“purchase” includes exchange or barter and any agreement or contract to purchase, exchange or barter;

“sell” includes exchange or barter and any agreement or contract to sell, exchange or barter.

“Southern Cameroons” means those portions of the Southern Cameroons under the United Kingdom Trusteeship which are comprised within the Eastern Region of Nigeria as defined by or under section 5 of the Nigeria (Constitution) Order in Council, 1951.

(2) In this Law “Central Marketing Board” means any Marketing Board which may be established by Federal Law excluding any Marketing Board which is established exclusively for the Federal Territory of Lagos and includes the Nigeria Cocoa Marketing Board, the Nigeria Groundnut Marketing Board and the Nigeria Oil Palm Produce Marketing Board.

(Cap. 155).

(Schedule).

3. (1) So soon as may be there shall be established the Eastern Regional Marketing Board which shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal and with power to sue and be sued in its corporate name.

Establishment of the Eastern Regional Marketing Board.

(2) The Board shall have the power to acquire and to hold, manage and dispose of property whether real or personal and whether by investment or otherwise and may enter into any contract necessary for the discharge of any of its functions under this or any other written Law.

4. (1) The Board shall consist of—

Membership of Board.

(a) a Chairman;

(b) a Deputy Chairman, and

(c) twelve members, two of whom shall represent licensed buying agents.

(2) The Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Members of the Board shall be appointed by the Minister.

(3) A person ceasing to hold any appointment to which he is appointed under the provisions of this section shall be eligible for reappointment.

5. Subject to the provisions of section 6 the Chairman, Deputy Chairman and members of the Board shall, subject to the pleasure of the Minister hold office for such period as shall be stated in the Instrument by which they are appointed.

Tenure of office.

6. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Instrument by which he is appointed, if the Minister is satisfied that a member of the Board—

Revocation of appointment.

(a) has been absent from two consecutive meetings of the Board without the permission of the Chairman; or

(b) has become bankrupt or made an arrangement with his creditors; or

(c) has been sentenced by a court in any part of Her Majesty's dominions to a term of imprisonment (by whatever name called) for any offence involving fraud or stealing; or

(d) is incapacitated by physical or mental illness; or

(e) is otherwise unable or unfit to discharge the functions of a member,

the Minister may revoke the appointment of such member.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Instrument by which he is appointed, the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or any member of the Board may resign his appointment by writing under his hand addressed to the Minister, and upon receipt of such resignation by the Minister the appointment of the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or member shall be terminated.

- Temporary absence of Chairman. 7. When the Chairman is temporarily absent from Nigeria or is otherwise temporarily incapacitated from performing the functions of his office, the Deputy Chairman may perform all or any of the functions of the Chairman.
- Secretary of Central Marketing Board may attend meetings of the Board. 8. (1) It shall be lawful for the Secretary of the Central Marketing Board to attend all meetings of the Board.  
(2) The Secretary of the Central Marketing Board shall not be entitled to vote upon any question before the Board.
- Power to co-opt. 9. Where upon any special occasion the Board desires to obtain the advice of any person upon any matter, the Board may co-opt such person to be a member for such meeting or meetings as may be required, and such person, while so co-opted, shall have all the rights and privileges of a member save that he shall not be entitled to vote upon any question.
- Chairman to have casting vote. 10. The Chairman shall have an original vote and, where the votes are equally divided, a casting vote in addition to his original vote.
- Quorum. 11. At a meeting of the Board six members and the Chairman shall be a quorum.
- Meetings. 12. The Board shall meet at least four times in each year and at such other times as may be required by Standing Orders made under the provisions of this Law.
- Special meetings. 13. (1) Any five members of the Board may, by notice in writing signed by them, request the Chairman to call a special meeting of the Board for the purposes set out in such notice.  
(2) A Representative Committee may, by a resolution signed by the majority of its members, request the Chairman to call a special meeting of the Board for the purposes set out in that resolution.  
(3) The Chairman shall, upon receipt of any such notice or resolution, summon a special meeting of the Board for such purposes at the earliest convenient date.
- Secretary to the Board. 14. (1) The Minister shall appoint a Secretary to the Board who shall conduct the correspondence and keep the records thereof and perform such other duties as the Board may from time to time direct or which are placed upon him under the provisions of this or any other written Law.  
(2) The Secretary shall not be a member of the Board.
- Delegation of routine administration. 15. (1) Subject to the approval of the Minister the Board may by the majority vote of all its members delegate to the Chairman, or to the Deputy Chairman, or to such employee of the Board as the Board shall decide the routine administration of the affairs of the Board.  
(2) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to authorise the Board to delegate to the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman or to

such employee the power to make Standing Orders or to do any act involving extraordinary expenditure or to fix or control the price of produce.

16. Subject to the prior approval of the Minister, the Board may, from time to time, appoint agents to perform any of the powers or duties conferred or imposed upon the Board, and for the purposes of this section the term "agent" may include a department of the Government of Nigeria or any Region thereof, the Central Marketing Board or a Local Government body or a group of Local Government bodies.

Delegation of powers and appointment of agents.

17. The Board may, with the approval of the Minister, from time to time make Standing Orders providing for the proper conduct of its business and for meetings of the Board and in particular for—

Standing Orders.

- (a) the custody and use of the common seal ; and
- (b) the method of entering into contracts and the execution thereof, and the signing of cheques and other similar instruments.

18. It shall be the duty of the Board to secure the most favourable arrangements for the purchase and evacuation to a port of shipment of produce intended for export, and by means of its allocation of funds to any Corporation established in the Eastern Region under the provisions of any written law or to any local government body in the Eastern Region to promote the development of the producing industries concerned and the benefit and prosperity of the producers and the areas of production.

General functions of the Board.

19. In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of section 18, the Board shall have power—

Specific powers of the Board

- (a) to control and fix the prices to be paid to producers within the Eastern Region of produce intended for export from time to time and at any place within the Eastern Region ;
- (b) to support and stabilise the price of produce from time to time and in accordance with such policy as the Board may determine ;
- (c) to purchase produce intended for export and to be responsible for the evacuation of that produce to the ports of shipment in conformity with any instructions issued to them by the Central Marketing Board ;
- (d) to appoint licensed buying agents ;
- (e) to fix and control the prices to be paid to licensed buying agents for produce ;
- (f) to grant, renew and withhold licences to licensed buying agents, to impose conditions upon the granting or renewal of such licences and to cancel or suspend them for any good cause ;

- (g) to control and regulate the activities and remuneration by licence or otherwise of all persons connected with the export trade of the commodities with which they deal ;
- (h) to make grants to any Corporation established in the Eastern Region under the provisions of any written law or to any local government body in the Eastern Region ;
- (i) to apply funds to the cost of scientific research into all matters affecting the produce with which the Board deals ;
- (j) to prescribe by public notice periods during which the buying for export of produce shall be prohibited, restricted or allowed ; and
- (k) to refer any of the following matters to the Central Marketing Board for advice and if any such advice is tendered to consider such advice:—
  - (i) price fixing, price support and stabilisation ;
  - (ii) the appointment of licensed buying agents and the terms and conditions of their appointment ;
  - (iii) the local processing of produce ;
  - (iv) research and development ;
  - (v) pest control ; and
  - (vi) any other matters on which the Board considers that the advice of the Central Marketing Board would be valuable to them.

Functions in connection with the local processing of produce.

20. (1) The Board may direct that any produce subject to this Law which is purchased in the Region for mechanised processing in Nigeria shall be purchased from the Board on such terms and conditions as the Board may from time to time prescribe.

(2) The Board may purchase, on such terms and conditions as the Board may from time to time prescribe, any product resulting from the local processing of produce subject to this Law offered for sale to the Board.

(3) The Board may without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of section 18 to do all things necessary for and in connection with the cleaning of, packing, storing for evacuation to ports and transporting of any produce resulting from the local processing of produce subject to this Law.

(4) The Board may from time to time enter into any arrangement with the Central Marketing Board, for or in connection with the storing for export, exporting, shipping and sale of any product resulting from the local processing of produce subject to this Law.

(5) The Board may enter into any agreement with the Central Marketing Board on the terms and conditions on which the Central Marketing Board may authorise the export of any product resulting from the local processing in Nigeria of any produce subject to this Law.

(6) Any person who acts contrary to a direction given by the Board under subsection (1) of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding twelve months.

21. (1) The Minister may after consultation with the Board give to the Board directions of a general character as to the exercise and performance by the Board of any of its functions under the provisions of sections 18, 19, 20 and 29 and the Board shall give effect to such instructions.

Directions  
by the  
Minister.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1) the Minister may, after consultation with the Board—

(a) direct that the Board shall act in accordance with a general programme of policy or development settled from time to time with the approval of the Minister ; or

(b) direct that the Board shall discontinue or restrict any of their activities or dispose of any part of their assets, and the Board shall give effect to any such direction.

22. The Board shall purchase all produce which is intended for export and which is offered for sale to the Board and which conforms to the grades and standards of quality for export prescribed by any written law in force within the Region.

Board to  
purchase all  
produce  
offered.

23. (1) The Board shall seek the advice of the appropriate Representative Committee before any consultation with the Central Marketing Board with respect to the standard and grade of any produce intended for export or any other matter connected therewith.

Board to  
consult Re-  
presentative  
Committee.

(2) The Board shall seek the advice of the appropriate Representative Committee on all matters in connexion with the purchase of produce and may refer any other matter in connexion with the exercise of any of its functions to such Representative Committee for advice.

24. Money standing to the credit of the Board may, from time to time, be invested in securities approved either generally or specifically by the Minister, and the Board may from time to time sell any or all of such securities with the approval of the Minister.

Investments.

25. (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (2) it shall be lawful for the Board to make loans to the Government of Nigeria or to the Government of a Region or to such other bodies upon such terms and conditions as the Minister may approve.

Power to  
lend money.

(2) Subject to the approval of the Minister it shall be lawful for the Board to make short-term loans for the purpose of crop purchase to any other Marketing Board established or to be established in Nigeria by any written law.

26. The Board may from time to time raise loans of such amounts, from such sources, in such manner and upon such conditions as the Minister may approve.

Power to  
borrow.

Funds of  
the Board.

27. The funds and resources of the Board shall be—
- (a) any sum which may from time to time be paid to the Board from the funds and assets of the Nigeria Cocoa Marketing Board, the Nigeria Cotton Marketing Board, the Nigeria Groundnut Marketing Board and the Nigeria Oil Palm Produce Marketing Board ;
  - (b) any sum which may be appropriated, from time to time, to the Board by any vote of the Federal Legislature or of the Eastern House of Assembly or by any resolution of the Federal Legislature or of the Eastern House of Assembly allotting moneys under the provisions of any written law ;
  - (c) moneys derived from the sale of produce ;
  - (d) moneys earned or arising from any property and investments acquired by or vested in the Board ;
  - (e) moneys raised by loan under the powers to borrow vested in the Board by this Law ;
  - (f) all other sums or assets which may, in any manner, become payable to or vested in the Board, in respect of any matter incidental to its functions, powers and duties.

Expenditure.

28. Subject to any directions given under the provisions of section 21, the Board may from time to time apply the funds at their disposal:—

- (a) to or in connexion with the purchase of produce intended for export, or intended for mechanised processing under a direction of the Board made under the provision of subsection (1) of section 20 ;
- (b) to the cost of the administration of the Board ;
- (c) to the remuneration and expenses of the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman and the members of the Board in respect of their duties under this or any other written Law ;
- (d) to the cost of the administration of any Representative Committee and the remuneration, honoraria and expenses of the members of such Committee ;
- (e) to the payment of the salaries, allowances and gratuities or pensions of the employees of the Board :  
Provided that no salary or allowance, except such allowance as may be expressly authorised by the Lieutenant-Governor shall be paid to any person who is in receipt of emoluments from the Government ;
- (f) to the interest payable in respect of moneys borrowed under the provisions of this Law ;
- (g) to the payment of any taxes, duties or other charges payable by the Board under the provisions of any written law ;
- (h) to the stabilisation of prices to the producers as required and as far as possible.

- (i) to the cost of scientific research into all matters affecting produce including the granting of sums of money from time to time towards institutions established for such research;
- (j) to grants to any Corporation established in the Eastern Region under the provisions of any written law or to any local government body in the Eastern Region;
- (k) to the rehabilitation of the producing industries where necessary;
- (l) to the control of pests; and
- (m) for and in connexion with any function conferred upon the Board under the provisions of this or any other written Law.

29. Subject to the provisions of section 21, the Board may— Power to engage staff.
- (a) from time to time appoint, upon such salaries, terms and conditions as it may think fit, such employees as may be necessary for the proper and efficient conduct of the operations of the Board;
  - (b) grant pensions, gratuities, or retiring allowances to any employee, and may require employees to contribute to any pension or contributory scheme;
  - (c) grant loans to employees for such purposes as the Board may approve.

30. The Board shall keep accounts of its transactions to the satisfaction of the Minister. Accounts.

31. (1) Unless the Minister otherwise directs the Board shall keep a separate account for all purchases and other transactions in connexion with the palm oil and palm kernel industry and may keep a separate account for any type of produce it handles. Separate accounts.

(2) Any reserves or funds in any separate account shall not be used to pay for or in connexion with the purchase, processing, transporting or storing of any produce for which another account is kept.

32. The accounts of the Board shall be audited by auditors appointed by the Minister. Audit.

33. (1) As soon as may be after the thirty-first day of December in each year the Board shall prepare a report of its operations during the preceding year and shall forward such report to the Minister together with a certified copy of the audited accounts of the Board. Report to Minister and Public Accounts Committee.

(2) The Minister shall lay such annual report together with the certified copy of the audited accounts of the Board on the Table of the Eastern House of Assembly.

(3) The accounts of the Board together with the Auditors' Report shall be examined by the Public Accounts Committee of the Eastern House of Assembly.

Bad debts. 34. The Board may, with the approval of the Minister, write off bad debts.

Establishment of Representative Committees. 35. (1) So soon as may be there shall be established three Committees to be known as the Palm Oil Industry Representative Committee, the Cocoa Representative Committee and the Minor Produce Representative Committee.

(2) Each Committee shall consist of:—

- (a) a Chairman to be appointed by the Minister by name or office;
- (b) two Official Members to be appointed by the Minister by name or office;
- (c) one representative of the licensed buying agents to be appointed by the Minister;
- (d) two members, who shall be members of the Board, to be appointed by the Board; and
- (e) six Unofficial Members who shall be appointed by the Minister.

(3) In addition to the three Committees specified in subsection (1) the Minister may, after consultation with the Board, establish a Representative Committee in respect of any industry or class of produce for the purpose of this Law:

Provided that no Committee established under the subsection shall be concerned with any industry or class of produce for which there is already in existence a Representative Committee exclusively concerned with such industry or class of produce.

(4) A person ceasing to hold any appointment to which he is appointed under the provisions of this section shall be eligible for reappointment.

Tenure of office.

36. Subject to the provisions of section 37 the Chairman and other members of a Representative Committee shall hold office for such period as shall be stated in the Instrument by which they are appointed.

Revocation of appointment.

37. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in the Instrument by which he is appointed, if the Minister is satisfied that a member of a Representative Committee—

- (a) has been absent from two consecutive meetings of the committee without the permission of the Chairman; or
- (b) has become bankrupt or made an arrangement with his creditors; or
- (c) has been sentenced by a court in any part of Her Majesty's dominions to a term of imprisonment (by whatever name called) for any offence involving fraud or stealing; or
- (d) is incapacitated by physical or mental illness; or
- (e) is otherwise unable or unfit to discharge the functions of a member,

the Minister may revoke the appointment of such member.

38. Where upon any special occasion a Representative Committee desires to obtain the advice of any person upon any particular matter, the Representative Committee may co-opt such person to be a member for such meeting or meetings as may be required and such person, while so co-opted, shall have all the rights and privileges of a member save that he shall not be entitled to vote upon any question.

Power to  
co-opt.

39. (1) The Minister may appoint a secretary to each Representative Committee established under the provisions of this Law. He shall conduct the correspondence of the Representative Committee and keep the records thereof.

Secretaries  
of Repre-  
sentative  
Committees.

(2) A Secretary so appointed shall not be a member of the Representative Committee.

40. The Chairman of a Representative Committee shall have an original vote and, where the votes are equally divided, a casting vote in addition to his original vote.

Chairman  
to have  
casting vote.

41. At a meeting of a Representative Committee the Chairman and four members shall be a quorum.

Quorum.

42. (1) It shall be the duty of a Representative Committee in respect of the industry or class of produce for which it is established to advise the Board on price policy, and on all matters in connection with the purchase and grading of the crops with which it is concerned.

Functions  
of Repre-  
sentative  
Committees.

(2) A Representative Committee may appoint a sub-committee for the purpose of dealing with any type or class of produce in regard to which it is empowered by this Law to give advice.

43. Any person who falsely holds himself out or represents himself to be a licensed buying agent or a person acting on the authority or instructions of the Board, shall be guilty of an offence.

False Repre-  
sentations.

44. Any person who is guilty of an offence under section 43 or who contravenes or fails to comply with the terms of the conditions in any licence or authority granted under the provisions of this Law shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five hundred pounds or to imprisonment for two years.

Penalties.

45. Where an offence against this Law is committed by a body corporate and such offence has been committed on the direction of or with the consent or approval of any director, manager, secretary or other officer of such body corporate, that individual, as well as such body corporate, shall be guilty of an offence and may be proceeded against and if convicted be punished accordingly.

Special pro-  
visions as to  
directors, etc.

46. (1) Any person aggrieved by the refusal of the Board to grant or to renew a buying agent's licence or by any condition imposed by the Board in connexion with such licence or by any direction or decision given or made under paragraph (f) of section 19, may within thirty days appeal to the Minister.

Appeals.

(2) The Minister after considering the appeal shall make such decision as he deems fit and the Board shall comply with such decision.

(3) The decision of the Minister on such appeal shall be final and shall not be questioned in any court.

Regulations.

47. The Minister may make regulations generally for carrying into effect the provisions of this Law and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing—

- (a) for the licensing of buying agents;
- (b) requiring books and accounts to be kept by licensed buying agents and for the inspection thereof;
- (c) for the appointment and duties of inspectors;
- (d) prescribing fees;
- (e) imposing penalties for offences against regulations made under this Law to a limit of a fine of one hundred pounds or imprisonment for twelve months.

Membership of Board or Representative Committee not a disqualification for election.

48. The office of Chairman, Deputy Chairman or member of the Board or the office of Chairman or member of a Representative Committee shall not of itself disqualify any holder thereof from sitting as a Member of the Eastern House of Assembly for the reason that it is an office of emolument under the Crown.

Power to amend Schedule.

49. The Minister may add to, vary or delete any item in the Schedule.

Exercise of the powers of the Minister.

50. The Minister shall consult with and act on the advice of the Executive Council of the Eastern Region in the exercise of the powers conferred upon him by this Law.

Control of funds of the Board on dissolution.

51. Where the Board ceases for any reason to exercise its functions under this Law whether by reason of the repeal of this Law or otherwise, the funds of the Board shall be allocated for the benefit of the Eastern Region and shall be disposed of in such manner as the Eastern House of Assembly may by resolution direct.

SCHEDULE  
Palm Oil  
Palm Kernels  
Cocoa  
Benniseed

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 29th day of September, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,*  
*Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 3



1954

Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.

*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO MAKE PROVISION FOR THE CREATION AND ISSUE OF  
REGISTERED STOCK FOR THE PURPOSE OF RAISING LOANS  
IN NIGERIA.

[29th September, 1954]

Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region  
of Nigeria as follows :—

Enactment.

1. This Law may be cited as the Local Loans (Eastern Region)  
(Registered Stock) Law, 1954.

Short title.

Interpre-  
tation.

2. In this Law :—

“the Lieutenant-Governor” means the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region;

“Regional Treasurer” means the Regional Treasurer of the Eastern Region;

“the register” means the register of stock kept by the Regional Treasurer for the purpose of this Law;

“registered stock” or “stock” means stock issued under the provisions of this Law;

“stock holder” means a person holding registered stock who is entered as the owner thereof in the register.

Issue of  
registered  
stock.

3. (1) Whenever by any Law, authority is given to raise any sum of money by way of loan for any purpose mentioned in that Law, or whenever it is necessary to raise any sum of money for the purpose of repaying any loan raised by the Lieutenant-Governor under this or any other Law the Lieutenant-Governor may, from time to time, raise such sum or part thereof under the provisions of this Law by the creation and issue of registered stock.

(2) Each issue of registered stock under this Law for the purpose of raising any specified sum of money shall be deemed to be stock issued in respect of a separate loan notwithstanding that the sum of money so raised is part only of a sum of money authorised by any other Law to be raised by way of loan.

Loans to be  
charged upon  
revenue.

4. The principal moneys and interest represented or secured by any registered stock issued under this Law are hereby charged upon and shall be payable out of the general revenue and assets of the Eastern Region of Nigeria.

Lieutenant-  
Governor to  
direct mode  
of raising  
loans and  
other  
particulars.

5. (1) The Lieutenant-Governor shall, in respect of each loan to be raised under this Law, specify by directions published in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*—

(a) the sum of money to be raised by that loan;

(b) the mode or modes of raising the loan;

(c) the rate of interest payable on the loan;

(d) the dates in each year on which the half-yearly interest on the loan shall be payable;

(e) the rate, being a rate of not less than two *per centum* per annum of the sum authorised to be raised, at which a half-yearly appropriation out of the general revenue and assets of the Eastern Region of Nigeria shall be made as a contribution to the sinking fund established for the purpose of redeeming that loan and the date from which such contributions shall commence;

(f) the date of redemption of the registered stock to be issued for the purpose of raising that loan.

(2) The date of redemption of any registered stock shall not be later than forty years from the date of issue of such stock.

(3) Where the Lieutenant-Governor deems it expedient to reserve an option to redeem any registered stock at any date earlier than the date of redemption specified for such stock by the directions under subsection (1), he shall by such directions further specify the terms and conditions on which such stock may be redeemed at any earlier date.

6. Upon the publication under section 5 of the directions of the Lieutenant-Governor in respect of any loan to be raised under this Law, the Regional Treasurer may, subject to the provisions of such directions and to such further directions as the Lieutenant-Governor may give in that behalf, make all such arrangements as may be necessary to raise that loan upon the most favourable terms that can be obtained.

Regional Treasurer to make necessary arrangements.

7. The Regional Treasurer shall keep a register in respect of each issue of registered stock under this Law in which all such stock and all transfers of and all dealings in such stock shall be registered and in which shall be entered all matters and things which by this Law are required to be entered in the register.

Register of stock.

8. The Regional Treasurer shall be bound to pay on behalf of the Region to the person registered for the time being as the stock holder the principal sum represented by that stock and the interest due thereon, in accordance with the provisions of this Law, at the rate and on the dates directed by the Lieutenant-Governor under section 5 or in pursuance of an option to redeem such stock reserved in such directions.

Liability of Regional Treasurer in respect of issue of registered stock.

9. For the purposes of this Law, no person shall be entitled to any registered stock unless he is registered as a stock holder in respect thereof.

Stock holder.

10. No person shall be registered as a first stock holder of any registered stock except upon payment in full of the purchase price of that stock.

Registration of first stock holders.

11. Every stock holder shall be entitled to obtain from the Regional Treasurer a stock certificate and no stock holder, other than the first stock holder of any stock, shall be entitled to obtain a stock certificate save upon payment of the prescribed fee.

Stock certificates.

12. (1) For the purposes of this Law the title of any stock holder to any registered stock shall not be deemed to be transferred to any other person save upon the execution of an approved instrument of transfer and upon the registration of the transferee as the stock holder under section 13.

Transfer of registered stock.

(2) Interest which has fallen due in respect of any registered stock but which has not been paid to the stock holder for the time being, shall not be deemed to be payable to a transferee of that stock unless the instrument of transfer expressly provides for the payment of that interest to that transferee.

Registration of transfers of stock and liens on stock.

13. (1) No person shall be registered as the transferee of any registered stock except upon surrender to the Regional Treasurer of the stock certificate and the instrument of transfer relating to that stock and upon payment of the prescribed fee.

(2) The Regional Treasurer may register a lien on any registered stock in accordance with such provisions as are prescribed by regulations and upon payment of the prescribed fee.

(3) Any such lien which is registered under this Law shall have priority over any lien not so registered.

Closing of register.

14. The register shall be closed for a period of twenty-one days immediately preceding each date upon which interest on that stock falls due and no transfer of that stock shall be registered during that period.

Register to be conclusive evidence of facts entered therein.

15. (1) The entries in the register kept under the provisions of this Law shall be conclusive evidence of the facts, matters, particulars and transactions to which those entries relate.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other written law, a copy of any entry in the register certified under the hand of the Regional Treasurer to be a true copy of the original entry shall be receivable in evidence in any judicial proceeding.

Appropriation of revenue for payment of interest.

16. So long as any interest is payable under this Law in respect of any stock, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, in each half-year ending with the date on which the interest on such stock falls due, appropriate out of the general revenue and assets of the Eastern Region of Nigeria a sum sufficient to meet all interest payable on that date and shall authorise the Regional Treasurer to pay such interest out of the sum so appropriated.

Payment of interest.

17. (1) The interest due on any registered stock shall be payable half-yearly on the dates specified by the directions of the Lieutenant-Governor under section 5.

(2) Where any amount has become payable on any date as interest due on any registered stock, no interest on that amount shall, after that date, be paid or payable by the Regional Treasurer to any person in any circumstances.

Cessation of liability to pay interest.

18. No person shall be entitled to claim interest on any registered stock in respect of any period which has elapsed after the earliest date on which demand could lawfully have been made for the payment of the principal amount due on such stock.

Payments.

19. All payments of interest and all payments of the principal amount due on any registered stock shall be made at the Regional Treasury in Enugu :

Provided that the Regional Treasurer or any person authorised by the Regional Treasurer in that behalf may pay any such interest or principal amount at any other place, whether within or without Nigeria, in pursuance of any arrangement which the Regional Treasurer may make for that purpose.

20. After the date specified in the directions of the Lieutenant-Governor under section 5 as the date from which contributions to the sinking fund for any loan shall commence, the Lieutenant-Governor shall, in each half-year ending with the date specified in those directions for the payment of the half-yearly interest on any stock issued in respect of that loan, appropriate out of the general revenue and assets of the Eastern Region of Nigeria a sum determined in accordance with the rate specified in those directions as the contribution to the sinking fund established for the purpose of redeeming that loan.

Appropriation of revenue for sinking fund.

21. A separate sinking fund shall be established for each loan raised under this Law.

Separate sinking fund for each loan.

22. (1) All moneys appropriated under section 20 as contributions to the sinking fund established for any loan shall be paid to the Regional Treasurer, and may then be placed at interest or invested in the purchase of such securities as may from time to time be approved by the Lieutenant-Governor.

Investment of sinking fund.

(2) The Regional Treasurer may from time to time, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, vary any investment made under subsection (1) or may realise or place at interest or reinvest any moneys invested under subsection (1).

(3) The dividends, interest, bonus and other profits of any investment of any part of any sinking fund shall be placed at interest or invested by the Regional Treasurer so as to form part of that sinking fund in a like manner as moneys appropriated under section 20 as contributions to that sinking fund.

(4) In addition, the Lieutenant-Governor may at any time or times, authorise the utilisation of the sinking fund or the appropriations for contribution to the sinking fund prescribed under section 20 for the purchase of registered stock of the loan for which the sinking fund was established:

Provided that in the utilisation of such appropriation for the purchase of registered stock the contribution remitted to the Regional Treasurer shall be any balance of such an appropriation not utilised for such purpose.

23. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in this Law, if at any time the Regional Treasurer is satisfied that the sinking fund of any loan raised under the provisions of this Law will be sufficient with further accumulations of interest, but without further payments of contributions, to enable the loan to be redeemed at the time fixed for its redemption, he shall inform the Lieutenant-Governor accordingly, and the Lieutenant-Governor is hereby authorised in such event to suspend further payments of half-yearly contributions to that sinking fund:

Cessation of contributions to sinking fund.

Provided, however, that the contributions to that sinking fund shall be recommenced if the Regional Treasurer at any time thereafter informs the Lieutenant-Governor that he is no longer satisfied

that the sinking fund with further accumulations of interest will be sufficient for the redemption of that loan.

Expenses to be paid out of sinking fund.

24. There shall be paid out of the sinking fund all expenses specifically incurred in, or incidental to, the investment and management of that fund and the repayment of the loan for which that fund was established.

Deficiency in sinking fund to be a charge upon revenue.

25. In the event of the sinking fund established for any loan under this Law being found, at the time fixed for the repayment of that loan, to be insufficient for such redemption, the deficiency shall be made good out of the general revenue and assets of the Eastern Region of Nigeria.

Issue of duplicates and renewals.

26. (1) The Regional Treasurer may issue duplicate stock certificates in such circumstances as may be prescribed.

(2) The Regional Treasurer may issue renewals of stock certificates in such circumstances as may be prescribed.

Consolidation and sub-division of stock.

27. Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed the Regional Treasurer may—

- (a) on the application of a person claiming to be entitled to any stock; and
- (b) on being satisfied of the justice of the claim of such application; and
- (c) on surrender of the stock certificate relating to such stock; and
- (d) on payment of the prescribed fee, consolidate or subdivide such stock and issue to the applicant one or more new stock certificates as may be required.

Indemnity bonds.

28. Where application is made to the Regional Treasurer under this Law for the issue of a duplicate stock certificate or for the renewal, consolidation or subdivision of any stock, the Regional Treasurer may require the applicant, as a condition precedent to the grant of the application, to execute a bond with or without sureties undertaking to indemnify the Regional Treasurer against the claims of all persons claiming under the original stock certificate or under the stock so exchanged, renewed, consolidated or subdivided, as the case may be.

Discharge of liability of Regional Treasurer.

29. Save as otherwise provided in this Law the liability of the Regional Treasurer shall—

- (a) in respect of any registered stock redeemed on or after the date on which payment of the principal amount becomes due, be discharged after the lapse of six years from that date;
- (b) in respect of stock in place of which new stock is issued upon a consolidation or subdivision under section 27, be discharged after the lapse of six years from the date of the issue of the new stock,

30. The signature of the Regional Treasurer may be printed, stamped, engraved or impressed by any mechanical process on any stock certificate and a signature so printed, stamped, engraved or impressed shall be as valid as if it had been inscribed in the proper handwriting of the Regional Treasurer.

Signature of Regional Treasurer may be printed on stock.

31. Save as otherwise provided in or under this Law, no notice of any trust in respect of any registered stock shall be receivable by the Regional Treasurer.

Notice of trust not receivable save as provided.

32. All documents or instruments made or used under the provisions of this Law shall be in such form as may be prescribed.

Documents to be in prescribed form.

33. (1) No person shall be entitled to inspect, or to receive information derived from, any register, book or other document kept or maintained by or on behalf of the Regional Treasurer in relation to registered stock, save on payment of such fee and save in such circumstances and on such terms and conditions as may be prescribed.

Inspection of register and documents.

(2) Nothing in this section shall apply to the Director of Audit, or any person authorised by him, or to the Commissioner of Income Tax, or any person authorised by him.

34. (1) The Lieutenant-Governor may make regulations for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of this Law.

Power to make regulations.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such regulations may provide for all or any of the following matters :—

- (a) the manner in which payment of interest in respect of stock is to be made and acknowledged;
- (b) the issue of duplicate stock certificates;
- (c) the renewal of stock certificates;
- (d) the manner of payment of interest to joint holders of stock;
- (e) the circumstances in which alterations may be made in the register;
- (f) the payment of principal or interest and transfer of stock in the case of persons under a legal disability;
- (g) the disposal of unclaimed interest;
- (h) the conditions subject to which stock may be exchanged, consolidated or subdivided;
- (i) to enable holders of registered stock to be described in the register as trustees and either as trustees of any particular trust or as trustees without qualification and for the recognition of powers of attorney granted by holders of stock so described;
- (j) the fees to be paid in respect of anything to be issued or done under the provisions of this Law;
- (k) all matters required by this Law to be prescribed and all matters incidental to or connected with the matters hereinbefore enumerated.

(3) Nothing in any regulation made hereunder shall, as between any trustees or as between any trustees and beneficiaries under a trust, be deemed to authorise the trustees to act otherwise than in accordance with the rules of law applying to the trust and the terms of the instrument constituting the trust ; and neither the Regional Treasurer nor any person holding or acquiring any interest in any registered stock, shall by reason only of any entry in the register of stock or of anything in any document or instrument relating to registered stock, be affected with notice of any trust or of the fiduciary character of any stock holder or of any fiduciary obligation attaching to the holding of any registered stock.

---

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,  
Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 4



1954

Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.  
*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW AUTHORISING THE RAISING IN NIGERIA OF LOANS NOT Title.  
EXCEEDING IN THE AGGREGATE THREE MILLION POUNDS.

[29th September, 1954] Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:— Enactment

1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Region Loans Law, 1954. Short title.

Definitions.

(No. 16 of 1950).

(Cap. 155).

Authority to issue stock up to a total amount of three million pounds.

2. In this Law:—

“local government body” includes any council established under the provisions of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Port Harcourt Town Council, the local authority of a second class township, a native authority and any planning authority established under the provisions of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor is hereby authorised to issue registered stock under the provisions of the Local Loans (Eastern Region) (Registered Stock) Law, 1954, to an amount sufficient to produce as nearly as may be, the sum of three million pounds and such further sum as may be necessary to defray the issue of the said sum of three million pounds to be appropriated and applied in such amounts and on such terms and conditions as the Lieutenant-Governor shall decide for the development of agriculture, the development regulation and supervision of local industries, the granting of loans to local government bodies and to such other purposes as the Lieutenant-Governor shall decide.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor,  
Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 6

1954



Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G.  
*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

A LAW TO MAKE SUPPLEMENTARY PROVISION FOR THE SERVICE OF  
THE EASTERN REGION FOR THE YEAR ENDING ON THE THIRTY-FIRST  
DAY OF MARCH, ONE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-FIVE. Title.

[29th September, 1954] Date of  
commence-  
ment.

WHEREAS by the 1954-55 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1954, Preamble.  
a sum not exceeding five million, one hundred and thirty-two thousand,  
three hundred and forty-five pounds, was provided for the service of the  
Eastern Region for the year ending on the thirty-first day of March,  
one thousand nine hundred and fifty-five, to be applied and expended  
in the manner therein described and for the several services set forth  
in the Schedule thereto.

AND WHEREAS it is desirous that certain sums be applied and expended for the services set forth in the Schedule hereto in addition to those sums appropriated by virtue of the aforementioned Law.

Enactment.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows :—

Short title.

1. This Law may be cited as the 1954-55 Eastern Region Supplementary Appropriation Law, 1954.

Expenditure of £1,168,345 authorised.

2. The Regional Treasurer may, on the Warrant of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region, in addition to the sums provided by the 1954-55 Eastern Region Appropriation Law, 1954, pay out of the revenue and other funds of the Eastern Region during the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1955, any sums not exceeding in the whole the sum of one million, one hundred and sixty-eight thousand, three hundred and forty-five pounds being the totals of the amounts set forth opposite Heads 420, 423, 426, 429, 432, 434, 435, 436, 438, 439, 441, 442, 444, 447, 448, 449, 452, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482 and 483 in the Schedule hereto.

Balance unissued to lapse.

3. The moneys granted by this Law are intended for the additional services in respect of which moneys will become payable within the year ending on the 31st day of March, 1955, and any balance thereof unissued at the end of the month of March of that year shall lapse and not be available for making payments in any subsequent month.

Appropriation of £1,168,345.

4. The said sums in the whole not exceeding one million, one hundred and sixty-eight thousand, three hundred and forty-five pounds shall be appropriated to the purposes and in the manner expressed in the Schedule to this Law.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Head of Expenditure</i>					£
420.	The Governor	...	...	...	10,200
423.	House of Assembly	...	...	...	1,790
426.	Information Service	...	...	...	3,185
429.	Printing and Stationery	...	...	...	37,895
432.	Miscellaneous	...	...	...	144,420
434.	Treasury	...	...	...	1,825
435.	The Ministry of Education	...	...	...	1,810
436.	Education	...	...	...	226,340
438.	The Ministry of Health	...	...	...	1,830
439.	Medical Services	...	...	...	239,865
441.	Land	...	...	...	2,875
442.	Survey	...	...	...	10,000
444.	Community Development...	...	...	...	21,000

	£
447. Agriculture ... ..	69,360
448. Forestry ... ..	9,780
449. Veterinary ... ..	6,110
452. Public Works Recurrent : Maintenance Works ...	1,000
454. Public Works Extraordinary ... ..	45,800
455. The Ministry of Agriculture ... ..	5,055
456. Fisheries ... ..	2,515
457. The Ministry of Development ... ..	3,810
458. Development Officers ... ..	11,400
459. Rural Water Supplies ... ..	7,965
460. The Ministry of Finance ... ..	9,660
461. The Ministry of Industries ... ..	4,980
462. Heavy Industries ... ..	3,380
463. Secondary Industries ... ..	7,565
464. The Ministry of Internal Affairs ... ..	9,755
465. Legal ... ..	6,850
466. The Ministry of Labour ... ..	4,540
467. Labour ... ..	1,000
468. The Ministry of Land ... ..	4,640
469. The Ministry of Transport ... ..	5,005
470. Building Staff, Plant and Vehicles ... ..	2,605
471. Roads ... ..	43,275
472. Local Government ... ..	11,120
473. The Ministry of Trade ... ..	4,970
474. Produce Inspection ... ..	45,685
475. Trade ... ..	4,100
476. The Ministry of Welfare ... ..	4,540
477. Social Welfare ... ..	5,200
478. Audit ... ..	14,125
479. Judicial ... ..	44,400
480. Pensions and Gratuities ... ..	320
481. Public Service Commission ... ..	9,940
482. The Premier ... ..	6,150
483. Urban Water Supplies ... ..	48,710
Total ... ..	<u>£1,168,345</u>

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 18th day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the  
Government of the  
Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 7



1954

**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, ESQ., C.M.G.  
*Officer Administering the Government of the  
Eastern Region*

A LAW TO AMEND THE EASTERN REGIONAL MARKETING BOARD LAW, Title.  
1954.

[20th December, 1954] Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region Enactment-  
as follows:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Regional Marketing Citation.  
Board (Amendment) Law, 1954.

A 34 E.R. No. 7 of 1954 *Eastern Regional Marketing Board (Amendment)*

Section 1 of Law No. E.R. 5 of 1954 replaced.

2. For section 1 of the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, there shall be substituted the following section:—

"Citation and date of commencement.

1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, and shall be deemed to have come into operation on October the first, 1954."

Section 28 (e) of Law No. E.R. 5 1954 amended.

3. The proviso to paragraph (e) of section 28 of the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, is hereby amended by the substitution of the word "Governor" for the word "Lieutenant-Governor" appearing therein.

Deletion of section 50 in Law No. E.R. 5 of 1954.

4. The Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, is hereby amended by the deletion of section 50 thereof.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 18th day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 8



1954

Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, ESQ., C.M.G.

*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

A LAW TO IMPOSE A PURCHASE TAX ON THE PURCHASES OF PRODUCE Title.  
BY THE EASTERN REGIONAL MARKETING BOARD.

[20th December, 1954] Date of  
Commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows :— Enactment.

Short title and commencement.

1. This Law may be cited as the Purchase Tax on Produce Law, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the *Regional Gazette*.

Definitions.

2. In this Law :—  
 “export” means to take or cause to be taken out of Nigeria;  
 “licensed buying agent” means a buying agent in possession of a valid licence granted by the Marketing Board to purchase produce;  
 “Marketing Board” means the Eastern Regional Marketing Board, established under the provision of the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, and includes any agent appointed by the Board under the provisions of section 16 of that Law.

(No. 5 of 1954).

Charge and commencement.

3. (1) A tax to be called Purchase Tax shall be charged subject to and in accordance with the provisions of this Law on all chargeable produce bought under chargeable purchases.

(2) A chargeable purchase is any purchase by the Marketing Board or a licensed buying agent of chargeable produce other than a purchase by the Marketing Board from a licensed buying agent of chargeable produce which has been purchased by such licensed buying agent.

(3) Tax shall be chargeable in respect of produce bought under a chargeable purchase notwithstanding that the purchase was made before the passing of this Law, but no tax shall be chargeable in respect of any produce if the produce has been delivered thereunder before the first day of October, 1954.

When tax becomes due.

4. Tax chargeable in respect of any produce shall become due on payment of the purchase price under a chargeable sale.

Chargeable produce and rate of purchase tax. Schedule.

5. (1) Chargeable produce is produce intended for export falling within any of the classes specified in the Schedule and the tax shall be charged at such rates as are specified in the Schedule.

(2) The Governor may from time to time add to, delete or vary the classes of produce or the rate of tax in the Schedule and shall publish any such addition, deletion or variation in such manner as he thinks best for informing persons appearing to him to be likely to be affected.

(3) So soon as may be the Minister of Finance shall lay on the Table of the House of Assembly any addition to, deletion from or variation of the classes of produce or rate of tax in the Schedule and if that House within fourteen days from the date on which the draft is laid before it, by resolution disapproves the draft, the addition, deletion or variation shall not be made, but subject as aforesaid any such addition, deletion or variation shall be effective not earlier than the expiration of that period and shall be conclusive as to the interpretation of the Schedule.

Licensed Buying Agents to account for tax to Marketing Board.

6. (1) Every licensed buying agent shall be accountable to the Marketing Board for tax payable in accordance with the provisions of section 4, whether the purchase in respect of which the tax is payable is a purchase by the licensed buying agent on behalf of the Marketing Board or on his own behalf.

(2) Every licensed buying agent shall furnish to the Marketing Board by which he is licensed within such time and in such form as it may require such information relative to the tax for which he is accountable as the Marketing Board may specify and shall, upon demand by the Marketing Board, produce any book, or account relating thereto at such time and place as the Marketing Board may require.

7. (1) Any licensed buying agent who fails to comply with any requirement of a Marketing Board lawfully made under section 6 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two hundred pounds for the first offence, and five hundred pounds for every subsequent offence. Penalty.

(2) The Attorney-General or any person appointed by him in that behalf may sue for and recover any penalty incurred under subsection (1) in a Magistrate's Court, and such proceedings shall be deemed to be civil proceedings.

8. If any person—

(a) in relation to any requirement of the Marketing Board under subsection (2) of section 6 knowingly furnishes any statement, information or report which is false in any material particular, or recklessly makes a statement which is false in any material particular; or

Supplying false information.

(b) with intent to deceive, for the purpose of section 6 produces, furnishes or makes use of any book, account or other document which is false in a material particular,

he shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to imprisonment for two years or to a fine of five hundred pounds.

9. Notwithstanding any provision of the Eastern Regional Marketing Board Law, 1954, the Marketing Board shall be accountable for the tax in respect of any chargeable purchase made by the Board or for any tax for which any licensed buying agent of the Board is accountable to the Board under the provisions of section 6.

Marketing Board to account for tax.

10. The Attorney-General or any person appointed by him in that behalf may sue for and recover any tax from the Marketing Board for which it is accountable in a court of competent jurisdiction.

Recovery tax.

11. The Governor may by regulation—

Regulations.

(a) require the Marketing Board to make returns of the amounts of tax for which they are accountable;

(b) prescribe the particulars required in such forms;

(c) prescribe the method in which and the times at which any tax payable under this Law shall be accounted for and paid.

Produce	SCHEDULE			Rate of Tax		
	£	s	d			
Palm Oil (all grades) ... ..	4	0	0	per ton.		
Palm Kernels ... ..	2	0	0	per ton.		
Cocoa ... ..	4	0	0	per ton.		
Benniseed ... ..	0	10	0	per ton.		

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly

Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 20th day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 9

1954



Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, ESQ., C.M.G.  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

A LAW TO CONTROL AND TAX CATTLE ENTERING THE EASTERN REGION

[

Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:—

Enactment.

1. This Law may be cited as the Cattle (Taxation and Control) Law, 1954, and shall come into operation on a date to be appointed by the Governor in the *Regional Gazette*,

Short title  
and  
commence-  
ment.

Charge of  
cattle tax.

2. A tax to be called the Cattle Tax shall be charged subject to and in accordance with the provisions of this Law upon every head of trade cattle entering the Eastern Region.

Meaning of  
"trade  
cattle" and  
date of cattle  
tax.  
(First  
Schedule).

3. Trade Cattle includes any animal specified in the First Schedule and the tax shall be charged at such rates as are specified in the First Schedule.

Trade cattle  
to be taken  
to Cattle  
Control  
Posts.

4. Any person who is the owner, the agent of the owner or who is in charge of any trade cattle entering the Region shall take such trade cattle to the Cattle Control Post which is nearest to the point at which such cattle enter the Region:

Provided that any trade cattle entering the Region by rail shall be taken by the owner or agent of the owner or person who is in charge of such cattle to the Cattle Control Post at Umuahia-Ibeku or Enugu.

Person  
accountable  
for tax.

5. The person accountable for tax chargeable shall be the owner, his agent or the person in charge of such trade cattle when such cattle are taken to a Cattle Control Post in accordance with the provisions of section 4.

Establish-  
ment of  
Cattle  
Control  
Posts.  
(Second  
Schedule).  
Where tax  
payable.

6. So soon as may be there shall be established at each of the places specified in the Second Schedule a Cattle Control Post for the purposes of this Law.

7. The cattle tax shall be paid at the appropriate Cattle Control Post which shall be that Cattle Control Post which is nearest to the point at which such cattle enter the Region:

Provided that in respect of any trade cattle entering the Region by rail the appropriate Cattle Control Post for the purposes of this section shall be the Cattle Control Post at Umuahia-Ibeku or Enugu.

Offences.

8. Any person who is the owner, the agent of the owner or who is in charge of any trade cattle entering the Region who—

(a) fails to pay cattle tax in accordance with the provisions of this Law in respect of such cattle; or

(b) who fails to take such trade cattle to the appropriate Cattle Control Post; or

(c) who removes any trade cattle from a Cattle Control Post without having paid the correct amount of tax, shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of twenty pounds or to imprisonment for two months.

Trade cattle  
to be  
impounded.

9. (1) A Veterinary Officer or a person duly authorised by him may impound any trade cattle in respect of which cattle tax is payable if such trade cattle be removed from a Cattle Control Post without the payment of such tax,

(2) Such Veterinary Officer or person authorised by him may, after giving seven days' notice of his intention to do so to the owner, the agent of the owner or to the person in charge of such trade cattle as the case may be sell such head of such trade cattle as shall be necessary to pay for the amount of the cattle tax due together with the cost of the impounding and the maintenance of such cattle when impounded.

(3) Such cattle shall be released upon payment to the Veterinary Officer or person authorised by him of the amount of cattle tax due and payable in respect thereof.

10. (1) The Governor may by order add to, delete or vary the type or class of animals or the rate of tax in the First Schedule. Governor may vary Schedules.

(2) The Governor may by order add to, delete or vary any item in the Second Schedule.

11. The Governor may make regulations generally for the carrying out of this Law and in particular for Regulations.

- (a) prescribing the method of collecting and accounting for the cattle tax:
- (b) prescribing the duties of a Veterinary Officer or person authorised by him in connexion with the control and impounding of cattle at Cattle Control Posts.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Trade Cattle</i>						<i>Rate of Tax</i>		
						£	s	d
Bull	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
Cow	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
Ox	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

Abakaliki  
Enugu  
Calabar  
Obolo  
Ogoja  
Umuahia-Ibeku

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 28th day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No 11

1954



**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, Esq., C.M.G.

*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

A LAW TO ESTABLISH THE OFFICE OF A COMMISSIONER FOR THE EASTERN REGION OF NIGERIA IN THE UNITED KINGDOM AND FOR PURPOSES CONNECTED THEREWITH.

[30th December, 1954] Date of commencement.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:— Enactment.

Citation.

1. This Law may be cited as the Commissioner in the United Kingdom Law, 1954.

Definition.

2. In this Law:—

“Governor” means Governor-in-Council;

“Commissioner” includes Deputy Commissioner.

Com-  
missioner in the  
United  
Kingdom.

3. The Governor may from time to time appoint a person to be the Commissioner for the Eastern Region of Nigeria in the United Kingdom:

Provided that the person appointed to be Commissioner shall be a Nigerian.

Terms on  
which  
Com-  
mis-  
sioner is  
appointed.

4. (1) The person appointed to be Commissioner shall hold office during the pleasure of the Governor and shall have a seal of

(2) The Commissioner shall not during his continuance in office engage in any employment other than in connexion with the duties of his office as Commissioner.

(3) The Governor may suspend or remove from the office of Commissioner any person who—

(a) has been guilty of misbehaviour;

(b) is incapable from whatever cause of carrying out his duties as Commissioner; or

(c) neglects or refuses to carry out any direction of the Governor as to the scope or performance of his duties.

Duties and  
functions of  
Com-  
mis-  
sioner.

5. (1) The Commissioner shall act as the representative and agent of the Eastern Region of Nigeria in the United Kingdom.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of subsection (1) the functions of the Commissioner shall include—

(a) the promotion of the sale of produce from the Eastern Region;

(b) the promotion of the sale of the products of industries from the Eastern Region;

(c) the stimulation of interest in and the giving of publicity to the expansion of existing industries and the establishment of new industries in the Eastern Region;

(d) the fostering of trade between the United Kingdom and the Eastern Region;

(e) the dissemination of knowledge of and the encouragement of special interest in the Eastern Region;

(f) the co-operation with the Commissioner appointed in the United Kingdom by any other Region or by the Federation of Nigeria;

(h) the carrying into effect of any direction of the Governor in relation to the above matters or to the representation of the Eastern Region in the United Kingdom.

(3) At least once in every three months the Commissioner shall furnish to the Governor a report on the exercise of his functions and on any matters which may affect the representation of the Eastern Region in the United Kingdom.

6. The Commissioner may, while in the United Kingdom, exercise all the functions of a Commissioner for taking affidavits and declarations and of a notary public under the provisions of the Supreme Court Ordinance and the Notaries Public Ordinance and all acts, matters and things done or affirmations and declarations taken by him under and by virtue of this section and attested by his official seal shall be as valid and effectual to all intents and purposes as if performed within the Eastern Region by a Commissioner for taking affidavits or Notary Public appointed or commissioned under the said Ordinance respectively.

Commissioner to be Commissioner of Oaths. (Cap. 211). (Cap. 161).

7. The Commissioner shall be paid such salary, travelling expenses and allowances as are fixed by the Governor.

Salary and allowances.

8. Subject to the approval of the Governor the Commissioner may from time to time appoint suitable persons for the purpose of clerical and other duties and may remove any person so appointed.

Staff.

9. The Governor may from time to time appoint a person to be the Deputy Commissioner for the Eastern Region of Nigeria in the United Kingdom provided that the person appointed to be Deputy Commissioner shall be a Nigerian.

Deputy commissioner in the United Kingdom.

10. When the Commissioner is temporarily absent from the United Kingdom or is otherwise incapacitated from performing the functions of his office, the Deputy Commissioner may perform all or any of the functions of the Commissioner.

Temporary absence of Commissioner.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 22nd day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 12

1954



**Protectorate of Nigeria**

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF

**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, ESQ., C.M.G.  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

A LAW TO PROVIDE FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE EASTERN REGION  
DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION AND FOR PURPOSES CONNECTED  
THEREWITH.

[

] Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Region Development Corporation Law, 1954, and shall come into operation on a date to be appointed by the Governor in the *Regional Gazette*.

Citation and  
commence-  
ment.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Law:—

“the Minister” means the Premier of the Region;

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“the Corporation” means the Eastern Region Development Corporation established under the provisions of this Law;

“Member” of the Corporation includes the Chairman and Deputy Chairman;

(2) In this Law references to agriculture include references to fisheries and the livestock industry.

Establishment and functions of the Eastern Region Development Corporation.

3. (1) So soon as may be after the commencement of this Law, there shall be established a body to be known as the Eastern Region Development Corporation charged with the duty of securing the investigation and formulation of projects for developing the resources of the Eastern Region with a view to the expansion of production therein of foodstuffs and raw materials and for other agricultural, forestry, industrial, commercial or trade development therein.

(2) The Corporation shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal and with power to sue and to be sued in its corporate name.

(3) The Corporation shall have the power to acquire and to hold, manage and dispose of property whether real or personal and whether by investment or otherwise and enter into any contract necessary for the discharge of any of its functions under the provisions of this Law.

(4) The Corporation shall have power for the discharge of their duty under subsection (1) of this section

(a) to carry on all activities the undertaking of which appears to them to be requisite, advantageous or convenient for or in connexion with the discharge of their said duty including schemes of technical education and training;

(b) to promote the carrying on of any such activities by other bodies or persons and for that purpose to establish or expand or promote the establishment or expansion of other bodies to carry on any such activities either under the control or partial control of the Corporation or independently, and to give assistance to and afford credit facilities to such bodies or to other bodies or persons appearing to the Corporation to have facilities for the carrying on of any such activities, including the investing of money in such activities;

(c) to carry on any such activities in association with other bodies or persons or as managing agents or otherwise on their behalf.

Constitution of the Corporation.

4. (1) The Corporation shall consist of a Chairman, a Deputy Chairman and such number of other Members not being less than four or more than eight as the Minister may determine from time to time.

(2) The Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Members shall be appointed by the Minister.

(3) A person ceasing to hold any appointment to which he is appointed under this section shall be eligible for reappointment.

(4) The validity of any proceedings of the Corporation shall not be affected by any vacancy amongst the Members thereof.

5. The Members of the Corporation shall, subject to the pleasure of the Minister hold office for such period as shall be stated in the Instrument by which they are appointed. Tenure of office.

6. A Member may resign his appointment by writing under his hand addressed to the Minister and upon receipt of such resignation by the Minister the appointment of such Member shall be terminated. Resignation.

7. Where upon any special occasion the Corporation desires to obtain the advice of any person upon any matter the Corporation may co-opt such person to be a Member for such meeting or meetings as may be required and such person shall, while so co-opted, have all the rights and privileges of a Member save that he shall not be entitled to vote upon any question. Power to co-opt.

8. The Chairman shall have an original vote and where the votes are equally divided a casting vote in addition to his original vote. Chairman to have casting vote.

9. (1) The Corporation shall meet at least once in each quarter and at such other times as may be required by Standing Orders made under section 13. Meetings.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1) the Chairman may call a meeting of the Corporation at any time.

10. (1) Any three Members of the Corporation may, by notice in writing signed by them, request the Chairman to call a special meeting of the Corporation for such purposes as is set out in such notice. Special Meetings.

(2) The Chairman shall upon receipt of such notice summon a special meeting of the Corporation for such purposes within twenty-one days.

11. (1) Subject to the approval of the Minister the Corporation may by the majority vote of all its Members delegate to the Chairman or to the Deputy Chairman or to such employee of the Corporation as the Corporation shall decide the routine administration of the affairs of the Corporation. Delegation of routine administration.

(2) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to delegate to the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman or to such employee the power of making Standing Orders or to do any act involving extraordinary expenditure.

12. (1) Subject to the approval of the Minister the Corporation may by the majority vote of all its Members:— Appointment of agents and special Committees of the Corporation.

(a) from time to time appoint agents to perform any of the powers or duties conferred upon the Corporation;

(b) from time to time appoint special Committees with such membership and for such terms of office as the Corporation shall think fit either to manage or to advise as to the investigation, the initiation or on the administration or progress of any projects or schemes which the Corporation may undertake in the discharge of its functions.

(2) In paragraph (b) of subsection (1) the term "agent" shall include a Department of Government, a statutory corporation or a local government body.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorise any agent to exercise any powers or duty outside the scope of the written appointment of such agent.

Standing  
Orders.

13. The Corporation, with the approval of the Minister may from time to time make Standing Orders providing for the proper conduct of its business and for meetings of the Corporation and in particular for—

(a) the custody and use of the common seal; and

(b) the method of entering into contracts and the execution thereof, and the signing of cheques and other similar instruments.

Directions  
by the  
Minister.

14. (1) The Minister may, after consultation with the Corporation, give to the Corporation directions of a general or specific character as to the exercise and performance by the Corporation of any of its functions in relation to matters appearing to him to concern the public interest and the Corporation shall give effect to such directions.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the provisions of subsection (1) the Minister may, after consultation with the Corporation—

(a) direct that the Corporation shall act in accordance with a general programme of policy or development settled from time to time with the approval of the Minister, or

(b) direct that the Corporation shall discontinue or restrict any of their activities,

and the Corporation shall give effect to any such directions.

(3) The Corporation shall furnish the Minister with such information and returns relating to the activities or proposed activities of the Corporation or of others by whom activities are carried on with their assistance or in association with them (being information which is in the possession of the Corporation or can be obtained by them with reasonable facility or being returns giving such information) as the Minister may from time to time require, and shall afford to him facilities for the verification of information furnished by them in such manner and at such times as he may require.

Funds of the  
Corporation.

15. The funds and resources of the Corporation shall consist of

(a) any sum which may from time to time be granted by or invested in the Corporation by the Eastern Region Finance Corporation or any other statutory corporation;

- (b) any sum which may be appropriated from time to time to the Corporation by the Eastern House of Assembly;
- (c) any sum earned or arising from any property and investments acquired by or vested in the Corporation;
- (d) all sums or property which becomes vested in the Corporation under the provisions of section 23; and
- (e) all other sums or property which may in any manner become payable to or vested in the Corporation in respect of any matter incidental to their functions;
- (f) any sum which may from time to time be granted by or invested in the Corporation by the Eastern Regional Marketing Board.

16. In addition to expending their funds in pursuance of their functions, the Corporation may, with the approval of the Minister, from time to time, apply the funds at their disposal— Expenditure.

- (a) to the cost of the administration of the Corporation;
- (b) to the remuneration and expenses of the Members of the Corporation in respect of their duties;
- (c) to the payment of the salaries, allowances and gratuities or pensions of the employees of the Corporation:

Provided that no salary or allowance except such allowances as may be expressly authorised by the Governor shall be paid to any person who is in receipt of emoluments from the Government;

- (d) to the payment of any taxes, duties or other charges payable by the Corporation under the provisions of any written law.

17. Subject to the provisions of section 14 the Corporation may:— Power to engage staff.

- (a) from time to time appoint, upon such salaries, terms and conditions as they think fit, such employees as may be necessary for the proper and efficient conduct of the operations of the Corporation;
- (b) grant pensions, gratuities, or retiring allowances to any employee, and may require employees to contribute to any pension or contributory scheme;
- (c) grant loans to employees for such purposes as the Corporation may approve.

18. (1) The Corporation shall keep accounts of its transactions to the satisfaction of the Minister. Accounts.

(2) Unless the Minister otherwise directs, the form of the accounts shall be such as to secure the provision of separate information as respects each of the main activities of the Corporation.

19. The Corporation may with the approval of the Minister write off bad debts. Bad debts.

20. The accounts of the Corporation shall be audited by auditors appointed by the Minister. Audit.

Report to  
Minister and  
Public  
Accounts  
Committee.

21. (1) As soon as may be after the end of each financial year the Corporation shall forward to the Minister a full report of its operations during the preceding year together with a certified copy of the audited accounts of the Corporation.

(2) The Minister shall lay such report together with the certified copy of the audited accounts of the Corporation on the table of the Eastern House of Assembly.

(3) The accounts of the Corporation together with the auditor's Report thereon shall be examined by the Public Accounts Committee of the Eastern House of Assembly.

Governor to  
appoint day for  
the Eastern  
Regional Pro-  
duction Deve-  
lopment Board  
and the Eastern  
Regional Deve-  
lopment Board  
to cease to  
function.

22. Upon a day to be appointed by the Governor by notice in the *Regional Gazette* (hereinafter called "the appointed day") the Eastern Regional Production Development Board and the Eastern Regional Development Board shall cease to function and the appointment of the Chairman or any other Member of either of the said Boards shall be terminated by virtue of this section notwithstanding the provisions of any written law or instrument.

Transfer of  
assets of Eastern  
Regional Pro-  
duction Deve-  
lopment Board  
and Eastern  
Regional Deve-  
lopment Board.

23. Upon the appointed day all sums of money, land, buildings, vehicles, goods and all other property whatsoever vesting in, belonging to, or held by the Eastern Regional Production Development Board and the Eastern Regional Development Board shall vest in the Corporation in like interest by virtue of this section and without further assurance.

Subsisting  
contracts,  
etc., of  
Eastern  
Regional  
Production  
Deve-  
lopment  
Board and  
Eastern  
Regional  
Development  
Board.

24. (1) Upon the appointed day all rights, interests, obligations and liabilities of the Eastern Regional Production Development Board and the Eastern Regional Development Board under any contract, lease or other instrument whatsoever subsisting immediately before the appointed day, and any such contract, lease or other instrument shall be as of full force and effect against or in favour of the Corporation and shall be enforceable as fully and effectively as if instead of the Eastern Regional Production Development Board, or instead of the Eastern Regional Development Board as the case may be, the Corporation had been named therein.

(2) Any proceeding or cause of action pending or existing immediately before the appointed day by or against the Eastern Regional Production Development Board or the Eastern Regional Development Board in respect of any right, interest, obligation or liability under any contract or instrument may be continued and enforced by or against the Corporation as it might have been against the Eastern Regional Production Development Board or the Eastern Regional Development Board as the case may be before the appointed day.

Temporary  
Absence of  
Chairman.

25. When the Chairman is temporarily absent from Nigeria or is otherwise incapacitated from performing the functions of his office, the Deputy Chairman may perform all or any of the functions of the Chairman.

26. At a meeting of the Corporation three Members and the Chairman shall be a quorum. Quorum.

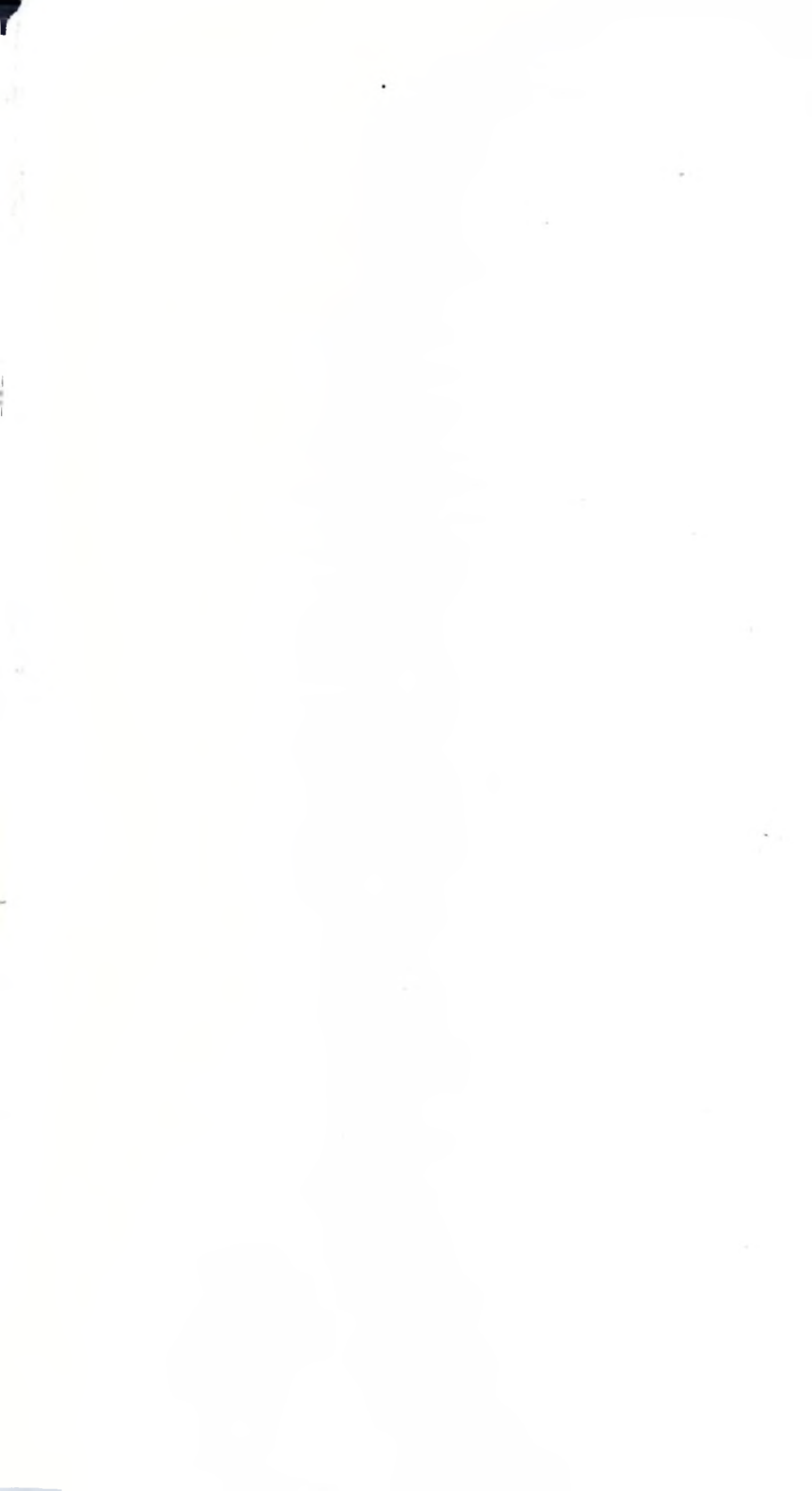
27. Money standing to the credit of the Corporation may, from time to time, be invested in securities approved either generally or specifically by the Minister, and the Corporation may from time to time sell any or all of such securities with the approval of the Minister. Investments.

28. Where the Corporation ceases for any reason to exercise its functions under this Law whether by reason of the repeal of this Law or otherwise, the funds of the Corporation shall be allocated for the benefit of the Eastern Region and shall be disposed of in such manner as the Eastern House of Assembly may by resolution direct. Control of the funds of the Corporation on dissolution.

29. The office of Chairman, Deputy Chairman or Member of the Corporation shall not of itself disqualify any holder thereof from sitting as a Member of the Eastern House of Assembly for the reason that it is an office of emolument under the Crown. Membership of Corporation not a disqualification for election.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
*Clerk of the Eastern House of Assembly*



Assented to in Her Majesty's name this 23rd day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

(L.S.)

No. 10

1954



Protectorate of Nigeria

IN THE THIRD YEAR OF THE REIGN OF  
**HER MAJESTY QUEEN ELIZABETH II**

C. J. MAYNE, ESQ., C.M.G.  
*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

A LAW TO ESTABLISH THE EASTERN REGION FINANCE CORPORATION  
AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES CONNECTED THEREWITH.

[

Date of  
commence-  
ment.

BE IT ENACTED by the Legislature of the Eastern Region of Nigeria as follows:—

1. This Law may be cited as the Eastern Region Finance Corporation Law, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Governor by notice in the *Regional Gazette*.

Citation.

Enactment.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Law:—

“the Corporation” means the Eastern Region Finance Corporation established under the provisions of this Law;

“functions” includes powers and duties;

“local government body” includes any Local Government Council established by any written law, the Port Harcourt Town Council, the local authority of a Second Class Township, a Native Authority and any planning authority established under the provisions of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance;

“Member” of the Corporation includes the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman;

“the Minister” means the Minister for the time being charged under section 119 of the Nigeria (Constitution) Order-in-Council, 1954, with responsibility for Finance.

(2) In this Law references to agriculture include references to fisheries and the live-stock industry.

Establishment of Eastern Region Finance Corporation and functions thereof.

3. (1) So soon as may be, after the commencement of this Law there shall be established a body to be known as the Eastern Region Finance Corporation charged with the duty of securing the investigation and formulation of projects for developing the resources of the Eastern Region with a view to the expansion of production therein of foodstuffs and raw materials and for other forestry, agricultural, industrial, commercial or trade development therein.

(2) The Corporation shall be a body corporate with perpetual succession and a common seal and with power to sue and be sued in its corporate name.

(3) The Corporation shall have the power to acquire and to hold, manage and dispose of property whether real or personal and whether by investment or otherwise and enter into any contract necessary for the discharge of any of its functions under this Law.

(4) (i) The Corporation shall, in the discharge of their duty under subsection (1) promote the carrying on of any activities the undertaking of which appears to them to be requisite, advantageous or convenient for or in connexion with the discharge of their said duty by giving financial assistance to a Government Authority, or Agency, a statutory corporation, local government body, a registered Co-operative Society or a private or public company.

(ii) Such financial assistance may be by the granting of loans or subsidies or by the taking up of loan or share capital or otherwise.

4. Subject to the provisions of section 9 the Corporation may

(a) from time to time appoint, upon such salaries, terms and conditions as they may think fit, such employees as may be necessary for the proper and efficient conduct of the operations of the Corporation;

Power to engage staff.

- (b) grant pensions, gratuities, or retiring allowances to any employee, and may require employees to contribute to any pension or contributory scheme;
- (c) grant loans to employees for such purposes as the Corporation may approve.

5. (1) The Corporation shall consist of a Chairman, a Deputy Chairman, and such number of other Members not being more than eight or less than four as the Minister may from time to time determine. Constitution of Corporation.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this section the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman and Members of the Corporation shall be appointed by the Minister from amongst persons appearing to him to be qualified as having had experience of and having shown capacity in matters relating to finance, industry or trade.

(3) A person ceasing to hold any appointment to which he is appointed under this section shall be eligible for reappointment.

(4) A person shall be disqualified for being appointed or being a Member of the Corporation so long as he is a Member of the Eastern House of Assembly.

(5) The validity of any proceedings of the Corporation shall not be affected by any vacancy amongst the Members thereof or by any defect in the appointment of a Member thereof.

6. (1) The Chairman, Deputy Chairman and Members of the Corporation shall, subject to the pleasure of the Minister, hold office, for such period as shall be stated in the Instrument by which they are appointed. Tenure of office and remuneration.

(2) Subject to the provisions of section 9 the Corporation shall pay to each Member of the Corporation in respect of his office such remuneration and allowances as they shall think fit.

7. The Chairman, Deputy Chairman or a Member may resign his appointment by writing under his hand addressed to the Minister and upon receipt of such resignation by the Minister the appointment of the Chairman, Deputy Chairman or Member shall be terminated. Resignation.

8. (1) The Corporation shall take all practicable steps to secure
- (a) the safety, health and welfare of persons in their employment or in the employment of others in activities carried on with the assistance of the Corporation or in association with them; and
  - (b) the benefit of practical knowledge and experience of such persons in the organisation and conduct of the activities in which they are employed.
- Interests of employees to be consulted.

(2) In the performance of their duty under subsection (1) of this section and in dealing with matters affecting terms or conditions of employment, the Corporation shall seek consultation with persons or bodies appearing to them to represent or to have qualifications to speak on behalf of substantial numbers of the employees affected.

Powers of  
Minister.

9. (1) The Minister may, after consultation with the Corporation give to them directions of a general or specific character as to the exercise and performance of their functions, and the Corporation shall give effect to such directions.

(2) The Corporation shall furnish the Minister with such information and returns relating to the activities or proposed activities of the Corporation (being information which is in the possession of the Corporation or can be obtained by them with reasonable facility or being returns giving such information) as the Minister may from time to time require.

Funds and  
resources of  
Corporation.

10. The funds and resources of the Corporation shall consist of

(a) such sums as may be appropriated from time to time to the Corporation by any vote or resolution of the Eastern House of Assembly;

(b) any loan or grant made to the Corporation by any Statutory Corporation, or Local Government body and any sums borrowed under the provisions of section 11.

(c) all sums from time to time received by or falling due to the Corporation in respect of the repayment of any advance made by the Corporation or the interest payable in respect of any such advance;

(d) money carried or arising from any property, mortgages, debentures or investments acquired by or vested in the Corporation; and

(e) all other sums which may in any manner become payable to or vested in the Corporation in respect of any matter incidental to its powers and duties.

Borrowing  
powers.

11. (1) Subject to the provisions of this section the Corporation may borrow sums required by them for meeting any of their obligations or discharging any of their functions.

(2) The power of the Corporation to borrow shall be exercised only with the prior approval of the Minister as to the amount, the sources of the borrowing and as to the terms on which the borrowing may be affected. An approval given for the purposes of this subsection may be either general or limited to a particular borrowing or otherwise and may be either unconditional or subject to conditions.

Guarantee of  
borrowings  
by Govern-  
ment.

12. (1) The Government of the Eastern Region may guarantee in such manner and on such conditions as shall be thought fit the repayment of the principal of and the payment of interest and other charges on any authorised borrowings of the Corporation made otherwise than from the Government of the Eastern Region.

(2) As soon as may be after any guarantee is given under this section the Minister shall lay a statement of such guarantee before the Eastern House of Assembly.

13. The Corporation shall keep accounts of its transactions to the satisfaction of the Minister. Accounts.
14. The Corporation may with the approval of the Minister write off bad debts. Bad debts.
15. The accounts of the Corporation shall be audited by auditors appointed by the Minister. Audit.
16. (1) As soon as may be after the end of each financial year the Corporation shall forward to the Minister a full report on the exercise and performance by them of their functions during that year together with a certified copy of the audited accounts of the Corporation. Reports to Minister and Public Accounts Committee.
- (2) The Minister shall lay such report together with the certified copy of the audited accounts of the Corporation on the table of the Eastern House of Assembly.
- (3) The accounts of the Corporation together with the Auditor's Report shall be examined by the Public Accounts Committee of the Eastern House of Assembly.
17. The Corporation, with the approval of the Minister, may from time to time make Standing Orders providing for the proper conduct of its business and for meetings of the Corporation, and in particular for Standing Orders.
- (a) the custody and use of the common seal; and
- (b) the method of entering into contracts and the execution thereof, and the signing of cheques and other similar instruments.
18. When the Chairman is temporarily absent from Nigeria or is otherwise incapacitated from performing the functions of his office, the Deputy Chairman may perform all or any of the functions of the Chairman. Temporary absence of Chairman.
19. Where upon any special occasion the Corporation desires to obtain the advice of any person upon any matter, the Corporation may co-opt such person to be a Member for such meeting or meetings as he may be required, and such person, while so co-opted shall have all the rights and privileges of a Member save that he shall not be entitled to vote upon any question. Power to co-opt.
20. The Chairman shall have an original vote and, where the votes are equally divided, a casting vote in addition to his original vote. Chairman to have casting vote.
21. At a meeting of the Corporation three Members and the Chairman shall be a quorum. Quorum.
22. The Corporation shall meet at least four times in each year and at such other times as may be required by Standing Orders made under the provisions of this Law. Meetings

Special meetings. 23. (1) Any three Members of the Corporation may, by notice in writing signed by them, request the Chairman to call a special meeting of the Corporation for the purposes set out in such notice.

(2) The Chairman shall, upon receipt of any such notice or resolution, summon a special meeting of the Corporation for such purposes at the earliest convenient date.

Delegation of routine administration. 24. (1) Subject to the approval of the Minister the Corporation may by the majority vote of all its Members delegate to the Chairman, or to the Deputy Chairman, or to such employee of the Corporation as the Corporation shall decide the routine administration of the affairs of the Corporation.

(2) Nothing contained in this section shall be deemed to authorise the Corporation to delegate to the Chairman, the Deputy Chairman or to such employee the power to make Standing Orders or to do any act involving extraordinary expenditure.

Investments. 25. Money Standing to the credit of the Corporation may, from time to time, be invested in securities approved either generally or specifically by the Minister, and the Corporation may from time to time sell any or all of such securities with the approval of the Minister.

Control of funds of the Corporation on dissolution. 26. Where the Corporation ceases for any reason to exercise its functions under this Law whether by reason of the repeal of this Law or otherwise, the funds of the Corporation shall be allocated for the benefit of the Eastern Region and shall be disposed of in such manner as the Eastern House of Assembly may by resolution direct.

This printed impression has been carefully compared by me with the Bill which has passed the Eastern House of Assembly, and is found by me to be a true and correctly printed copy of the said Bill.

A. E. ERONINI,  
Clerk of the House of Assembly

*E.R.L.N. No. 1 of 1954*

*The Markets Ordinance (Cap. 127)*

THE UMUAHIA-IBEKU MARKET (AMENDMENT)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Local Authority of the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku with the approval of the Resident, Owerri Province.

1. These rules may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Market (Amendment) Rules, 1953, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1954. Short title and application.

2. The Umuahia-Ibeku Market Rules, 1953, hereinafter referred to as the principal rules, are hereby amended by deleting rule 3 thereof and substituting therefor the following rule:— E.R.P.N. No. 141 of 1953.

“3. (1) The rents and fees set forth in the Schedule to these rules shall be paid in advance to the Local Authority by all persons selling or exposing for sale food or merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market. Rents and fees payable in advance without demand.

“(2) Rents payable annually shall become due on the 1st day of January in each year and shall be payable without demand. Rents payable half yearly shall become due on the 1st day of January and 1st day of July in each year and shall be payable without demand.”

3. The principal rules are hereby amended by adding thereto the following Schedule:—

SCHEDULE

		<i>Per annum</i>		
		£	s	d
<i>(a) Rents:</i>				
For a small plot 4 feet by 6 feet	... ..	0	12	0
For a medium plot 6 feet by 8 feet...	... ..	0	15	0
For a large plot 8 feet by 12 feet	... ..	1	0	0
For a plot for carpenter's shed	... ..	2	0	0
For a plot for timber shed	... ..	3	0	0
For any of the above plots allocated after the 30th June, one half of the annual rent shall be payable.				
		<i>Per half year</i>		
		£	s	d
For a small permanent stall (open)	... ..	0	7	6
For a medium permanent stall (open)	... ..	1	0	0
For a large permanent stall (open)	... ..	2	0	0
For a permanent meat stall	... ..	5	0	0
For a large permanent stall (lock up)	... ..	7	10	0
For a small permanent stall (lock up)	... ..	3	0	0
<i>(b) Fees:</i> Market Hawker's fee	... ..	1d	per diem.	

MADE this 10th day of December, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED this 14th day of December, 1953.

JOHN O. FIELD,  
*Acting Resident, Owerri Province*



E.R.L.N. No. 2 of 1954

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE LOWER  
CROSS RIVER COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Lower Cross River County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Lower Cross River County Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Area of the authority of County Council.

East Itam Northern	Agwagwuna
East Itam Southern	Abayong
West Itam	Abini
Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe	Adim
Itu	Akpet-Ugbem
Eki	Ehom
Ikpanya-Iwerri	Ezei
Enyong-Ito-Idere	Ikun
Okopedi	Biakpan
Ibiono Central	Uguakuma
Ibiono Southern	Upper Umon
Ibiono Northern	Lower Umon
Ibiono Eastern	Aro
Ibiono Western	Ututu
Isu	Ihe
Ukwa	

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-seven elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 of this Instrument. Qualification of voters.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected

6. The councillors shall be elected by the voters of each Local Council from among their own number in accordance with the table set out below:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
East Itam Northern ...	1	Agwagwuna ...	1
East Itam Southern ...	3	Abayong ...	1
West Itam ...	2	Abini ...	1
Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe	2	Adim ...	1
Itu ...	1	Akpet-Ugbem...	1
Eki ...	1	Ehom ...	1
Ikpanya-Iwerri ...	1	Ezei ...	1
Enyong-Ito-Idere ...	2	Ikun ...	1
Okopedi ...	1	Biakpan ...	1
Ibiono Northern ...	2	Uguakuma ...	1
Ibiono Western ...	3	Upper Umon ...	1
Ibiono Central ...	3	Lower Umon ...	2
Ibiono Southern ...	2	Aro ...	2
Ibiono Eastern ...	2	Ututu ...	3
Isu ...	1	Ihe ...	...
Ukwa ...	1		

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election by the persons elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :

Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.

- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (x) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.

- (xiv) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xv) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xvi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xviii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xix) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xx) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xix) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election,

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

10. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 15th of February, 1954, and 25th of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish an Education Committee and a Staff Committee. Standing Committees.
15. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or any other written law the Council:— Functions.
- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges, within the area of its authority and excluding roads classified as trunk roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria on the 31st of March, 1954, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (37), (40), (65), (66), (67), (68), (78), (80), (82); and
  - (iii) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (iv) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any university or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may establish forest reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vii) may make, alter or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street drains and water courses within the area of its authority in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.
16. The Council may make a precept before 31st of May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 3 of 1954

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ITU/ITAM  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

- Establishment of the Itu/Itam Rural District Council.
1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Itu/Itam Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.
- Seal.
2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



- Area of the authority of District Council.
3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.
- Constitution.
4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members.
- Qualification of voters.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.
- Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.
- Returning Officer.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- Method of election.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election. Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of sections 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

East Itam Northern	Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe
East Itam Southern	Itu
West Itam	Eki

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

*Local Council*

*Numbers of Councillors to be elected*

East Itam Northern ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
East Itam Southern ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
West Itam ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Itu ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Eki ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 4 of 1954*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE BIASE RURAL  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Biase Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of the Biase Rural District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time,

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :
- Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election. 9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election. 10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

Election of Chairman. 13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

Rating. 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of sections 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions. 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

Local Councils:

Agwagwuna	Ezei
Abayong	Ikun
Abini	Biakpan
Adim	Uguakuma
Akpat/Ugbem	Upper Umon
Ehom	Lower Umon

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected
Agwagwuna ... ..	3
Abayong ... ..	3
Abini ... ..	2
Adim ... ..	2
Akpat/Ugbem ... ..	3
Ehom ... ..	3
Ezei ... ..	4
Ikun ... ..	4
Biakpan ... ..	3
Uguakuma ... ..	2
Upper Umon... ..	4
Lower Umon... ..	6

## THIRD SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 14.*

## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and

- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 5 of 1954

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE IBIONO RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL**

- Establishment of the Ibiono Rural District Council. 1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Ibiono Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.
- Seal. 2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



- Area of the authority of District Council. 3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.
- Constitution. 4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-three elected members.
- Qualification of voters. 5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.
- Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.
- Returning Officer. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election. Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of sections 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Ipanya/Iwerri	Ibiono Central
Enyong-Ito-Idere	Ibiono Western
Okopedi	Ibiono Southern
Ibiono Northern	Ibiono Eastern

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>							<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Ikpanya/Iwerri	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Enyong-Ito-Idere	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Okopedi	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Ibiono Northern	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Ibiono Central	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Ibiono Western	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Ibiono Southern	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Ibiono Eastern	...	...	...	...	...	...	3

## THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

An Okopedi Market Committee of five members, of whom two shall be members of the Council elected by Okopedi Local Council.

An Okopedi Town Committee of nine members, of whom three shall be the three members elected to the Council by Okopedi Local Council.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council;
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
  - (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day, of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 6 of 1954*

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ARO/IBO  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Aro/Ibo Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of the Aro/Ibo Rural District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty-seven elected members.

Composition.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officers.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :
- Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

- Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election. 9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.
- Date of first election. 10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.
- Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.
- Rating. 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions. 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

ARO/IBO RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

Local Councils

Aro, Ututu, Ihe, Isu, Ukwa.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

Local Council

							Number of Councillors to be elected
Aro ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Ututu	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Ihe	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Isu	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Ukwa	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and

- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority



E.R.L.N. No. 7 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.  | Short title and application.                  |
| 2. In these bye-laws:—<br>“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;<br>“market” means any of the markets maintained by the Aba Urban District Council having the boundaries described in Government Notices Nos. 807 of 1949, 905 of 1951 and 906 of 1951.   | Definitions.                                  |
| 3. The market shall be open from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. on each day, except on such days or at such hours on any day as the Council may determine.   | Hours of opening.                             |
| 4. Tolls and stallages as set out in the Schedule to these bye-laws shall be paid by persons selling food of merchandise or carrying on their trade or calling in the market. Stallages shall be paid monthly or per annum in advance at the office of the Council.  | Tolls and stallages.                          |
| 5. The sale of meat is prohibited in any part of the market other than that set aside by the Council for the purpose.  | Sale of meat.                                 |
| 6. No stall in the market shall be utilised as a dwelling place.   | Stalls not to be used as dwelling places.     |
| 7. No temporary stall shall exceed the dimensions of twelve feet by ten feet, and there shall be a space of not less than three feet between the ends of any two stalls. The lanes between rows of stalls shall be not less than fifteen feet wide and every stall shall be built to the satisfaction of the Council.  | Dimensions and spacing of stalls.             |
| 8. No stalls shall be erected without the permission of the Council or outside the lines prescribed by the Council. Any person contravening this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to a fine of ten shillings a day for every day during which such stall is left standing after seven days' notice to remove the same has been given. | Permission to erect stall.                    |
| 9. In addition to the provisions of bye-law 5, the Council may appropriate stalls for the sale of a particular class or of particular classes of produce or merchandise, and such stalls shall not be used for any other purpose.  | Appropriation of stalls for certain purposes. |
| 10. No baskets, boxes, cases or other articles or goods whatever shall be placed in the alleys and passages of the market.   | Alleys and passages to be kept clear.         |

Spaces for stalls not to be increased.

11. No board, basket or other thing shall be so placed as to project over the line of frontage of an adjoining stall or stand or be placed beyond the limit of the space allotted to the stall-holder.

No obstruction to be caused.

12. No person shall cause any obstruction in the market or in any of the roadways, passages or approaches thereof.

Stalls to be kept clean. Repose.

13. All stall-holders and persons in charge of stalls shall keep the same in a clean condition and to the satisfaction of the Council. No person shall deposit any refuse in any place other than in a receptacle provided by the Council.

Nuisance.

14. No person shall commit a nuisance in the market.

Stalls not to be sublet.

15. No person shall sublet any stall allotted to him. Any person contravening this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to be ejected from the market and the stall may be allotted to another person.

Directions to be obeyed.

16. Every person using the market shall obey the directions of the Council or any person appointed by the Council for the purpose of preserving order and regularity in the market.

Penalties.

17. Any person who:—

- (1) sells or purchases food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the market on any day or at any hour when the market is not open, or
- (2) uses any stall for selling or purchasing food or merchandise or carrying on his trade or calling without previously paying the approved stallages, or
- (3) uses any stall or permits any stall to be used as a dwelling place, or
- (4) is found within the market between the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. without lawful excuse the onus of proof of which shall lie on him, or
- (5) sells meat or offers meat for sale in any part of the market other than that set aside by the Council for the purpose, or
- (6) builds any stall with dimensions larger than twelve feet by ten, or less than ten feet from any stall on either side of it, or less than fifteen feet from any stall in front of or behind it, or than to the satisfaction of the Council, or
- (7) erects any stall without the permission of the Council or outside the limits prescribed by the Council, or
- (8) uses any stall appropriated for the sale of a particular class or classes of produce or merchandise for the sale of any other class of produce or merchandise, or
- (9) places any basket, box, case or other article in alleys or passages of the market, or
- (10) places any board, basket or other thing so as to project over the line of frontage of an adjoining stall or stand or beyond the limit of the space allotted to him, or

- (11) causes any obstruction in the market or in any of the roadways, passages or approaches thereof, or
  - (12) being a stall-holder or the person in charge of a stall fails to keep the same in a clean condition to the satisfaction of the Council, or
  - (13) deposits any refuse in any place in the market other than a receptacle provided by the Council, or
  - (14) commits a nuisance in the market, or
  - (15) fails to obey the directions of the Council or of any person appointed by the Council for the purpose of preserving order and regularity in the market
- shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for ten days.

18. Any person who sublets any stall allotted to him shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month. Penalty under bye-law 15.

19. The penalties provided for in bye-laws 17 and 18 shall be imposed by a Magistrate's court. Jurisdiction.

20. The Aba Township Market Rules and the Aba Market Rules are hereby revoked and replaced. Rules 4 of 1926, 3 of 1928, 9 of 1934, 8 of 1941.

SCHEDULE

		£	s	d	
Permanent Stalls	... 8s 4d per month or	4	3	4	per annum
Temporary Stalls	... 4s 2d per month or	2	1	3	per annum
Wood (Timber) Stalls	10s 0d per month or	5	0	0	per annum
New Market toll	... ..	0	0		3 per day
Main Market toll	... ..	0	0		6 per day

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of September, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed the 2nd day of October, 1953, in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 5th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1953, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 8 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

## NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.

Short title, application and commencement.

Forms A and B First Schedule.

Duties of registrar.

Registration generally. Forms A and B First Schedule.

Restriction on movement of register.

All births and deaths registrable.

Proviso.

Duty to register birth.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Registration of Births and Deaths) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons within the area of the Northern Ngwa District Council, and shall come into force on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Northern Ngwa District Council;  
 “particulars required to be furnished” mean, with reference to a birth, the particulars comprised in Form A in the First Schedule to these bye-laws, and with reference to a death, the particulars comprised in Form B of the said First Schedule;

“registrar” includes such persons as may be appointed by the Northern Ngwa District Council to be registrars for the purposes of these bye-laws;

“to register,” in the case of births and deaths in relation to a registrar, means to record in the proper book the particulars forwarded to him concerning a registrable birth or a registrable death, and, in relation to any other person, means to furnish to the best of his or her knowledge and belief to the registrar at the proper registry the particulars required to be furnished with regard to a registrable birth or death, and to sign the entry in the book relating to such birth or death;

“native court” means any Native Court having jurisdiction within the Northern Ngwa District Council.

3. The registrar shall keep such records and furnish such returns and perform such duties as the Northern Ngwa District Council may direct.

4. Registrars shall be provided with register books in the Forms A and B in the First Schedule to these bye-laws, and shall, subject to the provisions of these bye-laws register in the proper book all births and deaths registrable in their offices immediately after the same have been reported to them.

5. No register shall be taken out of a registry except by order in writing of the Northern Ngwa District Council or under the order of the Court.

6. All births and deaths occurring within the area of the Northern Ngwa District Council amongst persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Northern Ngwa District Council are registrable under these bye-laws:

Provided that the birth of a child still-born is not registrable.

## REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS

7. When a registrable birth occurs, the parents or in default of the parents the person having charge of the child according to native law and custom, or in default of such persons, if a birth took place in a house to the knowledge

of the occupier thereof, then such occupier, or if the birth took place in a compound then the head of such compound, shall within thirty days of the birth, register the birth.

8. When a birth has not been duly registered in accordance with these bye-laws the registrar may, by notice in writing in Form D of the First Schedule to these bye-laws, summon any of the persons required by these bye-laws to register the birth, to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in the summons (being not less than two days after the receipt thereof and not more than twelve months after the date of the birth) and register the birth.

Procedure where birth not registered.  
Form D  
First Schedule.

9. The fees payable under these bye-laws shall be as set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

Fees payable

10. The registration of the birth of a child shall be made at the registrar's office in Northern Ngwa District Council or at the nearest registrar's office in the area where the birth takes place.

Second Schedule.

11. The registrar shall upon registering any birth deliver to the informant free of charge a certificate in the Form C in the First Schedule to these bye-laws.

Certificate.  
Form C  
First Schedule.

12. Any person responsible for the registration of a birth under bye-law 6 who fails so to register or who fails to comply with a summons of the registrar or who shall wilfully refuse to answer any question put to him by the registrar relating to the particulars required to be registered shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £2 or in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Penalty.

## REGISTRATION OF DEATHS

13. When a registrable death occurs it shall be the duty of the next-of-kin (according to native law and custom) or, if there be no next-of-kin, the head of the house or compound in which the death occurs, or if the death occurs elsewhere than in a house or compound and there be no next-of-kin (according to native law and custom) then every person present at the death or in default of such persons, every person finding or taking charge of the body, to register the death within forty-eight hours thereof at the office of the registrar of the district in which the death occurred.

Time to register.

14. No fee shall be payable in respect of the registration of a death.

No fee payable.

15. The registrar shall sign the register and hand over to the applicant immediately after registration a certificate of registration in the Form F in the First Schedule to these bye-laws.

Certificate of registration of death.  
Form F  
First Schedule.

16. When a death has not been duly registered the registrar may by notice in writing in the Form D of the First Schedule to these bye-laws summon any person required by these bye-laws to register the death to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in the summons (being not less than two days after receipt thereof and not more than twelve months after the date of the finding of the body) to register the death.

Procedure where death not registered.  
Form D  
First Schedule.

Penalty.

17. (1) Any person required under bye-law 13 to register a death who fails to do so or who fails to comply with the summons of a registrar or who shall wilfully refuse to answer any question put to him by the registrar relating to the particulars required to be registered shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or in default of imprisonment for a period not exceeding two months.

(2) The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and
- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate Court.

Liability on summons or to penalty where inquest held.

18. When an inquest is held on any dead body, no person shall, with respect to such dead body or death, be liable to answer the summons of a registrar, or be subject to any penalty for failing to give information in pursuance of any provision of these bye-laws.

Procedure for correction.

### CORRECTION OF ERRORS IN REGISTERS

19. Whenever it is found that a birth or death has been registered at the wrong registry, the registrar of the registry where such erroneous entry has been made shall correct the same by an entry in the margin, stating the circumstances under which the alteration was made and the date thereof. The entry shall be signed by the persons if any, by whom the information is supplied and also by the registrar, who shall then rule on clear line through the erroneous entry. The registrar shall thereupon notify the erroneous entry, the correction and all the circumstances under which the correction is made to the registrar of the registry in which the birth or death should properly have been registered who shall forthwith make a special entry thereof and shall add a note in the margin of such entry, explaining the facts attending to the same as notified to him by the registrar of such other district.

Inspection and copies. Second Schedule.

### SEARCHES IN AND CERTIFIED EXTRACTS FROM REGISTER

20. Every person shall be entitled, at all reasonable hours to inspect any entry in any register and to have a certified copy thereof on payment of the fees specified in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws.

Certification of copies. Form E First Schedule.

21. Every such certified copy shall be exact copy of the entry in the register with a certificate at the foot in the Form E in the First Schedule to these bye-laws and shall be signed by the registrar.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form A (Bye-laws 2 and 4)  
BIRTH REGISTER

No.....

Date of birth.....

Place of birth.....

Sex of child.....

Full name (if any).....

Full name and tribe of father.....

Full maiden name and tribe of mother.....

Rank of occupation of father (or in default, of mother).....

Signature, description and address of informant.....

Date of registration.....

Signature of registrar.....

Name if added after registration of birth.....

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form B (Bye-laws 2 and 4)

DEATH REGISTER

No.....  
 Date of Death.....  
 Place of Death.....  
 Full Name.....  
 Sex.....  
 Age.....  
 Rank or Occupation.....  
 Abode.....  
 Cause of Death.....  
 Name of certifying Medical Practitioner (if any).....  
 Duration of illness.....  
 Signature, description and address of informant.....  
 Date of registration.....  
 Signature of registrar.....

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form C (By-law 11)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF BIRTH

I.....registrar of births and deaths at.....in Nigeria do hereby certify, that I have this day registered the birth of.....born at.....the child of.....  
 Witness my hand this.....day of....., 195.....

Registrar

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form D (Bye-laws 8 and 16)

REGISTRAR'S SUMMONS TO APPEAR AND TESTIFY

To.....of.....  
 you are hereby required to appear before me, the undersigned registrar of births and deaths at.....on the.....day of.....  
 Herein fail not.

In default you will be liable to a penalty of forty shillings.  
 GIVEN under my hand this.....day of....., 195.....

Registrar

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form E (Bye-law 21)

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTNESS OF COPY OF ENTRY IN REGISTER  
 COPY OF ENTRY

Certified to be a true copy of an entry in the Register of Births and Deaths at.....  
 GIVEN at.....this.....day of....., 195.....

Registrar

THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Form F (Bye-law 15)

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION OF DEATH

I ..... registrar of births and  
deaths at ..... in Nigeria do hereby certify that

I have this day registered the death of ..... at .....

on the ..... day of ..... 195.....

Witness my hand this ..... day of ....., 195.....

.....  
Registrar

SECOND SCHEDULE

Fees (Bye-laws 9 and 20)

For registering a birth:—	£	s	d
(a) After the expiration of thirty days from such birth ... ..	0	5	0
(b) After the expiration of twelve months from such birth ... ..	0	10	0
For inspecting any entry in a register and obtaining a certified copy thereof ... ..	0	2	6

MADE under the resolution of the Northern Ngwa Rural District Council,  
this 28th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed  
in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 5th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section  
107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day  
of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall  
come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 9 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (HAWKERS AND  
PETTY STALL HOLDERS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Hawkers and Petty Stall Holders) Bye-laws, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;

“hawkers” means any person who hawks or peddles goods or food in any street or open space, but shall not include any person who sells or displays any goods or food on any stall or table;

“petty stall holder” means any person who sells or displays for sale any goods or food on any stall or table in any street or open space other than in a market.

3. No person shall hawk goods or food, or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space without a written permit from the Enugu Urban District Council:

Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall restrict or affect the sale and display for sale of any goods or food in any shop or in the market.

4. (1) A permit for the purpose set out in rule 3 shall be known as Hawkers and Petty Stall Holders Permit and the charge for such permit in respect of hawkers shall be five shillings and shall expire at the end of the quarter of issue. The charge for such permit in respect of petty stall holders shall be ten shillings and shall expire at the end of the quarter of issue.

(2) No permit shall be issued to any person who has not attained the age of sixteen years.

5. All permits shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued.

6. The permit issued by the Council shall indicate the locality in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food.

7. No permit holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of food in any locality other than the specified area in the permit.

8. A permit in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferrable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued when engaged in hawking and should be produced for inspection on demand by the Enugu Urban District Council or any police officer in uniform.

9. Any person, in respect of whom a permit has been issued by the Enugu Urban District Council in accordance with these bye-laws, who permits same to be used or carried by another person shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of £1 (one pound).

10. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 3, 7 and 8 of these bye-laws shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of 10s (ten shillings) for every day or part of a day on which the offence continues after written warning by the Enugu Urban District Council.

11. The Enugu Urban District Council may upon the conviction of any permit holder of a breach of these bye-laws or of any disorderly act cancel the permit and any fees paid shall not be recoverable.

MADE by resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 25th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 5th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 10 of 1954

*Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance (Cap. 155)*

ORDER

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 18 of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance, the following Order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt (Government Residential Area Extension Layout) Order, 1954.
2. Approval is hereby given to the Planning Scheme mentioned in Eastern Regional Notice No. 28 of 1953 on condition that an adequate supply of water is available for the area and that the Regional Government will not be involved in any expense in providing such water.

MADE this 19th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 11 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN  
THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF ENYONG

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Enyong upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Local Councils.
  
2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
  
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of Councils.
  
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
  
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as taxpayers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
  
6. (1) Elected councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each electoral unit in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors.
  
- (2) There shall be ex-officio or nominated members of Local Councils in accordance with the particulars set out in the fifth column of the Schedule.
  
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.
  
- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
  
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any village shall be as follows:— Method of election.
  - (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.

- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.

- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another elections to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question on that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first elections.

10. The first elections to the Councils shall be held between the 1st January, 1954, and 25th March, 1954.

Term of office of councillors.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of chairman.

12. The chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.

Functions.

14. (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Calabar Province as being of a communal nature.

SCHEDULE

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
East Itam Northern		<p>Afaha I .. .. .</p> <p>Ntiat .. .. .</p> <p>Adang .. .. .</p> <p>Ema .. .. .</p> <p>Enen Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Enyie .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ayan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Nya .. .. .</p> <p>Mbak I .. .. .</p> <p>Mkpetty .. .. .</p> <p>Nkim .. .. .</p>	22	<p>Afaha I .. .. .</p> <p>Ntiat .. .. .</p> <p>Adang .. .. .</p> <p>Ema .. .. .</p> <p>Enen Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Enyie .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ayan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Nya .. .. .</p> <p>Mbak I .. .. .</p> <p>Mkpetty .. .. .</p> <p>Nkim .. .. .</p>
East Itam Southern		<p>Mbiatok .. .. .</p> <p>Efi .. .. .</p> <p>Ibiaku Ikot Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Andem .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Anse .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ukap .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ukono .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Uso Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Mbak II .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiabong .. .. .</p> <p>Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Odiok .. .. .</p> <p>Uyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ekim .. .. .</p> <p>Ekritam I .. .. .</p> <p>Okon .. .. .</p>	41	<p>Mbiatok .. .. .</p> <p>Efi .. .. .</p> <p>Ibiaku Ikot Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Andem .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Anse .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ukap .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ukono .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Uso Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Mbak II .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiabong .. .. .</p> <p>Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Odiok .. .. .</p> <p>Uyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ekim .. .. .</p> <p>Ekritam I .. .. .</p> <p>Okon .. .. .</p>

FIRST  
Name of Council

SECOND  
Common Seal

THIRD

Villages whose areas make up the  
area of the authority of the Council

FOURTH  
No. of  
Councillors

FIFTH

Distribution of seats

West Itam ..



Afaha II ..  
Afaha Ube ..  
Ekritam II ..  
Ikot Abasi ..  
Ikot Eborn ..  
Ikot Ekang ..  
Ikot Ekpuk ..  
Ikot Emin ..  
Ikot Mbonde ..  
Ikot Obio Atai I ..  
Ikot Obio Atai II ..  
Ikot Obio Enang ..  
Ikot Obio Edong ..  
Ikot Okure ..  
Mbak III ..  
Mbribit ..  
Nung Ukot ..  
Ntak Inyang ..  
Nwut Ustong ..

34

Afaha II ..  
Afaha Ube ..  
Ekritam II ..  
Ikot Abasi ..  
Ikot Eborn ..  
Ikot Ekang ..  
Ikot Ekpuk ..  
Ikot Emin ..  
Ikot Mbonde ..  
Ikot Obio Atai I ..  
Ikot Obio Atai II ..  
Ikot Obio Enang ..  
Ikot Obio Edong ..  
Ikot Okure ..  
Mbak III ..  
Mbribit ..  
Nung Ukot ..  
Ntak Inyang ..  
Nwut Ustong ..

1 ..  
1 ..  
3 ..  
2 ..  
3 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
2 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
2 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
2 ..  
3 ..  
1 ..  
3 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..

Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadeghe...




Ika ..  
Ikot Abiyak ..  
Ibuno ..  
Ikot Adakpan ..  
Ikot Aka Iko ..  
Ikot Antuen ..  
Ikot Esia ..  
Ikot Essien ..  
Ikot Ntu ..  
Etekhentem ..  
Ikot Efa ..  
Ikorofong ..  
Ikot Otu ..  
Mbiabo Edere ..  
Mkpan Uruk ..  
Ayadeghe ..


36


Ika ..  
Ikot Abiyak ..  
Ibuno ..  
Ikot Adakpan ..  
Ikot Aka Iko ..  
Ikot Antuen ..  
Ikot Esia ..  
Ikot Essien ..  
Ikot Ntu ..  
Etekhentem ..  
Ikot Efa ..  
Ikorofong ..  
Ikot Otu ..  
Mbiabo Edere ..  
Mkpan Uruk ..  
Ayadeghe ..

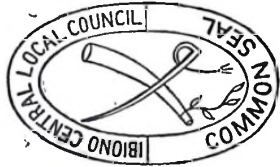
1 ..  
3 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
3 ..  
5 ..  
2 ..  
3 ..  
1 ..  
1 ..  
8 ..  
1 ..  
2 ..  
1 ..  
2 ..


FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Itu .. .. .		<p>Itu .. .. .</p> <p>Obot Erim .. .. .</p> <p>Afia Isong but excluding all that piece or parcel of land at Itu known as 'the Leper Settlement' comprising (i) 439.1 acres delineated and shown surrounded by a border coloured pink on the plan endorsed on the deed of lease dated the 11th day of June, 1934, and registered as No. 14 at page 14 in Volume 360 of the Register of Deeds formerly kept in the Lands Registry at Lagos but now kept at Enugu.</p> <p>(ii) 1,448 acres delineated and shown surrounded by a border coloured pink on the plan endorsed on the deed of lease dated the 22nd day of May, 1937, and registered as No. 55 at page 55 in Volume 435 of the Register of Deeds formerly kept in the Lands Registry at Lagos but now kept at Enugu.</p> <p>(iii) 4704.91 square yards delineated and shown surrounded by a border coloured pink on the plan endorsed on the deed of lease dated the 8th day of November, 1945, and registered as No. 70 at page 70 in Volume 575 of the Register of Deeds formerly kept in the Lands Registry at Lagos but now kept at Enugu.</p>	22	<p>Ikot Udo .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Ikoni Itpa .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Akpabere .. .. . 2</p> <p>Mbiakpene .. .. . 2</p> <p>Okopedi .. .. . 2</p> <p>Obot Erim .. .. . 2</p> <p>Afia Isong &amp; Efiks at Edem Inyang .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Ekunta .. .. . }</p> <p>Ikot Ibit Ike .. .. . }</p> <p>Ikot Efere Nung .. .. . }</p> <p>Ikot Nta .. .. . }</p> <p>Efiks at Itu Beach .. .. . }</p> <p>Employees of Government, Mission, N.A. Local Govt. Councils and U.A.C. .. .. . 2</p> <p>Other strangers .. .. . 1</p>

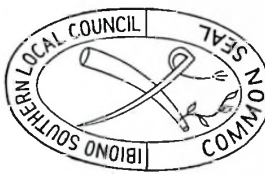






FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Enyong-Ito-Idere —continued		Ono .. Akpabio .. Utambara .. Ekim .. Enen .. Iboho .. Idere ..		Ono .. 3 Akpabio .. 1 Utambara .. 1 Ekim .. 1 Enen .. 1 Iboho .. 2 Idere .. 3 Strangers .. 8
Okopedi ..		Use Ikot Oku .. Ididep Usuk .. Nian Mbat .. Obot Enang .. Obot Ukim .. Usuk Nian .. Okopedi ..	44	Use Ikot Oku .. 4 Ididep Usuk .. 4 Nian Mbat .. 4 Obot Enang .. 4 Obot Ukim .. 4 Usuk Nian .. 1 Itam Strangers .. 1 Enyong strangers .. 1 Efik strangers .. 1 Obot Ifok strangers .. 1 Ibiono strangers .. 1 Ukwa strangers .. 2 Ibibio and Anang strangers .. 2 Biase strangers .. 1 Okon Strangers .. 4 Okefata strangers .. 4 Arochuku strangers .. 1 Ite and Ututu strangers .. 1 Mkporo strangers .. 1 Alayi strangers .. 1 Awka strangers .. 1 Onitsha strangers .. 2 Owerri strangers .. 2 Okegwi strangers .. 4 Aberiba strangers .. 6 Item strangers .. 3 Cameroons strangers .. 1 Other Regions strangers .. 1 Other Colonies strangers .. 1 Other Ibov strangers .. 1 Other E. Region strangers .. 1




FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seat	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Ibiono Northern		Use Ikot Amama Aka .. Ekim .. Ikot Ekpe .. Ikot Esifa .. Ikot Akpan Okpon Ikot Utiat .. Ikot Akpan Uso Ikot Nya .. Ikot Ifor .. Ikot Oduba .. Afaha Ise .. Ikot Ubo .. Ikot Udo Ukana Ikot Ezen .. Ikot Esidem .. Ornu .. Afua .. Obot Oko .. Ikot Mkpabe .. Ikot Abassi Inyang Ikot Ubo .. Akpa Uton .. Ekoi Idoro .. Ikot Abia .. Ikot Antia .. Ikot Ekwo .. Ikot Etoi .. Ikot Enyin .. Ikot Mbuk .. Ikot Obio Afaha Ikot Obo .. Ikot Obom .. Ikot Okpot .. Ikot Uwa .. Ikot Okporo .. Itoi Idoro .. Obot Afia .. Obot Ukim ..	46	Use Ikot Amama Aka .. 3 Ekim .. 4 Ikot Ekpe .. 2 Ikot Esifa .. 1 Ikot Akpan Okpon .. 1 Ikot Utiat .. 1 Ikot Akpan Uso .. 1 Ikot Nya .. 1 Ikot Ifor .. 1 Ikot Oduba .. 1 Afaha Ise .. 1 Ikot Ubo .. 1 Ikot Udo Ukana .. 1 Ikot Ezen .. 1 Ikot Esidem .. 1 Ornu .. 1 Afua .. 1 Obot Oko .. 1 Ikot Mkpabe .. 1 Ikot Abassi Inyang .. 1 Ikot Ubo .. 1 Akpa Uton .. 1 Ekoi Idoro .. 1 Ikot Abia .. 1 Ikot Antia .. 1 Ikot Ekwo .. 1 Ikot Etoi .. 1 Ikot Enyin .. 1 Ikot Mbuk .. 1 Ikot Obio Afaha .. 1 Ikot Obo .. 1 Ikot Obom .. 2 Ikot Okpot .. 1 Ikot Uwa .. 1 Ikot Okporo .. 1 Itoi Idoro .. 1 Obot Afia .. 1 Obot Ukim .. 1




FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councilors	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Ibiono Central		Ikot Essiet .. Edem Urua .. Ikot Uba .. Ikot Antia .. Itukho .. Ikot Udum .. Ikot Obio Asa .. Iru Ndem .. Oko Ita .. Ikot Udo .. Ekput .. Ikot Inyang .. Ikot Udo Eferem .. Ikot Ntung .. Ikot Akpan Obong .. Ikot Uneke .. Ikpa Ikot Uneke .. Ikot Ehom .. Ikot Ekpene .. Ikot Iso .. Ikot Ekpenyong .. Ikot Obong Obio Ino .. Ikot Oguere .. Ikot Oho .. Nden Ndem .. Osuk Ntan .. Ntan Akpan Udum .. Udiho Ntan .. Usuk Ntan Ekere .. Ikot Idem Ntan .. Ikot Oku Ibiatuk .. Ikot Onwon .. Ikot Edung .. Ikot Nlitt .. Ikot Obio Akpan .. Ikot Ukana .. Ikot Ete .. Ikot Aba ..	43	Ikot Essiet .. 2 Edem Urua .. 2 Ikot Uba .. 1 Ikot Antia .. 1 Itukho .. 2 Ikot Udum .. 1 Ikot Obio Asa .. 1 Iru Ndem .. 2 Oko Ita .. 1 Ikot Udo .. 1 Ekput .. 1 Ikot Inyang .. 1 Ikot Udo Eferem .. 1 Ikot Ntung .. 1 Ikot Akpan Obong .. 1 Ikot Uneke .. 1 Ikpa Ikot Uneke .. 1 Ikot Ehom .. 1 Ikot Ekpene .. 1 Ikot Iso .. 1 Ikot Ekpenyong .. 1 Ikot Obong Obio Ino .. 1 Ikot Oguere .. 1 Ikot Oho .. 1 Nden Ndem .. 1 Osuk Ntan .. 1 Ntan Akpan Udum .. 1 Udiho Ntan .. 1 Usuk Ntan Ekere .. 1 Ikot Idem Ntan .. 1 Ikot Oku .. 1 Ikot Onwon .. 1 Ibiatuk .. 1 Ikot Edung .. 1 Ikot Nlitt .. 1 Ikot Obio Akpan .. 1 Ikot Ukana .. 1 Ikot Ete .. 1 Ikot Aba .. 1



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ibiono Western		Afaha Ikot Adaha Afaha Nsai Ntan Nsai Utuat Anan Edem Edik Ikot Nkpo Idre Ikot Mbit Ikpe Ikot Ubo Itu Atai Idu Atan Idoro Obot Obot Ukana Odung Etem Ikot Mbuk Ikot Obio Eyen Ikpa Ikot Eruen Mbiabong Ekoi Ikot Inang Atan Aya Ikot Antono Ikot Obio Okon Ikot Odiong Ikot Usan Use Ndon Use Abat Ikot Inyang Ekpe Awat Nkang Edem Idim Ibiaku Inyang Isong Ikot Akpan Ikot Mba Ikot Udo Ibiono Ikot Udom Ikot Usen Itu Udo Nkwa Oku Oborn Osuk Ibiaku	44	Afaha Ikot Adaha Afaha Nsai Ntan Nsai Utuat Anan Edem Edik Ikot Nkpo Idre Ikot Mbit Ikpe Ikot Ubo Itu Atai Idu Atan Idoro Obot Obot Ukana Odung Etem Ikot Mbuk Ikot Obio Eyen Ikpa Ikot Eruen Mbiabong Ekoi Ikot Inang Atan Aya Ikot Antono Ikot Obio Okon Ikot Odiong Ikot Usan Use Ndon Use Abat Ikot Inyang Ekpe Awat Nkang Edem Idim Ibiaku Inyang Isong Ikot Akpan Ikot Mba Ikot Udo Ibiono Ikot Udom Ikot Usen Itu Udo Nkwa Oku Oborn Osuk Ibiaku

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ibiono Southern		<p>Afaha Obio Eno Ikot Idaha Ikot Obio Ama Mbiabam Ibiono Obio Ibiono Ikot Ekop Obio Akobo Asating Ikot Ada Edem Ikot Akpabio Ikot Ambong Ikot Okwere Ikot Osukpong Mbiakpan Atan Mbiakpan Ikot Edim Ikot Ekop Use Usen Nten Ikpidi Ikot Ukpung Ikot Efofom Nkim Ikpa Ibiono</p>	31	<p>Afaha Obio Eno Ikot Idaha Ikot Obio Ama Mbiabam Ibiono Obio Ibiono Ikot Ekop Obio Akobo Asating Ikot Ada Edem Ikot Akpabio Ikot Ambong Ikot Okwere Ikot Osukpong Mbiakpan Atan Mbiakpan Ikot Edim Ikot Ekop Use Usen Nten Ikpidi Ikot Ukpung Ikot Efofom Nkim Ikpa Ibiono</p>
Ibiono Eastern		<p>Aka Odoro Aka Usuk Aka Ikot Akpa Idong Ikot Akpan Abassi Ikot Akpan Ikot Akpan Nya Ikot Akpan Obong Ikot Antia Ikot Edo Ikot Ekpot Ikot Essien Ikot Inyang Ikot Ndem Ikot Nko Ikot Odiongw Ikot Onwan</p>	34	<p>Aka Odoro Aka Usuk Aka Ikot Akpa Idong Ikot Akpan Abassi Ikot Akpan Ikot Akpan Nya Ikot Akpan Obong Ikot Antia Ikot Edo Ikot Ekpot Ikot Essien Ikot Inyang Ikot Ndem Ikot Nko Ikot Odiongw Ikot Onwan</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councilors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ibiono Eastern —continued		Ikot Udo Ikot Odu Mbiabam Mbiakpan Okpoto Ikot Etim Afaha Itiat Ikot Obong		Ikot Udo Ikot Odu Mbiabam Mbiakpan Okpoto Ikot Etim Afaha Itiat Ikot Obong
Agwagwuna ..		Egbesim Emomoro Itu .. Okurike	26	Egbesim Emomoro Itu .. Okurike Strangers
Abayong ..		Abrijang Abredang Abambara Abaribara Abapia .. Ijom ..	29	Abrijang Abredang Abambara Abaribara Abapia .. Ijom .. Abayong strangers
Abini ..		Abini-Edodomoro Emomoro Afafia ..	21	Abini Natives— Edodomoro Emomoro Afafia Abini strangers

FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIFTH
Name of Council	Common Seal	Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	No. of Councillors	Distribution of seats
Adim		Adim— Ugom Onun Eko .. Ugom Etigale .. Ugom Akugom .. Ugom Akpet .. Ugom Olak .. Ugom Anija .. Ugom Onun Egor ..	21	Adim Natives— Ugom Onun Eko .. 2 Ugom Etigale .. 2 Ugom Akugom .. 3 Ugom Akpet .. 2 Ugom Olak .. 2 Ugom Anija .. 5 Ugom Onun Egor .. 3 Adim strangers .. 2
Akpet-Ugbem		Efut .. Akpet Egbai .. Ugbem ..	28	Efut .. 7 Akpet Egbai .. 12 Ugbem .. 5 Strangers .. 4
Ehom		Betem .. Igbofia ..	27	Betem .. 8 Igbofia .. 6 Strangers .. 10

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ezei .. .. .		Usukpam .. .. . Obum .. .. . Etani .. .. . Edu .. .. . Afono .. .. . Abangwan .. .. . Ibini .. .. .	30	Usukpam .. .. . 8 Obum .. .. . 2 Etani .. .. . 2 Edu .. .. . 2 Afono .. .. . 2 Abangwan .. .. . 1 Ibini .. .. . 3
Ikun .. .. .		Ikun .. .. . Etano Ubaghara .. .. .	30	Ikun .. .. . 12 Etano Ubaghara .. .. . 10 Strangers .. .. . 8
Biakpan .. .. .		Biakpan .. .. . Etano Biakpan .. .. .	23	Biakpan .. .. . 14 Etano Biakpan .. .. . 4 Strangers .. .. . 5

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Uguakuma .. ..		<p>Idoma .. ..</p> <p>Nko .. ..</p> <p>Iwuru .. ..</p> <p>Nde Onoh .. ..</p> <p>Nde Alichio .. ..</p> <p>Nde Imoko .. ..</p> <p>Nde Okoronkwo .. ..</p> <p>Orriri .. ..</p> <p>Nde Mbocha .. ..</p> <p>Obichie .. ..</p> <p>Nde Imuor .. ..</p> <p>Nde Okoro .. ..</p>	<p>43</p>	<p>Idoma .. .. 4</p> <p>Nko .. .. 2</p> <p>Iwuru .. .. 7</p> <p>Strangers .. .. 8</p> <p>Nde Onoh .. .. 2</p> <p>Nde Alichio .. .. 3</p> <p>Nde Imoko .. .. 2</p> <p>Nde Okoronkwo .. .. 1</p> <p>Orriri .. .. 2</p> <p>Nde Mbocha .. .. 3</p> <p>Obichie .. .. 2</p> <p>Nde Imuor .. .. 1</p> <p>Nde Okoro .. .. 2</p> <p>Appointed by Uguakuma Clan Council .. .. 2</p> <p>Head of Umu Ono Family (ex-officio) .. .. 1</p> <p>Head of Obichie Family (ex-officio) .. .. 1</p>
Upper Umon .. ..		<p>Ufut .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ana .. ..</p> <p>Echei .. ..</p> <p>Akpasip .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ewo .. ..</p> <p>Afia Isong .. ..</p>	<p>37</p>	<p>Ufut .. .. 2</p> <p>Ikot Ana .. .. 10</p> <p>Echei .. .. 2</p> <p>Akpasip .. .. 2</p> <p>Ikot Ewo .. .. 4</p> <p>Afia Isong .. .. 2</p> <p>Ikot Ana strangers .. .. } 1+</p> <p>Echie strangers .. .. }</p> <p>Ikot Ewo strangers .. .. }</p> <p>Afia Isong strangers .. .. }</p> <p>Ufut strangers .. .. }</p> <p>Akpasip strangers .. .. }</p> <p>The Onun of Umon (ex-officio) .. .. 1</p>

FIRST  
Name of Council  
over Umon

SECOND  
Common Seal



THIRD  
Villages whose areas make up the  
area of the authority of the Council

Ikot Mbuze .. .. .  
Ikot Okporo .. .. .  
Ikot Otum (Itam) .. .. .  
Idung Itu .. .. .  
Inurasi .. .. .  
Ikot Ogum .. .. .  
Amarurang .. .. .  
Ikot Abasi .. .. .  
Aniyom .. .. .  
Ikot Obonama .. .. .  
Berekpe .. .. .  
Biekpe .. .. .  
Agani .. .. .  
Utuma .. .. .  
Ojor .. .. .  
Agbanana .. .. .

Ewe .. .. .  
Uguakuma .. .. .  
Amoba .. .. .  
Amukwa .. .. .  
Amasu .. .. .  
Amangwu .. .. .  
Asaga .. .. .  
Amanagwu .. .. .  
Amuvi .. .. .  
Atani .. .. .  
Abagwu .. .. .  
Amankwu .. .. .  
Isinkpu .. .. .  
Oror .. .. .  
Ibom .. .. .  
Obinkita .. .. .  
Utugugu .. .. .  
Ugbo .. .. .  
Uguafor .. .. .  
Ojari .. .. .

FOURTH  
No. of  
Councillors

44



40



FIFTH  
Distribution of seats

Ikot Mbuze .. .. . 3  
Ikot Okporo .. .. . 2  
Ikot Otum (Itam) .. .. . 1  
Idung Itu .. .. . 1  
Inurasi .. .. . 1  
Ikot Ogum .. .. . 1  
Amarurang .. .. . 2  
Ikot Abasi .. .. . 1  
Aniyom .. .. . 1  
Ikot Obonama .. .. . 1  
Berekpe .. .. . 2  
Biekpe .. .. . 1  
Agani .. .. . 1  
Utuma .. .. . 5  
Ojor .. .. . 5  
Agbanana .. .. . 1  
Balance of Umon strangers .. .. . 15  
Utuma strangers .. .. . 1  
The Onun of Umon (ex-officio) .. .. . 1

Ewe .. .. . 1  
Uguakuma .. .. . 1  
Amoba .. .. . 2  
Amukwa .. .. . 1  
Amasu .. .. . 1  
Amangwu .. .. . 1  
Asaga .. .. . 3  
Amanagwu .. .. . 5  
Amuvi .. .. . 2  
Atani .. .. . 3  
Abagwu .. .. . 1  
Amankwu .. .. . 1  
Isinkpu .. .. . 1  
Oror .. .. . 1  
Ibom .. .. . 5  
Obinkita .. .. . 2  
Utugugu .. .. . 1  
Ugbo .. .. . 2  
Uguafor .. .. . 1  
Ojari .. .. . 3  
The Eze Aro .. .. . 1  
The Eze Ibom .. .. . 1

Aro

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Ihe .. .. .		Achara .. .. . Atani .. .. . Anamiri .. .. . Amaetiti .. .. . Amafia .. .. . Nde Okpo .. .. . Nde Akarang .. .. . Nkporo .. .. . Aburu .. .. . Okpo .. .. . Obinto .. .. . Uburu .. .. . Umuchiakuma .. .. . Umuye .. .. . Umuzombor .. .. .	47	Achara .. .. . 6 Atani .. .. . 5 Anamiri .. .. . 3 Amaetiti .. .. . 1 Amafia .. .. . 1 Nde Okpo .. .. . 4 Nde Akarang .. .. . 2 Nkporo .. .. . 1 Aburu .. .. . 1 Okpo .. .. . 6 Obinto .. .. . 1 Uburu .. .. . 2 Umuchiakuma .. .. . 6 Umuye .. .. . 3 Umuzombor .. .. . 4 Paramount Chief (ex-officio) .. .. . 1
Ututu .. .. .		Amete .. .. . Amodu .. .. . Obiagwulu .. .. . Nkpakpi .. .. . Anankwu .. .. . Amasa .. .. . Obiene .. .. . Ukwuakwu .. .. . Amakofia .. .. . Amebem .. .. . Eziama .. .. . Uguogo .. .. . Obiakang .. .. . Ametiti .. .. . Abuma .. .. . Obijoma .. .. . Obialuoko .. .. . Ubila .. .. .	43	Amete .. .. . 3 Amodu .. .. . 3 Obiagwulu .. .. . 3 Nkpakpi .. .. . 2 Anankwu .. .. . 2 Amasa .. .. . 1 Obiene .. .. . 5 Ukwuakwu .. .. . 4 Amakofia .. .. . 4 Amebem .. .. . 1 Eziama .. .. . 1 Uguogo .. .. . 1 Obiakang .. .. . 2 Ametiti .. .. . 2 Abuma .. .. . 2 Obijoma .. .. . 1 Obialuoko .. .. . 1 Ubila .. .. . 2 The Eze Ututu and two traditional Ndiiche .. .. . 3

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ukwa...		Mbiabong— Ikese .. Nkpani .. Ubiabo .. Mbiabong .. Akanobio .. Ikot Eduong .. Ikot Ifo .. East Ukwala— Isaghi .. Mbiuwah .. Obukwo Omuro .. Obiom .. Obukwo Esa .. Ubiabo .. Okuba .. Akanobio .. Okpo .. Ewen .. Uben Okonobia .. Ibiakpan ..	40	Mbiabong— Ikese .. Nkpani .. Ubiabo .. Mbiabong .. Akanobio .. Ikot Eduong .. Ikot Ifo .. East Ukwala— Isaghi .. Mbiuwah .. Obukwo Omuro .. Obiom .. Obukwo Esa .. Ubiabo .. Okuba .. Akanobio .. Okpo .. Ewen .. Uben Okonobia .. Ibiakpan .. Strangers ..
Isu ..		Obieze— Nde Eze Mboro .. Nde Ulata Eze .. Nde Okoro .. Nde Ino .. Nde Agwu .. Nde Aluoko .. Nde Nnaile .. Nde Elem .. Nde Obom Ime .. Amukabi .. Amakarama .. Aba Isu .. Amachi .. Ihe Osu ..	25	Nde Eze Mboro .. Nde Ulata Eze .. Nde Okoro .. Nde Ino .. Nde Agwu .. Nde Aluoko .. Nde Nnaile .. Nde Elem .. Nde Obom Ime .. Amukabi .. Amakarama .. Aba Isu .. Amachi .. Ihe Osu .. Strangers ..

Made by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 12 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
NATIVE AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 1) Notice, 1954. Short title.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by adding thereto the particulars set out in the Schedule hereto. Schedule to Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice (Public Notice No. 95 of 1945).

## SCHEDULE

## NATIVE AUTHORITIES, EASTERN REGION

*Additions*

<i>Province</i>	<i>Division</i>	<i>Designation of Native Authority</i>	<i>Native Authority to which Subordinate</i>	<i>Members of Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
Calabar	Calabar	Calabar Divisional	—	Calabar Divisional Council	The area occupied by the Uyanga, Netim, Iko, Oban, Ikpai and Oyuk Clans.
		Uyanga	Calabar Divisional	Uyanga Clan Council	Uyanga Clan Area.
		Netim	do.	Netim Clan Council	Netim Clan Area.
		Iko	do.	Iko Clan Council	Iko Clan Area.
		Oban	do.	Oban Clan Council	Oban Clan Area.
		Ikpai	do.	Ikpai Clan Council	Ikpai Clan Area.
		Oyuk	do.	Oyuk Clan Council	Oyuk Clan Area.

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 13 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*CALABAR DIVISIONAL COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. This notice may be cited as the Calabar Divisional Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954.

Composition  
of Council.

2. The Calabar Divisional Council shall be composed of thirty-two members elected from among the members of the Subordinate Native Authorities and by the Subordinate Native Authorities set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Members  
on 15th  
February,  
1954.

3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

	Village							Number of Members
Uyanga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Netim	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Iko	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Oban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
Ikpai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Oyuk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 14 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

UYANGA CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Uyanga Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954. Short title and date of commencement.
2. The Uyanga Clan Council shall be composed of twenty members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide. Composition of Council.
3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Members no 15th February, 1954.

SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Uyanga ... ..	4
Akwa Ibami ... ..	1
Uyanga Igbofia ... ..	1
Ewen ... ..	1
Ekpri Ibami ... ..	1
Ikami ... ..	1
Ojo Akankpa ... ..	4
Iwuru ... ..	3
Uwet ... ..	2
Ifunkpa ... ..	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 15 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## NETIM CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. This notice may be cited as the Netim Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954.

Composition  
of Council.

2. The Netim Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-two members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Members  
on 15th  
February,  
1954.

3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

	Village	Number of Members
Old Netim...	...	4
Mbarakom...	...	4
Okoroha ...	...	1
Nyakasang ...	...	1
Nsan ...	...	1
Mbarakpa ...	...	1
Akankpa ...	...	2
Awi ...	...	1
Ayaebam ...	...	1
Obung ...	...	2
New Netim	...	4

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 16 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## IKO CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Iko Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954. Short title and date of commencement.
2. The Iko Clan Council shall be composed of twenty members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide. Composition of Council.
3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto. Members on 15th February, 1954.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Iko Ikperem ... ..	6
Ekuri Old Town ... ..	3
New Ekuri ... ..	2
Iko Esai ... ..	6
Owai ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 17 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## OBAN CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

1. This notice may be cited as the Oban Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954.

Composition  
of Council.

2. The Oban Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-nine members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Members  
on 15th  
February,  
1954.

3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

	Village						Number of Members
Oban	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Aking	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Abang	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ekong	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Neghe	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Okarara	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Okpohobit	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Osomba	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ekonganaku	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
New Ekuri	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Rubber Estate Ibibio	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
Rubber Estate Ibo	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Rubber Estate Efik and others	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R.L.N. No. 18 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**IKPAI CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ikpai Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. The Ikpai Clan Council shall be composed of twenty members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Composition of Council.

3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

Members on 15th February, 1954.

SCHEDULE

	<i>Village</i>							<i>Number of Members</i>
Ikpai	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
New Ndebeji	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Old Ndebeji	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Akor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Orem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Ntebachot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Nyaje	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Owom	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Mbeban	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ojok	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Iku ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Mkpot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Nkame	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 19 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## OYUK CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. This notice may be cited as the Oyuk Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 15th day of February, 1954.

Composition of Council.

2. The Oyuk Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-six members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Members on 15th February, 1954.

3. The members on the 15th day of February, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

Village	Number of Members
Aningeje ... ..	5
Abiati ... ..	1
Oberakai ... ..	1
Ndingane ... ..	1
Mfamosing... ..	1
B.C.C. Scheme ... ..	3
Kwafalls Ibibios ... ..	8
Kwafalls Ibos ... ..	5
Kwafalls Efiks and others ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 20th day of January, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R.L.N. No. 20 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF THE  
EKET COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Eket County Council, published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 46 of 1952, is hereby amended to the extent hereinafter described:—

Paragraph 3. *Add* below the word "Akai" the words "Ibiakpan-Obotim."

Paragraph 4. *Delete* the words "thirty-three" and *substitute* the words "thirty-four."

Paragraph 6. *Add* below the words "Ikot Ubo.....1" the words "Ibiakpan-Obotim.....1"

Paragraph 10. *Add* a proviso "Provided that the first election to the Council from the Ibiakpan-Obotim Local Council shall be held between the 1st and 15th days of March, 1954."

Paragraph 12. *Add* a new sub-paragraph "(vi). The councillor elected under the proviso to paragraph 10 shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955."

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 22nd day of January, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 21 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF THE  
EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Eket District Council, published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 48 of 1952, is hereby amended to the extent hereinafter described:—

Paragraph 3. *Add* below the words "The Ebana Local Council" the words "The Ibiakpan-Obotim Local Council"

Paragraph 4. *Delete* the words "forty-five" and *substitute* the words "fifty-three."

Paragraph 6. *Add* below the words Ebana.....5" the words "Ibiakpan-Obotim.....8."

Paragraph 10. *Add* a proviso "Provided that the first election to the Ibiakpan-Obotim Local Council shall be held between the 1st and 15th days of March, 1954."

Paragraph 12. *Add* a new sub-paragraph "(vi). The councillors elected under the proviso to paragraph 10 shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955."

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 22nd day of January, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 22 of 1954

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF EKET  
AND PART OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF UYO

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Local Councils within the administrative division of Eket and part of the administrative division of Uyo, and published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 51 of 1952 is hereby amended by adding the following particulars immediately after "Akai" in the Schedule thereto:—

1	2	3	4	5	6
Ibiakpan-Obotim		Ntit Oton Ikot Ekpene Udo Ukat Atan Ikot Imo Ikot Ekpan Ikot Ukobo Ikot Akpa Otu Ikot Edikpe Edebom Ikot Akpabin Ikot Ada Okop Ikot Udo Ime	40	Ntit Oton .. 4 Ikot Ekpene Udo .. 7 Ukat Atan .. 5 Ikot Imo .. 5 Ikot Ekpan .. 3 Ikot Ukobo .. 3 Ikot Akpa Otu .. 3 Ikot Edikpe .. 1 Edebom .. 3 Ikot Akpabin .. 2 Ikot Ada Okop .. 1 Ikot Udo Ime .. 3	Between 1st February and 28th February, 1954.

2. The councillors elected to the Ibiakpan-Obotim Local Council at the first election shall retire at the end of the first year of office and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 22nd day of January, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 23 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE UYO  
COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Uyo County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Uyo County Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Area of the authority of County Council.

Oku	Edebom Mbiase
Offot	Ndue Edue-Afia Nsiti Oboyo
Etoi	Edebom Asang
Ikono	Afaha Asang
Mbioto	Oboyo Asang
Ikot Akpan Ntebom	Iwawa
Etinan	Ndikpo
Oniong	Southern Ibesikpo
Northern Uruan	Northern Ibesikpo
Central Uruan	Afaha
Southern Uruan	Ibia Ikot
Itit Eto	Ibedu
Afaha Mbiase	

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-nine elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 of this Instrument.

Qualification of voters.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors shall be elected by the voters of each Local Council from among their own number in accordance with the table set out below:—

Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected	Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected
Oku... ..	1	Edebom Mbiaso...	1
Offot ... ..	3	Ndue Edue-Afia	
Etoi ... ..	3	Nsit Oboyo ...	1
Ikono ... ..	2	Edebom Asang ...	2
Mbioto ... ..	1	Afaha Asang ...	1
Ikot Akpan Ntebom	2	Oboyo Asang ...	2
Etinan ... ..	3	Iwawa ... ..	2
Oniong ... ..	2	Ndikpo ... ..	1
Northern Uruan ...	2	Southern Ibesikpo	3
Central Uruan ...	3	Northern Ibesikpo	3
Southern Uruan ...	3	Afaha ... ..	2
Itit Eto ... ..	1	Ibia Ikot ... ..	2
Afaha Mbiaso ...	2	Ibedu ... ..	1

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election by the persons elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.

- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.

- (xxvi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxvii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxviii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates, equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxix) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxx) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxix) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxxi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxxii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxxi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 15th February and 25th March, 1954.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day. Term of office of councillors.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish an Education Committee and a Staff Committee. Standing Committees.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or any other written law the Council:— Functions.

- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges, within the area of its authority and excluding roads classified as trunk roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria on the 31st of March, 1954, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (37), (40), (65), (66), (67), (68), (78), (80), (82); and
- (iii) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any university or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may establish forest reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make, alter or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street-drains and water courses within the area of its authority in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.

16. The Council may make a precept before 31st of May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE UYO FEDERATED  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL**

Establishment of the Uyo Federated Rural District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Uyo Federated Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of the authority of District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members.

Qualification of voters.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Returning Officers.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election. Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

UYO FEDERATED RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
FIRST SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 3.*

*Local Councils*

Ikono, Etoi, Offot, Oku.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 6.*

*Local Council*

*Number of Councillors to be elected*

Ikono	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
Etoi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Offot	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
Oku...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5

THIRD SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

An Uyo Town Committee on which shall be members any councillors resident in Uyo Town and which shall also contain at least two persons not members of the Council nominated by the elected members of Offot Local Council who represent Uyo.

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
 Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 25 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE IMAN RURAL  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Imam Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of the Imam Rural District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officers.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (vii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
 the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

- Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election. 9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.
- Date of first election. 10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.
- Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.
- Rating. 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions. 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

IMAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Mbioto, Ikot Akpan Ntebom, Etinan, Oniong.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Mbioto ... ..	7
Ikot Akpan Ntebom...	10
Etinan...	13
Oniong ... ..	10

## THIRD SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 14.*

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 16.*

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:
- Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 26 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE URUAN RURAL  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of the Uruan Rural District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Uruan Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal. 2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of the authority of District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty elected members.

Qualification of voters.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Returning Officers.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election. Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

URUAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE  
*Local Councils*

*Paragraph 3.*

Northern Uruan, Central Uruan, Southern Uruan.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 6.*

*Local Council*

*Number of Councillors to be elected*

Northern Uruan	...	...	...	...	8
Central Uruan	...	...	...	...	14
Southern Uruan	...	...	...	...	18

THIRD SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

An Ifiyong-Nwaniba Town Committee on which shall be members any councillors elected by Central Uruan Local Council who are resident in Ifiyong Beach or Nwaniba, and which shall also contain at least three persons not members of the Council nominated by the elected members of Central Uruan Local Council who represent Ifiyong Beach or Nwaniba from among their number.

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 27 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE IBESIKPO-ASUTAN  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Ibesikpo-Asutan Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of the Ibesikpo-Asutan Rural District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-one elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officers.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—  
 (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or  
 (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—  
 (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or  
 (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

- Non-compliance with certain provisions of Instrument not to invalidate election. 9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.
- Date of first election. 10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.
- Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.
- Rating. 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions. 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

IBESIKPO-ASUTAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Southern Ibesikpo, Northern Ibesikpo, Iwawa, Ndikpo.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Southern Ibesikpo ... ..	14
Northern Ibesikpo ... ..	14
Iwawa... ..	8
Ndikpo ... ..	5

THIRD SCHEDULE *Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

FOURTH SCHEDULE *Paragraph 14.*

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

FIFTH SCHEDULE *Paragraph 16.*

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and

- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 28 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE WESTERN NSIT  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of the Western Nsit Rural District Council. 1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Western Nsit Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal. 2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of the authority of District Council. 3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Constitution. 4. The Council shall consist of a Council of fifty elected members.

Qualification of voters. 5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Returning Officers. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to bet a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.

- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election. Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of Ordinance not to apply.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Term of office of councillors.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

WESTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE Paragraph 3.  
*Local Councils*

Itit Eto, Afaha Mbiaso, Edebom Mbiaso, Ndue Edue Afia Nsit-Oboyo, Edebom Asang, Afaha Asang, Oboyo Asang.

SECOND SCHEDULE Paragraph 6.  
*Local Council* Number of Councillors to be elected

Itit Eto	...	...	...	...	...	5
Afaha Mbiaso	...	...	...	...	...	10
Edebom Mbiaso	...	...	...	...	...	7
Ndue Edue Afaha Nsit-Oboyo	...	...	...	...	...	7
Edebom Asang	...	...	...	...	...	8
Afaha Asang	...	...	...	...	...	5
Oboyo Asang	...	...	...	...	...	8

## THIRD SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 12.*

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 14.*

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 16.*

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
  - (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
  - (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 29 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE EASTERN NSIT  
RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Eastern Nsit Rural District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-six elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officers.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those person shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.

- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xi) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.
10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.
15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

EASTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Afaha, Ibia-Ikot, Ibedu.

SECOND SCHEDULE Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Afaha ...	22
Ibia-Ikot ...	15
Ibedu ...	9

THIRD SCHEDULE Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14\*

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and

- (iv) may build, equip, and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority



Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 11, Vol 3, dated 25th Feb., 1954—Part B

*E.R.L.N. No. 30 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE LOWER CROSS RIVER COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the Instrument establishing the Lower Cross River County Council is hereby amended as described in the Schedule hereto:—

SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3 of the Instrument: *Delete* the word "Ezei" where it appears therein.

Paragraph 4 of the Instrument: *Delete* "forty-seven" and *substitute* therefor "forty-six."

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 17th day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 31 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE BIASE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the Instrument establishing the Biase Rural District Council is hereby amended as described in the Schedule hereto:—

SCHEDULE

Paragraph 4 of the Instrument: *Delete* "twenty-nine" and *substitute* therefor "twenty-five."

First Schedule: *Delete* the word "Ezei" where it appears therein.

Second Schedule: *Delete* the words "Ezei.....4" where they appear therein.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 17th day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 32 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(SPEED LIMIT) BYE-LAWS, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils, by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

Short title  
and  
application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Speed Limit) Bye-Laws, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the authority of the Enugu Urban District Council but also to all persons whilst within the Enugu Urban District Council area and shall come into operation upon a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;

“vehicle” means any motor vehicle, carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw or other vehicle on wheels whatsoever.

3. No person shall drive any vehicle at a speed exceeding thirty miles an hour within the area set out in the Schedule hereto.

4. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding one month in respect of the first offence, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding six months.

5. The penalty or term of imprisonment under bye-law 4 shall be imposed or ordered by a Magistrate.

SCHEDULE

The area of the Enugu Urban District Council bounded by the junctions set out hereunder:—

(a) The junction, adjacent to the Enugu Water Supply Reservoir, of the Onitsha Road with the Iva Valley Road.

(b) The junction of Abakaliki Road with Ogui Road.

(c) The junction of Obiagu Road with Agbani Road.

MADE by resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 27th day of January, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 33 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN THE AREA OF THE  
ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF ENYONG

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the Instrument establishing the Local Councils within the Area of the Administrative Division of Enyong is hereby amended as described in the Schedule hereto:—

## SCHEDULE

Schedule to the Instrument: *Delete*:—

FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIFTH
<i>Name of Council</i>	<i>Common Seal</i>	<i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	<i>No. of Councillors</i>	<i>Distribution of seats</i>
Ezei		Usukpam .. .. . Obum .. .. . Etani .. .. . Edu .. .. . Afono .. .. . Abangwan .. .. . Ibini .. .. .	30	Usukpam .. .. . 8 Obum .. .. . 2 Etani .. .. . 2 Edu .. .. . 2 Afono .. .. . 2 Abangwan .. .. . 11 Ibini .. .. . 3

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 17th day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 34 of 1954

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officers, Kumba and Mamfe, by section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, and by Public Notice No. 107 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following Traffic Regulations have been made:—

## KUMBA-MAMFE ROAD

With effect from 8th March, 1954, and until further notice the road will be closed to all except Public Works Department and authorised road contractors' vehicles, between Mambanda (Mile 5) and Akagbe (Mile 108) for 24 hours each day, Monday to Friday inclusive.

It will be open to all traffic from 6 a.m. till 6 p.m.:—

Saturdays ... .. Kumba to Mamfe  
Sundays ... .. Mamfe to Kumba

This notice cancels E.R. Public Notice No. 297 of 1953 published in *Eastern Region Gazette* No. 49 of 1953.

R. J. ELKERTON,  
*District Officer, Kumba Division*  
J. J. BALMAIN,  
*District Officer, Mamfe Division*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## THE OGUTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE AND CANOE LICENSING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oguta Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oguta Federal Native Authority (Vehicle and Canoe Licensing) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Native Authority normally resident within the areas set out in the First Schedule hereto, but also to all persons normally resident within those areas, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Oguta Federal Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, or other vehicle whatsoever, other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle or canoe belonging to him to be used within the area of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the Second Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Third Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle or canoe to such place as the Native Authority shall appoint and on the issue of a licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle or canoe for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle or canoe by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. On vehicles such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on handcarts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the pole or shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. On canoes such metal plate shall be fixed on the top of the stern end of the canoe.

7. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle or canoe to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

8. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

9. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these rules for which a penalty is not expressly provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle or canoe issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
  - (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or
  - (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

*Area of Application*

The area known as the Oguta Federal Native Authority Area.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

THE OGUTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE AND CANOE LICENSING)  
RULES, 1953

*Licences*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use  
.....until the.....day of....., 195.....  
DATED this.....day of.....195.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on the 31st December, 195.....*

## THIRD SCHEDULE

*Fees to be paid under rule 2*

	<i>Per Annum</i>
	£ s d
A.—VEHICLES	
(a) Bicycles, tricycles and other pedalled vehicles ... ..	0 5 0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with two or three wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels or children's chairs and perambulators used for the carriage of goods ... ..	0 10 0
(c) Rickshaws, go-carts or bath-chairs propelled by hand ... ..	0 10 0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with two or three wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	0 15 0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with four or more wheels (excluding children's chairs and perambulators referred to under (b) above) or animal-drawn vehicles with two or more wheels up to one ton carrying capacity:—	
(i) with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 10 0
(ii) without rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	2 15 0
(f) Barrows, hand-carts or trucks with four or more wheels (excluding children's chairs and perambulators referred to under (b) above) or animal-drawn vehicles with two or more wheels over one ton carrying capacity:—	
(i) with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	2 0 0
(ii) without rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	3 0 0

	<i>Per Annum</i>		
	£	s	d
B.—CANOES			
(g) Canoes not exceeding 10 feet overall length ...	0	1	0
(h) Canoes exceeding 10 feet but not exceeding 20 feet ...	0	2	0
(i) Canoes exceeding 20 feet but not exceeding 30 feet ...	0	3	0
(j) Canoes exceeding 30 feet but not exceeding 40 feet ...	0	4	0
(k) Canoes exceeding 40 feet but not exceeding 50 feet ...	0	5	0
(l) Canoes exceeding 50 feet ... ..	0	6	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	1	0

For licences taken out after 30th June one-half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Oguta Federal Native Authority this 29th day of October, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Oguta Federal Native Authority on the 6th day of November, 1953, in the presence:

P. J. I. ANOKWU, *Secretary,*  
*Oguta Federal Native Authority*

J. G. NSOFOR, *President,*  
*Oguta Federal Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 36 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ABAK COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Abak County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Abak County Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Area of the authority of County Council.

Abak	Abiakpa
Ediene	Ibesit
Midim	Ndot
Otoro	Nung Ikot
Afaha Obong	Ekparakwa
Adat Ifang	Obong
Northern Afaha	Ikono
Southern Afaha	Uruk
Southern Ukanafun	Ututu
Northern Ukanafun	Achan Ika
Inen	Ito Ika
Nung Ita	Ika-Na-Annang

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-four elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 of this Instrument.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors shall be elected by the voters of each Local Council from among their own number in accordance with the table set out below:—

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Abak ... ..	2	Abiakpa ... ..	1
Ediene ... ..	1	Ibesit ... ..	2
Midim ... ..	2	Ndot ... ..	2
Otoro ... ..	2	Nung Ikot ... ..	1
Afaha Obong ... ..	2	Ekparakwa ... ..	2

Adat Ifang ... ..	2	Obong... ..	3
Northern Afaha ...	1	Ikono ... ..	2
Southern Afaha ...	2	Uruk ... ..	1
Southern Ukanafun ...	3	Utu ... ..	2
Northern Ukanafun ...	2	Achan Ika ... ..	3
Inen ... ..	2	Ito Ika... ..	2
Nung Ita ... ..	1	Ika-Na-Annang ... ..	1

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election by the persons elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established or to be established in the area of the authority of the Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning

- Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (vii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (vii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election. 9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election. 10. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 15th of February, 1954, and 25th of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish an Education Committee and a Staff Committee.

Functions. 15. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or any other written law the Council:—

- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges, within the area of its authority and excluding roads classified as trunk roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria on the 31st of March, 1954, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (37), (40), (65), (66), (67), (68), (78), (80), (82); and
- (iii) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any University or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

- (v) may establish forest reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make, alter or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street-drains and water courses within the area of its authority in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.

16. The Council may make a precept before 31st of May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 37 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE EASTERN ANNANG DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Eastern Annang District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Eastern Annang District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument. Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-four elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council. Qualification of voters.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Returning Officers. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.

- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (vii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xxv) Where—

(a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

Election of chairman.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Standing Committees.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

Rating.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

## EASTERN ANNANG RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### Local Councils

#### Paragraph 3.

Abak, Ediene, Midim, Otoro, Afaha Obong.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Councillors to be elected</i>
Abak ... ..	10
Ediene ... ..	3
Midim ... ..	9
Otoro ... ..	10
Afaha Obong ... ..	12

## THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:
 

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
  - (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vi) may make by-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and

(vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 38 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE NORTHERN  
ANNANG DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of Northern Annang District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Northern Annang District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of the authority of District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members.

Qualification of voters.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Returning Officers.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (ii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.

- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle one of the candidates to be declared elected,
 the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first election.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

Term of office of councillors.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Election of chairman.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

Standing Committees.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Rating.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

Functions.

NORTHERN ANNANG RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Obong, Ikono, Uruk, Utu, Achan Ika, Ito Ika, Ika-Na-Annang.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Councillors to be elected</i>
Obong	8
Ikono	5
Uruk	4
Utu	6
Achan Ika	8
Ito Ika	5
Ika-Na-Annang	3

## THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953,

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 39 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE SOUTHERN  
ANNANG DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Southern Annang District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Southern Annang District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

Returning Officers.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (vi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

- Date of first election. 10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.
- Part V of Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.
- Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Standing Committees. 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.
- Rating. 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions. 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

SOUTHERN ANNANG RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

Local Councils

Inen, Nung Ita, Ibesit, Abiakpa, Ndot, Nung Ikot, Ekparakwa.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

Local Council	No. of Councillors to be elected
Inen ... ..	8
Nung Ita ... ..	5
Ibesit ... ..	6
Abiakpa ... ..	3
Ndot ... ..	8
Nung Ikot ... ..	2
Ekparakwa ... ..	7

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—  
 (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and

- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 40 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE WESTERN ANNANG  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Western Annang District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of  
Western  
Annang  
District  
Council.  
Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the  
authority of  
District  
Council.

- Constitution. 4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-three elected members.
- Qualification of voters. 5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.
- Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.
- Returning Officers. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
  - (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
  - (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
  - (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
  - (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
  - (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
  - (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
  - (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
  - (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
  - (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.

- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xv) Where—

- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be as set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

Election of chairman.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Standing Committees.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

Rating.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fifth Schedule to this Instrument.

## WESTERN ANNANG RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

### FIRST SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 3.*

#### *Local Councils*

Adat Ifang, Northern Afaha, Southern Afaha, Southern Ukanafun, Northern Ukanafun.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Councillors to be elected</i>
Adat Ifang ... ..	6
Northern Afaha ... ..	6
Southern Afaha ... ..	10
Southern Ukanafun ... ..	14
Northern Ukanafun ... ..	7

## THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 12.

The term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or appointment and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected and newly appointed councillors who shall come into office on that day.

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

## EDUCATION COMMITTEE

## FIFTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (40), (41), (42), (43), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 41 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE ARO/IBO DISTRICT COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Aro/Ibo Rural District Council, and published as E.R.L.N. No. 6 of 1954, is hereby amended by deleting the Second Schedule thereto and substituting the following therefor:

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Paragraph 6.*

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Aro ... ..	6
Ututu ... ..	7
Ihe ... ..	9
Isu ... ..	2
Ukwa ... ..	3

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 42 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eket District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eket District Council (Ibena Market) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these Bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “council” means the Eket District Council;
  - “market ” means the Ibena Market;
  - “market master” means a person appointed by the Council to be in charge of the market and to enforce the observance of these bye-laws.
3. Except as otherwise ordered by the Council, the market shall be open daily from 6 a.m. to 6 p.m. Hours of opening.
4. Any person who sells food or merchandise or who carries on his trade or calling in the market when the market is not open shall be guilty of an offence. Market not to be used except when open.
5. Any person who opens or maintains any market without the permission of the Council shall be guilty of an offence. No market to open without Council's permission.
6. Every person making use of a market stall or the market for the purpose of selling merchandise of any kind or for carrying on their trade or calling shall obtain a licence in the form contained in the First Schedule and shall pay in advance to the Market Master or any representative appointed by the Council the fees set out in the Second Schedule. Licence to sell. Market fees. First Schedule. Second Schedule.
7. Application for a licence to sell in the market shall be made to the Council. Applications for licences.
8. It shall be lawful for the Council to vary the fees in the First Schedule by giving at least one month's notice either verbally or in writing by pasting a notice in the market. Fees may be varied by Council.
9. Any person who:— Offences.
  - (a) makes use of any stall without first paying the appropriate fee;
  - (b) sells any merchandise or exposes any merchandise for sale without being in possession of a valid licence to sell; or
  - (c) occupies more than one stall at any one time or;
  - (d) sublets any stall to another; or
  - (e) uses a stall as a dwelling-place or sleeping place; or
  - (f) erects within the market except with a written permission of the Council any stall, shed, building, fence or enclosure; or
  - (g) makes or builds any addition, alteration or erection to any stall; or

- (h) commits any nuisance in the market; or  
 (i) rides a bicycle in the market; or  
 (j) allows a stall for which he has paid the fee to become insanitary or allows water to remain therein; or  
 (k) places any basket, box, case, receptacle or other obstruction in the avenues or passages in the market; or  
 (l) sells any merchandise other than fish or meat at any stall expressly set aside for the sale of meat or fish;
- shall be guilty of an offence.

10. Any person who is guilty of an offence under these bye-laws shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for one month for a first offence and to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for two months for any subsequent offence.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### *The Eket District Council Market Licence Number*

THE EKET DISTRICT COUNCIL (IBENO MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to..... of  
 ..... number..... to use stall number..... in the  
 shed..... of the..... from the..... day  
 of..... to the..... day of..... subject to  
 the provisions of the Eket District Council.

Fees Paid: : :

Date.....

*Eket District Council*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

	£	s	d	
(a) For each permanent stall ... ..	0	3	6	per month.
(b) For each temporary stall ... ..	0	2	0	per month.
(c) For each temporary garri stall ... ..	0	0	1	per day.
(d) For each temporary animal stall ... ..	0	0	3	per day per animal.
(e) For each temporary native liquor stall... ..	0	0	1	per day.
(f) For each permanent lock-up stall ... ..	0	10	0	per month.
(g) For each temporary fish stall ... ..	0	0	3	per day.

MADE by the Eket District Council this 23rd day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Eket District Council was affixed in the presence of:

J. U. IKPE, *Secretary*

J. I. AMAH, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority at Enugu this.....day of  
 ....., 19.....

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 43 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL HAWKERS AND  
PETTY STALL HOLDERS (AMENDMENT) BYE-LAWS, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following Bye-Laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council Hawkers and Petty Stall Holders (Amendment) Bye-Laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.
2. The Enugu Urban District Council (Hawkers and Petty Stall Holders) Bye-Laws, 1953, hereinafter referred to as the principal bye-laws, are hereby amended by deleting bye-laws 2, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 10 and substituting therefor the following bye-laws:—
  - "2. In these bye-laws:—
    - "council" means the Enugu Urban District Council;
    - "hawkers" means any person who hawks or peddles goods or food in any street or open space, but shall not include any person who sells or displays any goods or food on any stall or table;
    - "petty stall-holder" means any person who sells or displays for sale any goods or food on any stall or table in any street or open space other than in a market;
    - "health officer" includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer or Health and whether or not such Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector, or other person is serving in the Medical Department of the Government or is in the service of the Council.
  - "5. Every permit shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued. Where the holder of a permit employs an agent the permit shall also bear a photograph of the agent who shall have attained the age of sixteen years.
  - "6. The permit issued by the Council shall state specifically the particular goods or food which may be hawked or displayed and shall indicate the locality in which the holder may hawk such goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of such goods or food.
  - "8. A permit in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued or by his or her agent who shall have attained the age of sixteen years when engaged in hawking and shall be produced for inspection on demand by the Enugu Urban District Council, any Health Officer, or any Police Officer in uniform.
  - "9. The name of any agent employed by the holder of a permit under bye-law 8 shall be endorsed by the Council at the foot of the photograph affixed to the permit as provided under bye-law 5 and at the back of the permit. A change of an agent shall be reported to the Council for a further endorsement. Any permit holder who contravenes the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of £1 (one pound) or to imprisonment for seven days.
  - "10. Any person who contravenes the provisions of any section of these bye-laws other than section 9 shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof

be liable to a fine of 10s (ten shillings) or to imprisonment for three days for every day or part of a day on which the offence continues after written warning by the Enugu Urban District Council."

Made by resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 27th day of January, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

Approved by the Regional Authority this 1st day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 44 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
THE OKOBO-ORON DISTRICT COUNCIL (HAWKERS)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Okobo-Oron District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Okobo-Oron District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws and shall apply to the Oron Town Area, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

"council" means the Okobo-Oron District Council;

"child" means any person under the age of fourteen years;

"young female" means a female who has not attained the age of seventeen years.

"Oron town area" means an area in the Okobo-Oron District covering the following villages: Idua Asang, Iquita, Esin Ufot, Esuk Oron and Eyo Bassey.

3. Any person who hawks goods or food or who sets up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or who otherwise displays goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space other than in a shop or other premises in the Oron area without being in possession of a valid permit granted under the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence.

4. (1) A permit granted for any of the purposes referred to in bye-law 3 shall be known as a Hawker's Permit and shall expire at the end of the half-year in which it is issued.

(2) Every Hawker's Permit shall bear a photograph of the person to whom it is issued and shall specify thereon the area in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods as the case may be.

(3) No Hawker's Permit shall be issued to a child or young female.

5. Application for a Hawker's Permit shall be made to the District Council through the Secretary and the charge thereof shall be five shillings to be paid in advance.

Short title,  
application  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

Definition.

Hawking of  
goods, etc.  
Offence.

Hawkers'  
Permits.

Application  
for Hawk-  
er's Permit  
and fees.

6. Any person who hawks goods or food or who sets up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food in any area other than that specified on his Hawker's Permit shall be guilty of an offence. Restriction on hawking-Offence.

7. Any person to whom a Hawker's Permit has been issued who permits it to be used by any other person shall be guilty of an offence. Transfer of Hawker's Permit prohibited.

8. Any parent or other person who permits or employs a child or young female to hawk goods or food shall be guilty of an offence. Children not allowed to hawk. Penalty.

9. (1) Any person who is convicted of an offence against these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine of one pound.

(2) If the holder of a Hawker's Permit is convicted of an offence against these bye-laws his permit may be cancelled and the amount charged therefor shall not be recoverable.

MADE by resolution of the Okobo-Oron District Council the 30th day of January, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Okobo-Oron District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. U. UDOFA, *Secretary*

E. O. ONOFIOK, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 1st day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by subsection (3) of section 107 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 45 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. The notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 2) Notice, 1954, and shall be deemed to come into operation on the 1st day of April, 1954. Short title.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto:— Public Notice No. 6 of 1948.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Deletions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Bamenda	Nkambe	Wimbu	—	The Wimbu Council	Mbaw, Mbem, Wiya, Mbembe, Mfumte, and Misaje Village Group Areas, Tang and War Clan Areas.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Additions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Bamenda	Nkambe	Nkambe Divisional	—	Nkambe Divisional Council	Mbaw, Mbem, Wiya, and Mbembe, Misaje Village Areas, Tang and War Clan Areas.
		Mbaw Group	Nkambe Divisional	Mbaw Group Council	Mbaw Village Group Area.
		Kaka Group	do.	Kaka Group Council	Kaka Village Group Area.
		Mbembe Group	do.	Mbembe Group Council	Mbembe Village Group Area.
		Mfumte Group	do.	Mfumte Group Council	Mfumte Village Group Area.
		Misaje Group	do.	Misaje Group Council	Misaje Village Group Area.
		Wimbu Group	do.	Wimbu Group Council	Tang and War Clan Area, and Wiya Village Group Area.

GIVEN at Enugu this 23rd day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 46 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE IBEKWE COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Ibekwe County Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Ibekwe County Council. Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area comprising:— Area of the authority of the Council.

(a) the area of the authority of the Opobo Town Urban District Council, and

(b) the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

- |               |                  |
|---------------|------------------|
| Ngo           | Ikpa Ikono       |
| Unyeada       | Ukpum Minya      |
| Eastern Obolo | Ibiaku           |
| Ete Okon      | Ikpa Ibom        |
| Edem Aya      | Ibesit Nung Ikot |
| Nung Assang   | Abak Midim       |
| Ikpa Ibekwe   |                  |

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty-five elected members and five appointed members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected or appointed to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 of this Instrument. Qualification of voters.

6. (1) One of the councillors shall be elected by the voters of the Opobo Town Urban District Council and twenty-four by the voters of each Local Council in accordance with the table set out below:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected	Local Council	Number of Councillors to be elected
Ngo ... ..	3	Nung Assang ... ..	1
Unyeada ... ..	2	Ikpa Ibekwe ... ..	2
Eastern Obolo ... ..	1	Ikpa Ikono ... ..	2

Abak Midim ... ..	2	Ukpum Minya ... ..	2
Ibesit Nung Ikot ... ..	2	Ibiaku ... ..	2
Ete Okon ... ..	2	Ikpa Ibom ... ..	2
Edem Aya ... ..	1		

(2) The five appointed councillors shall be the Amanyanabo of Opobo Town, the Clan Head of the Andoni Clan, the Clan Head of the Ibibio Clan, the Clan Head of the Abak Midim Clan and the Clan Head of the Ibesit Nung Ikot Clan.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the County Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.

- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such

vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xxv) Where—

(a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance the term of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that—

(1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955—

- (a) the second representative of Ete Okon Local Council;
- (b) the second representative of Ukpum Minya Local Council;
- (c) the second representative of Ikpa Ikono Local Council;
- (d) the second representative of Ikpa Ibom Local Council;
- (e) the second representative of Ibiaku Local Council;
- (f) the third representative of Ngo Local Council;
- (g) the second representative of Unyeada Local Council;
- (h) the second representative of Abak Midim Local Council;

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of the Local Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1955.

- (2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956—
- (a) the second representative of Ikpa Ibekwe Local Council;
  - (b) the representative of Nung Assang Local Council;
  - (c) the representative of Edem Aya Local Council;
  - (d) the first representative of Ikpa Ibom Local Council;
  - (e) the first representative of Ibiaku Local Council;
  - (f) the second representative of Ngo Local Council;
  - (g) the representative of Eastern Obolo Local Council;
  - (h) the second representative of Ibesit Nung Ikot Local Council;
  - (i) the representative of Opobo Town Urban District Council;

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned or by the Opobo Town Urban District Council from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1956.

- (3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957—
- (a) the first representative of Ikpa Ibekwe Local Council;
  - (b) the first representative of Ete Okon Local Council;
  - (c) the first representative of Ukpum Minya Local Council;
  - (d) the first representative of Ikpa Ikono Local Council;
  - (e) the first representative of Ngo Local Council;
  - (f) the first representative of Unyeadá Local Council;
  - (g) the first representative of Abak Midim Local Council;
  - (h) the first representative of Ibesit Nung Ikot Local Council;

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of the Local Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1957.

(4) The members who come into office on the 31st day of March, 1955, 1956 and 1957 shall serve for three years and on retirement their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned or by the Opobo Town Urban District Council from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March immediately preceding.

(5) In paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this proviso, the terms "third representative," "second representative" and "first representative" connote where there is more than one representative of a Local Council the position they occupied in the poll in the first elections to the Council, provided that where there was no poll because the election was uncontested, or where there was an equality of votes in the poll between two or more members so that doubt exists as to which is the first, second or third representative, the Secretary of the Council shall draw lots between such members to decide the point.

(6) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election.  
of chairman.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish an Education Committee and a Staff Committee. Standing  
Committees.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or by any other written law, the Council:— Functions.

- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges, within the area of its authority and excluding roads classified as trunk roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria on the 31st of March, 1954, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (37), (40), (65), (66), (67), (68), (78), (80), (82); and
- (iii) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any University or similar institution in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may establish forest reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any Cottage Hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make, alter or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street-drains and water courses within the area of its authority in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance.

16. The Council may make a precept before 31st of May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st of March, 1955.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 18th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 47 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ANNANG  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Annang District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Establish-  
ment of  
Annang  
District  
Council.

Seal.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument. Area of the authority of District Council.
4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-three elected members. Constitution.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council. Qualification of voters.
6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.
- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:— Method of election.
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
  - (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
  - (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
  - (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
  - (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
  - (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
  - (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
  - (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
  - (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
  - (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any

- person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
  - (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
  - (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
  - (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
  - (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
  - (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
  - (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
  - (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
  - (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
  - (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
  - (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
  - (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
  - (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xxv) Where—

- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvi) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first election.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Part V of Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:—

Term of office of councillors.

(1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955—

- (a) The 17th, 16th, 15th, 14th, 13th and 12th representatives of Abak Midim Local Council.
- (b) The 16th, 15th, 14th, 13th and 12th representatives of Ibesit Nung Ikot Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1955.

(2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956—

- (a) The 11th, 10th, 9th, 8th, 7th and 6th representatives of Abak Midim Local Council.
- (b) The 11th, 10th, 9th, 8th and 7th representatives of Ibesit Nung Ikot Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1956.

(3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957—

- (a) The 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Abak Midim Local Council.

(b) The 6th, 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ibesit Nung Ikot Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1957.

(4) The members who come into office on the 31st day of March, 1955, 1956 and 1957 shall serve for three years and on retirement their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March immediately preceding.

(5) In paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this proviso the terms "17th representative," "16th representative," etc., connote the position occupied in the poll in the first elections to the Council, provided that where there was no poll because the election was uncontested, or where there was an equality of votes in the poll between two or more members so that doubt exists as to the position in the poll and in consequence as to the date of retirement, the Secretary of the Council shall draw lots between such members to decide the point.

(6) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.

**Election.**  
**of chairman.** 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

**Standing**  
**Committees.** 14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

**Rating.** 15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

**Functions.** 16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

ANNANG DISTRICT COUNCIL  
FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Abak Midim, Ibesit Nung Ikot.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

*Local Council*

*Number of  
councillors  
to be elected*

Abak Midim	...	...	...	...	...	17
Ibesit Nung Ikot	...	...	...	...	...	16

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

HEALTH COMMITTEE

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82);

- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council;

- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 48 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE FOUR GROUPS  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Four Groups District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Four Groups District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.

Area of the authority of District Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-five elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.

Qualification of voters.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.

Provided that in the first elections to the Council no councillor who has been elected by a Local Council to be a member of the County Council shall be eligible to be elected also to be a member of the District Council.

Returning Officers.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.

- (viii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any

candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:—

(1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955—

- (a) The 13th, 12th, 11th and 10th representatives of Ukpum Minya Local Council.
- (b) The 9th, 8th and 7th representatives of Ikpa Ikono Local Council.
- (c) The 12th, 11th, 10th and 9th representatives of Ikpa Ibom Local Council.
- (d) The 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th representatives of Ibiaku Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1955.

(2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956—

- (a) The 9th, 8th, 7th and 6th representatives of Ukpum Minya Local Council.
- (b) The 6th, 5th and 4th representatives of Ikpa Ikono Local Council.
- (c) The 8th, 7th, 6th and 5th representatives of Ikpa Ibom Local Council.
- (d) The 7th, 6th, 5th and 4th representatives of Ibiaku Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1956.

(3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957—

- (a) The 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ukpum Minya Local Council.

(b) The 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ikpa Ikono Local Council.

(c) The 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ikpa Ibom Local Council.

(d) The 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ibiaku Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1957.

(4) The members who come into office on the 31st day of March, 1955, 1956 and 1957 shall serve for three years and on retirement their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March immediately preceding.

(5) In paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this proviso the terms "13th representative," "12th representative," etc., connote the position occupied in the poll in the first elections to the Council, provided that where there was no poll because the election was uncontested, or where there was an equality of votes in the poll between two or more members so that doubt exists as to the position in the poll and in consequence as to the date of retirement, the Secretary of the Council shall draw lots between such members to decide the point.

(6) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

FOUR GROUPS DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

*Local Councils*

Ikpa Ikono, Ukpum Minya, Ibiaku, Ikpa Ibom.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of councillors to be elected</i>
Ikpa Ikono ... ..	9
Ukpum Minya ... ..	13
Ibiaku ... ..	11
Ikpa Ibom ... ..	12

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

HEALTH COMMITTEE

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or restriction of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 49 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE IBIBIO  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establish-  
ment of  
Ibibio  
District  
Council.  
Seal.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Ibibio District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument. Area of the authority of District Council.
4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-nine elected members. Constitution.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council. Qualification of voters.
6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
- Provided that in the first elections to the Council no councillor who has been elected by a Local Council to be a member of the County Council shall be eligible to be elected also to be a member of the District Council.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officers.
- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:— Method of election.
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.

- (v) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such

vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xxv) Where—

- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first election.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Part V of Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:—

Term of office of councillors.

(1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955—

(a) The 10th, 9th and 8th representatives of Ikpa Ibekwe Local Council.

(b) The 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th representatives of Ete Okon Local Council.

(c) The 9th, 8th and 7th representatives of Nung Assang Local Council.

(d) The 9th, 8th and 7th representatives of Edem Aya Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th of March, 1955.

(2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956—

(a) The 7th, 6th and 5th representatives of Ikpa Ibekwe Local Council.

(b) The 7th, 6th, 5th and 4th representatives of Ete Okon Local Council.

(c) The 6th, 5th and 4th representatives of Nung Assang Local Council.

(d) The 6th, 5th and 4th representatives of Edem Aya Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1956.

(3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957—

(a) The 4th, 3rd 2nd and 1st representatives of Ikpa Ibekwe Local Council.

(b) The 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ete Okon Local Council.

(c) The 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Nung Assang Local Council.

(d) The 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Edem Aya Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1957.

(4) The members who come into office on the 31st day of March, 1955, 1956 and 1957 shall serve for three years and on retirement their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March immediately preceding.

(5) In paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this proviso the terms "11th representative," "10th representative," etc., connote the position occupied in the poll in the first elections to the Council, provided that where there was no poll because the election was uncontested, or where there was an equality of votes in the poll between two or more members so that doubt exists as to the position in the poll and in consequence as to the date of retirement, the Secretary of the Council shall draw lots between such members to decide the point.

(6) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

IBIBIO DISTRICT COUNCIL  
FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

Local Councils

Ete Okon, Edem Aya, Nung Assang, Ibekwe.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

Local Council	Number of councillors to be elected
Ete Okon	11
Edem Aya	9
Nung Assang	10
Ibekwe	9

Election  
of chairman.  
Standing  
Committees.  
Rating.  
Functions.

THIRD SCHEDULE  
EDUCATION COMMITTEE  
HEALTH COMMITTEE

Paragraph 14.

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16.

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 50 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE OBOLO  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Obolo District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Establishment of  
Obolo  
District  
Council.  
Seal.



- Area of the authority of District Council. 3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument.
- Constitution. 4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-six elected members.
- Qualification of voters. 5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council.
- Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by such persons as have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils established within the area of the authority of the Council in accordance with the table set out in the Second Schedule of this Instrument.
- Returning Officer. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
  - (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
  - (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
  - (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
  - (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
  - (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
  - (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
  - (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.

- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (x) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (vi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (vi) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such

vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.

(xxv) Where—

- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
- (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
- (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 15th day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the terms of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:—

(1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955—

- (a) The 19th, 18th, 17th, 16th, 15th and 14th representatives of Ngo Local Council.
- (b) The 11th, 10th and 9th representatives of the Unyeadala Local Council.
- (c) The 6th and 5th representatives of the Eastern Obolo Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1955.

(2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956—

- (a) The 13th, 12th, 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th representatives of Ngo Local Council.
- (b) The 8th, 7th, 6th and 5th representatives of the Unyeadala Local Council.
- (c) The 4th and 3rd representatives of the Eastern Obolo Local Council,

and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1956.

(3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957—

(a) The 7th, 6th, 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of Ngo Local Council.

(b) The 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st representatives of the Unyeda Local Council.

(c) The 2nd and 1st representatives of Eastern Obolo Local Council, and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, 1957.

(4) The members who come into office on the 31st day of March, 1955, 1956 and 1957 shall serve for three years and on retirement their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors elected by the Local Councils concerned from among the members of those Councils who have come into office on the 25th day of March, immediately preceding.

(5) In paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this proviso the terms "19th representative," "18th representative," etc., connote the position occupied in the poll in the first elections to the Council, provided that where there was no poll because the election was uncontested, or where there was an equality of votes in the poll between two or more members so that doubt exists as to the position in the poll and in consequence as to the date of retirement, the Secretary of the Council shall draw lots between such members to decide the point.

(6) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument. Standing Committees.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument. Functions.

OBOLO DISTRICT COUNCIL

FIRST SCHEDULE

Paragraph 3.

Local Councils

Ngo, Unyeda, Eastern Obolo.

SECOND SCHEDULE

Paragraph 6.

Local Council

Number of  
councillors  
to be elected

Ngo	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
Unyeda...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
Eastern Obolo	...	...	...	...	...	...	6

THIRD SCHEDULE

Paragraph 14.

EDUCATION COMMITTEE

HEALTH COMMITTEE

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16

- Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—
- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (34), (36), (38), (39), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
 Provided that no market which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (iv) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 18th day of December, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
 Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 51 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## FUNCTIONS OF COUNCILS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 99 (82) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, sanction is hereby given to the declaration by Instrument by the Regional Authority that, subject to such limitations and conditions as the Regional Authority may impose, a Council either shall or may, in addition to the performance of any or all of the functions described in subsections (1) to (81) of section 99 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, provide for the prohibition of the practice of nudity.

GIVEN under my hand at Enugu this 27th day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
 Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 52 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## FUNCTIONS OF COUNCILS

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 99 (82) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, I, SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire, Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region, hereby give my sanction to the declaration by Instrument by the Regional Authority that, subject to such limitations and conditions as the Regional Authority may impose, a Council either shall or may, in addition to the performance of any or all of the functions described in subsections (1) to (81) of section 99 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, provide for or grant sums of money to organisations existing to assist in the repatriation of destitute adults and young persons or children who are not members of a native community living in the area of its authority, and for the repatriation to the area of the authority of the Council from other parts of Nigeria of members of native communities living in the area of the authority of the Council.

GIVEN under my hand at Enugu this 4th day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 53 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(IKWERRE CLAN AREA) (MARRIAGE) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxvii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Ikwerre Clan Area) (Marriage) Rules, 1953, and shall come into operation on the 1st August, 1953.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. In these rules:—

“area” means the Ikwerre Clan Area of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority.

“dowry” includes bride-price;

“marriage” means a marriage contracted under the Native Law and Custom of the Ikwerre Clan of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority between persons one or both of whom are subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;

“native authority” means the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority;

“native court” means the Elele, Isiokpo, Isoba, Rumuji and Obia Native Court;

“petty expenses” includes any presents preliminary to the payment of any dowry payable in respect of any marriage;

“registrar” means a registrar of marriages for the purposes of these rules.

Definitions.

Petty expenses not to exceed five pounds.

3. (1) Notwithstanding any custom or practice to the contrary the maximum amount of petty expenses with respect to any marriage shall not exceed either in value or in money the sum of five pounds.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this rule petty expenses shall be distributed to the following persons in the following proportions

(i) to the male members of the family of the bride, three pounds;

(ii) to the female members of the family of the bride, two pounds.

(3) Any person who pays any sum in excess of five pounds as petty expenses after the coming into operation of these rules or any person who pays to any person mentioned in this rule any sum in excess of the proportion therein permitted or any sum as petty expenses to any person not therein named, may recover the same from the person or persons to whom it has been paid in a Native Court.

Dowry not to exceed thirty pounds.

4. (1) Notwithstanding any custom or practice to the contrary the maximum amount of any dowry payable in respect of any marriage shall not exceed the sum of thirty pounds.

(2) The dowry shall be paid to the father and the mother of the bride, or if he, father, be deceased, to the male guardian of the bride in the following proportions:

Father, twenty pounds.

Mother, ten pounds.

(3) Any person who pays any sum in excess of thirty pounds as dowry after the coming into operation of these rules or any person who pays any sum as dowry to a person other than to the appropriate person named in this rule may recover the same from the person to whom it has been paid in a Native Court.

Penalty.

5. Any person who demands, pays or receives any sum as petty expenses or as dowry in excess of the sums permitted under the provisions of rules 3 and 4 of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction by a Native Court to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Marriage registries to be established.

6. So soon as may be after the coming into operation of these rules the Native Authority shall establish a registry of marriages for the purposes of these rules at the Elele, Isiokpo, Isoba, Rumuji and Obia Native Court.

Registrars appointed.

7. The Court Clerk of the Elele, Isiokpo, Isoba, Rumuji and Obia Native Court shall be the Registrar of Marriages for the purposes of these rules for the area of the jurisdiction of the Court at which they are employed.

Compulsory registration of marriage.

8. (1) Any marriage contracted within the area after the coming into operation of these rules shall be registered in the appropriate registry by the registrar.

(2) It shall be the duty of the husband and of the father or guardian of the bride to register any such marriage within seven days of its celebration.

(3) Any person whose duty it is to register a marriage and who fails to do so within the appropriate time shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction by a Native Court to a fine of five pounds or two months imprisonment.

(4) Upon the Native Court convicting a person under the provisions of this rule it shall order the registration of the marriage in question to be effected forthwith.

9. (1) The registrar shall keep a register for the purpose of these rules in which entries of the marriage celebrated shall be recorded in the order of their date; and every entry so made shall be dated on the day on which it is so entered and signed by the registrar. Form of registration.

(2) Upon the payment of five shillings the registrar shall furnish to each party to the marriage a copy of the entry in the register, which copy shall be known as a Marriage Certificate.

10. (1) The registrar shall record the following facts in the register with respect to the husband, the wife and parents of the husband and wife respectively (if living): What shall be recorded.

- (i) Names.
- (ii) Addresses.
- (iii) Occupations.

(2) In addition the registrar shall record:—

- (i) the ages of the husband and wife wherever possible;
- (ii) whether the wife was a spinster, a widow or a divorced woman at the time of the marriage and
- (iii) full details of the amount of petty expenses and dowry paid and the persons to whom it was paid.

(3) Where the bride is a divorced woman the registrar shall also record the Court in which the divorce was obtained, the number of the suit and the amount of dowry if any, which was repaid through the Court.

(4) Any entry made in the register shall be signed or witnessed by the husband and the father or guardian of the bride in the presence of two witnesses who shall also sign or witness the entry.

11. The registrar shall allow any person to search the register and shall give a certified copy of any entry upon payment of a fee of two shillings and six-pence. Searches.

12. The registrar shall retain custody of the register and no register shall be removed from the custody of the registrar without the authority in writing of the Native Authority or by an order of a Native Court. Custody.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority, and sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority on 29th day of August, 1953.

M. I. Dimkpa, *Administrative Secretary*

J. MPI, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor, of the Eastern Region this 5th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 54 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance (Chapter 155)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 10 of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance (Chapter 155), the following order is hereby made:—

- Short title. 1. This order may be cited as the Calabar (Declaration of Planning Area) Order, 1954.
- Declaration of planning area. 2. The area described in the Schedule hereto is hereby declared a planning area.

## SCHEDULE

## DESCRIPTION OF NEW LAYOUT PLANNING AREA, CALABAR

COMMENCING at the junction of the HWMOT of the Calabar River and the Canal by Messrs Elder Dempster's Beach in a south-easterly direction for a distance of 150 feet to a concrete pillar 43P, thence for 2,525 feet to another concrete pillar 69P, thence in a north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,025 feet to a concrete pillar 5P, thence for 955 feet to 6P, thence for 735 feet to 7P, thence in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,350 feet to a concrete pillar 153P, thence for 620 feet to 152P, thence along Akim Town Road for a distance of 2,700 feet to a concrete pillar 82P, thence east-north-east by east for a distance of 1,175 feet to the boundary of the Calabar Airport, thence in a general easterly direction along the Airport boundary, leaving the Airport on the left to the Township Boundary, thence due south for 3,000 feet, thence in a general south-westerly direction for 10,750 feet to a concrete pillar 79T, thence west-north-west by west for 750 feet to 78T, thence for 610 feet to 77T, thence for 755 feet to 76T, thence for a distance of 8,500 feet to the HWMOT of the Calabar River, thence along the HWMOT of the Calabar River in a general north-easterly direction to the junction of the HWMOT of the Calabar River and the Canal by Messrs Elder Dempster's Beach, the point of commencement.

All bearings are referred to True North and all distances are approximate distances.

MADE at Enugu, this 24th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 55 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 16 of the Dogs Ordinance the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Kumba) Control, Seizure and Detention (Revocation) Order, 1954.
2. The Rabies (Kumba) Control, Seizure and Detention Order, 1953, is hereby revoked.

MADE at Enugu this 5th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 56 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN  
THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF ABAK

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Abak upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Local Councils.
2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of the Councils.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.
- (2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any village shall be as follows:— Method of election.
- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.

- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :  
 Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.

- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

10. The first election to the Councils shall be held between the 1st day of January, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first elections.

Term of  
office of  
councillors.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of  
chairman.

12. The chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Part V of the  
Ordinance  
not to apply.

13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.



Functions.



14. (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:



Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Councils shall be subject to their jurisdiction.



(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Calabar Province as being of a communal nature.



## SCHEDULE

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Abak .. .. .		<p>Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ebak .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Afaha .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Ikot .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Adia Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Usung Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Edem Idim Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Ibagwa .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ekang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obong Utu .. .. .</p> <p>Irung .. .. .</p> <p>Mbarakom .. .. .</p> <p>Mimanta .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Usung Ukom .. .. .</p> <p>Midim Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Utom Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Otioborn .. .. .</p> <p>Okoron .. .. .</p> <p>Onuk Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Itenge .. .. .</p> <p>Usung Idim Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Edem Urua .. .. .</p> <p>Oku Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Edem Akai .. .. .</p> <p>Ibo Unions .. .. .</p> <p>Annang/Ibibio Settlers .. .. .</p>	35	<p>Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ebak .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Afaha .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Ikot .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Adia Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Usung Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Edem Idim Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Ibagwa .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ekang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obong Utu .. .. .</p> <p>Irung .. .. .</p> <p>Mbarakom .. .. .</p> <p>Mimanta .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Usung Ukom .. .. .</p> <p>Midim Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Utom Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Otioborn .. .. .</p> <p>Okoron .. .. .</p> <p>Onuk Ukpom .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Itenge .. .. .</p> <p>Usung Idim Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Edem Urua .. .. .</p> <p>Oku Abak .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Edem Akai .. .. .</p> <p>Ibo Unions .. .. .</p> <p>Annang/Ibibio Settlers .. .. .</p>
Ediene .. .. .		<p>Ata Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ibanang Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akwa Ebom .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oku Ubara .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obong Ediene .. .. .</p>	31	<p>Ata Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ibanang Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akwa Ebom .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Ediene .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oku Ubara .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obong Ediene .. .. .</p>

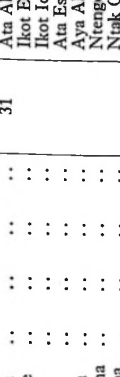

FIRST	Name of Council	SECOND	Common Seal	THIRD	Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH	No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH	Distribution of seats
Midim	..	..		<p>Ikot Ekiduk ..            Ikot Imo ..            Nto Orong ..            Ekpat Idtuot ..            Nto Obo ..            Utu Midim ..            Ikot Ekon ..            Ikot Uko ..            Ikot Edong ..            Ikot Antuk ..            Ikot Edede ..            Ikot Anyankana ..            Atan Midim ..            Ikot Ikpe ..            Ikot Ifang ..            Ikot Essiet ..</p>	40	..	3	..	..
Otoro..	..	..		<p>Otoro ..            Abiakpo ..            Ikot Osom ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	39	..	7	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Abiakpo ..            Ikot Osom ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	6	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Abiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	2	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	3	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	3	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	1	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	1	..	..
..	..	..	<p>Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan ..            Ibiakpan Ikot Etuk Udu ..            Ikot Etuk Udo ..            Ibong Ikot Abasi ..            Ibong Otoro ..            Ikot Odon ..            Ibong Ikot Ebok ..            Uruk Usor ..            Ikot Oku Mfang ..            Ikot Obioko ..            Ikot Essien Etuk ..            Nkor Ibong ..            Ikot Ata Udo ..</p>	..	..	..	1	..	..



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Afaha Obong ..		<p>Ikot Akpakpan ..            Afaha Esang ..            Uruk Obong ..            Ikot Udo Urom ..            Ikot Akpabio ..            Ntukuk ..            Ikot Obong ..            Edem Anwa ..            Eriam ..            Ikot Udo Obio Iwok ..            Ikot Odiong ..            Ikwek ..            Ebebit ..            Ikot Nduie ..            Ikot Obio Ikpa ..            Ikot Akpa Edem ..            Ukana Mkpa Eyop ..            Ikot Uborn ..            Ikot Inyang ..            Ikot Ibit Ekpe ..            Ikot Ufern ..            Ikot Akpan Ipong ..            Na Enni ..            Ikot Udo ..            Abat ..</p>	41	<p>Ikot Akpakpan .. 1            Afaha Esang .. 4            Uruk Obong .. 1            Ikot Udo Urom .. 1            Ikot Akpabio .. 1            Ntukuk .. 2            Ikot Obong .. 2            Edem Anwa .. 3            Eriam .. 2            Ikot Udo Obio Iwok .. 1            Ikot Odiong .. 2            Ikwek .. 2            Ebebit .. 3            Ikot Nduie .. 1            Ikot Obio Ikpa .. 2            Ikot Akpa Edem .. 1            Ukana Mkpa Eyop .. 2            Ikot Uborn .. 1            Ikot Inyang .. 2            Ikot Ibit Ekpe .. 2            Ikot Ufern .. 2            Ikot Akpan Ipong .. 2            Na Enni .. 1            Ikot Udo .. 4            Abat .. 1            Ikot Akpa Inyang .. 3            Ikot Akpan Eyo .. 1            Ikot Akpan Ebo .. 6            Afa Essien .. 2            Ikot Eboik .. 3            Ikot Edem Ebua .. 3            Ikot Ndot .. 2            Ikot Antia .. 3            Ikot Adankere .. 1            Ikot Udom .. 5            Ikot Udo Iyak .. 2            Ikot Udo Mbang .. 1            Ndot Ikot Akwa .. 3</p>
Adat Ifang ..		<p>Ikot Akpa Inyang ..            Ikot Akpan Eyo ..            Ikot Akpan Ebo ..            Afa Essien ..            Ikot Eboik ..            Ikot Edem Ebua ..            Ikot Ndot ..            Ikot Antia ..            Ikot Adankere ..            Ikot Udom ..            Ikot Udo Iyak ..            Ikot Udo Mbang ..            Ndot Ikot Akwa ..</p>	41	<p>Ikot Akpa Inyang .. 1            Ikot Akpan Eyo .. 1            Ikot Akpan Ebo .. 2            Afa Essien .. 3            Ikot Eboik .. 3            Ikot Edem Ebua .. 2            Ikot Ndot .. 1            Ikot Antia .. 1            Ikot Adankere .. 1            Ikot Udom .. 2            Ikot Udo Iyak .. 1            Ikot Udo Mbang .. 1            Ndot Ikot Akwa .. 3</p>



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Northern Afaha		Ikot Akwa .. .. . Ikot Akpa Idem .. .. . Ata Essien Afaha Niak .. .. . Ikot Iryang .. .. . Afaha Obo Ata Essien .. .. . Ntak Afaha Ikot Akwa .. .. . Afaha Obo Ikot Uko .. .. . Ikot Okume .. .. . Ikot Utiat .. .. . Nto Okon Ikot Okpo .. .. . Nto Okon Ikot Obio Ekpe .. .. . Nto Okon Ikot Anuwo .. .. . Nto Okon Ikot Eniekep .. .. . Nto Okon Ikot Ekperikpe .. .. . Ikot Udo Mbang .. .. . Ikot Edung .. .. .	40	Ikot Akwa .. .. . 2 Ikot Akpa Idem .. .. . 2 Ata Essien Afaha Niak .. .. . 2 Ikot Iryang .. .. . 2 Afaha Obo Ata Essien .. .. . 2 Ntak Afaha Ikot Akwa .. .. . 2 Afaha Obo Ikot Uko .. .. . 3 Ikot Okume .. .. . 2 Ikot Utiat .. .. . 2 Nto Okon Ikot Okpo .. .. . 2 Nto Okon Ikot Obio Ekpe .. .. . 3 Nto Okon Ikot Anuwo .. .. . 4 Nto Okon Ikot Eniekep .. .. . 3 Nto Okon Ikot Ekperikpe .. .. . 3 Nto Okon Ikot Mbang .. .. . 4 Ikot Edung .. .. . 1
Southern Afaha		Ikot Akpa Idem .. .. . Idung Nneke .. .. . Ikot Essien .. .. . Ikot Ossiom .. .. . Usung Atiat .. .. . Ikot Iwara .. .. . Ikot Akpan Afaha .. .. . Ikot Andem .. .. . Odoro Ikot .. .. . Ikot Ator Iwo .. .. . Idung Akpan Uko .. .. . Ikot Dappa .. .. . Ikot Awure .. .. . Ikot Ikpe .. .. . Ikot Etim .. .. . Ikot Effiong .. .. . Ikot Akat .. .. . Ikot Edong .. .. . Awat Waterside .. .. . Ikot Ihang .. .. .	43	Ikot Akpa Idem .. .. . 4 Idung Nneke .. .. . 2 Ikot Essien .. .. . 2 Ikot Ossiom .. .. . 3 Usung Atiat .. .. . 2 Ikot Iwara .. .. . 1 Ikot Akpan Afaha .. .. . 2 Ikot Andem .. .. . 3 Odoro Ikot .. .. . 2 Ikot Ator Iwo .. .. . 2 Idung Akpan Uko .. .. . 1 Ikot Dappa .. .. . 1 Ikot Awure .. .. . 2 Ikot Ikpe .. .. . 2 Ikot Etim .. .. . 2 Ikot Effiong .. .. . 4 Ikot Akat .. .. . 3 Ikot Edong .. .. . 3 Awat Waterside .. .. . 1 Ikot Ihang .. .. . 1



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Southern Ukanafun..		<p>Nkeek .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Una .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Abia .. .. .</p> <p>Iyak Iba .. .. .</p> <p>Okoyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Obobo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Abia .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Odiong .. .. .</p> <p>Idung Idem Udo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Nkuk .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Eyara .. .. .</p> <p>Idung Eka Uyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ibeke .. .. .</p> <p>Idung Udorn Iso .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ennang .. .. .</p> <p>Edem Idim .. .. .</p> <p>Idung Uko Udo .. .. .</p> <p>Obon Odo .. .. .</p>	42	<p>Nkeek .. .. . 7</p> <p>Ikot Una .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Udo Abia .. .. . 2</p> <p>Iyak Iba .. .. . 1</p> <p>Okoyo .. .. . 6</p> <p>Ikot Udo Obobo .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Abia .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Odiong .. .. . 2</p> <p>Idung Idem Udo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Nkuk .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Eyara .. .. . 2</p> <p>Idung Eka Uyo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ibeke .. .. . 2</p> <p>Idung Udorn Iso .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ennang .. .. . 2</p> <p>Edem Idim .. .. . 2</p> <p>Idung Uko Udo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Obon Odo .. .. . 1</p>
Northern Ukanafun		<p>Nsekehe .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Owo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ekpat .. .. .</p> <p>Nkeek Idim .. .. .</p> <p>Ukanafun Edem Inyang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ide .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Nuen .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oku Usung .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Anta .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Okpoho .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Uko Annang .. .. .</p> <p>Nkeek Abak .. .. .</p>	40	<p>Nsekehe .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Obio Owo .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Ekpat .. .. . 4</p> <p>Nkeek Idim .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ukanafun Edem Inyang .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Ide .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Nuen .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Oku Usung .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Anta .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Obio Okpoho .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Uko Annang .. .. . 3</p> <p>Nkeek Abak .. .. . 4</p>

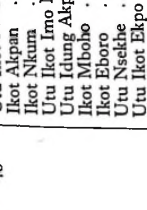

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councilors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Inen .. .. .		<p>Assakpa .. .. .</p> <p>Etok Inen .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eduep .. .. .</p> <p>Etok Nkwo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eikon .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ibritam .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eteye .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Etrim .. .. .</p> <p>Okukuk .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiassor .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Idang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ekpuk .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Udo Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpaya .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ndo .. .. .</p> <p>Strangers .. .. .</p>	42	<p>Assakpa .. .. . 2</p> <p>Etok Inen .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Eduep .. .. . 2</p> <p>Etok Nkwo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Eikon .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Ibritam .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Eteye .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Etrim .. .. . 3</p> <p>Okukuk .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Offiong .. .. . 2</p> <p>Mbiassor .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Obio Idang .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ekpuk .. .. . 3</p> <p>Nto Udo Akpan .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Akpaya .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Ndo .. .. . 4</p> <p>Strangers .. .. . 4</p>
Nung Ita .. .. .		<p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Enin Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ntuk .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Okoro .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Enin Udo Abia .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Nkan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Essien .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obioruk .. .. .</p>	29	<p>Ikot Akpan .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Inyang .. .. . 8</p> <p>Ikot Obio Enin Atai .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Ntuk .. .. . 5</p> <p>Ikot Okoro .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Obio Enin Udo Abia .. .. . 5</p> <p>Ikot Obio Nkan .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Essien .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Obioruk .. .. . 2</p>

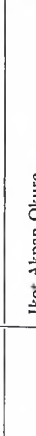
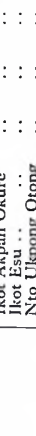
FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Abiakpa .. ..		Ata Abiakpa .. .. Ikot Eka Ide .. .. Ikot Idihaha .. .. Ata Essien .. .. Aya Abiakpa .. .. Nrengge Akama .. .. Ntak Obiakpa .. ..	31	Ata Abiakpa .. .. 4 Ikot Eka Ide .. .. 3 Ikot Idihaha .. .. 2 Ata Essien .. .. 7 Aya Abiakpa .. .. 3 Nrengge Akama .. .. 3 Ntak Obiakpa .. .. 9
Ibesit .. ..		Edem Idim .. .. Ikot Afanga .. .. Ikot Eko Eruk .. .. Ikot Akam .. .. Ikot Etim .. .. Ikot Akpan Mbure .. .. Ikot Essien .. .. Ikot Offiong .. .. Ekot .. .. Ikot Esetang .. .. Ikot Okpong .. .. Ikot Akpan .. .. Isama .. .. Ndon Ikot Imo Idien .. .. Ata Ntak .. .. Uruk Erung .. .. Uruk Obong .. .. Ikot Ntuen .. .. Ikot Udo Aduak .. ..	39	Edem Idim .. .. 2 Ikot Afanga .. .. 4 Ikot Eko Eruk .. .. 3 Ikot Akam .. .. 2 Ikot Etim .. .. 2 Ikot Akpan Mbure .. .. 2 Ikot Essien .. .. 1 Ikot Offiong .. .. 2 Ekot .. .. 2 Ikot Esetang .. .. 2 Ikot Okpong .. .. 2 Ikot Akpan .. .. 2 Isama .. .. 2 Ndon Ikot Imo Idien .. .. 3 Ata Ntak .. .. 1 Uruk Erung .. .. 2 Uruk Obong .. .. 1 Ikot Ntuen .. .. 1 Ikot Udo Aduak .. .. 2

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councilors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ndot .. ..		<p>AfahaObo Ikot Iton Ibianga .. .. Ikpe Akpa Ewe .. .. Ikot Osukpong .. .. Ikot Idem Udo .. .. Ikot Obio Nsu .. .. Ikot Ubo .. .. Ikot Udo Idem .. .. Ikot Ukpong .. .. Inen Idung Abasi Atai .. .. Inen Ikot Essien .. .. Inen Ikot Obiom .. .. Inen Nsai .. .. Mbiakot .. .. Ndot Ikot Eda .. .. Nung Oku Ibi .. .. Nung Oku Ubo No. 1 .. .. Nung Oku Ubo No. 2 .. .. Obio Ebi .. .. Obio Ibi .. .. Obio Ndot .. .. Uruk Orong .. .. Usung Atiat Ubo .. .. Ikot Akpan Inyang .. .. Ndot Usung Idim .. .. Eka Nung Ikot .. .. Nung Ikot Oku Usung .. .. Nung Ikot Assanga .. .. Nung Ikot Obio Edo .. ..</p>	45	<p>Afaha Obo Ikot Iton Ibianga .. .. Ikpe Akpa Ewe .. .. Ikot Osukpong .. .. Ikot Idem Udo .. .. Ikot Obio Nsu .. .. Ikot Ubo .. .. Ikot Udo Idem .. .. Ikot Ukpong .. .. Inen Idung Abasi Atai .. .. Inen Ikot Essien .. .. Inen Ikot Obiom .. .. Inen Nsai .. .. Mbiakot .. .. Ndot Ikot Eda .. .. Nung Oku Ibi .. .. Nung Oku Ubo No. 1 .. .. Nung Oku Ubo No. 2 .. .. Obio Ebi .. .. Obio Ibi .. .. Obio Ndot .. .. Uruk Orong .. .. Usung Atiat Ubo .. .. Ikot Akpan Inyang .. .. Ndot Usung Idim .. .. Eka Nung Ikot .. .. Nung Ikot Oku Usung .. .. Nung Ikot Assanga .. .. Nung Ikot Obio Edo .. ..</p>
Nur, Ikot .. ..		<p>Eka Nung Ikot .. .. Nung Ikot Oku Usung .. .. Nung Ikot Assanga .. .. Nung Ikot Obio Edo .. ..</p>	30	<p>Eka Nung Ikot .. .. Nung Ikot Oku Usung .. .. Nung Ikot Assanga .. .. Nung Ikot Obio Edo .. ..</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ekparakwa .. .. .		<p>Ediene Atai .. .. .</p> <p>Ediene Ikot Ebon .. .. .</p> <p>Ekparakwa .. .. .</p> <p>Ika Annang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akam .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Eda .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Osung .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Essiet .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ntuen .. .. .</p> <p>Ukpom Edem Inyang .. .. .</p> <p>Mbon Ebre .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obong Akan .. .. .</p> <p>Itung Ikot Ndem .. .. .</p>	41	<p>Ediene Atai .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ediene Ikot Ebon .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ekparakwa .. .. . 6</p> <p>Ika Annang .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Akam .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Akpan Eda .. .. . 7</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Osung .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Essiet .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Inyang .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Ntuen .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ukpom Edem Inyang .. .. . 3</p> <p>Mbon Ebre .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Obong Akan .. .. . 2</p> <p>Itung Ikot Ndem .. .. . 1</p>
Obong .. .. .		<p>Mkporikpo Waterside .. .. .</p> <p>Ikweji .. .. .</p> <p>Mkporikpo Nta .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inung .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Ema .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Esop .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Awak .. .. .</p> <p>Ndot .. .. .</p> <p>Otoro .. .. .</p> <p>Abak Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Ibio Nung Iba .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ese .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Udiana Enem .. .. .</p> <p>Omum Unyam .. .. .</p> <p>Obon Ebot .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Mkporikpo .. .. .</p> <p>Obong Niak .. .. .</p> <p>Ibio Nung Achat .. .. .</p> <p>Ibio Edem Urua .. .. .</p> <p>Obong Utit Idiri .. .. .</p> <p>Obong Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Obong Ata Essien .. .. .</p> <p>Esa Obong .. .. .</p> <p>Abat .. .. .</p> <p>Strangers—Ikot Udo Obong and Ikot Obio Ema Waterside .. .. .</p>	42	<p>Mkporikpo Waterside .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikweji .. .. . 1</p> <p>Mkporikpo Nta .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Inung .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Obio Ema .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Esop .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Awak .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ndot .. .. . 1</p> <p>Otoro .. .. . 1</p> <p>Abak Obong .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ibio Nung Iba .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Ese .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Udo Obong .. .. . 3</p> <p>Udiana Enem .. .. . 3</p> <p>Omum Unyam .. .. . 2</p> <p>Obon Ebot .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Mkporikpo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Obong Niak .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ibio Nung Achat .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ibio Edem Urua .. .. . 1</p> <p>Obong Utit Idiri .. .. . 2</p> <p>Obong Ikot Akpan .. .. . 2</p> <p>Obong Ata Essien .. .. . 2</p> <p>Esa Obong .. .. . 3</p> <p>Abat .. .. . 3</p> <p>Strangers—Ikot Udo Obong and Ikot Obio Ema Waterside .. .. . 1</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Ikono .. .. .		Nkwot Ikono .. .. . Ikot Odono .. .. . Ikpe Ikot Akwa .. .. . Ikot Akpa Nsek .. .. . Ikot Udo Nta .. .. . Ikot Akpakpan .. .. . Ikot Obio Ema .. .. . Inen Ikot Okpo .. .. . Ikot Edet .. .. . Nto Unang .. .. . Nung Oku Ikot .. .. . Ikpe Atai .. .. . Ikot Iya .. .. . Nto Edet .. .. .	39	Nkwot Ikono .. .. . 8 Ikot Odono .. .. . 2 Ikpe Ikot Akwa .. .. . 3 Ikot Akpa Nsek .. .. . 1 Ikot Udo Nta .. .. . 1 Ikot Akpakpan .. .. . 2 Ikot Obio Ema .. .. . 4 Inen Ikot Okpo .. .. . 2 Ikot Edet .. .. . 7 Nto Unang .. .. . 2 Nung Oku Ikot .. .. . 1 Ikpe Atai .. .. . 2 Ikot Iya .. .. . 2 Nto Edet .. .. . 2
Uruk .. .. .		Ikot Akpakpan .. .. . Nsidung .. .. . Ikot Orok .. .. . Ikot Udo Adia .. .. . Ikot Ebo .. .. . Ikot Esemín .. .. . Ikot Ekpor .. .. . Eka Uruk Eshiet .. .. . Ikot Ikpa .. .. .	31	Ikot Akpakpan .. .. . 1 Nsidung .. .. . 3 Ikot Orok .. .. . 2 Ikot Udo Adia .. .. . 2 Ikot Ebo .. .. . 3 Ikot Esemín .. .. . 4 Ikot Ekpor .. .. . 3 Eka Uruk Eshiet .. .. . 12 Ikot Ikpa .. .. . 1

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Utu .. .. .		<p>Utu Ikot Nkor .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Nkum .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Ikot Imo Nte .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Idung Akpan Udom .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Mboho .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eboro .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Nsekhe .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Ikot Ekpo .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Obo .. .. .</p> <p>Nkwot Ikot Ebo .. .. .</p> <p>Etok Uruk Eshiet .. .. .</p> <p>Permanent Settlers .. .. .</p>	40	<p>Utu Ikot Nkor .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Nkum .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Ikot Imo Nte .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Idung Akpan Udom .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Mboho .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eboro .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Nsekhe .. .. .</p> <p>Utu Ikot Ekpo .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Obo .. .. .</p> <p>Nkwot Ikot Ebo .. .. .</p> <p>Etok Uruk Eshiet .. .. .</p> <p>Permanent Settlers .. .. .</p>
Achan Ika .. .. .		<p>Ikot Akpan Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oruko .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Udo .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Udofa .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Idiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Okoro-Ata .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Idiong Etor .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ebo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Osukpong .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Ntia .. .. .</p> <p>Abiakana .. .. .</p> <p>Achan Itung .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ntia .. .. .</p> <p>Achan Ika .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inwang .. .. .</p> <p>Nsiding .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Ese .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Ukara .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akata .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Esceden .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eberwang .. .. .</p> <p>Otoro .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Idomo .. .. .</p>	46	<p>Ikot Akpan Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oruko .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Udo .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Udofa .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Idiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Okoro-Ata .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Idiong Etor .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ebo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Osukpong .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Ntia .. .. .</p> <p>Abiakana .. .. .</p> <p>Achan Itung .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ntia .. .. .</p> <p>Achan Ika .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Oyo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inwang .. .. .</p> <p>Nsiding .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Ese .. .. .</p> <p>Nto Ukara .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akata .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Esceden .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eberwang .. .. .</p> <p>Otoro .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Idomo .. .. .</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Acha-Ika—contd.		Ikot Akpan Okure .. Ikot Esu .. Nto Ukpang Otong .. Nto Akpan .. Nto Udo Igwe .. Permanent Settlers ..		Ikot Akpan Okure .. 1 Ikot Esu .. 1 Nto Ukpang Otong .. 1 Nto Akpan .. 1 Nto Udo Igwe .. 1 Permanent Settlers .. 1
Ito Ika .. ..		Ikot Abia Odok .. Imaman .. Nto Etuk Udo .. Ikot Edim .. Udi .. Ikot Akpan Anwa .. Ikot Ekong .. Nto Urua .. Ito .. Nto Udo Ete .. Efen Iboom .. Ikot Udo Nya .. Ikot Okoro .. Ikot Akpan Ifang .. Nto Udo Enwan .. Ikot Otong .. Ikot Urom ..	41	Ikot Abia Odok .. 1 Imaman .. 1 Nto Etuk Udo .. 1 Ikot Edim .. 3 Udi .. 4 Ikot Akpan Anwa .. 8 Ikot Ekong .. 2 Nto Urua .. 1 Ito .. 2 Nto Udo Ete .. 1 Efen Iboom .. 3 Ikot Udo Nya .. 2 Ikot Okoro .. 4 Ikot Akpan Ifang .. 1 Nto Udo Enwan .. 2 Ikot Otong .. 3 Ikot Urom .. 2
Ika-Na-Annang .. ..		Ikot Uko .. Ikot Eshien .. Nto Uso .. Nto Ukpangtia .. Nto Urua .. Nto Mbadum .. Ikpe .. Monta .. Ikot Nja .. Uduk Ata .. Edem Akai ..	33	Ikot Uko .. 3 Ikot Eshien .. 2 Nto Uso .. 2 Nto Ukpangtia .. 1 Nto Urua .. 2 Nto Mbadum .. 1 Ikpe .. 4 Monta .. 9 Ikot Nja .. 5 Uduk Ata .. 2 Edem Akai .. 2

Made by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

*E.R.L.N. No. 57 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN  
THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION OF UYO

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Uyo upon the 1st day of April, 1954.</p>   | <p>Establishment of Local Councils.</p>                     |
| <p>2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto.</p>  | <p>Seals.</p>   |
| <p>3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto.</p>  | <p>Area of the authority of the Council.</p>                |
| <p>4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto.</p>   | <p>Constitution of Councils.</p>                            |
| <p>5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years.</p> | <p>Qualification of voters.</p>                             |
| <p>6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto.</p>  | <p>Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.</p> |
| <p>7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such persons shall be known as the Returning Officer.</p>  | <p>Returning Officer.</p>                                   |
| <p>(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.</p>   |   |
| <p>8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any village shall be as follows:—</p>   | <p>Method of election.</p>                                  |
| <p>(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.</p>   |   |
| <p>(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.</p>   |   |
| <p>(iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.</p>   |   |

- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter :
- Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (vi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

Date of first elections. 10. The first election to the Councils shall be held between the 1st day of January, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Term of office of councillors. 11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of chairman. 12. The chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

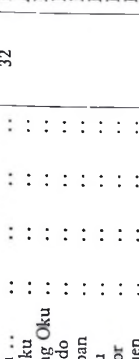
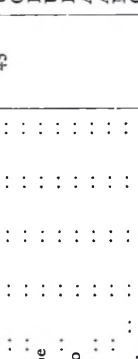
Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.



Functions. 14. (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:




Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Calabar Province as being of a communal nature.



## SCHEDULE



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Oku .. .. .		Ibo Oku .. .. . Afaha Oku .. .. . Nduetong Oku .. .. . Ikot Ebido .. .. . Ikot Akpan .. .. . Ikot Oku .. .. . Ikot Udor .. .. . Ikot Ntuen .. .. . Afaha Idoro .. .. . Nung Obio Enang .. .. . Nung Uyo .. .. . Ikot Akpan Ediene .. .. . Nung Udoo Ediene .. .. . Nung Edong Ediene .. .. .	32	Ibo Oku .. .. . 1 Afaha Oku .. .. . 6 Nduetong Oku .. .. . 1 Ikot Ebido .. .. . 2 Ikot Akpan .. .. . 2 Ikot Oku .. .. . 2 Ikot Udor .. .. . 3 Ikot Ntuen .. .. . 2 Afaha Idoro .. .. . 3 Nung Obio Enang .. .. . 3 Nung Uyo .. .. . 2 Ikot Akpan Ediene .. .. . 2 Nung Udoo Ediene .. .. . 2 Nung Edong Ediene .. .. . 1
Ofot .. .. .		Uyo .. .. . Oniong .. .. . Ikot Ekpe .. .. . Use .. .. . Ikot Ebio .. .. . Anyang .. .. . Anua .. .. . Nsukara .. .. . Obio Ofot .. .. . Ewet .. .. . Ekpri Nsukara .. .. . Ikot Ntuen .. .. . Anua Obio .. .. . Nung Obio Ubo .. .. . Ibiaku .. .. . Iboko .. .. . Atan .. .. . Afaha .. .. . Efiat .. .. . Aka .. .. .	45	Uyo .. .. . 4 Oniong .. .. . 2 Ikot Ekpe .. .. . 1 Use .. .. . 1 Ikot Ebio .. .. . 3 Anyang .. .. . 1 Anua .. .. . 1 Nsukara .. .. . 4 Obio Ofot .. .. . 4 Ewet .. .. . 3 Ekpri Nsukara .. .. . 2 Ikot Ntuen .. .. . 1 Anua Obio .. .. . 1 Nung Obio Ubo .. .. . 1 Ibiaku .. .. . 2 Iboko .. .. . 2 Atan .. .. . 3 Afaha .. .. . 3 Efiat .. .. . 3 Aka .. .. . 5


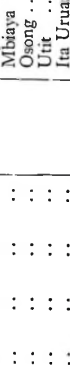
FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Etoi .. .. .		Obio Etoi .. .. . Obot Obom .. .. . Ikot Inyang Idung .. .. . Itiam Ikot Ebia .. .. . Itiam Etoi .. .. . Itiam Ikot Abia Ntuen .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Akpan .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Antem .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Essien .. .. . Mbiabong Anyanya .. .. . Mbak Akpan Ekpenyong .. .. . Mbak Ikot Abasi .. .. . Mbak Ikot Ebo .. .. . Ifa Ikot Okpon .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpan Mbia .. .. . Ifa Ikot Ubo .. .. . Ifa Atai .. .. . Ifa Ikot Idang .. .. . Ifa Ikot Mbia Mkpo .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpan .. .. . Ifa Ikot Obong .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpabio .. .. .	40	Obio Etoi .. .. . 2 Obot Obom .. .. . 1 Ikot Inyang Idung .. .. . 1 Itiam Ikot Ebia .. .. . 3 Itiam Etoi .. .. . 3 Itiam Ikot Abia Ntuen .. .. . 1 Mbiabong Ikot Akpan .. .. . 1 Mbiabong Ikot Antem .. .. . 2 Mbiabong Ikot Essien .. .. . 3 Mbiabong Anyanya .. .. . 2 Mbak Akpan Ekpenyong .. .. . 2 Mbak Ikot Abasi .. .. . 2 Mbak Ikot Ebo .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Okpon .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpan Mbia .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Ubo .. .. . 2 Ifa Atai .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Idang .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Mbia Mkpo .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpan .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Obong .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpabio .. .. . 1
Ikono .. .. .		Anan .. .. . Ikot Ebo .. .. . Ikot Offong .. .. . Ikot Enyene .. .. . Ikot Nsung .. .. . Ikot Akpayak .. .. . Ikot Ayan .. .. . Ikot Oku .. .. . Ikot Mbon .. .. . Ikot Obio Mkpom .. .. . Ikot Odung .. .. . Iton .. .. . Ikot Ofon .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Eboro .. .. .	45	Anan .. .. . 1 Ikot Ebo .. .. . 2 Ikot Offong .. .. . 1 Ikot Enyene .. .. . 2 Ikot Nsung .. .. . 3 Ikot Akpayak .. .. . 5 Ikot Ayan .. .. . 1 Ikot Oku .. .. . 4 Ikot Mbon .. .. . 4 Ikot Obio Mkpom .. .. . 2 Ikot Odung .. .. . 3 Iton .. .. . 2 Ikot Ofon .. .. . 4 Mbiabong Ikot Eboro .. .. . 3



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ikono—continued		Mbiabong Minya .. Nung Asang Nung Ukim ..	..	Mbiabong .. .. . 3 Minya .. .. . 1 Nung Asang .. .. . 1 Nung Ukim .. .. . 3
Mbioto .. ..		Ekom .. .. . Ikot Obio Inyang Mbioto .. .. . Ikot Osong .. .. . Ikot Nseyen .. .. . Ikot Ekan .. .. . Ikot Isong .. .. . Ikot Akpanyan .. .. . Ikot Nkang .. .. . Afaha Efiat .. .. . Ikot Udo Adia .. .. .	29	Ekom .. .. . 4 Ikot Obio Inyang .. .. . 4 Mbioto .. .. . 5 Ikot Osong .. .. . 1 Ikot Nseyen .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekan .. .. . 2 Ikot Isong .. .. . 3 Ikot Akpanyan .. .. . 2 Ikot Nkang .. .. . 2 Afaha Efiat .. .. . 4 Ikot Udo Adia .. .. . 1
Ikot Akpan Ntebom		Mbioto Ekpene Ituen .. .. . Ikot Ante .. .. . Ikot Ibok .. .. . Ikot Obio Eka .. .. . Ikot Ese .. .. . Ikot Nsung .. .. . Efiat .. .. . Ikot Mfon .. .. . Ikot Umiang Ede .. .. . Ikot Akpan .. .. . Iwo Etor .. .. . Ikot Etor .. .. . Ikot Ekpo .. .. . Anyam .. .. . Akpasak .. .. . Ikot Akpa Ese .. .. . Afa Efa .. .. . Ikot Ebot .. .. .	42	Mbioto Ekpene Ituen .. .. . 5 Ikot Ante .. .. . 4 Ikot Ibok .. .. . 3 Ikot Obio Eka .. .. . 1 Ikot Ese .. .. . 2 Ikot Nsung .. .. . 2 Efiat .. .. . 1 Ikot Mfon .. .. . 3 Ikot Umiang Ede .. .. . 2 Ikot Akpan .. .. . 1 Ikot Ukpong .. .. . 1 Iwo Etor .. .. . 3 Ikot Etor .. .. . 1 Ikot Ekpo .. .. . 1 Anyam .. .. . 3 Akpasak .. .. . 3 Ikot Akpa Ese .. .. . 1 Afa Efa .. .. . 2 Ikot Ebot .. .. . 3



FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIFTH
<i>Name of Council</i>	<i>Common Seal</i>	<i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	<i>No. of Councillors to be elected</i>	<i>Distribution of seats</i>
Etoi .. .. .		Obio Etoi .. .. . Obot Obom .. .. . Ikot Inyang Idung .. .. . Itiam Ikot Ebia .. .. . Itiam Etoi .. .. . Itiam Ikot Abia Ntuen .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Akpan .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Antem .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Essien .. .. . Mbiabong Anyanya .. .. . Mbaak Akpan Ekpenyong .. .. . Mbaak Ikot Abasi .. .. . Mbaak Ikot Ebo .. .. . Ifa Ikot Okpon .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpan Mbia .. .. . Ifa Ikot Ubo .. .. . Ifa Atai .. .. . Ifa Ikot Idang .. .. . Ifa Ikot Mbia Mkpo .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpan .. .. . Ifa Ikot Obong .. .. . Ifa Ikot Akpabio .. .. .	40	Obio Etoi .. .. . 2 Obot Obom .. .. . 1 Ikot Inyang Idung .. .. . 1 Itiam Ikot Ebia .. .. . 3 Itiam Etoi .. .. . 3 Itiam Ikot Abia Ntuen .. .. . 1 Mbiabong Ikot Akpan .. .. . 2 Mbiabong Ikot Antem .. .. . 2 Mbiabong Ikot Essien .. .. . 3 Mbiabong Anyanya .. .. . 2 Mbaak Akpan Ekpenyong .. .. . 2 Mbaak Ikot Abasi .. .. . 2 Mbaak Ikot Ebo .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Okpon .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpan Mbia .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Ubo .. .. . 2 Ifa Atai .. .. . 3 Ifa Ikot Idang .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Mbia Mkpo .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpan .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Obong .. .. . 1 Ifa Ikot Akpabio .. .. . 1
Ikono.. .. .		Anan .. .. . Ikot Ebo .. .. . Ikot Offiong .. .. . Ikot Enyiene .. .. . Ikot Nsung .. .. . Ikot Akpayak .. .. . Ikot Ayan .. .. . Ikot Oku .. .. . Ikot Mbon .. .. . Ikot Obio Mkpong .. .. . Ikot Odung .. .. . Iton .. .. . Ikot Ofon .. .. . Mbiabong Ikot Eboro .. .. .	45	Anan .. .. . 1 Ikot Ebo .. .. . 2 Ikot Offiong .. .. . 1 Ikot Enyiene .. .. . 2 Ikot Nsung .. .. . 3 Ikot Akpayak .. .. . 5 Ikot Ayan .. .. . 1 Ikot Oku .. .. . 4 Ikot Mbon .. .. . 2 Ikot Obio Mkpong .. .. . 4 Ikot Odung .. .. . 3 Iton .. .. . 2 Ikot Ofon .. .. . 4 Mbiabong Ikot Eboro .. .. . 3



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats	
Ikono—continued		Mbiabong .. .. Minya .. .. Nung Asang .. .. Nung Ukim .. ..		Mbiabong .. .. 3 Minya .. .. 1 Nung Asang .. .. 1 Nung Ukim .. .. 3	
Mbioto .. ..		Ekorn .. .. Ikot Obio Inyang .. .. Mbioto .. .. Ikot Osong .. .. Ikot Nseyen .. .. Ikot Ekan .. .. Ikot Isong .. .. Ikot Akpanyan .. .. Ikot Nkang .. .. Afaha Efiat .. .. Ikot Udo Adia .. ..	29	Ekorn .. .. 4 Ikot Obio Inyang .. .. 4 Mbioto .. .. 5 Ikot Osong .. .. 1 Ikot Nseyen .. .. 2 Ikot Ekan .. .. 3 Ikot Akpanyan .. .. 2 Ikot Nkang .. .. 4 Afaha Efiat .. .. 4 Ikot Udo Adia .. .. 1	
Ikot Akpan Nieborn			Mbioto Ekpene Ituen .. .. Ikot Ante .. .. Ikot Ibok .. .. Ikot Obio Eka .. .. Ikot Ese .. .. Ikot Nsung .. .. Efiat .. .. Ikot Mfon .. .. Ikot Umiang Ede .. .. Ikot Ukpong .. .. Iwo Etor .. .. Ikot Etor .. .. Ikot Ekpo .. .. Anyam .. .. Akpasak .. .. Ikot Akpa Ese .. .. Ata Efa .. .. Ikot Ebot .. ..	42	Mbioto Ekpene Ituen .. 5 Ikot Ante .. .. 4 Ikot Ibok .. .. 3 Ikot Obio Eka .. .. 1 Ikot Ese .. .. 2 Ikot Nsung .. .. 2 Efiat .. .. 1 Ikot Mfon .. .. 3 Ikot Umiang Ede .. .. 2 Ikot Ukpong .. .. 1 Iwo Etor .. .. 3 Ikot Etor .. .. 1 Ikot Ekpo .. .. 3 Anyam .. .. 3 Akpasak .. .. 3 Ikot Akpa Ese .. .. 1 Ata Efa .. .. 2 Ikot Ebot .. .. 3

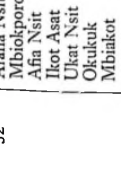

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD <i>Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council</i>	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH <i>Distribution of seats</i>
Etinan		Etinan .. Ikot Ebo .. Ikot Ebiyak .. Ikot Ekiang .. Ikot Akpabio .. Ikot Akata .. Ikot Abasi .. Ikot Udo .. Ishiet .. Ekpene Oborn .. Edem Ekpat .. Ndon Eyo .. Afaha Iman .. Afaha Akpan Ekpo .. Ikot Udobia .. Ikot Okpudo .. Ikot Anana .. Ikot Esua ..	42	Etinan .. 7 Ikot Ebo .. 3 Ikot Ebiyak .. 2 Ikot Ekiang .. 2 Ikot Akpabio .. 1 Ikot Akata .. 4 Ikot Abasi .. 1 Ikot Udo .. 2 Ishiet .. 2 Ekpene Oborn .. 3 Edem Ekpat .. 2 Ndon Eyo .. 1 Afaha Iman .. 2 Afaha Akpan Ekpo .. 1 Ikot Udobia .. 6 Ikot Okpudo .. 1 Ikot Anana .. 1 Ikot Esua .. 1
Oniong		Ikot Itina .. Ndon Utim .. Ekpene Ukpá .. Ikot Eba .. Ikot Esien Oku .. Awa Ntong .. Ikot Inyang .. Ikot Obong .. Ikot Akpan .. Nkana .. Afaha Urua Essien .. Oniong .. Ndon Eyo ..	39	Ikot Itina .. 1 Ndon Utim .. 4 Ekpene Ukpá .. 6 Ikot Eba .. 2 Ikot Esien Oku .. 4 Awa Ntong .. 2 Ikot Inyang .. 1 Ikot Obong .. 1 Ikot Akpan .. 2 Nkana .. 7 Afaha Urua Essien .. 1 Oniong .. 6 Ndon Eyo .. 2



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Northern Uruan ..		Akpa Ulong .. Eman Uruan .. Ibiakpe .. Ibiaku Uruan .. Ifianyang Obot .. Ikot Udo .. Ikpa Uruan .. Ikot Oku .. Ikpa Beach .. Mbiaya .. Osong .. Utit .. Ita Uruan ..	42	Akpa Ulong .. 1 Eman Uruan .. 4 Ibiakpe .. 3 Ibiaku Uruan .. 11 Ifianyang Obot .. 2 Ikot Udo .. 1 Ikpa Uruan .. 2 Ikot Oku .. 1 Ikpa Beach .. 1 Mbiaya .. 9 Osong .. 1 Utit .. 2 Ita Uruan .. 4
Central Uruan ..		Anakpa .. Akani Obio Uruan .. Eman Ikot Ebo .. Esuk Odu .. Idu .. Ifianyang Beach .. Ifianyang Usuk .. Ikot Inyang Esuk .. Ikot Otoyie .. Mbiakong .. Na Erin .. Nwaniba .. Nung Oku ..	40	Anakpa .. 1 Akani Obio Uruan .. 1 Eman Ikot Ebo .. 1 Esuk Odu .. 5 Idu .. 11 Ifianyang Beach .. 3 Ifianyang Usuk .. 3 Ikot Inyang Esuk .. 4 Ikot Otoyie .. 1 Mbiakong .. 5 Na Erin .. 1 Nwaniba .. 5 Nung Oku .. 2



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councilors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Southern Uruan ..		Adadia .. Alaha Ikot .. Ekim Enem .. Eman Uruan .. Ekpene Ibia .. Ekpene Ibia .. Ibiaku Ikot Ese .. Ikot Akan .. Ikot Akpa Ekang .. Ishiet Ekim .. Ituk Mbang .. Ibumo .. Ishiet Inua Akpa .. Ndon Ebom .. Ndon Nsit .. Ntrukpum .. Nung Ikono Obio .. Nung Ikono Ufok .. Oku Ikot Edung .. Obio Ndobbo .. Ibiaku Ishiet .. Use ..	42	Adadia .. 4 Alaha Ikot .. 1 Ekim Enem .. 1 Eman Uruan .. 3 Ekpene Ukim .. 1 Ekpene Ibia .. 1 Ibiaku Ikot Ese .. 1 Ikot Akan Ekang .. 2 Ikot Akpa Ekang .. 2 Ishiet Ekim .. 4 Ituk Mbang .. 4 Ibumo .. 1 Ishiet Inua Akpa .. 1 Ndon Ebom .. 6 Ndon Nsit .. 1 Ntrukpum .. 1 Nung Ikono Obio .. 2 Nung Ikono Ufok .. 3 Oku Ikot Edung .. 1 Obio Ndobbo .. 1 Ibiaku Ishiet .. 3 Use .. 1
Itit Eto ..		Ikot Etobo .. Ikot Erim .. Ikot Akpan .. Usang Inyang .. Ikot Okobo .. Atan .. Ikot Ede .. Ikot Akan .. Ikot Iyire .. Ikot Nsang ..	33	Ikot Etobo .. 8 Ikot Erim .. 3 Ikot Akpan .. 3 Usang Inyang .. 3 Ikot Okobo .. 3 Atan .. 3 Ikot Ede .. 4 Ikot Akan .. 2 Ikot Iyire .. 2 Ikot Nsang .. 1

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Afaha Mbiaseo		<p>Afaha Ofiong .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Abia .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Uwud .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpan .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Etang .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Ikot Ede .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiaseo .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Ikot .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Ntup .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiokporo Ekpat Eyop .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiokporo Ikot Enyin .. .. .</p>	40	<p>.. .. . 12</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 2</p> <p>.. .. . 2</p> <p>.. .. . 2</p> <p>.. .. . 1</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 4</p> <p>.. .. . 4</p> <p>.. .. . 4</p>
Edeboru Mbiaseo		<p>Edeboru No. 1 .. .. .</p> <p>Asuana Nduflok .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Odiong .. .. .</p> <p>Nquiot Nsai .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Etam .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ndiya .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ebre .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Abasi .. .. .</p> <p>Afia Nsai .. .. .</p>	34	<p>.. .. . 7</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 1</p> <p>.. .. . 2</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 7</p> <p>.. .. . 1</p> <p>.. .. . 3</p> <p>.. .. . 7</p>



FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ndue Edue-Afia Nsit-Oboyo ..		<p>Ndiya Usang Inyang ..</p> <p>Ikot Akpafuk ..</p> <p>Ikot Ukan ..</p> <p>Afia Nsiti Atai ..</p> <p>Ikot Edeborn ..</p> <p>Ikot Abasi Ufat ..</p> <p>Ikot Obio Ndua ..</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Nti ..</p> <p>Ikot Ewang ..</p>	38	<p>Ndiya Usang Inyang... 7</p> <p>Ikot Akpafuk .. 3</p> <p>Ikot Ukan .. 8</p> <p>Afia Nsiti Atai... 4</p> <p>Ikot Edeborn .. 7</p> <p>Ikot Abasi Ufat .. 2</p> <p>Ikot Obio Ndua .. 3</p> <p>Ikot Inyang Nti .. 2</p> <p>Ikot Ewang .. 2</p>
Edeborn Asang ..		<p>Ikot Ntuen Nsiti..</p> <p>Ndue-Edue ..</p> <p>Ikot Ntan ..</p> <p>Ikot Offiok ..</p> <p>Ikot Oku Nsiti ..</p> <p>Ekpene Ikpan ..</p> <p>Obiokpok ..</p> <p>Anyam ..</p> <p>Ikot Offiong ..</p> <p>Okwo Nsiti ..</p> <p>Nditong ..</p> <p>Ikot Obio Edim ..</p> <p>Ikot Obok ..</p>	41	<p>Ikot Ntuen Nsiti 3</p> <p>Ndue-Edue .. 1</p> <p>Ikot Ntan .. 4</p> <p>Ikot Offiok .. 1</p> <p>Ikot Oku Nsiti 2</p> <p>Ekpene Ikpan.. 5</p> <p>Obiokpok .. 6</p> <p>Anyam .. 4</p> <p>Ikot Offiong .. 2</p> <p>Okwo Nsiti .. 3</p> <p>Nditong .. 1</p> <p>Ikot Obio Edim .. 1</p> <p>Ikot Obok .. 4</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councilors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Afaha Asang		<p>Afaha Nsit Mbiokporo Afa Nsit Ikot Asat... Ukat Nsit Okukuk .. Mbiakot</p>	32	<p>.. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..</p> <p>Afaha Nsit .. .. Mbiokporo .. .. Afa Nsit .. .. Ikot Asat .. .. Ukat Nsit .. .. Okukuk .. .. Mbiakot .. ..</p> <p>2 12 5 4 4 2 3</p>
Oboyo Asang		<p>Mbak Nsit Ikot Orong Oboyo Atai Oboyo Etim Oboyo Ikot Ita Oboyo Etok Oboyo Ntung Ikot Idem Asang ..</p>	43	<p>.. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. .. ..</p> <p>Mbak Nsit .. .. Ikot Orong .. .. Oboyo Atai .. .. Oboyo Etim .. .. Oboyo Ikot Ita .. .. Oboyo Etok .. .. Oboyo Ntung .. .. Ikot Idem .. .. Asang .. ..</p> <p>1 2 8 10 9 5 4 3 1</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Iwawa		<p>Akpa Utung .. Ikot Akpa Edong .. Ikot Akpan Ndilu .. Ikot Annuung .. Ikot Akpa .. Ikot Nkiri .. Ikot Udo Nkan .. Ikot Iyan .. Ikot Ebre .. Ikot Edung .. Ikot Obio Ata .. Mbak .. Ikot Ukop .. Ikot Uko .. Ikot Udo Eyoho .. Ikot Udo Ese .. Ikot Akpa Ose .. Ikot Ediam ..</p>	42	<p>Akpa Utung .. Ikot Akpa Edong .. Ikot Akpan Ndilu .. Ikot Annuung .. Ikot Akpa .. Ikot Nkiri .. Ikot Udo Nkan .. Ikot Iyan .. Ikot Ebre .. Ikot Edung .. Ikot Obio Ata .. Mbak .. Ikot Ukop .. Ikot Uko .. Ikot Udo Eyoho .. Ikot Udo Ese .. Ikot Akpa Ose .. Ikot Ediam ..</p>
Ndikpo		<p>Ikot Akpabin .. Ikot Ennah .. Ikot Akpasin .. Ikot Ikan .. Ikot Mbride .. Ntung Otrong .. Ikot Abasi .. Ikot Obio Nko .. Ikot Nkwo .. Ikot Osom .. Ikot Atan Uma .. Ikot Abasi Ebin .. Ikot Itok .. Obio Aduong .. Ikot Atang Ebin .. Ikot Mbang .. Ikot Obong Ediene .. Ndikpo Atang ..</p>	26	<p>Ikot Akpabin .. Ikot Ennah .. Ikot Akpasin .. Ikot Ikan .. Ikot Mbride .. Ntung Otrong .. Ikot Abasi .. Ikot Obio Nko .. Ikot Nkwo .. Ikot Osom .. Ikot Atan Uma .. Ikot Abasi Ebin .. Ikot Itok .. Obio Aduong .. Ikot Atang Ebin .. Ikot Mbang .. Ikot Obong Ediene .. Ndikpo Atang ..</p>

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Southern Ibesikpo ..		<p>Ikot Iko .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Okubo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Offiong .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Obio Udono .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Uda .. .. .</p> <p>Nung Udoo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Etok .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Essien .. .. .</p> <p>Ediam .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ide Akpakpan .. .. .</p> <p>Nung Ete .. .. .</p> <p>Na Unuaniang Mbierere Obio Nos. 1 &amp; 2</p> <p>Mbierere Akpawut .. .. .</p> <p>Uko Ikot Edeba .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Eto .. .. .</p> <p>Oku Ibesikpo .. .. .</p> <p>Edem Ibiok .. .. .</p> <p>Arai Nung Ukana .. .. .</p> <p>Nung Ukana Ikot Ekpe .. .. .</p>	49	<p>Ikot Iko .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Okubo .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Obio Offiong .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Obio Udono .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Uda .. .. . 2</p> <p>Nung Udoo .. .. . 5</p> <p>Ikot Akpa Etok .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Essien .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ediam .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ide Akpakpan .. .. . 1</p> <p>Nung Ete .. .. . 4</p> <p>Na Unuaniang Mbierere Obio Nos. 1 and 2 .. .. . 4</p> <p>Mbierere Akpawut .. .. . 4</p> <p>Uko Ikot Edeba .. .. . 4</p> <p>Ikot Eto .. .. . 1</p> <p>Oku Ibesikpo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Edem Ibiok .. .. . 1</p> <p>Arai Nung Ukana .. .. . 4</p> <p>Nung Ukana Ikot Ekpe .. .. . 3</p>
Northern Ibesikpo ..		<p>Ikot Akpan Abia .. .. .</p> <p>Nung Oku Ibesikpo .. .. .</p> <p>Ebere Etu .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ikere .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Udo Ekop .. .. .</p> <p>Itoko .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiakpang Ikot Edim .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Abasi Idem .. .. .</p> <p>Abu Ukpo .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ekure .. .. .</p> <p>Ikot Ide Etuk Ndo .. .. .</p> <p>Mbiakpang Arai .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Ikot Obio Nkan .. .. .</p> <p>Afaha Arai .. .. .</p>	47	<p>Ikot Akpan Abia .. .. . 2</p> <p>Nung Oku Ibesikpo .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ebere Etu .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ikere .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Udo Ekop .. .. . 2</p> <p>Itoko .. .. . 2</p> <p>Mbiakpang Ikot Edim .. .. . 2</p> <p>Ikot Abasi Idem .. .. . 1</p> <p>Abu Ukpo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Ikot Ekure .. .. . 3</p> <p>Ikot Ide Etuk Ndo .. .. . 1</p> <p>Mbiakpang Arai .. .. . 2</p> <p>Afaha Ikot Obio Nkan .. .. . 3</p> <p>Afaha Arai .. .. . 4</p>

FIRST	SECOND	THIRD	FOURTH	FIFTH
Name of Council	Common Seal	Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	No. of Councillors to be elected	Distribution of seats.
Northern Ibesikpo —continued		Afaha Etuk Afaha Ikot Akpan Edu .. Afaha Ikot Usom .. Afaha Udo Eyop .. Ewot Uta .. Ikot Miborn .. Afaha Ikot Eyop .. Ikot Oduot ..		Afaha Etuk .. Afaha Ikot Akpan Edu .. Afaha Ikot Usom .. Afaha Udo Eyop .. Ewot Uta .. Ikot Miborn .. Afaha Ikot Eyop .. Ikot Oduot ..
Afaha .. ..		Ikot Ekpot .. Ikot Ukpong .. Ikot Ebiyan .. Ikot Obon .. Iwok Obio Anduang .. Ikot Otu .. Ndisiak .. Ikot Udofia .. Ikot Uyo .. Ikot Atai .. Iwok Nsit .. Odot No. 1 .. Odot No. 2 .. Odot No. 3 .. Etobodom .. Akpang Ofop .. Ikot Inyang .. Ikot Akpabio .. Ndon Ekpe .. Ikot Ebitta .. Ikot Mkpo .. Ikot Edong .. Ikot Edebe .. Ikot Akpa Ike ..	44	Ikot Ekpot .. Ikot Ukpong .. Ikot Ebiyan .. Ikot Obon .. Iwok Obio Anduang .. Ikot Otu .. Ndisiak .. Ikot Udofia .. Ikot Uyo .. Ikot Atai .. Iwok Nsit .. Odot No. 1 .. Odot No. 2 .. Odot No. 3 .. Etobodom .. Akpang Ofop .. Ikot Inyang .. Ikot Akpabio .. Ndon Ekpe .. Ikot Ebitta .. Ikot Mkpo .. Ikot Edong .. Ikot Edebe .. Ikot Akpa Ike ..

FIRST Name of Council	SECOND Common Seal	THIRD Villages whose areas make up the area of the authority of the Council	FOURTH No. of Councillors to be elected	FIFTH Distribution of seats
Ibia Ikot .. ..		<p>Acia .. ..</p> <p>Unyere .. ..</p> <p>Ibakang .. ..</p> <p>Idiaba .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Abin Enyie .. ..</p> <p>Nda Nsit .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Esop .. ..</p> <p>Ubetim .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Nruen .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Idie Udong .. ..</p> <p>Ndon Omun .. ..</p> <p>Ndin Ikot Irie Udung .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Obong .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Asua .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Estien .. ..</p> <p>Idikpa .. ..</p>	41	<p>Adia .. ..</p> <p>Unyere .. ..</p> <p>Ibakang .. ..</p> <p>Idiaba .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Abin Enyie .. ..</p> <p>Nda Nsit .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Esop .. ..</p> <p>Ubetim .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Nruen .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Idie Udong .. ..</p> <p>Ndon Omun .. ..</p> <p>Ndin Ikot Irie Udung .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Obong .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Asua .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Estien .. ..</p> <p>Idikpa .. ..</p>
Ibedu .. ..		<p>Ibedu .. ..</p> <p>Okoro Nsit .. ..</p> <p>Okoro Atai .. ..</p> <p>Idifa .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Mkpene .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ubok Udom .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ese .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Abasit .. ..</p>	40	<p>Ibedu .. ..</p> <p>Okoro Nsit .. ..</p> <p>Okoro Atai .. ..</p> <p>Idifa .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Mkpene .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ubok Udom .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Ese .. ..</p> <p>Ikot Abasit .. ..</p>

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 58 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF OPOBO

- Establishment of Local Councils. 1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance"), the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the administrative division of Opobo upon the 1st day of April, 1954.
- Seals. 2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the Schedule hereto.
- Area of the authority of the Councils. 3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the fourth column of the First Schedule hereto.
- Constitution. 4. The Councils shall consist of the number of elected members set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Where there is a recognised sub-clan head in a sub-clan area which is a Local Council area, the recognised sub-clan head may be appointed a member of the Council and the number of members of the Councils shall be increased accordingly.
- Qualification of voters. 5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years.
- Distribution of number of councillors to be elected. 6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the First Schedule hereto.
- Returning Officer. 7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
- Method of election. 8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—  
(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of the village concerned fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.  
(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 1st day of January, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954. Date of first election.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance the term of office of elected councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:— Term of office of councillors.

- (1) on the 25th day of March, 1955, the 25th day of March, 1956, and the 25th day of March, 1957, approximately one third of the elected members of each Local Council shall retire, in accordance with the scheme of retirement shown in the Second Schedule to this Instrument;
- (2) the places of the members who retire shall be filled on the same day by newly elected members elected by the voters of the villages concerned in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 5 of this Instrument;
- (3) councillors who are elected to replace those who have retired shall serve for a full term of three years;
- (4) councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided that they are still eligible for membership, offer themselves for re-election.



13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.




14. (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance: Functions.



Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.



(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Councils may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of Calabar Province as being of a communal nature.





Name of Council	Common Seal	No. of Councillors	Villages whose areas make up the area of the Authority of the Council	Distri- bution of Seats
Ibesit Nung Ikot		63	Ikot Ukpong Obiokpon Ibesit .. .. Nung Ntuk Uma .. .. Ikot Akpan Udo .. .. Ikot Nido .. .. Ikot Iba .. .. Ikot Akpan Nsek .. .. Warife .. .. Ikot Owuk .. .. Ikot Oto .. .. Ikot Omomo .. .. Ikot Oku .. .. Ikot Ikpene .. .. Ikot Udoro .. .. Ikot Akama .. .. Ikot Idem .. .. Itung .. .. Nung Ikot .. .. Ereben .. ..	1 13 2 1 1 2 2 4 1 1 1 2 2 8 5 4 2 4 7 2
Ete-Okon ..		42	Ete .. .. Okon .. .. Ikwa .. .. Iman .. .. Ikot Akpan Udo Itak Abasi (1) Nda Uku .. .. Ikot Ikwo .. .. Ejekuru .. .. Obooma .. .. Peterside .. .. Bethlehem .. .. Cockeye Brown .. .. Cooksey .. .. Ivofe .. .. Apiefi .. .. Okoro Inyang .. .. Ama Nglass .. .. Ama Ngba Uji .. .. Okoro Bilom .. .. Ayama .. .. Amauka .. ..	13 4 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 2

Name of Council	Common Seal	No. of Councillors	Villages whose areas make up the area of the Authority of the Council	District Division of Seats
Ete-Onkon—continued		36	Obianga Iko Nta Uruborn Alapaya Oza Abor Uko Okro Ikot Okwo Ikot Ata Udo Ikot Etenge Ete Ikot Urnang Ikot Akan Ikot Ataha	1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Edemaya .. .. .		36	Ukan Ikot Ubo Akama Ikot Iyre Ikot Okpok Ikot Eyen Imo Ikot Akpan Ikot Oboro Enyin Ikot Etenge Ndon Ikot Ndiem Edidiuo Ikot Uside Ikot Efre Ikot Akpabio Atan Eka Iko Ikot Unya Ikot Enini	8 4 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Ikpa Ibekwe .. .. .		42	Ikot Abasi Ikot Aba Ikpetim Ikot Obong Ikot Essien Ikot Akpan Ata Ikot Eteruk Ebranga Dappa Ikpetim Uta Ebaa Ikot Ukpaka Inua Egwanga Ward A Egwanga Ward B Egwanga Ward C	2 2 3 3 2 2 1 1 9 7 11

Name of Council	Common Seal	No. of Councilors	Villages whose areas make up the area of the Authority of the Council	District or Seat of Seats
Nung Assang		36	Essene (Nung Assang) Ikot Obio Obo Ikot Ada Udo Ikot Akpa Idiong Ikot Etefia Ukar Nduk .. Ikot Imo .. Essene Waterside Ndak Ekom .. Ikot Ufot .. Iboro .. Akpaborn .. Ikot Eduo .. Ikot Ekara .. Ikot Obio Akpan .. Ikot Obio Ekpe .. Ikot Usop .. Ikot Akpan Enin .. Ikot Esang .. Ikot Ubo Ekpe .. Ikot Osudu .. Atan Ikpe ..	13 2 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 1 2 1 1 2 6 6 2 8 1 1 5 3 3 2 3 5 4 2 3 1
Ikpa Ikono		48	Ibianga .. Ife .. Ikot Abasi .. Obio Nkan .. Ikot Abia Utok .. Ikot Eesen .. Ikot Arang .. Ikot Edah .. Ikot Ekpaw .. Ikot Enyiene .. Ikot Mkpaye .. Ikot Obio Nso .. Ikot Urmiang .. Ikot Unya .. Iton .. Ekpuk .. Asana ..	2 6 6 2 2 8 1 1 5 3 3 2 3 5 4 2 3 1

Name of Council	Common Seal	No. of Councillors	Villages whose areas make up the area of the Authority of the Council	Distribution of Seats
Ibiaku .. .. .		54	Itakuru Esa Ekpo .. .. . Itot Ntot .. .. . Itot Akpabong .. .. . Itakwe Akpanya .. .. . Itot Itimah .. .. . Itot Ebak .. .. . Itot Aka .. .. . Itot Ekpenyong .. .. . Itot Abia Enin .. .. . Itot Abasi Akpan .. .. . Minya Nrak .. .. . Nya Odiong .. .. .	9 6 4 4 1 5 1 3 3 4 4 10
Ukpurn Minya .. .. .		57	Ata Minya .. .. . Ikot Abasi Minya .. .. . Ikot Obong .. .. . Ikot Ekaide .. .. . Assong .. .. . Ibot .. .. . Ikot Abasi Ufon .. .. . Ikot Edehe .. .. . Ikot Ekop .. .. . Ikot Ekpuk .. .. . Ikot Obio Okoi .. .. . Ikot Abia .. .. . Ikot Udo .. .. . Mkpata Erin .. .. . Eka Nung Ukim .. .. . Etok Nung Ukim .. .. . Ikot Ekpe .. .. . Ikot Obio Akwa .. .. . Ikot Udo Idem .. .. . Nkikara .. .. . Nung Ukim (III) .. .. . Ikot Etafia Minya .. .. . Ikot Akpakop .. .. .	4 1 3 2 8 3 1 2 3 1 3 5 2 6 2 1 3 1 1 1 2 1 1

Name of Council	Common Seal	No. of Councilors	Villages whose areas make up the area of the Authority of the Council	Distribution of Seats
Ikpa Ibom		57	Ekim .. Ikot Akata .. Ikot Ekpang .. Ibio Ete .. Ikot Akpa Ekop .. Ikot Inyang Okop .. Ikot Obio Akai .. Ikot Obio Irong .. Ikot Obio Ndoho .. Ikot Aba .. Ikot Eto .. Ikot Ukwia .. Ndon Obodom .. Ikot Akpaeden .. Ikot Okop Odong .. Ikot Isighe .. Ikot Oyoro .. Atamuk .. Ibotto .. Ikot Ekong .. Ndon Ibotio .. Ukar .. Ukar—Ariba Strangers .. Ikot Obio Ekpong .. Ikot Edim .. Ikot Enin ..	3 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 5 1 2 1 2 2 3 4 3 10 2 2 1
Ngo		75	Ngo .. Echirichion .. Agbafor .. Orugon .. Obio Ezeng .. Ukwia .. Old Agana .. New Agana .. Unye Angala .. Egwede ..	15 1 4 3 1

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## Local Council

Members to retire on 31-3-55

Members to retire on 31-3-56

Members to retire on 31-3-57

- Ikpa Ibeikwe** .. 10th, 9th and 8th members on District Council. Eleven other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Ete Okon** .. 2nd member on County Council. 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th members on District Council. Nine other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Nung Assang** .. 9th, 8th and 7th members on District Council. Nine other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Edem Aya** .. 9th, 8th and 7th members on District Council. Nine other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Ukpum Mirya** .. 2nd member on County Council. 13th, 12th, 11th and 10th members on District Council. Fourteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Ikpa Ikono** .. 2nd member on County Council. 9th, 8th and 7th members on District Council. Twelve other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- Ikpa Ibonn** .. 2nd member on County Council. 12th, 11th, 10th and 9th members on District Council. Fourteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.
- 2nd member on County Council. 7th, 6th and 5th members on District Council. Ten other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- 7th, 6th, 5th and 4th members on District Council. Ten other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- The member on the County Council. 6th, 5th and 4th members on District Council. Eight other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- The member on the County Council. 6th, 5th and 4th members on District Council. Eight other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- 9th, 8th, 7th and 6th members on District Council. Fifteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- 6th, 5th and 4th members on District Council. Thirteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**
- 1st member on County Council. 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Nine remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.**
- 1st member on County Council. 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Nine remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.**
- 1st member on County Council. 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Thirteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.**
- 1st member on County Council. 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Twelve remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first and second years.**
- 1st member on County Council. 8th, 7th, 6th and 5th members on District Council. Fourteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.**

## Local Council

## Members to retire on 31-3-55

Ibinku .. 2nd member on County Council. 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th members on District Council. Thirteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.

Ngo .. 3rd member on County Council. 19th, 18th, 17th, 16th, 15th and 14th members on District Council. Eighteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.

Unyenda .. 2nd member on County Council. 11th, 10th and 9th members on District Council. Ten other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.

Eastern Obolo .. 6th and 5th members on District Council. Six other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.

Abak Midim .. 2nd member on County Council. 17th, 16th, 15th, 14th, 13th and 12th members on District Council. Fourteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot.

Ibesit Nung Ikot .. 16th, 15th, 14th, 13th and 12th members on District Council. Sixteen other members who are not members of County or District Councils to be selected by lot.

In this Schedule, the terms "1st member," "10th member," etc., have the same meanings as are given to them in the Instruments establishing the County and District Councils.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 18th day of December, 1953.

## Members to retire on 31-3-57

1st member on County Council. 7th, 6th, 5th and 4th members on District Council. Thirteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.

2nd member on County Council. 13th, 12th, 11th, 10th, 9th and 8th members on District Council. Eighteen other members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.

3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Ten other members who are not members of County or District Councils to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.

The member on the County Council. 4th and 3rd members on District Council. Five other members who are not members of County or District Councils to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.

1st member on County Council. 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fifteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council to be selected by lot from among those who have not retired in first year.

2nd member on County Council. 6th, 5th, 4th, 3rd 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fourteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Nine remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

2nd and 1st members on District Council. Six remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

1st member on County Council. 5th, 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fifteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council and who have not retired in first or second years.

1st member on County Council. 6th, 5th, 4th, 3rd 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fourteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

1st member on County Council. 4th, 3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Nine remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

2nd and 1st members on District Council. Six remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

1st member on County Council. 5th, 4th, 3rd 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fifteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council and who have not retired in first or second years.

2nd member on County Council. 6th, 5th, 4th, 3rd 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Fourteen remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

3rd, 2nd and 1st members on District Council. Nine remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

2nd and 1st members on District Council. Six remaining members who are not members of County or District Council, and who have not retired in first or second years.

E.R.L.N. No. 59 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE AWGU  
DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of the Awgu District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Awgu District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Common Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of authority of District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Maku	Okpanku-Mpu	Abaogugu-Ituku
Awgu	Achi	Ihe-Agbudu-Isu
Mbowo	Inyi-Awlaw	Owelli-Ogbaku-Ogugu
Lengwe	Amaowelli-Ugbo-	Anike
Uduma	Obeagu.	
Abboh		

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of thirty-seven elected members.

Wards.

5. One councillor shall be elected from each of the thirty-seven wards described in the Schedule to this Instrument.

Qualifications of voters.

6. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers for each ward on the nominal rolls approved by the tax-collection authority appointed for the area of the Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years.

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any ward shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of each ward fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and of the number of councillors to be elected by that ward to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter for the ward for which he is a candidate: Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If there is only one candidate nominated, he shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraph (ix) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xi) If there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraph (iv) to (x) inclusive.
- (xii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xi) exceeds the number of vacancies, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiii) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xiv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiii), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xv) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a place where privacy is ensured.

- (xvi) The voters shall enter such place one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name of the candidate for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xviii) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate.
- (xix) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xx) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxi) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidate who received the highest number of votes to be elected.
- (xxiii) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for taking of the poll.
- (xxiv) Where:—
- (a) there have been no nominations at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xi), or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiii) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxv) The Regional Authority may:—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill such vacancy, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance, to be councillors, and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvi) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxv) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 1st and 31st days of March, 1954. Date of first election.
11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor of the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
12. The term of office of councillors shall be three years provided that— Term of office of councillors.
- (a) of the thirty-seven members elected in the first elections, twelve members shall retire on 25th March, 1955, twelve members on 25th March, 1956, and thirteen members on 25th March, 1957;
- (b) as each member elected in the first elections retires, he shall be replaced by a newly elected member who shall come into office on that day and shall serve for the full term of three years unless he shall earlier resign, or die, or cease to be qualified;
- (c) the order in which the members elected in the first elections shall retire, shall be decided by lot.
- (d) for the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that an elected member retiring under the provisions of sub-paragraph (a) of this paragraph shall, unless he shall have ceased to be qualified be eligible for re-election.
13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance. Rating.
15. So soon as may be the Council shall establish a Works Committee and a Health Committee. Standing Committees.
16. In addition to those functions conferred upon Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:— Functions.
- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance:—
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—  
 (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (10), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (19), (20), (21), (22), (24), (25), (26), (27), (28), (30), (35), (36), (37), (38), (39), (40), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (59), (60), (61), (62), (64), (65), (66), (67), (68), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (78), (79), (81), (82); and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
 Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council;
- (v) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

## SCHEDULE

*(Paragraph 5 of the Instrument)*

The thirty-seven wards in the area of Awgu District Council shall be as described in the third column hereto and shall each elect one councillor.

<i>Local Council Area</i>	<i>Ward No.</i>	<i>Area of Ward</i>
Maku .. .. .	1	Maku Uku
	2	Maku Nta
Awgu .. .. .	3	Ogboli
	4	Adogba
	5	Umuhu, Obuofia, Onoli.
	6	Amaofia, Uhuagu, Olioku.
Mbowo .. .. .	7	Mbowo.
Lengwe .. .. .	8	Amudo, Uhueze.
	9	Amoji, Agbada.
Uduma .. .. .	10	Ezinese.
	11	Ohoafia.
	12	Amaeke, Amoji, Mafu, Amagu.
	13	Ukete, Obeagu, Amaokwe, Achala.
Abboh .. .. .	14	Abachieku, Umuma, Nochelle, Uhungo.
	15	Uhuogiri, Amaululor, Uhuchioko, Umula.
Okpanku-Mpu .. .. .	16	Okpanku.
	17	Mpu.
Achi .. .. .	18	Amankpunato, Egwu, Nkpkolo, Ehuhe.
	19	Isikwe, Agbadani.
	20	Enugu-Akwu, Ohani, Amaetiti.
	21	Enuguagu, Ihe, Adu.
Inyi-Awlaw .. .. .	22	Awlaw.
	23	Enugu, Alum, Akwu, Agbalidi.
	24	Umuome, Umuagu, Amankwo, Obune, Nkwere.
Amaowellii-Ugbo-Obeagu .. .. .	25	Amaowellii.
	26	Ugbo.
	27	Obeagu.
Abaogugu-Ituku .. .. .	28	Abaogugu.
	29	Ituku.
Ihe-Agbudu-Isu .. .. .	30	Ihe
	31	Agbudu, Isu.
Owellii-Ogbaku-Ogugu .. .. .	32	Owellii.
	33	Ogbaku.
	34	Ogugu.
Anike .. .. .	35	Enwen.
	36	Ugwueme.
	37	Ezere, Nkwe, Lengwenta, Awgunta.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 60 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

REVOCATION OF INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ONITSHA  
COUNTY COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 14 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the Instrument establishing the Onitsha County Council dated the 20th day of February, 1954, is hereby revoked.

MADE by the Regional Authority this 9th day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 61 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

REVOCATION OF INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ONITSHA  
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 14 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the Instrument establishing the Onitsha Urban District Council dated the 1st day of February, 1954, is hereby revoked.

MADE by the Regional Authority this 9th day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 62 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment (Degema Division) (Amendment) Notice, 1954.

2. The Schedule to Eastern Region Public Notice No. 275 of 1953 dated 22nd of September, 1952, is hereby amended by the deletion from the sixth column thereof of the words shown in the first column of the Schedule hereto and the substitution thereof of the words shown in the second column.

SCHEDULE

Okrika town and settlement	...	...	Okrika town area and settlements.
Ogu and Ele towns and settlements	...	...	Ogu and Ele town areas and settlements.
Ogoloma town and settlements	...	...	Ogoloma town area and settlements.
Bolo town and settlements	...	...	Bolo town area and settlements.
Ibaka and Ogbogbo towns and settlements	...	...	Ibaka and Ogbogbo town areas and settlements.
Abuloma town and settlements	...	...	Abuloma town area and settlements.

GIVEN at Enugu this 8th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 63 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1953

Cap. 140

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

Payment of  
fee.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority shall pay a fee of seven shillings and sixpence to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by Rule 2.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife in consultation with the Administrative Secretary to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the Administrative Secretary.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 10th day of October, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority on 10th day of October, in the presence of:—

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

J. MPI, *President*

APPROVED this 18th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,

*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

Extra fee  
for domici-  
liary treat-  
ment.

Receipt  
record of  
treatment.

Exemptions  
for pauper  
patients.

E.R.L.N. No. 64 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE IMAN NATIVE AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES)  
RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Iman Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor. Cap. 140.

1. These rules may be cited as the Iman Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*. Short title and date of commencement.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Iman Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Iman Native Authority. Payment of fee.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Iman Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by Rule 2. Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose. Receipt record of treatment.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority. Exemptions for pauper patients.

MADE under the Seal of the Iman Native Authority this 28th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Iman Native Authority on 28th day of August, 1953, in the presence of:

B. O. UDO, *Secretary,*  
*Iman Native Authority*

H. N. UDOH, *Chairman,*  
*Iman Native Authority*

APPROVED this 18th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 65 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE NSUKKA COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Nsukka County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Nsukka County Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—

Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area comprising the administrative division of Nsukka on the 31st day of March, 1954.

Area of the authority of County Council.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-one elected members.

Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be such persons as are appointed to be members of four electoral colleges, to be established as hereinafter provided, one for the area of the authority of the Igbo-Etiti District Council, one for the area of the authority of the Igbo-Eze District Council, one for the area of the authority of the Isi-Uzo District Council and one for the area of the authority of the Uzo-Uwani District Council.

Qualification of voters.

6. The electoral college for the area of the authority of the Igbo-Etiti District Council shall consist of one hundred and five members appointed from among the number of their own members by the Local Councils established within that area in accordance with the following table:—

Electoral College for Igbo-Etiti District Council area.

Local Council	No. of Members to be appointed	Local Council	No. of Members to be appointed
Abbi ... ..	4	Ikolo ... ..	1
Ugbene... ..	5	Ochima ... ..	1
Aku ... ..	10	Onyohor ... ..	1
Akwegbe ... ..	4	Ngalakpu ... ..	1
Akpugo-Udueme ... ..	1	Umuna ... ..	1
Ohodo ... ..	4	Umunko ... ..	1
Ozalla ... ..	4	Ohebe ... ..	1
Ede ... ..	4	Nibo ... ..	4
Lejja ... ..	4	Uvuru ... ..	3

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Members to be appointed</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>No. of Members to be appointed</i>
Edem ... ..	4	Nkpologu ... ..	3
Orobo ... ..	3	Obimo-Ikwooka ... ..	4
Ero-Uno ... ..	2	Nsukka ... ..	7
Ibagwani ... ..	5	Opi ... ..	10
Okpuje-Okutu... ..	3	Ukehe-Idoha ... ..	10

Distribution of seats.

7. (1) The Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Igbo-Etiti District Council shall for the purpose of electing the members of the County Council be grouped into twelve wards in accordance with the following table:—

Ward No. I	Abbi and Ugbene Local Councils.
Ward No. II	Aku Local Council.
Ward No. III	Akwegbe, Akpugo-Udueme, Ohodo, and Ozalla Local Councils.
Ward No. IV	Ede and Lejja Local Councils.
Ward No. V	Edem and Orobo Local Councils.
Ward No. VI	Ero-Uno, Ibagwani and Okpuje-Okutu Local Councils.
Ward No. VII	Ikolo, Ochima, Onyohor, Ngalakpu, Umuna, Umunko and Ohebe Local Councils.
Ward No. VIII	Nibo and Uvuru Local Councils.
Ward No. IX	Nkpologu and Obimo-Ikwooka Local Councils.
Ward No. X	Nsukka Local Council.
Ward No. XI	Opi Local Council.
Ward No. XII	Ukehe-Idoha Local Council.

(2) The electoral college shall elect members of the County Council to represent each ward, from among the members of the electoral college representing the Local Councils constituting such ward in accordance with the following table and in the manner hereinafter prescribed, it being understood that the District Council members elected from the area of the Local Councils constituting such ward are also eligible for election to the County Council.

<i>Ward Number</i>	<i>Number of Members to be elected</i>
I	1
II	1
III	2
IV	1
V	1
VI	1
VII	1
VIII	1
IX	1
X	1
XI	1
XII	1

Electoral college for Igbo-Eze District Council area.

8. The electoral college for the area of authority of the Igbo-Eze District Council shall consist of seventy-one members appointed from among the number of their own members by the Local Councils established within that area in accordance with the following table:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>
Essodo ... ..	6	Error-Agu ... ..	1
Ezzedo ... ..	2	Itchi ... ..	3
Umu Itodo ... ..	8	Unadu ... ..	2
Umu Ozzi ... ..	21	Ihaka ... ..	4
Eteh ... ..	7	Ovoko ... ..	4
Iheakpu ... ..	3	Ibagwa-Aka ... ..	5
Obukpa ... ..	4	Eketekele ... ..	1

9. (1) The Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Igbo-Eze District Council shall for the purpose of electing the members of the County Council be grouped into eight wards in accordance with the following table:—

Ward No. XIII	Essodo and Ezzedo Local Councils.
Ward No. XIV	Umu Itodo Local Council.
Ward No. XV	Umu Ozzi Local Council.
Ward No. XVI	Eteh Local Council.
Ward No. XVII	Iheakpu and Obukpa Local Councils.
Ward No. XVIII	Error-Agu, Itchi and Unadu Local Councils.
Ward No. XIX	Ihaka and Ovoko Local Councils.
Ward No. XX	Ibagwa-Aka and Eketekele Local Councils.

(2) The electoral college shall elect members of the County Council to represent each ward, from among the members of the electoral college representing the Local Councils constituting such ward in accordance with the following table and in the manner hereinafter prescribed, it being understood that the District Council members elected from the area of the Local Councils constituting such ward are also eligible for election to the County Council.

<i>Ward Number</i>	<i>Number of Members to be elected</i>
XIII ... ..	1
XIV ... ..	1
XV ... ..	3
XVI ... ..	1
XVII ... ..	1
XVIII ... ..	1
XIX ... ..	1
XX ... ..	1

10. The electoral college for the area of the authority of the Isi-Uzo District Council shall consist of sixty-nine members appointed from among the number of their own members by the Local Councils established within that area in accordance with the following table:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>
Eha-Amufu ... ..	14	Obolo Afor ... ..	4
Orba ... ..	8	Amala ... ..	2
Leke ... ..	5	Obolo Eke-Olie ... ..	5
Mbu ... ..	4	Ogboodu Aba ... ..	1
Umuakor ... ..	2	Ezimo ... ..	2
Ikem ... ..	5	Imilike ... ..	4
Eha-Alumona ... ..	12	Udunedem ... ..	1

Electoral college for Isi-Uzo District Council area.

Distribution of seats.

11. (1) The Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Isi-Uzo District Council shall for the purpose of electing members of the County Council be grouped into eight wards in accordance with the following table:—

Ward No. XXI	Eha-Amufu Local Council.
Ward No. XXII	Orba Local Council.
Ward No. XXIII	Leke and Mbu Local Councils.
Ward No. XXIV	Umualor and Ikem Local Councils.
Ward No. XXV	Eha-Alumona Local Council.
Ward No. XXVI	Obolo Afor and Amala Local Councils.
Ward No. XXVII	Obolo Eke-Olie and Ogbodu Aba Local Councils.
Ward No. XXVIII	Ezimo, Imilike and Udunedem Local Councils.

(2) The electoral college shall elect members of the County Council to represent each ward, from among the members of the electoral college representing the Local Councils constituting such ward in accordance with the following table and in the manner hereinafter prescribed, it being understood that the District Council members elected from the area of the Local Councils constituting such ward are also eligible for election to the County Council.

	<i>Ward Number</i>	<i>Number of Members to be elected</i>
XXI ..	...	2
XXII	...	1
XXIII	...	1
XXIV	...	1
XXV ...	...	2
XXVI	...	1
XXVII	...	1
XXVIII	...	1

Electoral college for Uzo-Uwani District Council area.

12. The electoral college for the area of the authority of the Uzo-Uwani District Council shall consist of forty members appointed from among the number of their own members by the Local Councils established within that area in accordance with the following table:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members to be appointed</i>
Anaku ...	5	Adaba-Nkume ...	2
Adani ...	2	Umulokpa ...	4
Igga-Asaba...	2	Omerum ...	3
Ojo ...	1	Umumbo ...	2
Ogrugru ...	3	Omor ...	7
Umueje ...	1	Ifite-Ogwari ...	3
Omasi ...	1	Igbakwu ...	3
Ukpata ...	1		

Distribution of seats.

13. (1) The Local Councils established in the area of the authority of the Uzo-Uwani District Council shall for the purpose of electing the members of the County Council be grouped into eight wards in accordance with the following table:—

Ward No. XXIX	Anaku Local Council.
Ward No. XXX	Adani, Igga-Asaba and Ojo Local Councils.
Ward No. XXXI	Ogrugru and Umueje Local Councils.
Ward No. XXXII	Omasi, Ukpata and Adaba-Nkume Local Councils.

- Ward No. XXXIII Umulokpa Local Council.  
 Ward No. XXXIV Omerum and Umumbo Local Councils.  
 Ward No. XXXV Omor Local Council.  
 Ward No. XXXVI Ifite-Ogwari and Igbakwu Local Councils.

(2) The electoral college shall elect members of the County Council to represent each ward, from among the members of the electoral college representing the Local Councils constituting such ward in accordance with the following table and in the manner hereinafter prescribed, it being understood that the District Council members elected from the area of the Local Councils constituting such ward are also eligible for election to the County Council.

<i>Ward Number</i>						<i>Numbers of Members to be elected</i>
XXIX	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXX	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXI	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXII	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXIII	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXIV	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXV	...	...	...	...	...	1
XXXVI	...	...	...	...	...	1

14. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

15. The method of election by the electoral colleges established under the provisions of this Instrument shall be as follows:— Method of election.

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of the wards from which councillors are to be elected fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election, the wards from which councillors are to be elected, and the number of councillors to be elected by each ward.

(ii) Separate elections shall be held for each of the wards from which councillors are to be elected:

Provided that the various stages of the separate elections may be conducted as may be most convenient at the same meeting of the electoral college, that is to say, nominations may be taken successively for the wards from which councillors are to be elected, and then polls taken successively for those wards in respect of which they are necessary.

(iii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

(iv) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him in respect of each ward for which councillors are to be elected, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.

(v) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:

Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.

- (vi) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vii) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (viii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (ix) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated for each ward.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xii) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (x) or (xi) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xiii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xii) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iv), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (v) to (xii) inclusive.
- (xiv) If the number of candidates remaining nominated in respect of any ward at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iv) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations appointed under sub-paragraph (xiii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, an election shall be held in respect of such ward in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 17 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xvi) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xviii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xix) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.

- (xx) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xxi) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxii) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxiii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiv) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as practicable for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears more convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote, and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxvi) Where in respect of any ward—
- (a) at the expiration of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xiii) no candidate remains nominated, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvii) The Regional Authority—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancy, or
  - (b) appoint a person qualified to be a candidate under the provisions of the Ordinance to become councillor, and such person shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxviii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of the Instrument.

16. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 15 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

Date of first election.

17. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 1st day of February and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V not to apply.

18. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

19. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated Councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Chairman.

20. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Committees.

21. So soon as may be the Council shall establish an Education Committee and a Staff Committee.

Functions.

22. In addition to those functions conferred upon County Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance or by any other written law the Council—

- (i) shall maintain roads, culverts and bridges within the area of its authority excluding roads classified as Trunk Roads and maintained by the Public Works Department of Nigeria, on 31st March, 1954, in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(1), (2), (5), (7), (8), (22), (24), (25), (37), (40), (65), (66), (67), (78), (80), (82) and
- (iii) may provide for building lines with respect to any road for the maintenance of which the Council is responsible in accordance with paragraph (10) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend any university or similar institutions in Nigeria or elsewhere in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may establish Forest Reserves and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment or maintenance of any cottage hospital or of any ward of a hospital containing more than 12 beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make, alter or divert any roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street-drains and water courses within the area of its authority.

Precepts.

23. The Council may make a precept before 31st May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1955.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 66 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE AWGU COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Awgu County Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of the Awgu County Council.
2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Awgu District Council. Area of the Authority of the Council.
4. The Council shall consist of the thirty-seven elected members of the Awgu District Council. Constitution.
5. The chairman of the Council shall be the chairman of the Awgu District Council. Chairman.
6. The Council shall perform the duties and discharge the functions described in sections 238, 239 and 240 of the Ordinance. Functions.
7. The Council may make a precept before the 31st May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 67 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
ITU-MBUZO LOCAL COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council.

Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of authority of the Local Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the areas of the following villages:—

Ogwu	Ebo
Ananamong	Nchara Ebua
Ikot Esien	Nkpu
Obot Ndom	Ikorom

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-five elected members.

Qualifications of voters.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of the Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the following villages in accordance with the table set out below:—

Name of Village		Number of Councillors to be elected	Name of Village		Number of Councillors to be elected
Ogwu	...	11	Ebo	...	5
Ananamong	...	7	Nchara Ebua	...	2
Ikot Esien	...	3	Nkpu	...	2
Obot Ndom	...	3	Ikorom	...	2

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any ward shall be as follows:—

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of the village concerned fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the numbers of councillors to be elected by each ward of the village concerned to the Local Council.

(ii) Any voter claiming to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.

- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
 the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate elections.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of election.

10. The first election of the Council shall be between the 1st day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day. Term of office of councillors.
12. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.
13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.
14. (1) In addition to those functions conferred upon Local Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(29), (34), (40), (41), (46), (49), (67), (78), (82); and Functions.
- (2) May perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance.
- Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.
15. The Council may make a precept before the 31st May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 10th day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 68 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF AWGU

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils (hereinafter called "the Councils") set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto, shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Awgu upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Councils.
2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the quarters set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of Councils.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of elected members set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto, together with any *ex-officio* members as provided for in paragraph 6 of this Instrument. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the Qualifications of voters.

tax-collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years.

Distribution of numbers of Councillors to be elected.

6. One councillor shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each ward shown in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Provided that any person elected to the District Council within the area of a Local Council shall be a member of that Local Council *ex-officio*.

Returning Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any ward shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of the village concerned fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the numbers of councillors to be elected by each ward of the village concerned to the Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter claiming to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within

the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.

- (xii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xi) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle anyone of the candidates to be declared elected,

the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first elections.

10. The first election to the Councils shall be held between the 1st day of January, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Term of office of councillors.

11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of chairman.

12. The chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.

Functions.

14. (1) In addition to those functions conferred upon Local Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—(29), (34), (40), (41), (46), (49), (67), (78); and

(2) May perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:

Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.

(3) The Councils may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Calabar Province as being of communal nature.

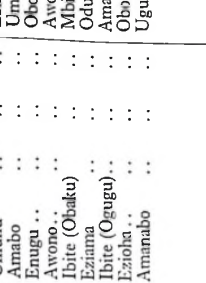
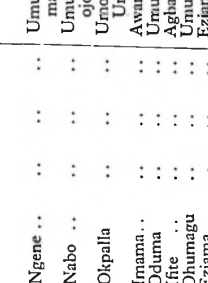
Precepts.



15. The Council may make a precept before the 31st May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1955.



MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 6th day of January, 1954.



C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

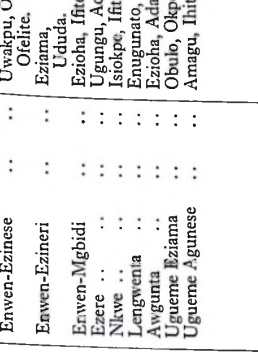
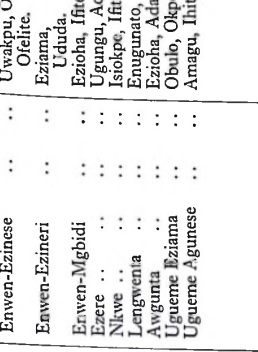
SCHEDULE



(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councilors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councilor
Owelli-Ogbaku-Ogugu		21	Umuhu .. Amabo .. Enugu .. Awono .. Ibite (Obaku) .. Eziama .. Ibite (Ogugu) .. Ezioba .. Amanabo ..	Ezinato, Umuma, Umuagama, Umuaja, Umuaoasi, Obodojani, Umuirete, Aworo, Mbio, Umuobene, Umuaoasi, Odume, Umuatobo, Umuozin, Oro, Amanato, Isiokpa, Obodu, Umuogwo, Ugunabo, Uhuahu.
Ugho-Amazowelli-Obegu		26	Ngene .. Nabo .. Okpalla .. Imama .. Oduma .. Ifite .. Obumagu .. Eziama .. Agbani ..	Umuologu, Ogvu, Ugyuede, Mkpamanu, Umuajani, Awaebe, Isiokpa, Umuojode, Umuobem, Uhugo, Ohibo, Obunago, Umuunoga, Awanabo, Enugaeze, Umuunugwo, Umuoma, Agharano, Ugunato, Umuosike, Umuene, Eziama, Amoji, Ugunangu, Enugunato-Obuoha, Abuanhi.



(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councilors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councilor
The Agbudu-Isu		18	<p>Enugu Oke .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu Eti .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu (Isu) .. .. .</p> <p>Umuamama .. .. .</p> <p>Eziotia Nvuna .. .. .</p> <p>Oweliiede .. .. .</p> <p>Ibite .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu (Abudu) .. .. .</p>	<p>Umuogba, Okunano, Uhuezé, Umasike, Umuenene, Amagu. Umuonwe, Umuokwa, Umuogodo, Umuonyia, Umuoma, Umuunukpu. Enugu.</p> <p>Umuamama.</p> <p>Eziotia Nvuna.</p> <p>Oweliiede.</p> <p>Ibite.</p> <p>Enugu.</p>
Abaogugu-Ituku		20	<p>Obodoakpu .. .. .</p> <p>Ohumagu Akwu .. .. .</p> <p>Akanwu .. .. .</p> <p>Obom .. .. .</p> <p>Enugunabo .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu Eze .. .. .</p>	<p>Umuchinaneke, Umuokwu, Umu- jioke, Umuonwo.</p> <p>Ndeabboh (Akwu), Ndiagwuakwu, Ndeabboh (Ohumagu), Ndagwu, Obunagu, Umuubede, Amaofia. Sikhawoha, Umuobom. Amokole, Umukulu, Ugwuonabo. Amata-Okwenachulu, Ofeyi-Umu- nevote, Umuoyiba, Umuovvo.</p>

(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councillors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councillor
I. engve .. .. .		30	Uhuezze .. .. . Emudo .. .. . Amogi .. .. . Agbada .. .. .	Enugunato, Obecagu, Umuuevo, Umuueze, Umuueziagwoi, Eziacha. Umuoli, Umuuevo, Umuogi, Umuagum, Umuunakpu, Ugvuokpa, Obinetiti. Umuudibo, Umuunagu, Obulolum, Amabo, Umuobebe, Obafo, Okpuno, Amokwe. Umoguru, Umuadum, Umeze- Akalobi, Umuagada, Umuogidi, Umuuvonudi, Umuolie, Umuika- Umuofia, Umuonyi-Umuagu.
Abuh... .. .		20	Abachucku .. .. . Nochelle .. .. . Umuuna .. .. . Uhungo .. .. . Uhuogogiri .. .. . Umula .. .. . Anaululor .. .. . Uhuchioke .. .. .	Amangwu, Umuagwu. Amachi, Amaogbu, Nochelle Over-rail Strangers, Nochelle Railway Station Strangers. Nochelle-Umuuna Mbowo, Aman-ku, Obulo, Ubecagu. Uhungo, Mbowo Uhuungo. Uhuogogiri, Mbowo Uhuogogiri. Amukpa, Amaqueli, Amaquati. Amachi, Amaojukwu. Uhuchioke.

(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councillors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councillor
Uduma .. .. .		45	<p>Ohoffia .. .. .</p> <p>Ezinesi .. .. .</p> <p>Mafu .. .. .</p> <p>Amaete .. .. .</p> <p>Ohengu .. .. .</p> <p>Achalla .. .. .</p> <p>Amogi .. .. .</p> <p>Amagu .. .. .</p> <p>Amokwe .. .. .</p> <p>Ukete .. .. .</p> <p>Amata .. .. .</p> <p>Anachalla .. .. .</p> <p>Inyi .. .. .</p> <p>Imama .. .. .</p> <p>Eziobia .. .. .</p>	<p>Amankamu-Uhogwudu, Amankapu-Agbanwoke, Ezinatoumomeke, Ezinatoumokpata, Ezinatoumumu, Negba, Ngenewaodili, Nanvu, Umuenem, Ngenewaata, Amahite, Amata, Iyinu, Amachalauka.</p> <p>Umueneke, Uhuugi, Amaoba, Amaekenu, Uhabum, Amackcani, Umunangvu.</p> <p>Ndeofin, Uhuze, Uhuangwu, Uchiok, Uhuashi.</p> <p>Amaze, Enuguagu, Isama, Uhuo, Olofelo.</p> <p>Uhuaboh, Enuguetiti, Uhuachi, Amogtenu.</p> <p>Amaguona, Uhuagu, Amanemene.</p> <p>Amokwe, Uhuoboke, Uhuagu, Uhubenagu.</p> <p>Amogi, Isiakvu, Etu.</p> <p>Umade, Umuoju, Umuaguma, Umuonwe, Umuonweagu, Uhuenge.</p> <p>Uhuze, Udalauba, Amagu, Umu-chuku, Umuoyeje, Uhuokwe.</p> <p>Umunjokuogi, Ebuhele, Umu-ekwesu, Umuohuko.</p> <p>Amiyi, Amadala, Amaozu, Uhu-ochie, Umuaguokegwa.</p> <p>Uhuaguruma, Uhukenu, Obodo-ikoro, Uguarnagu, Ukpupa.</p>
Mbowo .. .. .		26		

(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councillors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councillor
Anike . . . . .		29	Enwen-Ezinese . . . . . Enwen-Ezineri . . . . . Enwen-Mgbidi . . . . . Ezere . . . . . Nkwe . . . . . Lengwenia . . . . . Awgunia . . . . . Ugueme Ezizama . . . . . Ugueme Agunese . . . . .	Uwakpu, Ogugu, Isiyi, Ogba, Isiuga, Ofelite. Ezizama, Okofia, Ogwugbidi, Ududa. Ezioha, Ifite, Enuguife. Ugungu, Achalla, Amaebe, Uhuagu. Isiokpe, Ifite. Enugunato, Ezinafite. Ezioha, Adawgba. Obulo, Okposi, Umuakpala. Amagu, Ihite, Oruanya.
Awgu . . . . .		39	Onoli . . . . . Amaofia . . . . . Obofia . . . . . Olikwu . . . . . Uhuagu . . . . . Umuhu . . . . . Amokwe . . . . . Olocha . . . . . Ululor . . . . . Ifite . . . . . Ezioha . . . . .	Anaja, Ezeonolie, Obeagu, Amagu. Amaofia. Uhuba, Ifite, Amata, Uhuobodokwu. Amankwo, Amabo. Amagu, Anziforu, Ifite, Amajirija. Ezeumuhu, Ifite, Uhuanya. Amata, Uhuazu, Amankwo. Amagu, Amaeboku, Obugu. Amiyi, Amakpu, Umudi, Amegbu, Obegungbae. Umuochiegwé, Amogi, Umungu, Urmuchirae, Amagu. Uhuaja, Amabo, Amulor, Afam, Ogbolugwu.

(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councillors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councillor
Mpu-Okpanku ..		32	<p>Amachalla ..</p> <p>Amagu-Mpu ..</p> <p>Obuagu ..</p> <p>Imuno ..</p> <p>Ovum ..</p> <p>Ubagu ..</p> <p>Oguenyi ..</p> <p>Ukeh ..</p> <p>Amabiriba ..</p> <p>Amogudu ..</p> <p>Uhuezoke ..</p> <p>Ameze ..</p> <p>Amagu-Okpanku ..</p> <p>Okpu ..</p> <p>Ihuibe ..</p>	<p>Arankwo, Amamba, Amagbara Amaguonitcha, Obuagu, Imuno, Ovum, Ubagu, Umuogi-Umuajiangwu, Umunwe-Umunndajaja, Ukeh, Uhuenechi-Obeagu, Umuogudu, Umungu, Umunnanevo, Umuolieme, Amiyi, Umuojoke, Umuadize-Uhuagudu, Umam-biriba-Umafaiaga, Imeogo, Amanana, Uhomolamu, Umuada-Uhukwu, Umuafajji-Uhuezze, Umuewa, Umuosimili-Umuobili, Amaebo-Umuoka, Uhuapate-Amaezensu, Amaja-Obulo, Amulor, Amaoji-Amaobe.</p>
Maku ..		26	<p>Enuguagu ..</p> <p>Eziotia ..</p> <p>Ifite ..</p> <p>Orokwu ..</p> <p>Eziama ..</p> <p>Enugu Afiam ..</p> <p>Ibite ..</p>	<p>Uhuagu, Eziyani, Umuoki, Ogunene, Umuangwe, Umuene, Ohenato, Eziohandebboh, Umuokpome, Uhuacha, Umuania, Amagu, Okolofia, Uhuene, Eziobodo, Umakpu, Umu-eji, Umuangwa-Umuojoba, Umuoli-Usube, Eziyani, Awonabo, Ag-tonelli, Umuene, Uhuabboh, Obinagu, Ugwuangwu.</p>

(1) Name of Local Council	(2) Common Seal	(3) Number of elected Councillors	(4) Quarters comprising the Area of the Local Council	(5) Wards each electing one Councillor
Achi .. .. .		31	<p>Enugu Npokoloo .. .. .</p> <p>Egwu .. .. .</p> <p>Ehuhe .. .. .</p> <p>Isikwe .. .. .</p> <p>Agbadani .. .. .</p> <p>Amankpumato .. .. .</p> <p>Ihe .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu Akwu .. .. .</p> <p>Amaetiti .. .. .</p> <p>Adu .. .. .</p> <p>Ohani .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu Agu .. .. .</p>	<p>Enugu, Npokoloo, Agborogwu, Ugwuogwu, Achala, Umualagu, Umuechie, Obnagu, Umuakpu, Umuclern-Amaekwulu, Chimenta, Obuno, Umueze, Isiokwe, Umuoka, Ihe, Umueze, Umogi, Umuilte, Ekwu-Ifia, Umunangwu-Umuoke, Gbarugu-Okpuonoba, Urmukpoma, Umuofia, Oluchi-Umualebe-Gbalagu, Okpu-no, Oji River, Umueze, Umuolie, Umuolievu-Obodougwu, Umuezeachih-Umuallum.</p>
Inyi-Awlaw .. .. .		28	<p>Umuome .. .. .</p> <p>Nkwele .. .. .</p> <p>Gbalagu .. .. .</p> <p>Umuagu .. .. .</p> <p>Enugu .. .. .</p> <p>Agbalkdi .. .. .</p> <p>Alum .. .. .</p> <p>Amankwo .. .. .</p> <p>Obunc .. .. .</p> <p>Akwu .. .. .</p> <p>Ubafo-Awlaw .. .. .</p> <p>Awlaw-Firiti .. .. .</p> <p>Awlaw Nsiama .. .. .</p>	<p>Umuome, Nkwele, Gbalagu, Abor, Umunobe, Umuagu, Abboh, Ozeagu, Umuechie, Enugu-Inyi, Ugwu, Agbor, Ochie, Oga, Awuchi, Ugwu, Agbor, Umuolobopu, Obunabo, Ofeyi, Akwu, Umuangwu, Umuomaku, Lama, Akpualaagu, Agbada, Nkaveni, Nsiama.</p>

E.R.L.N. No. 69 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OBSTRUCTION AND NUISANCES IN STREETS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Obstructions and Nuisances in Streets) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

- “council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;
- “owner” and “occupier” have the meanings assigned to those terms in the Assessment Ordinance;
- “street” includes all roads, bridges, carriageways, cartways, footways, causeways and pavement, and also for the purposes of bye-laws 5 to 7 includes any open space not being the property of a private owner.

Interfering with and obstructing street.

3. (1) No person shall, without the consent of the council:—

- (a) wilfully displace, or take up or injure the pavement stones or materials of any street, or cultivate or otherwise turn to his private use any part of any street;
- (b) alter the height, width or level of any paved or other footway in any street;
- (c) erect any building, fence or other thing whatsoever upon any street or so as to encroach on any street;
- (d) in any way stop up any street or obstruct the traffic in any street;
- (e) change or attempt to change the course of any watercourse or street drain;
- (f) cut, uproot, lop, injure or destroy any tree growing in any street.

(2) No person shall, being the occupier of land (other than a Government servant occupying Government land) or the owner of unoccupied land, permit any tree or hedge growing thereon to interfere with the traffic on any street or to be a danger to the public or to cause damage to the surface of any street.

(3) Any person who without the consent of the Council:—

- (a) wilfully displaces, takes up or injures the pavement stones or materials of any street or cultivates or otherwise turns to his private use any part of any street, or
- (b) alters the height, width or level of any paved or other footway in any street, or
- (c) erects any building, fence, or other thing whatsoever upon any street, or so as to encroach on any street, or
- (d) in any way stops up any street or obstructs the traffic in any street, or
- (e) changes or attempts to change the course of any watercourse or street drain, or
- (f) cuts, uproots, injures, lops or destroys any tree growing in any street, or

- (g) being the occupier of land (other than a Government servant occupying Government land) or the owner of unoccupied land permits any tree or hedge growing thereon to interfere with the traffic on any street or to be a danger to the public or to cause damage to the surface of any street

shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of five pounds for each and every such offence.

(4) The Council may serve a notice on any person who has committed or is committing an offence under paragraphs (1) and (2) of these bye-laws requiring such person forthwith or within such time as may be stated in the notice to take such action in relation to the matter or thing constituting the offence or by which or in relation to which the offence is committed as the council may specify in such notice to prevent a continuance or recurrence of the contravention or to re-instate any matter or thing as it was before the offence was committed.

(5) Any person who fails to comply with such notice shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, in addition to any other penalties which may be imposed under paragraph (3) of these bye-laws to a fine of two pounds for every day after the expiration of the notice during which such failure continues. The Council may itself take the action required and recover the expense of doing so as a debt due to the Council by the person to whom the notice is addressed.

4. (1) If any porch, shed, verandah, projecting window, step, or pavement, sign-post, show-board or any other obstruction or projection shall have been erected or placed against or in front of any house or building before the commencement of these bye-laws and shall be an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any street, the Council may cause the same to be removed or altered as may seem fit, after giving notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier or owner if the occupier is not found, of the house or building against or in front of which such obstruction or projection is, thirty days before the alteration or removal is being made and if such obstruction or projection shall have been lawfully made, reasonable compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the Council, to any person who may suffer damage by such alteration or removal.

Removal of projections made before commencement of bye-laws.

(2) Either the Council or a claimant for compensation may refer any question arising out of a claim for compensation to a magistrate having jurisdiction in the area of Authority of the Council, and such magistrate shall have jurisdiction to determine any such question and his decision shall be binding on all parties:

Compensation.

Provided that any party dissatisfied with such decision may appeal to the Supreme Court within thirty days of such decision.

5. (1) Any person who:—

- (i) without the consent of the council places or leaves any lumber, brick, stone, iron, timber, cable, anchor bale, puncheon, cask, box or other impediment whatsoever in any street so as to obstruct, endanger or annoy any person lawfully using such street, or
- (ii) fastens any animal in any street so as to obstruct, endanger or annoy any person lawfully using such street or
- (iii) rides or drives furiously any animal or vehicle in any street, or

Obstructions and nuisances.

Tethering animals in streets.

Riding or driving furiously.

- Throwing missiles. (iv) throws or discharges any stone or other missiles in or into any street or place of public resort; or
- Quarrelling or scolding. (v) in any street or place of public resort, or within sight or hearing of any person therein, disturbs the peace by quarrelling or attempting to quarrel or by using any insolent, scurrilous or abusive term of reproach; or
- Singing offensive songs. (vi) in any street or place of public resort within sight or hearing of any person therein, with the intention of annoying or irritating any person, sings any scurrilous or abusive song or words whether any person be particularly addressed therein or not; or
- Loud and unnecessary noise. (vii) in any street or place of public resort makes any loud and unnecessary noise which might reasonably annoy any person; or
- Assembling for idle, vicious or disorderly purpose. (viii) assembles with any other person in any street or place of public resort for any idle, vicious or disorderly purpose to the annoyance of any person lawfully using such street or place or any place in the neighbourhood thereof and does not move away when required by any constable to do so; or
- Riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour in public. (ix) in any street or place of public resort is guilty of any riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour to the obstruction or annoyance of any person lawfully using such street or place or any place in the neighbourhood thereof; or
- Riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour in public. (x) in any private or enclosed place is guilty of any riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour to the annoyance of any person lawfully using any place in the neighbourhood thereof; or
- Drunk and disorderly. (xi) is drunk and guilty of disorderly or indecent behaviour in any street or place of public resort or;
- Disorderly or indecent behaviour in police station. (xii) is guilty of any disorderly or indecent behaviour in any police station or lock-up; or
- Reverence Churches. (xiii) behaves irreverently in or near any church, chapel, mosque or other place appropriated to religious worship; or
- Insulting Funerals. (xiv) behaves irreverently or insultingly in or near any burial-ground during a funeral; or
- Pasting bills. (xv) without the permission of the owner or occupier affixes any placard or other thing to or writes upon, soils or marks any building, wall, fence, pillar or post; or
- Defacing posters. (xvi) wilfully defaces any public lawful notice or removes the same from any place where it is lawfully affixed; or
- Driving without lamp. (xvii) drives any vehicle in any street between sunset and sunrise without a lighted lamp sufficient to warn persons in such street; or
- Leaving draught animal unattended. (xviii) leaves any vehicle standing in any street without having some proper person to hold any animal which may be attached to the same; or
- Failing to keep to the left. (xix) when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street fails to keep such vehicle or animal on his left side of such street on meeting or being overtaken by any vehicle or animal; or

- (xx) when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street fails to keep such vehicle or animal on the right of any vehicle or animal which he may overtake; or Failing to pass to the right.
- (xxi) when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street removes, destroys, knocks down, injures or defaces any wall, fence, railing, hedge, gate, pavement, kerb, lamp post, telegraph or telephone post, post office pillar box, water fountain or tree; or Damaging walls, etc.
- (xxii) wilfully or by negligence prevents, hinders or interrupts in any street the free passage of any person or vehicle or animal; or Obstructing traffic.
- (xxiii) draws up any vehicle so as to obstruct the free passage along any street, or Vehicle obstructing traffic.
- (xxiv) propels any go-cart or rickshaw otherwise than by holding the pole or shafts; or Improperly propelling rickshaw.
- (xxv) having blocked or stopped the wheel of any vehicle in any street allows the stone or other thing with which he may have blocked or stopped such wheel to remain on such street; Leaving block for stopping wheel in street.

shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings or imprisonment for fourteen days for each and every such offence: Penalty.

Provided that a person may push or pull at a walking pace an unmounted cycle or an empty rickshaw or go-cart without a lighted lamp, so long as such cycle or rickshaw or go-cart is kept at its proper side of the street. Saving clause.

(2) Any person found committing any offence punishable under these bye-laws may be taken into custody without warrant by any police officer or person whom he may call to his aid or by the owner or occupier of the property on or with respect to which the offence is committed or by his servant or person authorised by him, and may be detained until he can be delivered into the custody of a police officer. Arrest of offenders.

6. (1) Any person who discharged any firearm, etc., or sets fire to any firework in any street or in any house or building or within the curtilage thereof shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of ten pounds for each and every such offence. Discharging firearms, prohibited.

(2) An offender may be taken into custody without warrant as in the case of persons contravening bye-law 5. Arrest of offenders.

(3) If it is proved that a firearm has been discharged in, or within the curtilage of any house or building and the person doing so has not been identified the occupier of such house or building if within the premises at the time the offence was committed, shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds. Liability of occupier of house in which firearms discharged.

7. (1) It shall not be lawful for any person without the permission in writing of the Council, which shall be issued either free or on payment as provided in the Schedule, to assemble or be in any premises beating any drum, gong, tomtom or other instrument or beating or clapping with his hands or dancing thereto, and any police officer by himself, or with such assistance as he may take to his aid, may warn the persons so unlawfully assembled to depart. Beating drums, etc., without permission unlawful. Schedule.

Penalty and arrest of persons refusing to desist.

(2) Whoever after being so warned shall not depart forthwith (except the persons actually dwelling in such house or building) may be apprehended without warrant by any police officer or person acting in his aid, and shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of ten shillings for each and every such offence.

Penalty on occupier of house, etc.

(3) The occupier of such premises who shall have permitted such persons unlawfully to assemble, or be therein as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings and every drum, tomtom or other instrument found in the premises shall be liable to forfeiture.

(4) This bye-law shall not apply to military or police bands.

Court may prohibit drumming, etc., during sittings.

8. Any court may prohibit during the hours of its sitting and at any place within a radius of three hundred yards from the building where such sitting is held any beating of drums, gongs, tomtom, or other instruments, or other loud noises of any kind or description, and whosoever being required by any constable or officer of the court to desist from beating any drum, gong, tomtom or other instrument or from making any other noise as aforesaid fails to comply with such requisition shall for every offence be liable to a penalty of forty shillings, and may be apprehended by any police officer without warrant.

Right of police to enter premises.

9. Any police officer may enter any premises for the purposes of arresting or taking the name of a person whom he has reason to believe is guilty of an offence against any provisions of bye-laws 32 to 35 inclusive.

**SCHEDULE**

<i>License for Drumming</i>				£	s	d
Between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m. ... ..	...	...	...	free		
Between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m. per hour or part thereof ... ..	...	...	...	0	5	0

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Secretary*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 18th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. Pleass,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 70 of 1954*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (PROTECTION OF WATERS)  
(OKO VILLAGE) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Protection of Waters) (Oko Village) Bye-Laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. No person shall enter any area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws except the employees of the Aguata District Council or the Government of Nigeria when acting in the course of their employment.

3. No person shall take from the area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws any water or mud or soil.

4. Any person who—

(a) enters or is found within the area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws or

(b) incites any person to enter the area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws, or

(c) takes from the area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws any water or mud or soil, or

(d) incites any person to take from the area described in the Schedule to these bye-laws any water or mud or soil

shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of five pounds or imprisonment for one month.

#### SCHEDULE

The area of the springs forming the reservoir together with that area of land comprised by drawing an imaginary line parallel to the edges of the reservoir 300 feet from the said edges.

MADE by resolution of the Council the 21st day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:—

J. O. ADIMORA, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 22nd day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 71 of 1954*

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

#### *The Townships Ordinance (Chapter 216)*

#### ORDER

*Date of Commencement: 25th March, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 3 of the Townships Ordinance the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Townships (Itu) Order, 1954.

2. The areas described as Parcel A and Parcel B in the Schedule to this order are hereby declared to be the Township of Itu.

3. The Township of Itu is hereby declared to be a township of the Third Class.

#### SCHEDULE

#### PARCEL A

*Area, 1887.0 acres*

#### *Description*

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBK. 690 the co-ordinates of which are 2062.88 feet north and 8959.34 feet east of a concrete pillar marked ICS. 224 the origin of Itu Cadastral Surveys, thence bounded by straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBK. 690	196° 42'	490.3 feet	PBK. 689
PBK. 689	196° 41'	223.4 "	PBF. 2013
PBF. 2013	105° 24'	1202.0 "	PBF. 2014
PBF. 2014	106° 16'	306.7 "	PBF. 2015
PBF. 2015	103° 36'	609.2 "	PBF. 2016
PBF. 2016	103° 45'	380.8 "	PBF. 2017
PBF. 2017	118° 48'	170.6 "	PBF. 2018
PBF. 2018	126° 17'	11299.8 "	PBF. 2135
PBF. 2135	216° 00'	369.7 "	PBF. 2134
PBF. 2134	215° 56'	204.0 "	PBF. 2133
PBF. 2133	216° 08'	399.2 "	PBF. 2132
PBF. 2132	216° 06'	645.7 "	PBF. 2131
PBF. 2131	215° 36'	569.9 "	PBF. 2130
PBF. 2130	216° 39'	298.8 "	PBF. 2129
PBF. 2129	216° 21'	298.4 "	PBF. 2128
PBF. 2128	216° 03'	532.6 "	PBF. 2127
PBF. 2127	215° 15'	444.4 "	PBF. 2126
PBF. 2126	214° 47'	201.0 "	PBF. 2125
PBF. 2125	214° 58'	583.0 "	PBF. 2124
PBF. 2124	215° 15'	474.6 "	PBF. 2123
PBF. 2123	215° 42'	259.9 "	PBF. 2122
PBF. 2122	300° 32'	656.7 "	PBF. 2121
PBF. 2121	300° 35'	259.6 "	PBF. 2120
PBF. 2120	300° 27'	337.1 "	PBF. 2119
PBF. 2119	300° 24'	652.8 "	PBF. 2118
PBF. 2118	300° 29'	415.7 "	PBF. 2117
PBF. 2117	299° 25'	574.1 "	PBF. 2116
PBF. 2116	299° 17'	353.8 "	PBF. 2115
PBF. 2115	300° 16'	349.4 "	PBF. 2114
PBF. 2114	299° 45'	517.7 "	FPB. 2113
PBF. 2113	300° 15'	198.6 "	PBF. 2112
PBF. 2112	300° 30'	348.5 "	PBF. 2111
PBF. 2111	300° 07'	322.5 "	PBF. 2110
PBF. 2110	300° 21'	391.4 "	PBF. 2109
PBF. 2109	300° 20'	561.8 "	PBF. 2108
PBF. 2108	300° 23'	123.4 "	PBF. 2107
PBF. 2107	300° 55'	96.5 "	PBF. 2106
PBF. 2106	300° 21'	342.8 "	PBF. 2105
PBF. 2105	300° 17'	319.1 "	PBF. 2104
PBF. 2104	300° 09'	128.8 "	PBF. 2103
PBF. 2103	300° 27'	231.6 "	PBF. 2102
PBF. 2102	300° 09'	316.2 "	PBF. 2101
PBF. 2101	299° 55'	497.7 "	PBF. 2100
PBF. 2100	300° 20'	130.2 "	PBF. 2099
PBF. 2099	300° 01'	414.6 "	PBF. 2098
PBF. 2098	300° 07'	553.6 "	PBF. 2097
PBF. 2097	300° 27'	505.0 "	PBF. 2096
PBF. 2096	300° 14'	630.8 "	PBF. 2095
PBF. 2095	349° 55'	180.4 "	PBF. 2094
PBF. 2094	349° 53'	520.0 "	PBF. 2093
PBF. 2093	349° 48'	553.5 "	PBF. 2092
PBF. 2092	349° 43'	657.5 "	PBF. 2091
PBF. 2091	349° 45'	498.5 "	PBF. 2090
PBF. 2090	349° 31'	445.2 "	PBF. 2031

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBF. 2031	344° 54'	674.8 "	PBF. 2032
PBF. 2032	347° 57'	542.9 "	PBF. 2033
PBF. 2033	349° 37'	653.1 "	PBK. 684
PBK. 684	267° 24'	605.0 "	PBK. 683
PBK. 683	349° 03'	607.0 "	PBK. 682
PBK. 682	302° 37'	502.8 "	PBK. 680
PBK. 680	334° 19'	794.3 "	PBK. 678
PBK. 678	20° 11'	365.3 "	PBC. 437
PBC. 437	290° 12'	507.9 "	PBK. 709

thence along the Itu-Oduru Itu road in a north-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 1,390 feet to PBK. 708; thence bounded by straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBK. 708	321° 09'	158.2 feet	PBK. 707
PBK. 707	51° 11'	110.0 "	PBK. 706
PBK. 706	321° 09'	164.8 "	PBK. 705
PBK. 705	231° 08'	35.0 "	PBK. 704
PBK. 704	321° 09'	30.0 "	PBK. 703

thence on a bearing of 321° 09' for a distance of 18 feet to a point on the right bank of the Cross River; thence along the right bank of the Cross River downstream in a north-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 110 feet to a point which is on a bearing of 321° 10' at a distance of 40 feet from PBK. 702; thence on a bearing of 141° 10' for a distance of 40 feet to PBK. 702; thence bounded by straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBK. 702	141° 10'	30.0 feet	PBK. 701
PBK. 701	231° 08'	35.0 "	PBK. 700
PBK. 700	141° 10'	164.9 "	PBK. 699
PBK. 699	51° 11'	110.0 "	PBK. 698
PBK. 698	141° 10'	127.6 "	PBK. 697

thence along the Itu-Oduru road in a general north-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 1,320 feet through PBK. 696 to PBK. 695; thence on a bearing of 139° 09' for a distance of 2183.6 feet to PBK. 690 the starting point.

#### PARCEL B

*Area, 4704.91 square yards*

#### *Description*

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBF. 2812, the co-ordinates of which are 4618.98 feet north and 7953.76 feet east of a concrete pillar marked ICS. 224 the origin of Itu Cadastral Surveys; the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBF. 2812	145° 42'	153.7 feet	PBF. 2813
PBF. 2813	217° 18'	238.8 "	PBF. 2814
PBF. 2814	333° 39'	223.1 "	PBF. 2764

thence on a bearing of 333° 39' for a distance of 15 feet to a point on the right bank of the Cross River; thence along the right bank of the Cross River downstream in a general north-easterly direction for an approximate distance of 100 feet to a point situated on a bearing of 325° 42', at a distance of 20 feet from PBF. 2812; thence on a bearing of 145° 42' for a distance of 20 feet to PBF. 2812 the starting point.

For both parcels, all property beacons are concrete pillars all bearings and lengths are approximate, and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE this 23rd day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 72 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)**Order MADE UNDER Oban Group Forest Reserve**Date of Commencement : 25th March, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region of Nigeria by section 21 of the Forestry Ordinance, it is hereby ordered as follows:—

Short title.

1. This order may be cited as the Oban Group Forest Reserve (Partial De-reservation) Order, 1954.

Modification  
and Revision  
of Order No.  
20 of 1932  
and  
Order No. 12  
of 1935.

2. With effect from the date of this order, the lands, the limits and situation of which are set out in the Schedule hereto and which formed part of the Oban Group Forest Reserve which was constituted by Order No. 12 of 1935, shall cease to form part of such Reserve.

## SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing nineteen decimal four square miles or thereabouts situated in the south-western corner of the Oban Group Forest Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from Beacon FD. 124 at the point where the right hand side of the path from Freetown Beach to Mbarakom meets the left hand side of the Old Telegraph line trace from Mbarakom to Uwet by the left hand side of the Old Telegraph Line Trace from Mbarakom to Uwet in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 31 feet to Beacon FD. 125 (Iron Post) on the left bank of the Calabar River opposite Uwet Village; thence by the left bank of the Calabar River upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of about ten miles to Beacon FD. 126 (Iron Post) at the point where the left bank of the Calabar River meets the right hand side of the path from Uyangha-Igbofia to Mbarakom; thence by the right hand side of the path from Uyangha-Igbofia to Mbarakom in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 5 miles 1,288 feet to Beacon FD. 127; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $256^{\circ}$  for a distance of 425 feet to Beacon FD. 128; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $182^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,416 feet to Beacon FD. 129 on the Old Telegraph Line Trace from Mbarakom to Uwet; thence by the Old Telegraph Line Trace from Mbarakom to Uwet in a general westerly direction for a distance of 7 miles 3,166 feet to Beacon FD. 124 the starting point.

MADE this 18th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 73 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ONITSHA COUNTY COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Onitsha County Council (hereinafter called the "Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of June, 1954. Establishment of the Onitsha County Council.
2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device :— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Onitsha Urban District Council. Area of the authority of the Council.
4. The Council shall consist of the thirty-eight councillors of the Onitsha Urban District Council. Constitution.
5. The Chairman of the Council shall be the Chairman of the Onitsha Urban District Council. Chairman.
6. So soon as may be, the Council shall establish an Education Committee. Committees.
7. The Council shall perform the duties and discharge the functions described in sections 238, 239 and 240 of the Ordinance and may perform the functions described in section 95, and paragraphs (22) and (24) of section 99 of the Ordinance. Functions.
8. The Council may make a precept before the 31st day of July, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending 31st March, 1955. Precepts.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 24th day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 74 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE ONITSHA  
URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establish-  
ment of  
Onitsha  
Urban  
District  
Council.  
Seal.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance"), the Onitsha Urban District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established on the 1st day of June, 1954.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of the  
authority of  
the Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the Onitsha land and shall include areas of Crown Land within the Onitsha land and between the Onitsha land and the east bank of the River Niger.

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a council of thirty-eight councillors, thirty of whom shall be elected, seven of whom shall be nominated and one of who shall be appointed, in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Wards.

5. The thirty elected councillors shall be elected as follows:—

- (i) twelve councillors shall be elected from the twelve wards of the Inland Town, described in the First Schedule to this Instrument, and
- (ii) eighteen councillors shall be elected from the eighteen wards of the Waterside, described in the First Schedule to this Instrument, one member being elected to represent each ward.

Persons  
entitled  
to be  
registered  
as voters.

6. (1) The persons who are entitled to be registered as voters to elect the elected councillors shall be those persons who have paid tax or rates in the area of the Council in the twelve months preceding the date of the publication of the notice under paragraph 10 of this Instrument, and those persons who in the same period of twelve months have been exempted from paying tax for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax.

(2) There shall be a voters' list for each ward, and persons entitled to be registered as voters shall claim to be registered as voters by delivering to the Council or in the case of the first elections to the person appointed as Returning Officer in accordance with paragraph 12 of this Instrument notice in the form prescribed in the Second Schedule to this Instrument.

(3) Persons entitled to be registered as voters shall claim to be registered as voters in the ward in which they reside and no person shall be entitled to have his name placed on the voters list of more than one ward.

## ELECTIONS

7. There shall be a separate election of councillors for each ward. Council and ward elections.
8. The Local Government electors for each ward shall be the persons whose names appear in the voters' list for that ward. Local Government electors.
9. An elector may give one vote for any one candidate and no more. Number of votes.
10. (1) For the first election the person appointed as Returning Officer in accordance with paragraph 12 of this Instrument shall cause to be published on or before the 1st April, 1954, in such manner as he shall think fit a notice requiring every person in the area who may be entitled to have his name placed on the voters' lists to deliver to the council within fifteen days from such date claim to be placed on such lists. Notice to persons claiming to be registered.
- (2) For subsequent elections the Council shall cause to be published on or before the 1st day of October in each year in a newspaper circulating in the area and in such other manner as it may think fit a notice requiring every person in the area who may be entitled to have his name placed on the voters lists to deliver to the Council within fifteen days from the said date a notice of his claim to be placed on such lists.
- (3) Notices of claim delivered after the expiration of the periods referred to in subsections (1) and (2) shall be of no effect and shall be disallowed.
11. (1) The Council shall as soon as possible after the date by which all claims are to be delivered in accordance with paragraph 10 enquire into, examine and investigate the qualifications in respect of which a claim is made, and may receive such evidence as may be necessary to prove to its satisfaction that the person making such claim possesses the qualifications in respect of which he claims to be placed on the voters lists. Consideration of claims.
- (2) If the Council is satisfied that the person making such claim possesses the qualifications in respect of which such claim is made, the name of the person shall be recorded on the voters' lists otherwise such claim shall be disallowed.
- (3) Such name shall be recorded in the voters' list for the ward in respect of which the claim has been made provided that the claim shows that the applicant resides within that ward otherwise such claim shall be disallowed.
- (4) Voters' lists compiled in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be the voters' lists for the wards to which they refer and shall be in force for one year from the date of publication:  
Provided that the voters' lists compiled for the first election shall remain in force only until the notice for a new election has been given in accordance with paragraph 10.
- (5) Voters' lists shall be published in such manner as the Council shall decide.
- (6) Voters' lists prepared and in force in accordance with this Instrument shall be conclusive evidence of the right to vote as electors of the persons whose names appear thereon, and no election shall be challenged on the grounds that a person whose name appears on the voters' lists was not entitled to vote.
- (7) For the purposes of the first election the duties prescribed under sub-paragraphs (1), (2), (3) and (5) shall be performed by the Returning Officer appointed in accordance with paragraph 12 of this Instrument.

## METHOD OF ELECTION

Appoint-  
ment of  
Returning  
Officer.

12. The Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province shall, for the first elections, appoint a suitable person to be the officer charged with the conduct of the election, hereinafter called the "Returning Officer." For subsequent elections the Secretary of the Council shall be the Returning Officer.

Dates for  
elections.

13. Elections shall be held between the 1st and the 25th of March, in each year, and the date for the election in any particular ward shall be fixed by the Returning Officer. Provided that the first elections to the Council shall be held between the 23rd and 30th days of May, 1954, the date for the election in any particular ward being fixed by the Returning Officer.

Arrange-  
ments for  
elections.

14. The Returning Officer shall:—

- (a) provide one polling station for each ward;
- (b) appoint such persons as he may think fit to assist at the taking of the poll, and such persons shall be known as Polling Officers;
- (c) appoint from such Polling Officers a person to be in charge of each polling station to be known as the Presiding Officer;
- (d) furnish each polling station with such number of compartments as may be necessary in which the voters can mark their votes screened from observation;
- (e) furnish each Presiding Officer with such number of ballot boxes and ballot papers as may be necessary;
- (f) provide each polling station with copies of the voters' list for the ward concerned;
- (g) allot to each candidate nominated in accordance with paragraph 15 of this Instrument a symbol, and cause to be published in such place and manner as he shall think fit within the area of the Council the symbols and the names of the candidates to whom they have been allotted;
- (h) do such other acts and things as may be necessary for conducting the election in the manner provided in this Instrument.

Nomination  
of candi-  
dates.

15. (1) Every candidate for election shall be nominated in writing by two voters for the ward for which he is a candidate, but no candidate may be nominated for more than one ward.

(2) The writing shall be subscribed both by the candidate and by the persons nominating him and shall state the full names of the candidate and the persons nominating him with their respective abodes and descriptions and indicate the ward for which the candidate is offering himself for election.

Nomination  
papers.

(3) The Returning Officer shall provide nomination papers and shall supply any voter with as many nomination papers as may be required, and shall at the request of any voter, fill up a nomination paper.

(4) Every nomination paper subscribed as aforesaid shall be delivered by the candidate or by one of the persons nominating him at the office of the Returning Officer fourteen days at least before the day of election and before two o'clock in the afternoon of the last day for delivery of nomination papers.

(5) Every candidate at the time when his nomination paper is delivered as aforesaid shall deposit or cause to be deposited with the Returning Officer the sum of two pounds towards the cost of the election and no nomination shall be valid until such deposit has been made.

(6) The deposit referred to in sub-paragraph (5) shall be returned to a candidate if:—

- (a) he withdraws his nomination in accordance with paragraph 17 or
- (b) there is no contested election in the ward for which he is a candidate, or
- (c) if he polls 10 per centum or more of votes cast.

16. The Returning Officer shall at least twelve days before the day of election cause to be published in such manner as he may think fit a statement of the full names of all persons nominated with an indication of the wards for which they have been nominated, and the persons nominating them with their respective abodes and descriptions. Statement as to persons nominated.

17. Any candidate may withdraw his candidature by notice in writing signed by him and delivered by himself or one of the persons nominating him to the Returning Officer not later than two o'clock in the afternoon of the tenth day before the day of election. Withdrawal of candidates.

18. If one candidate only remains nominated in any ward, such candidate shall be deemed to be elected and the Returning Officer shall on the day appointed for the election publish the name of the person so elected. Unopposed candidates.

19. (1) If after carrying out the provisions of paragraph 16, and if no nomination has been made by the Regional Authority under section 61 of the Ordinance, the Returning Officer shall declare a vacancy for that ward, and shall inform the Regional Authority. Where insufficient candidates nominated.

(2) On a vacancy being so notified, the Regional Authority shall appoint some other convenient day for the holding of an election to fill such vacancy.

(3) For the purposes of retirement, any member elected in such an election shall be deemed to have been elected on the day originally fixed for the first election.

20. (1) If after the latest time for delivery of nomination papers and before the commencement of the poll in any ward, a candidate who is nominated for such ward dies, the Returning Officer shall, upon being satisfied of the fact of death, countermand the poll in such ward. Death of candidate.

(2) In such an event the Returning Officer in the case of the first elections or the chairman of the Council in the case of subsequent elections shall appoint some other convenient day for the election.

21. In the case of a contested election in any ward, the Returning Officer shall on or before the fourth day before the day of election, give notice of the poll in such manner as he may think fit, specifying:— Hours of poll.

- (a) the day and hours fixed for the poll;
- (b) the full name, place of residence, and descriptions of each candidate remaining nominated;
- (c) the names, places of residence, and description of the persons who nominated each candidate;
- (d) the situation of each polling station and an indication of the persons entitled to vote thereat.

Appointment of polling agents.

22. The hours for the taking of the poll shall be from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m.

23. (1) Each candidate may attend and may appoint an agent to attend at each of the polling stations in the ward for which he is a candidate for the purpose of detecting personation.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day fixed for the election.

(3) If any such agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another polling agent in his place and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the agent so appointed.

(4) Each candidate or his agent in respect of whom such notice as aforesaid has been given, may during the hours of the poll, attend at the polling station to which he has been appointed.

Symbols to be marked on ballot boxes.

24. The Presiding Officer shall cause to be placed in the polling station ballot boxes equivalent in number to the persons nominated for election. Each ballot box shall be clearly marked with the candidate's name and with the symbol allotted in accordance with paragraph 14 (g) of this Instrument, and shall be shown to such persons as may be lawfully present to be so marked before being placed in the polling station and before any voting commences. When in use for voting the ballot boxes shall be screened from observation by all persons other than the voter casting his vote and shall be so constructed that the ballot papers can be put therein by the voter but cannot by him be withdrawn.

Sealing the empty ballot boxes.

25. Immediately before the commencement of the voting the Presiding Officer at the polling station shall show the ballot boxes empty to such persons as may lawfully be present so that they may see that they are empty and shall then close and seal the boxes in such manner as to prevent them being opened without breaking the seal.

Method of voting.

26. The voting at any election shall be conducted in the following manner:—

(a) every voter desiring to record his vote shall present himself to a Polling Officer at the polling station in the ward in which he is entitled to vote who after satisfying himself that the name of such voter appears on the copy of the voters' list provided and that he has not previously voted nor has any vote previously been cast in his name, shall deliver to him a ballot paper.

(b) A Polling Officer may, and if required by a candidate or his agent shall, put to any person applying for a ballot paper at the time of his application but not afterwards, the following questions or either of them:—

(i) Are you the person whose name is on the voters' list as follows (reading the copy of the entry from the copy of the voters' list)?

(ii) Have you already voted at the present election in this or any other ward?

(c) A voter on receiving a ballot paper shall go into one of the screened compartments in the polling station, and shall there secretly record his vote by placing his ballot paper in the ballot box bearing the name and symbol of the candidate of his choice.

(d) A voter shall not vote for more than one candidate nor record more than one vote in favour of any candidate nor place on the ballot paper any writing or mark by which he may be identified

- (e) A voter who is unable to distinguish symbols or who suffers from blindness or from any other physical disability may call the Presiding Officer aside and may tell him with no other person being present or within hearing, the name or symbol of the candidate for whom he wishes to vote, and the Presiding Officer shall, in the presence of the voter, and screened from observation by all other persons, place the ballot paper in the appropriate box.

27. (1) No person shall be admitted to vote at any polling station except the one allotted to him. Admission of persons to Polling Station.

(2) The Presiding Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the polling station at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except the candidates, the polling agents, the polling officer, any police officer on duty, and any other person who he considers has legitimate reason to be admitted.

28. (1) If at the time a person applies for a ballot paper, or after he has applied for a ballot paper and before he has left the polling station, a candidate or a polling agent declares to the Presiding Officer that he has reasonable cause to believe that the applicant has committed an offence of personation under the Ordinance and undertakes to substantiate the charge in a court of law, the Presiding Officer may order a police officer to arrest the applicant, and the order of the Presiding Officer shall be sufficient authority for the police officer so to do. Personation. Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.

(2) A person against whom a declaration is made under this paragraph by a candidate or a polling agent shall not, by reason thereof, be prevented from voting, but the Presiding Officer shall cause the words "protested against for personation" to be placed against his name in the copy of the list of voters:

Provided that where a person in respect of whom such declaration is made admits to the Presiding Officer that he is not the person he held himself out to be, he shall not be permitted to vote if he has not already done so. Proviso.

(3) A person arrested under the provisions of this paragraph shall be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant.

29. If a person, representing himself to be a particular voter named on the list of voters, applies for a ballot paper after another person has voted as such voter, the applicant shall not be permitted to vote. Saving.

30. (1) It shall be the duty of the Presiding Officer to keep order at his polling station. Conduct in polling stations.

(2) If any person misconducts himself in a polling station, or fails to obey the lawful orders of the Presiding Officer, he may immediately, by order of the Presiding Officer, be removed from the polling station by a police officer in or near the station, or by any other person authorised in writing by the Returning Officer to remove him; and the person so removed shall not, without the permission of the Presiding Officer, again enter the polling station during the day; and any person so removed as aforesaid may, if charged with the commission in such station of an offence, be dealt with as a person taken into custody by a police officer for an offence without a warrant:

Provided that the powers conferred by this paragraph shall not be exercised so as to prevent any voter who is otherwise entitled to vote at any polling station from having an opportunity of voting at such station.

Presiding Officer's duties at close of poll.

31. (1) At the hour appointed for closing the poll, the Presiding Officer shall declare the poll closed. He shall thereupon bring out the ballot boxes from the polling room and shall satisfy himself in the presence of the candidates that the seals are unbroken and that the symbols attached to the ballot boxes are intact.

(2) The Presiding Officer shall then forthwith deliver the sealed ballot boxes to the Returning Officer and also shall deliver to the Returning Officer all records and papers, including the unissued ballot papers concerning the conduct of the election.

Appointment of counting agents.

32. (1) Each candidate may appoint an agent to attend at the counting of the votes.

(2) Notice in writing of the appointment, stating the name and address of the person appointed, shall be given by the candidate to the Returning Officer one day at least before the day of election; and the Returning Officer may refuse to admit to the place where the votes are counted any counting agent whose name and address has not been so given.

(3) If a counting agent dies, or becomes incapable of acting, the candidate may appoint another counting agent in his place, and shall forthwith give to the Returning Officer notice in writing of the name and address of the counting agent so appointed.

Counting of votes.

33. The Returning Officer shall make arrangements for counting the votes in the presence of the counting agents as soon as practicable after the close of the poll and shall so far as is practicable, proceed continuously with the counting, allowing only time for refreshment.

Persons who may be present.

34. Except with the consent of the Returning Officer, no person other than the Returning Officer, the persons appointed to assist him, and the candidates and their counting agents may be present at the counting of the votes.

Method of counting of votes.

35. Before the Returning Officer proceeds to count the votes, he shall, in the presence of the counting agents, open each ballot box and taking out the ballot papers therein, shall count and record the number thereof, and then mix together the whole of the papers contained in the ballot boxes used in any one ward.

Handling of ballot papers.

36. The Returning Officer, while counting and recording the number of ballot papers and counting the votes, shall keep the ballot papers with their faces upwards, and take all proper precautions for preventing any person from seeing the numbers printed on the back of the papers.

Votes not to be counted.

37. Any ballot paper:—

(a) which is unofficial; or

(b) on which anything is written or marked by which the voter can be identified other than the printed or stamped serial number, shall not be counted.

Endorsements by Returning Officer.

38. The Returning Officer shall endorse:—

(a) the word "rejected" on any ballot paper which under the last preceding paragraph is not to be counted; and

(b) add to the endorsement the words "rejection objected to" if an objection to his decision is made by any counting agent.

Rejected ballot papers.

39. The Returning Officer shall draw up a statement showing the number of ballot papers rejected under the heads of:—

(a) unofficial;

(b) writing or mark by which voter could be identified.

40. The decision of the Returning Officer as to any question arising in respect of any ballot paper shall be final, but shall be subject to review only on an election petition questioning the election. **Returning Officer's decision final.**
41. Upon the completion of the counting, the Returning Officer shall seal up in separate packets the counted and rejected ballot papers. **Returning Officer's duties at conclusion of counting.**
42. When the result of the poll has been ascertained, the Returning Officer shall:— **Declaration of result.**
- (a) forthwith declare to be elected the candidate to whom the majority of votes has been given;
- (b) as soon as possible, publish in such manner as he may think fit, the name or names of the candidate or candidates elected and the total number of votes given for each candidate whether elected or not; and
- (c) send notification of election, in writing, to the successful candidate or candidates.
43. In the event of two or more of the candidates in the same ward receiving an equal number of votes, so that the addition of one vote to those cast for one candidate would entitle him to be elected, the Returning Officer shall order that another election shall be held for the ward on such day as he shall determine. **Equal voting.**
44. (1) Upon the completion of the counting the Returning Officer shall arrange for the safe custody of all documents relating to the conduct of the election. **Custody of documents.**
- (2) The Returning Officer shall cause such documents to be destroyed after the expiration of six months from the date of the election unless otherwise directed by an order of court arising out of an Election Petition commenced under Part VII of the Ordinance. **Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.**
45. A Presiding Officer may do, by the officers appointed to assist him, any act which he is required or authorised by this Instrument to do at a polling station except ordering the arrest, exclusion, or removal of any person from the polling station. **Powers of Presiding Officer.**
46. A candidate may himself do any act or thing which an agent of his, if appointed, would have been authorised or required to do, or may assist his agent in doing any such act or thing. **Candidate has power of his agent.**
47. Where in this Instrument any act or thing is required or authorised to be done in the presence of the agents of the candidates, the non-attendance of any agents or agent at the time and place appointed for the purpose shall not, if the act or thing is otherwise duly done, invalidate the act or thing done. **Non-attendance of agents not to invalidate proceedings.**
48. (1) The Returning Officer may pay to the Polling Officers such reasonable remuneration for their services as he shall determine. **Remuneration of assistants.**
- (2) All sums received by the Returning Officer in connection with the election shall be paid to the revenue of the Council and the Council shall pay all reasonable expenses incurred by the Returning Officer for the purposes of the election.
49. Subject to the provisions of this Instrument, no person who has voted at an election shall, in any legal proceeding to question the election, be required to state for whom he has voted. **Secrecy of vote.**

**Penalty.**

50. Any person who wilfully makes a false answer to either of the questions mentioned in paragraph 26 (b) shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds or imprisonment for two months.

**Part V of Ordinance No. 16 of 1950.**

51. No provision of Part V of the Ordinance shall apply to any elections held under this Instrument.

**Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.**

52. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraphs 12 to 50 of this Instrument if it appears to the Court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

**TENURE OF OFFICE OF MEMBERS**

**Term of office of elected councillors.**

53. (1) The term of office of the elected councillors shall be three years:
- (a) of the twelve councillors elected from the wards of the Inland Town, one third shall retire on 25th March, 1955, one third on 25th March, 1956, and one third on 25th March, 1957;
  - (b) of the eighteen councillors elected from the wards of the water-side, one third shall retire on 25th March, 1955, one third on 25th March, 1956, and one third on 25th March, 1957;
  - (c) as each of the councillors elected in the first elections retires, he shall be replaced by a newly elected councillor who shall come into office on that day and shall serve for the full term of three years unless he shall earlier resign, or die, or cease to be qualified;
  - (d) the order in which councillors elected in the first election shall retire shall be decided by lot.

(2) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that an elected member retiring under the provisions of sub-paragraph (1) of this paragraph shall, unless he shall have ceased to be qualified, be eligible for re-election.

**Nominated councillors.**

54. (1) Six nominated councillors shall be appointed by the Ndichie of Onitsha from amongst their own number and shall serve until 31st March, 1955, on which day they shall retire and be replaced by newly nominated councillors who shall serve until 31st March, 1956, and who shall then be replaced by newly nominated councillors who shall serve until the 31st March, 1957.

(2) One nominated councillor shall be a lady appointed by the women of the Inland Town and shall serve until the 31st of March, 1955, on which day she shall retire and be replaced by a newly nominated lady councillor who shall serve until the 31st of March, 1956, and who shall then be replaced by a newly nominated lady councillor who shall serve until the 31st of March, 1957.

(3) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring amongst the nominated councillors of the Council, the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance shall apply.

(4) For the removal of doubts it is hereby declared that a nominated member retiring under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (1) and (2) of this paragraph shall be eligible for re-nomination.

(5) In the event of the nomination of any of the nominated councillors becoming the subject of dispute his or her nomination shall not be valid without the approval of the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province.

55. (1) The appointed councillor shall be the person presently holding the title of Obi of Onitsha and shall be appointed by the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province. Appointed councillor.

(2) In the event of the person presently holding the title of Obi of Onitsha resigning his office, or at his death, the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province shall appoint a person to take his place until his successor assumes the title.

#### MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

56. The appointed councillor shall be the chairman of the Council provided that if the appointed councillor be not the holder of the title of Obi of Onitsha, he shall not be the chairman but, the vice-chairman elected or appointed in accordance with section 29 of the Ordinance shall then be the chairman. Chairman of the Council.

57. (1) So soon as may be, the Council shall establish standing committees for (i) Public Health, (ii) Roads and Works, (iii) Staff and General Purposes and (iv) Native Custom and Tradition. Committees.

(2) The Committee for Native Custom and Tradition shall consist only of the appointed councillor and the six nominated councillors of the Council to be appointed by the Ndichie from amongst their own number.

58. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 138 of the Ordinance. Rates.

59. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:— Functions.

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance:—  
(9), (10), (13), (14), (15), (32), (34), (39), (43), (44) and
- (ii) shall regulate the use of inflammable material in accordance with paragraph (16) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) shall regulate the making of borrow pits or other excavations in accordance with paragraph (19) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) shall maintain markets and prohibit the erection of stalls in places other than markets in accordance with paragraph (31) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) shall manage, license and control slaughter houses in accordance with paragraph (42) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vi) shall control the hawking of wares in accordance with paragraph (55) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) shall maintain roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges and street drains in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (viii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance:—  
(3), (4), (5), (6), (7), (11), (12), (17), (18), (20), (21), (23), (25), (27), (28), (30), (33), (35), (36), (37), (38), (40), (41), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (50), (51), (52), (53), (54), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (65), (66), (67), (68), (69), (70), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (76), (77), (78), (79), (80), (81) and (82), and
- (ix) may prohibit the use of any inflammable material in the construction or repair of any building in accordance with paragraph (16) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (x) may prohibit the making of borrow pits or other excavations in accordance with paragraph (19) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

- (xi) may build, equip, open or close markets in accordance with paragraph (31) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xii) may build slaughter houses in accordance with paragraph (42) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xiii) may prohibit or restrict the hawking of wares in accordance with paragraph (55) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xiv) may make, alter and divert roads, streets, paths, culverts, bridges, street drains and water courses in accordance with paragraph (59) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (xv) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

*(Paragraph 5 of the Instrument)*

The twelve wards of the Inland Town shall be the following quarters:—

Inland A	...	...	...	...	Umuaroli quarter.
Inland B	...	...	...	...	Ogbozala quarter.
Inland C	...	...	...	...	Ogboli Eke quarter.
Inland D	...	...	...	...	Ogboli Olosi quarter.
Inland E	...	...	...	...	Odojele quarter.
Inland F	...	...	...	...	Isiokwe and Ugwu quarters.
Inland G	...	...	...	...	Umuasele quarter.
Inland H	...	...	...	...	Iyjawu quarter.
Inland I	...	...	...	...	Obikporo quarter.
Inland J	...	...	...	...	Umuikem and Ogbotu quarters.
Inland K	...	...	...	...	Ogbeodogwu and Ogbeabu quarters.
Inland L	...	...	...	...	Umudei quarter.

The eighteen wards of the Waterside shall have the designation and boundaries hereinafter described:—

*Niger A Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Nkissi Road and Bent Lane; thence along the middle of Bent Lane and continuing along the middle of Egerton Road to the junction with Amobi Street; thence turning to the right along the middle of Amobi Street to the junction with Emejulu Street; thence bearing left along the middle of Emejulu Street to the junction with Bernard Street; thence turning right along the middle of Bernard Street to the junction with Bosah Street; thence turning left along the middle of Bosah Street to the junction with Akor Street; thence turning right along the middle of Akor Street to the junction with Mission Road; thence turning left along the middle of Mission Road to the River Niger; thence turning right following the bank of the River Niger as far as the Northern Boundary of the Forest Reserve; thence turning right along the boundary of the Forest Reserve to the junction with Nkissi Road; thence turning right along the middle of Nkissi Road to the junction with Bent Lane which was the starting point.

*Niger B Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Egerton Road and Amobi Street; thence along the middle of Amobi Street to the junction with Emejulu Street; thence bearing left along the middle of Emejulu Street to the junction with Bernard Street; thence turning right along the middle of Bernard Street to the junction with Bosah Street; thence turning left along the middle of Bosah Street to the junction with Akor Street; thence turning right of Akor Street to the junction with Mission Road; thence turning left along the middle of Mission Road to the River Niger;

thence turning left following the bank of the River Niger as far as John Holt's south boundary; thence turning left along the south boundary of John Holt's property to the junction with Ajasse Street; thence turning right along the middle of Ajasse Street to the junction with Old Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with Egerton Road; thence turning left along the middle of Egerton Road to the junction with Amobi Street which was the starting point.

*Niger C Ward.*—Starting from the point where the River Niger passes the New Market Road extension; thence along the middle of the new Market Road extension and continuing along the middle of New Market Road to the junction with Venn Road (North); thence turning left along the middle of Venn Road (North) to the junction with Francis Street; thence turning left along the middle of Francis Street to the junction with Bright Street; thence turning right along the middle of Bright Street to the junction with Old Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of Old Market Road to the River Niger; thence turning left following the bank of the River Niger as far as the end of New Market Road extension which was the starting point.

*Niger D Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Francis Street and Venn Road (North); thence along the middle of Venn Road (North) to the junction with Old Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with Ajasse Street; thence turning right along the middle of Ajasse Street to the junction with the south boundary of John Holt's property; thence turning left along the south boundary of John Holt's property to the River Niger; thence turning left following the bank of the River Niger as far as the end of Old Market Road; thence along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with Bright Street; thence turning right along the middle of Bright Street to the junction with Francis Street; thence turning left along the middle of Francis Street to the junction with Venn Road (North) which was the starting point.

*Odoakpu A Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Iweka Road and Venn Road South; thence along the middle of Venn Road South to the junction with Modebe Avenue; thence turning right along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the Otumoye Stream; thence turning left following the Otumoye Stream as far as the Port Harcourt Road (Fegge); thence turning left along the middle of Port Harcourt Road to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning left along the middle of Iweka Road to the junction with Venn Road South which was the starting point.

*Odoakpu B Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Iweka Road and Owerri Road; thence along the middle of Owerri Road to the junction with Modebe Avenue; thence turning left along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the junction with Ozoma Ogala Road; thence turning left along the middle of Ozoma Ogala Road to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning left along the middle of Iweka Road to the junction with Owerri Road which was the starting point.

*Odoakpu C Ward.*—Starting from the junction of New Market Road and Venn Road South; thence along the middle of Venn Road South to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning left along the middle of Iweka Road to the junction with Modebe Avenue; thence turning left along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the junction with Iboku Street; thence turning left along the middle of Iboku Street to the junction with New Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of New Market Road to the junction with Venn Road South which was the starting point.

*Odoakpu D Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Modebe Avenue and Owerri Road; thence along the middle of Owerri Road to the junction with Upper New Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of Upper New Market Road to the junction with Central School Road; thence turning left along the middle of Central School Road to the junction with Obanye Street; thence turning left along the middle of Obanye Street; to the junction with Ozoma Ogala Road; thence turning right along the middle of Ozoma Ogala Road to the junction with Modebe Avenue; thence turning left along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the junction with Owerri Road, which was the starting point.

*Odoakpu E Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Iweka Road and Modebe Avenue; thence along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the junction with Iboku Street; thence turning left along the middle of Iboku Street to the junction with New Market Road; thence turning right along the middle of New Market Road to the junction with Central School Road; thence turning right along the middle of Central School Road to the junction with Obanye Street; thence turning left along the middle of Obanye Street to the junction with Ozoma Ogala Road; thence turning right along the middle of Ozoma Ogala Road to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning right along the middle of Iweka Road to the junction with Modebe Avenue which was the starting point.

*Central A Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Ogboza Nkissi Lane and Awka Road; thence along the middle of Awka Road and continuing along the middle of Upper New Market Road to the junction with New America Road; thence turning right along the middle of New America Road to the junction with Enugu Road; thence turning left along the middle of Enugu Road to the junction with Egerton Road; thence turning right along the middle of Egerton Road and continuing along the middle of Bent Lane to the junction with Nkissi Road; thence turning right along the middle of the Nkissi Road to the Nkissi Stream; thence turning right following the Nkissi Stream as far as Ogboza Nkissi Lane; thence turning right along the middle of the Ogboza Nkissi Lane to the junction with Awka Road which was the starting point.

*Central B Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Old Market Road and New American Road; thence along the middle of New America Road to the junction with Enugu Road; thence turning left along the middle of Enugu Road to the junction with Egerton Road; thence turning along the middle of Egerton Road to the junction with Benjamin Street; thence turning left along the middle of Benjamin Street to the junction with Old Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with New America Road which was the starting point.

*Central C Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Egerton Road and Benjamin Street; thence along the middle of Benjamin Street to the junction with Old Market Road; thence turning right along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with Egerton Road; thence turning right along the middle of Egerton Road to the junction with Benjamin Street which was the starting point.

*Central D Ward.*—Starting from the junction of New Market Road and Old Market Road; thence along the middle of Old Market Road to the junction with Venn Road North; thence turning left along the middle of Venn Road North to the junction with New Market Road; thence turning left along the middle of New Market Road to the junction with Old Market Road which was the starting point.

*Fegge A Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Port Harcourt Road and Third Avenue; thence along the middle of Third Avenue and continuing along the middle of Seventh Avenue to the Otumoye Creek; thence turning right following the Otumoye Creek and Stream as far as the Port Harcourt Road; thence turning right along the middle of the Port Harcourt Road to the junction with Third Avenue which was the starting point.

*Fegge B Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Port Harcourt Road and Third Avenue; thence along the middle of Third Avenue and continuing along the middle of Seventh Avenue to the Otumoye Creek; thence turning left following the Otumoye Creek to the River Niger; thence turning left following the bank of the River Niger as far as the Port Harcourt Road; thence turning left along the middle of the Port Harcourt Road to the junction with Third Avenue which was the starting point.

*Otumoye A Ward.*—Starting from the junction of New Market Road and Venn Road South; thence along the middle of Venn Road South to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning right along the middle of Iweka Road and continuing along the middle of Moore Street to the junction with Bida Road; thence turning right along the middle of Bida Road to the junction with New Market Road; thence turning right along the middle of New Market Road to the junction with Venn Road South which was the starting point.

*Otumoye B Ward.*—Starting from the junction of New Market Road extension and Bida Road; thence along the middle of Bida Road to the Otumoye Creek; thence turning right following the Otumoye Creek to the River Niger; thence turning right following the bank of the River Niger as far as the New Market Road extension; thence turning right along the middle of New Market Road extension to the junction with Bida Road which was the starting point.

*Otumoye C Ward.*—Starting from the junction of Bida Road and Modebe Avenue; thence along the middle of Modebe Avenue to the junction with Venn Road South; thence turning left along the middle of Venn Road South to the junction with Iweka Road; thence turning left along the middle of Iweka Road and continuing along the middle of Moore Street to the junction with Bida Road; thence turning left along the middle of Bida Road to the junction with Modebe Avenue which was the starting point.

SECOND SCHEDULE

(Paragraph 6 of the Instrument)

CLAIM TO BE REGISTERED AS A VOTER

.....  
*Onitsha Urban District Council*

To .....  
*Onitsha Urban District Council*

I, ..... of .....  
(insert full name in BLOCK LETTERS) (insert address in BLOCK LETTERS)

.....hereby give you notice that I claim to  
LETTERS)  
 have my name inserted in the list of voters for the Onitsha Urban District  
 Council, for Ward.....  
(insert ward)

I hereby declare that my qualifications are as follows:—

- (a) I have paid tax to the tax collection authority recognised or appointed under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance

in or for the area of the authority of the Onitsha Urban District Council, *vide* receipt No.....in respect of the financial year 1st April, 19..... to 31st March, 19.....

(b) I have paid rates within the area of the authority of the Onitsha Urban District Council *vide* receipt No.....in respect of the financial year 1st April, 19.....to 31st March, 19.....

(c) I have been exempted from payment of tax for reasons other than that I am too young to pay.

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

Signature.....

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 24th day of March, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 75 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
IGBO-ETITI DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of Igbo-Etiti District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Igbo-Etiti District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of authority of the District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Abbi	Ibagwani	Umunko	Okpuje-Okutu
Aku	Ikolo	Nibo	Opi
Akwegbe	Ochima	Nkpologu	Orobo
Akpugo-Udueme	Onyohor	Nsukka	Ozalla
Ede	Lejja	Obimo-Ikwuoka	Ugbene
Edem	Ngalakpu	Ohebe	Ukehe-Idoha
Erer-Uno	Umuna	Ohodo	Uvuru

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of thirty-one elected members.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas or group of Local Council areas in accordance with the following table:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Abbi ... ..	1	Nibo ... ..	1
Aku ... ..	3	Nkpologu ... ..	1
Akwegbe ... ..	1	Nsukka ... ..	2
Akpugo-Udueme ... ..	1	Obimo-Ikwuoka... ..	1
Ede ... ..	1	Ohebe ... ..	1
Edem ... ..	1	Ohodo ... ..	1
Erer-Uno ... ..	1	Okpuje-Okutu ... ..	1
Ibagwani ... ..	1	Opi ... ..	3
Ikolo, Ochima, Onyohor ... ..	1	Orobo ... ..	1
Lejja ... ..	1	Ozalla ... ..	1
Ngalakpu, Umuna, Umunko ... ..	1	Ugbene ... ..	1
		Ukeche-Idoha ... ..	3
		Uvuru ... ..	1

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council or group of Local Councils shall be as follows:— Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council or group of Local Councils fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council or group of Local Councils to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.

- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.

- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xv) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

Date of first election.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

Term of office of councillors.

Election of chairman.

Rating.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 1st day of February, 1954 and the 25th day of March, 1954.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—  
(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (64), (68), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82), and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance;  
Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (viii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money toward the establishment, equipment and maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs; and
- (ix) may provide for the control and registration of bake-houses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 76 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
ISI-UZO DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establish-  
ment of  
Isi-Uzo  
District  
Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Amala	Mbu	Area of Authority of the District Council.
Eha-Alumona	Obolo-Afor	
Eha-Amufu	Obolo-Eke/Olie	
Ezimo	Ogbodu-Aba	
Ikem	Orba	
Imilike	Udunedem	
Leke	Umualor	

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty-four elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Amala ... ..	1	Mbu ... ..	1
Eha Alumona ... ..	3	Obolo-Afor... ..	1
Eha-Amufu ... ..	5	Obolo-Eke/Olie ... ..	2
Ezimo ... ..	1	Ogbodu-Aba ... ..	1
Ikem ... ..	1	Orba ... ..	3
Imilike ... ..	1	Udunedem ... ..	1
Leke ... ..	2	Umualor ... ..	1

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:— Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 1st day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first election.

- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.
- Term of office of councillors. 12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.
- Election of chairman. 13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Rating. 14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.
- Functions. 15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:—
- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—  
(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (64), (68), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82), and
  - (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance;  
Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
  - (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
  - (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
  - (viii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money toward the establishment, equipment and maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs; and
  - (ix) may provide for the control and registration of bake-houses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 77 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
IGBO-EZE DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Igbo-Eze District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Establishment of Igbo-Eze District Council.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:— Area of Authority of the District Council.

Eketeketele	Ibagwa-Aka
Essodo	Ihaka
Ezzedo	Iheakpu
Umu Itodo	Itchi
Umu Ozzi	Obukpa
Error-Agu	Ovoko
Eteh	Unadu

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty-seven elected members. Constitution.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above. Qualification of voters.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table:— Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

Local Council	Number of Members	Local Council	Number of Members
Eketeketele ... ..	1	Ibagwa-Aka ... ..	2
Essodo ... ..	2	Ihaka ... ..	2
Ezzedo ... ..	1	Iheakpu ... ..	1
Umu Itodo ... ..	3	Itchi ... ..	1
Umu Ozzi ... ..	5	Obukpa ... ..	2
Error-Agu ... ..	1	Ovoko ... ..	2
Eteh ... ..	3	Unadu ... ..	1

Returning  
Officer.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of  
election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (vi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xi) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.

- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes, recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 1st day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Election of chairman.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Rating.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Functions.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:—

- (i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—  
(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (64), (68), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82), and
- (iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (viii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money toward the establishment, equipment and maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs; and
- (ix) may provide for the control and registration of bake-houses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 78 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE OPOBO URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Opobo Urban District Council shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Opobo Urban District Council.
2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.



3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area set out in the First Schedule to this Instrument. Area of the Authority of District Council.
4. The Council shall consist of a Council of forty-one members, forty of whom shall be elected in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument and one of whom shall be the person for the time being holding the office of Amananyabo of Opobo. Constitution.
5. The forty elected councillors shall be elected from the fourteen wards described in the Second Schedule to this Instrument, and in accordance with the scheme of representation there set out. Wards.
6. The persons who are entitled to elect the elected councillors shall be those persons who have paid tax or rates in the area of the Council twelve months preceding the date of the election and those persons who are exempted from paying tax for reasons other than that they are too young to pay tax. Qualification of voters.

Returning Officers.

7. (1) The Resident in charge of the Calabar Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of each ward fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that ward to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.

- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may if it appears convenient to him to do so appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraphs and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Date of first election.

10. The first election to the Council shall be between the 21st day of February, 1954, and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Part V of Ordinance not to apply.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Term of office of councillors.

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election, provided that:—

- (1) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955, six representatives of the Jaja Ward and one representative each of the Kiepirima, Dappa, Dappanamakiri, Diepiri, Fubarakworo, Kalamuso, Iro-Anya and Adibie Wards, and each shall be replaced by a newly elected councillor who shall come into office on that day and shall serve for the full term of three years unless he shall earlier resign, die or cease to be eligible.
- (2) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1956, five representatives of the Jaja Ward, one representative each of the Kiepirima, Dappa, Dappanamakiri and Iro-Anya Wards and the one representative of the Tolofari, Owu-Jie, Biriye and Epelle Wards, and each shall be replaced by a newly elected councillor who shall come into office on that day and shall serve for the full term of three years unless he shall earlier resign, die or cease to be eligible.
- (3) There shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1957, five representatives of the Jaja Ward, one representative each of the Kiepirima, Dappa, Diepiri, Fubarakworo, Kalamuso, Iro-Anya and Adibie Wards and the one representative of the Uka-Onu Ward, and each shall be replaced by a newly elected councillor who shall come into office on that day and shall serve for the full term of three years unless he shall earlier resign, die or cease to be eligible.
- (4) Where there is more than one representative for a ward, the order in which councillors shall retire shall be decided by lot.
- (5) Councillors who retire in accordance with this paragraph may, provided they are still so eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Election of chairman.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands among the councillors.

Standing Committees.

14. So soon as may be the Council shall establish the Committees set out in the Third Schedule to this Instrument.

15. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with Rating. the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

16. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by Functions. virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance, the Council shall have functions as set out in the Fourth Schedule to this Instrument.

**FIRST SCHEDULE** *Paragraph 3.*

The area of Opobo Town but excluding any part of Opobo Town situated in the area of the Obolo and Ibibio District Councils.

**SECOND SCHEDULE** *Paragraph 5.*

The fourteen wards shall be as set out in the First Column and their composition as set out in the Second Column. The forty elected councillors shall be elected in accordance with the representation set out in the Third Column.

<i>Ward</i>	<i>Composition of Ward</i>	<i>Number of Councillors to be elected</i>
Jaja ... ..	King Jaja, Oko Jaja, Sam Annie Pepple, Thomas Jaja, Accra Jaja, Saturday Jaja, Sunday Jaja, Mac Pepple, Omubo Pepple, Jim Jaja, Patesi Oko Jaja, Accra Pepple, Bruce Jaja and Aaron Jaja House.	16
Kiepirima ... ..	Annie Stewart, Toby, Sam Toby and William Toby House.	3
Dappa ... ..	Wogu Dappa, Opusunju Dappa, Kalasunju Dappa, Brown Agent, Doctor Dappa, Ebranga Dappa, Adda Tom Pepple and Tilibo Dappa House.	3
Dappanamakiri ... ..	Black Fubra, Gogo, Duke Norfolk, Obonna B. Fubra, Ogolo B. Fubra, Finebone and Jungo Manilla House.	2
Diepiri ... ..	Ubani, Ogolo, Daminabo Ogolo, Atabara Ogolo, Domingo Ubani and Joseph Ogolo House.	2
Tolofari ... ..	Legg Jack, Diri Tolofari and Warri Diri House.	1
Fubarakworo ... ..	How Strongface and Yellow Strongface House.	2
Kalamuso ... ..	John Brown, Yellow John Brown, Jacob John Brown, Cockeye Brown and Peter Cockeye House.	2
Uka-Onu ... ..	Wariso, Cookey Gam, George Cookey Gam, Apiafi and Nzekwe House.	1
Iro-Anya ... ..	Captain Uranta, Waribo Uranta, Ichie Captain Uranta and Small Ichie Uranta.	3
Owu-Jie ... ..	John Africa and Ibiniwangi Africa House.	1
Biriye ... ..	Thomas Peterside and Dodd Peterside House.	1
Epelle ... ..	Sam Oko Epelle, George Oko Epelle and Mirini Oko Epelle House.	1
Adibie ... ..	Okpukpo and Oko Minimah House.	2

**THIRD SCHEDULE**  
**EDUCATION COMMITTEE**  
**HEALTH COMMITTEE**

*Paragraph 14.*

## FOURTH SCHEDULE

Paragraph 16

Functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99:—

- (3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (30), (31), (32), (33), (34), (36), (38), (39), (41), (42), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (63), (64), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81) and (82).
- (i) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (ii) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell the produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than four beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (iv) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (v) may make bye-laws for the prohibition, regulation or registration of any native plays or clubs; and
- (vi) may make bye-laws for the control and registration of hotels and catering establishments.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of November, 1953.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 79 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE ONITSHA TOWN COUNCIL (REGULATION  
OF FISHING) (REVOCATION) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (v) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the Onitsha Town Council has made the following rules:—

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Onitsha Town Council (Regulation of Fishing) (Revocation) Rules, 1953.
2. The Onitsha Town Council (Regulation of Fishing) Rules, 1951, are hereby revoked.

Revocation  
of N. A.  
Public Notice  
No. 146 of  
1951.

MADE under the Seal of the Onitsha Town Council this 16th day of November, 1953.

SEALED under the Seal of the Onitsha Town Council this 16th day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

ONUORA IKEME, *Town Clerk,*  
*Onitsha Town Council*OKOSI II, *The Obi of Onitsha,*  
*President, Onitsha Town Council*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 80 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (EATING HOUSES,  
FOOD PREPARING AND PRESERVING PREMISES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Eating Houses, Food Preparing and Preserving Premises) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the authority of the Enugu Urban District Council but also to all persons whilst within the Enugu Urban District Council area, and shall come into operation upon a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and applica-  
tion.

2. In these bye-laws:—

- (i) "food" means any article for food or drink by man other than drugs and water; and includes aerated and mineral waters; Definitions.
- (ii) "council" means the Enugu Urban District Council;
- (iii) "health officer" includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health and whether or not such Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person is serving in the Medical Department of Government or is in the service of the Council.

3. (i) All eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be registered annually in the office of the Council by the proprietor or occupier carrying on the business; provided that no such registration shall be made until the premises have been inspected and approved by the Council on the recommendation of the Health Officer. Registration.

(ii) There shall be paid in respect of every such registration the following fees:— Registration fees.

<i>In Residential Houses:</i>			
For each single-room used as Eating House	...	...	£ s d
			0 10 0
<i>In Non-residential Houses:</i>			
For each single-room used as Eating House	...	...	1 10 0
For Residential Hotels	...	...	5 0 0
<i>In Food Preparing Premises:</i>			
In respect of each corn mill operated	...	...	5 0 0

The Council shall issue a certificate of registration in the form in the Schedule hereto and such certificate shall expire on the 31st December next following the date of issue.

(iii) Any premises which are not registered in the month of January each year shall be deemed to be unregistered premises.

4. All eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be paved or concreted and drained to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer. The area of each such premises shall in no case be less than 120 square feet and the minimum height of the ceiling shall be 10 feet. Every eating house, food preparing and preserving premises shall have a separate kitchen accommodation with properly cemented floor and walls to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

5. All eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be lime-washed inside throughout once every six months, or thoroughly cleaned periodically to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

6. No animal or bird shall be allowed on premises used as eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises.

7. No rooms used as eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be used as sleeping apartments or have direct connection with any living room.

8. The sanitary arrangements and conveniences in all eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

9. No water shall be used in any eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises except that obtained from a source approved by the Council.

10. All food and water used in eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be kept adequately covered and all pans, tables, counters and other utensils shall be maintained and kept clean to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

11. Measures, to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer shall be taken by the proprietors occupiers of eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises to keep down vermin.

12. The Health Officer may in the interest of public health and sanitation prohibit any person suffering from any disease or ailment from entering into and/or remaining in any eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises.

13. If the Council shall on the recommendation of the Health Officer consider that any eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises should, in the interest of public health and sanitation be closed down it may by notice in writing prohibit the proprietor or occupier from using such premises for any purposes whatsoever until such a time or for such a period as it may deem fit.

14. The personal cleanliness of all persons employed in eating houses, food preparing and preserving premises shall be to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

15. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds, or in default of payment, to imprisonment for one month, which penalty or term of imprisonment shall be imposed or ordered by a Magistrate.

## SCHEDULE

ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (EATING HOUSES, FOOD  
PREPARING AND PRESERVING) BYE-LAWS, 1953*Registration of premises: Bye-laws 3*

The Premises described hereunder and in the control of.....  
are registered as..... from.....  
to 31st December, 19.....  
Fees: £ : :  
Date.....  
Description.....

.....  
*Town Clerk,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

MADE by Resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 21st day  
of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in  
the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section  
107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day  
of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall  
come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 81 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils  
by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16  
of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban  
District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council  
(Market) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons subject to  
the authority of the Enugu Urban District Council but also to all persons  
whilst within the Enugu Urban District Council area, and shall come into  
force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and  
application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;

“market” means any of the markets maintained by the Enugu Urban  
District Council.

Definitions.

- Hours of opening.** 3. Each market shall be open from 6 a.m. to 7 p.m. on each day, except on such days or at such hours on any day as the Council may determine.
- Tolls and stallages.** 4. Stallage as set out in the Schedule to these bye-laws shall be paid by persons who are carrying on their trade or callings in the market. Stallage rents shall be paid quarterly or annually in advance at the Treasury Office of the Council.
- Sale of meat.** 5. The sale of meat is prohibited in any part of a market other than the location set aside by the Council for the purpose.
- Restriction in ownership and use of stalls.** 6. No one family shall own more than two stalls in any one market and no stall in the market shall be utilised as a dwelling place.
- Dimensions and spacing of stalls.** 7. No temporary stall shall exceed the dimensions of ten feet by ten feet, and there shall be a space of not less than ten feet between the ends of any two stalls. The lanes between rows of stalls shall be not less than fifteen feet wide and every stall shall be built to the satisfaction of the Council.
- Permission to erect stall.** 8. No stalls shall be erected without the permission of the Council or outside the lines prescribed by the Council. Any person contravening this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to a fine of ten shillings a day for every day during which such stall is left standing after seven days' notice to remove the same has been given.
- Appropriation of stalls for certain purposes.** 9. In addition to the provisions of bye-law 5, the Council may apportion stalls for the sale of a particular class or of particular classes of produce or merchandise, and such stalls shall not be used for any other purpose.
- Alleys and passages to be kept clear.** 10. No baskets, boxes, cases or other articles or goods whatever shall be placed in the alleys or passages of the market.
- Spaces for stalls not to be increased.** 11. No board, basket or other thing shall be so placed as to project over the line of frontage of an adjoining stall or stand or be placed beyond the limit of the space allotted to the stall-holder.
- No obstruction to be caused.** 12. No person shall cause any obstruction in the market or in any of the roadways, passages or approaches thereof.
- Stalls to be kept clean.** 13. All stall-holders and persons in charge of stalls shall keep the same in a clean condition and to the satisfaction of the Council. No person shall deposit any refuse in any place other than in a receptacle provided by the Council for that purpose.
- Nuisance.** 14. No person shall commit a nuisance in the market.
- Conditions for subletting.** 15. No person shall without the written approval of the Council sublet any stall allotted to him. Any person contravening this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable in addition to any other penalty to be ejected from the market and the stall may be allotted to another person.
- Directions to be obeyed.** 16. Every person using the market shall obey the directions of the Council or any person appointed by the Council for the purpose of preserving order and regularity in the market.

## 17. Any person who:—

Penalties.

- (1) sells or purchases food or merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in the market on any day or at any hour when the market is not open, or
- (2) uses any stall for selling or purchasing food or merchandise or carrying on his trade or calling without previously paying the approved stallages, or
- (3) uses any stall or permits any stall to be used as a dwelling place, or
- (4) is found within the market between the hours of 7 p.m. and 6 a.m. without lawful excuse the onus of proof of which shall lie on him, or
- (5) sells meat or offers meat for sale in any part of the market other than the location set aside by the Council for the purpose, or
- (6) builds any temporary stall with dimensions and spacing allowances other than as provided in bye-law 7, or than to the satisfaction of the Council, or
- (7) erects any stall without the permission of the Council or outside the limits prescribed by the Council, or
- (8) uses any stall appropriated for the sale of a particular class or classes of produce or merchandise for the sale of any other class or produce or merchandise, or
- (9) places any basket, box, case or other articles in alleys or passages of the market, or
- (10) places any board, basket or other thing so as to project over the line of frontage of an adjoining stall or stand or beyond the limit of the space allotted to him, or
- (11) causes any obstruction in the market or in any of the roadways, passages or approaches thereof, or
- (12) being a stall-holder or the person in charge of a stall fails to keep the same in a clean condition to the satisfaction of the Council, or
- (13) deposits any refuse in any place in the market other than a receptacle provided by the Council for that purpose, or
- (14) commits a nuisance in the market, or
- (15) fails to obey the directions of the Council or of any person appointed by the Council for the purpose of preserving order and regularity in the market shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of one pound or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every such offence.

18. Any person who without the approval in writing of the Council shall sublet any stall allotted to him shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month. Penalty for unlawful subletting.

19. The penalties provided for in bye-laws 17 and 18 shall be imposed by a Magistrate's Court. Jurisdiction.

20. The Enugu Township Market Rules and the Enugu Market Rules are hereby revoked and replaced.

## SCHEDULE

Permanent stalls, 22s 6d per quarter or 90s per annum.  
Temporary stalls, 7s 6d per quarter or 30s per annum.

MADE by resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 21st day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 82 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (BUILDING LINES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and in exercise of the powers conferred upon all District Councils established within the area of the Niger County Council by a delegation made by the Niger County Council under the provisions of section 102 (1) of the Ordinance the Aguata District Council hereby makes the following bye-laws:—

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“building” means any structure whatsoever;

“council” means Aguata District Council;

“create an obstruction” includes the erection or alteration of any building, the planting of any tree or crop;

“crop” includes trees having a trade or food value from their natural products and crops which require to be sown and gathered within a period of one year;

“road” means any thorough-fare used by the public and any part thereof and includes a road under construction but does not include a footpath.

Obstruction of roads.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws no person shall, unless the prior permission of the Council is obtained, create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side of a road within a distance of fifty feet from the centre line thereof.

(2) No person shall create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side of any road listed in the Schedule hereto within a distance from the middle line of such road as is shown in the fourth column of the Schedule.

4. Any person who creates or causes to be created any obstruction in contravention of the provisions of the last preceding bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months. Offence and penalty.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws the Council may cause a building or part thereof or any obstruction of any nature which is being created or has been created in contravention of the provisions of bye-laws 3 to be demolished and removed. Removal of obstruction.

(2) Any expenses incurred by the Council in the course of the exercise of the power conferred by this bye-law may be recovered by them as a civil debt from the person who created or is creating the obstruction.

6. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply to buildings erected to any crops planted before the coming into operation of these bye-laws. Saving.

7. The penalties imposed by and the expenses recoverable under these bye-laws shall be imposed by or recoverable in, if the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, a Native Court, or if the person is not subject to a Native Court, a Magistrate's Court. Courts.

#### SCHEDULE

Route Number	Road	Distance	Obstruction free area from mid-line of road
235 (P.W.D.)	Awka-Dikenafia (P.W.D.)	(a) From Mile 10.1630-16	75 feet
		(b) From Mile 16-23	100 feet

MADE by the Resolution of the Council the 18th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:

J. O. ADIMORA, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 83 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(SLAUGHTER) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils, by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa District Council:—

Short title  
and applica-  
tion.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, and also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“animals” includes sheep, goats and cattle;

“market” means those markets set out in the First Schedule hereto;

“council” means the Northern Ngwa District Council;

“slaughter” means killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of sheep, goats, or cattle if the meat thereof is not to be exposed for sale or sold;

“slaughter house” means a slaughter house established by or with consent of the Northern Ngwa District Council for the slaughter of animals and shall include a public slaughter slab.

3. No animals shall be slaughtered except in a public slaughter house.

4. No meat of any animal slaughtered in a slaughter house may be exposed for sale or sold in any place other than a market.

5. (1) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Northern Ngwa District Council in that behalf.

(2) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall be issued upon the following conditions:—

(a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Northern Ngwa District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food and

(b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these rules have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.

6. (1) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Northern Ngwa District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.

(2) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Northern Ngwa District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

7. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal, and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house.

8. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding a month for such subsequent offence.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and  
 (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate Court.

10. These bye-laws shall apply to the markets listed in the First Schedule to these bye-laws and to all such markets as are added to the said Schedule by Resolution of the Northern Ngwa District Council at any time after the commencement of these bye-laws.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>
Ngwauku Local Council ... ..	Ogwumabiri, Oric-Amaorji.
Ntigha Local Council... ..	Orie-Ntigha.
Nsulu Local Council ... ..	Nbawsi, Nkwo-Nsulu.
Ovuokwu Local Council ... ..	Umugba, Umuire, Eketa.
Ovungwu Local Council ... ..	Orie Umuapu.
Mvosi Local Council ... ..	Nkwo-Ebe. Orie-Ndiolumbe.
Mbutu Local Council ... ..	Aforsukwu, Nkwoala.
O'Ahaba Local Council ... ..	Eke-Okporo, Ugba.
Amaise Local Council ... ..	Nkwo-Nneoyi.
Umuoha Local Council ... ..	Ekeuku-Umuoha.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

##### *Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of  
 .....to slaughter the following animals, today,  
 the.....of....., 19.....

*For and on behalf of the  
 Northern Ngwa District Council*

#### THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Prescribed Fee</i>
	£ s d
Cattle per head ... ..	0 5 0
Pigs, Sheep and Goats per head... ..	0 2 0

MADE by Resolution of the Northern Ngwa District Council this 28th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council this 28th day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 84 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
UZO-UWANI DISTRICT COUNCIL

Establishment of Uzo-Uwani District Council.

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Uzo-Uwani District Council (hereinafter called "the Council") shall be established upon the 1st day of April, 1954.

Seal.

2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—



Area of authority of the District Council.

3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area of the authority of the following Local Councils:—

Adaba-Nkume	Omasi
Adani	Omerum
Anaku	Omor
Ifite-Ogwari	Ukpata
Igbakwu	Umueje
Igga-Asaba	Umulokpa
Ogrugru	Umumbo
Ojo	

Constitution.

4. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty elected members.

Qualification of voters.

5. The persons who are entitled to elect (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons who have been elected to be councillors of the Local Councils set out in paragraph 3 above.

Distribution of number of councillors to be elected.

6. The councillors of the Council shall be elected by the voters of the Local Council areas set out in paragraph 3 above, the councillors being elected from each of the Local Council areas in accordance with the following table:—

<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>	<i>Local Council</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Adaba-Nkume ...	1	Omasi ...	1
Adani ...	1	Omerum ...	1
Anaku ...	2	Omor ...	3
Ifite-Ogwari ...	2	Ukpata ...	1
Igbakwu ...	1	Umueje ...	1
Igga-Asaba ...	1	Umulokpa ...	2
Ogrugru ...	1	Umumbo ...	1
Ojo ...	1		

7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any Local Council shall be as follows:—

Method of election.

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such Local Council fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that Local Council to the District Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made, the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (v) inclusive.

- (xviii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or

(b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.

(xxvi) The Regional Authority may—

(a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or

(b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.

(xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument, if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate election.

10. The first elections of the Council shall be between the 1st day of February, 1954 and the 25th day of March, 1954.

Date of first election.

11. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Council.

Part V of the Ordinance not to apply

12. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their election or nomination, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or nominated councillors who shall come into office on that day.

Term of office of councillors.

13. The chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first annual meeting of the Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.

Election of chairman.

14. The Council may make and levy an annual rate in accordance with the provisions of section 139 (2) and 139 (3) of the Ordinance.

Rating.

15. In addition to those functions conferred upon District Councils by virtue of the provisions of the Ordinance the Council:—

Functions.

(i) shall perform all of the functions contained in paragraph (34) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

(ii) may perform all or any of the functions contained in the following paragraphs of section 99 of the Ordinance—  
(3), (4), (6), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (25), (27), (28), (29), (30), (36), (38), (39), (41), (43), (44), (45), (46), (47), (48), (49), (51), (52), (53), (54), (55), (56), (57), (58), (60), (61), (62), (64), (68), (69), (71), (72), (73), (74), (75), (77), (78), (79), (81), (82), and

(iii) may grant and maintain scholarships or bursaries to suitable persons to attend secondary schools in accordance with paragraph (23) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

(iv) may establish and maintain tree nurseries and forest plantations and sell produce thereof in accordance with paragraph (26) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and

- (v) may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32), (33), (42) and (63) of section 99 of the Ordinance;  
 Provided that no market, slaughter house or park for motor and other vehicles which is opened or maintained by a Local Council shall be subject to the jurisdiction of the Council; and
- (vi) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money towards the establishment, equipment and maintenance of any dispensary or of any ward of a hospital containing not more than twelve beds in accordance with paragraph (35) of section 99 of the Ordinance; and
- (vii) may make bye-laws for the use and alienation of land in accordance with the provisions of section 101 of the Ordinance; and
- (viii) may build, equip and maintain or grant sums of money toward the establishment, equipment and maintenance of rural Postal Agencies and rural postal services which have been approved by the Director of Posts and Telegraphs; and
- (ix) may provide for the control and registration of bake-houses, dairies, aerated water manufactories, food preparing or food preserving establishments, laundries and wash-houses.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 1st day of February, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 85 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE NJIKOKA DISTRICT COUNCIL (OJI RIVER AREA)  
 (BUILDING AND DWELLING HOUSE) BYE-LAWS, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following Bye-laws have been made by the Njikoka District Council:—

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Njikoka District Council (Oji River Area) (Building and Dwelling House) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Njikoka District Council whilst within that part of the area of authority of the Council described in the Schedule hereto, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Njikoka District Council;

“premises” means and includes houses, other buildings, lands, tenements, vehicles, tents, vans, structures of any kind, drains, ditches or places open, covered or enclosed and any boat or vessel on any inland waters;

“health officer” and “medical officer of health” have respectively the same meanings as they have in section 3 of the Public Health Ordinance, and shall include any employee of the Council acting on the instructions of the Health Officer or Medical Officer of Health.

3. No person shall build a new house or rebuild an old one except on sites and in alignment approved by the Council.

4. No person shall construct any room of dimensions less than 120 square feet floor area, of height less than eight feet, and without windows one-eighth of the floor area of the room and which do not provide through and through ventilation.

5. A Medical Officer of Health shall, when necessary, prescribe the maximum number of persons who may occupy any room or premises.

6. A room used exclusively or partially as a dwelling house shall be deemed to be overcrowded when the vacant floor space available for each person is less than fifty square feet or the cubic capacity is less than four hundred cubic feet of free air. Two children under ten years of age shall be counted as one person.

7. Every Medical Officer of Health, Health Officer or persons employed by the Council, duly authorised on that behalf by the Council, may enter any premises within the area of jurisdiction of the Council to inspect those premises:

Provided that such person shall, on all occasions on which he enters any such premises, invite the occupier of the premises or, in his absence or in the event of his incapacity to accompany him, any other male person on the premises, to accompany him while he is on such premises.

8. Any person who—

(a) builds a new house or who rebuilds an old house without the approval of the Council;

(b) constructs any room of dimensions less than 120 square feet floor area, of height less than eight feet, and without windows one-eighth of the floor area of the room and which do not provide through and through ventilation;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine not exceeding £1 (one pound) or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and to a fine not exceeding £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment not exceeding one month for each subsequent offence.

9. Proceedings for the imposition of penalties under bye-law 8 may be taken:

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court or a Magistrate Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate Court.

#### SCHEDULE

All that part of the area of the authority of the Council which lies within a circle having a radius three miles with centre at the point where the Nigeria Leprosy Service Headquarters road joins the Oji River-Awgu main road.

MADE by resolution of the Njikoka District Council this 19th day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Njikoka District Council was affixed in the presence of:

AKWUOBI ESSELL, *Secretary*

A. N. ONYIYUKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 13th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-law shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
**THE ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY  
CARD FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Southern District Council.

1. (i) These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Southern District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.
- (ii) These bye-laws shall apply to all persons while obtaining medical treatment from the dispensaries owned, maintained or supervised by the Council.

2. In these Bye-laws:—

“council” means the Onitsha Southern District Council;

“card” means the serially numbered card, which is to be used as a record of the case and of the treatment given and as a receipt for the payment made.

“tracing card” means a small card with the inscription “O.S.D.C. Nnewi” and bearing the number and date of the card.

3. (i) Any person desirous to obtain medical treatment from any dispensary built, owned, maintained or supervised by the Council shall, before such treatment commences, pay a fee of three pence to the dispensary attendant in charge.

Provided that no fees shall be collected from school children, coming from their schools with their school “Hospital Attendance Register” in which their names had been duly entered by the principal teacher in the school.

- (ii) On receipt of the fee, the dispensary attendant shall make out a card for the patient, to whom he shall hand only the corresponding tracing card.
- (iii) The card shall be serially numbered and shall bear the name of the Council, date of issue and fee paid and shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address and date of issue.

Provided that where treatment is given free no cards shall be issued.

4. The Dispensary Attendant in charge of the Dispensary shall enter the number of the card against the name of the patient in the Daily Attendance Register.

5. The Dispensary Attendant in charge of the Dispensary shall keep a record of the treatment given to each attendant and shall enter same on the card.

6. Such payment shall further entitle the payer to treatment at the time of payment and during subsequent attendances at the Dispensary within a month from the date of payment, provided that the tracing card is produced to the Dispensary Attendant at each subsequent attendance.

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Southern District Council the 29th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was fixed in the presence of:

P. ORJIUME-EZEKE, *Secretary*

D. C. ERINNE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 87 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (SLAUGHTER)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils, by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following Bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council:—

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council and also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

- (1) "animals" include sheep, ram, goats, swine and cattle.
- (2) "market" means those markets set out in the first schedule hereto.
- (3) "approved butcher's shop" means premises approved by virtue of the provisions of by-law 13.
- (4) "council" means the Enugu Urban District Council.
- (5) "slaughter" means killing of animals intended for the food of man but shall not include the killing of goats, sheep or ram on the Mohammedan festivals of Id el Fitr and Id el Kabir, New Year's Day, Easter Day, and Christmas Day in premises other than a slaughter house;
- (6) "slaughter house" means a slaughter house established by or with the consent of the Enugu Urban District Council for slaughter of animals and shall include a public slaughter slab.
- (7) "health officer" includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health and whether or not such Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person is serving in the Medical Department of Government or is in the service of the Council.

3. No person shall slaughter any animal intended for human consumption, Place of slaughter.  
except:—

- (a) In the Council's Slaughter House.
- (b) In a private slaughter house.
- (c) Under a special permit from the Council on the recommendation of the Health Officer, and not until the animal has been examined by the Health Officer and passed by him as fit for slaughter.

4. (i) The Health Officer shall at such place and at such hour as he shall appoint examine all animals which are intended to be slaughtered for human consumption. Examination of animals.

(ii) If after examination an animal is passed as fit for slaughter, a certificate of fitness shall be issued by the Council in respect of such animal, which certificate shall be valid for 24 hours from the time of issue. Such certificate shall be in the form set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

Public slaughter house. Fees.

5. When an animal is to be slaughtered in the Council's slaughter house or in a private slaughter house, the following fees shall be paid for the examination and (if the animal is passed as fit for slaughter) for the issue of a certificate of fitness in accordance with the preceding bye-law:—

	<i>Per Head</i>						<i>Amount</i>		
							£	s	d
Cattle ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	5	0
Sheep or ram...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0
Swine ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	0
Goat ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	6

Private slaughter house.

6. (i) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may issue a licence (as specified in the Third Schedule hereto) authorising the use of any premises as a private slaughter house, and any such licence may be granted for any period not exceeding the 31st of December, of the year in which it is issued.

(ii) There shall be paid for every such licence a fee of ten shillings for each month or part of a month for which the licence is to have effect.

(iii) The Council when issuing any such licence may impose and endorse thereon such conditions as it thinks fit.

(iv) Any such licence may be suspended or revoked by the Council if the holder thereof commits any breach of the conditions of the licence or contravenes any of the provisions of these bye-laws.

Private slaughter.

7. (i) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may issue a permit authorising the holder thereof to slaughter any animal in any premises and at such time as may be specified in the permit subject in the case of animals intended for human consumption, to the slaughter being carried out under the supervision of the Health Officer.

Private slaughter. Fees.

(ii) There shall be paid for every such permit the following fees which shall include the charges for the examination of the animal, the issue of a certificate of fitness and the supervision of the slaughter by the Health Officer.

	<i>Per Head</i>						<i>Amount</i>		
							£	s	d
Cattle ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	7	6
Sheep or ram...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	6
Swine ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	6
Goat ... ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0

Examination of carcasses.

8. After the slaughter in accordance with the preceding bye-laws of any animal intended for human consumption, the carcass shall be examined by the Health Officer and the whole or any part of such carcass found to be diseased shall be seized and destroyed as directed by the Health Officer at the expense of the owner.

Cleanliness, etc., of slaughter house.

9. Every person who shall make use of the Council's slaughter house and every holder of licence for a private slaughter house shall keep such slaughter house in a clean and sanitary condition and shall comply with all such instructions as may be given by the Council acting through the Health Officer with regard to:—

(i) the cleanliness of the premises and the collection and disposal of blood, dirt, offal, filth and rubbish therefrom;

(ii) the cleanliness and suitability of all instruments, utensils and appliances used in the process of slaughtering;

(iii) the cleanliness of the person using the premises;

(iv) the prevention of cruelty to animal; and

(v) such other matters as may relate to the proper and efficient working of the slaughter house.

10. Public slaughter houses shall be used only during the hours fixed by the Council on the recommendation of the Health Officer.

Time for the use of slaughter house.

11. Every person engaged in the transportation of meat prior to its sale in a public market or in an approved butcher's shop shall cause such meat to be conveyed in such a receptacle and in such a manner to the satisfaction of the Council.

Transportation of meat.

12. Meat shall not be exposed for sale except in a market as specified in the First Schedule hereto or in an approved butcher's shop.

Sale of meat.

13. (i) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws the Council may approve for the sale of meat any premises which the Health Officer considers suitable for the purposes and on the approval of such premises, a permit (as specified in the Fourth Schedule hereto) shall be issued by the Council to the person intending to carry on the business of a butcher therein.

Butcher's shop.

(ii) There shall be paid in respect of every such permit issued a fee of six pounds per year. Permit fees shall be paid quarterly or annually in advance at the Treasury office of the Council. Every permit issued under this section shall expire on the 31st of December, next following the date of issue.

(iii) No premises shall be approved as a butcher's shop unless every room therein in which meat is to be kept and the fittings and appliances in such room comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) The rooms have a minimum floor area of 120 square feet and the minimum height of the ceiling shall be 10 feet.
- (b) The floor of the room shall be of concrete and the walls surfaced with glazed tiles or other approved material to a height of not less than 8 feet and all corners of walls shall be rounded in such a manner as, in the opinion of the Health Officer, will facilitate the removal of dirt.
- (c) A pipe-borne water supply shall be installed together with a suitable drainage system, the whole so arranged that, all parts of the room and its fittings can easily be swilled with water from a hose;
- (d) The room shall not connect directly with any living quarters.
- (e) The tables and counters shall have tops of impervious materials.

(iv) No premises shall be approved as a butcher's shop unless at least the upper half of the door or doors used by customers is/are fitted with glass so placed as to enable the interior of the room in which the meat is sold to be clearly visible from the outside at all times.

(v) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may order the endorsement of any conditions it may consider desirable on any permit issued under these bye-laws; such endorsement among other things may relate to the use of scales, cold storage plant, the painting and white-washing of the premises and the hours during which meat may be sold.

14. When the Council considers it desirable in the interest of public health so to do it may require that any meat exposed for sale shall be protected from flies by the use of fly-proof storage facilities or coverings which shall be provided by the vendor, and such vendors shall comply with such instructions relating thereto as may be given by the Health Officer.

Protection from flies.

Adultera- 15. No person shall soak meat in water in a market or in a private  
tion of meat. butcher's shop.

Penalties. 16. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the pro-  
visions of these bye-laws or with any condition of a licence or permit or with  
any order or direction given by the Council, shall be guilty of an offence  
and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to  
imprisonment for three months for each and every such offence.

FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Approved Markets</i>	<i>Market</i>
Ogbete ... ..	...	Ogbete Market.
China Town ... ..	...	Loco Small Market.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to..... of  
..... to slaughter the following animals, .....  
today, the..... day of..... 19.....  
Fee Paid: £ : :

*Town Clerk,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

*Licence for Private Slaughter House*

Licence is hereby granted to..... of  
..... to open a private slaughter House at  
..... in accordance with bye-law 6 of the  
Enugu Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, for the period  
up to 31st December, 19.....  
ISSUED this..... day of..... 19.....  
Fee Paid: £ : :

*Town Clerk,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Permission is hereby granted to..... of  
..... to use the premises at No..... as a  
private butcher's shop in accordance with bye-law 13 of Enugu Urban  
District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws for the period ending 31st December,  
19.....  
ISSUED at Enugu this..... day of..... 19.....  
Fee Paid: £ : :

*Town Clerk,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

MADE by Resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 21st day of  
December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 88 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(STREET NAMES AND NUMBERS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Street Names and Numbers) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these bye-laws, "council" means the Aba Urban District Council.

Definitions.

3. The Council may name any street, and number the houses and buildings therein, and may paint or otherwise mark on any building the name of the street and the number of the building.

Council may name streets and number buildings.

4. Any person who shall wilfully molest, hinder or obstruct any duly authorised person employed in marking on any building the name of the street or the number of the building shall be guilty of an offence, and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for three months.

Penalty for obstruction.

5. Any person who destroys, pulls down, removes or defaces any street name or any number of a building, or who erects any name or number different from that decided by the Council shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of five pounds for each and every such offence.

Penalty for destroying numbers, etc.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 21st day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 13th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 89 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (SLAUGHTER)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata District Council:—

Short title  
and  
application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, and also to all person whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

- “animal” includes sheep, goats, pigs, dogs and cattle;
- “market” means those markets set out in the First Schedule hereto;
- “council” means the Aguata District Council;
- “slaughter” means killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of sheep, goats, pigs, dogs and cattle if the meat thereof is not to be exposed for sale or sold;
- “public slaughter slab” means a slaughter slab established by or with the consent of the Aguata District Council.

3. No animal shall be slaughtered except at a public slaughter slab.

4. No meat of any animal slaughtered at a public slaughter slab may be exposed for sale or sold in any place other than a market.

5. (1) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Aguata District Council in that behalf.

(2) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall be issued upon the following conditions:—

- (a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Aguata District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food and
- (b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these bye-laws have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.

6. (1) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Aguata District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.

(2) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Aguata District Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

7. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house.

8. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding a month for each subsequent offence.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered,

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court; and  
 (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate Court.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>
Uga Local Council ... ..	Oye-Udo, Uga.
Umuchu Local Council ... ..	Nkwo-Uchu, Umuchu.
Umunze Local Council ... ..	Nkwo, Umunze.
Ufuma Local Council ... ..	Afo, Ufuma.
Awgbu Local Council ... ..	Eke, Awgbu.
Igbo Local Council ... ..	Nkwo, Igbo.
Nanka Local Council ... ..	Afo-Udo, Nanka.
Ekwulawbia Local Council ... ..	Eke, Ekwulawbia.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

##### *Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of.....  
 to slaughter the following animals, today the.....of.....  
 .....19.....

.....  
*Aguata District Council*

#### THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Prescribed fee</i>		
	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Cattle per head ... ..	0	3	0
Pigs per head ... ..	0	2	0
Sheep, goats, and dogs per head ... ..	0	1	0

MADE by resolution of the Aguata District Council this 16th day of December, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Aguata District Council in the presence of :—

J. O. ADIMORA, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 90 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE SOUTHERN NGWA RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(MATERNITY AND DISPENSARY FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.

Short title  
and  
application.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council (Maternity and Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, these bye-laws shall apply to all persons who are in receipt of medical treatment from any dispensary or maternity home or ward owned, maintained or supervised by the Council.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“card” means the serially numbered card used as the record of the case and its treatment and as the receipt for any payment made in respect thereof;

“council” means the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council;

“infectious disease” means plague, cholera, yellow fever, small-pox, cerebro-spinal meningitis, diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid and sleeping sickness and any disease of an infectious or contagious nature which is declared to be an infectious disease within the meaning of the Public Health Ordinance under the provisions of that Ordinance;

“medical services” means the ordinary maternity and dispensary services provided by the Council.

Fee to be  
paid for  
medical  
services.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this bye-laws any person desirous of availing himself of any medical service shall pay the appropriate fee as set out in the Schedule.

(2) The fee shall be paid to the Midwife or Dispensary Attendant as the case shall be, who may in his discretion waive payment in the case of a pauper.

(3) No fee shall be payable by any patient suffering from an infectious disease.

(4) No fee shall be payable by any school child who produces written identification of himself signed by the principal of the school at which he is attending.

What is  
provided for  
the fee.

4. (1) Upon payment of the fee prescribed for maternity service, the payer shall be entitled to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery in a maternity ward, and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months at any maternity ward maintained by the Council.

(2) Upon payment of the fee prescribed for dispensary service, the payer shall be entitled to the full course of treatment for the particular sickness or sicknesses specified upon his card for a period not exceeding six months.

5. (1) The person who receives the fee shall prepare a card which shall state the name of the patient together with the treatment which he is receiving and which shall be endorsed as a receipt for payment of the fee. Receipt.

(2) The person who receives the fee shall maintain a register stating the name and address of the patient, the number of his card, the record of his treatment and the date of payment of the fee.

(3) No other receipt shall be given other than the card.

6. (1) The patient shall produce his card whenever he attends for treatment. Cards.

(2) When a patient loses his card, a new card may be made out from the particulars contained in the register referred to in bye-law 5 and there shall be payable in respect of such new card the sum of sixpence.

(3) A card issued at one dispensary or maternity ward may be transferred to another dispensary or maternity ward maintained by the Council within the period of its validity.

#### SCHEDULE

1. Maternity Ward Fees, 5s.

2. Dispensary Fees, 6d.

3. Fee for midwife attending for delivery at a place other than a maternity ward maintained by the Council, 5s.

4. Fee for injection by Medical Officer at dispensary maintained by the Council, 3s.

5. Tablets of the Sulphonamide group will be sold on a prescription by the Medical Officer at a price of 1d per tablet.

*Note.*—The fees numbered 3, 4 and 5 above are in addition to and not in substitution for those numbered 1 and 2.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated 24th day of July, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Southern Ngwa Rural District Council was affixed in the presence of:

B. N. ENEOGWE, *Secretary*

M. W. UBANI, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (MOTOR TRAFFIC)  
(UMUNZE AND EKWULOBIA) BYE-LAWS, 1953**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Motor Traffic) (Umunze and Ekwulobia) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst within the area of jurisdiction of the Umunze and Ekwulobia Local Councils and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aguata District Council;

“motor vehicle” includes all motor vehicles used or intended to be used for carrying passengers or merchandise;

“market” means any market established or maintained by the Umunze and Ekwulobia Local Councils.

3. Any driver of a motor vehicle who shall stop for the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers or merchandise anywhere within the market area other than at a place set aside by the Council for the purpose of parking motor vehicles shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of five pounds or in default to imprisonment for three months.

4. Any person who drives a motor vehicle anywhere within the market area while the market is in session at a speed greater than ten miles per hour shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon summary conviction to a fine of five pounds or in default to imprisonment for three months.

5. The penalty under bye-laws 3 and 4 shall be imposed:

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 18th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:—

J. O. ADIMORA, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

I. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 18th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 92 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL, (STREET NAMES AND NUMBERS) BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Street Names and Numbers) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.</p>   | <p>Short title and date of commencement.</p>          |
| <p>2. In these bye-laws:—<br/>“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council.</p>   | <p>Definitions.</p>                                   |
| <p>3. The Council may name any street, and number the houses and buildings therein, and may paint or otherwise mark on any building the name of the street and the number of the building.</p>  | <p>Council may name streets and number buildings.</p> |
| <p>4. Any person who shall wilfully molest, hinder or obstruct any duly authorised person employed in marking on any building the name of the street or the number of the building shall be guilty of an offence, and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for three months.</p> | <p>Penalty for obstruction.</p>                       |
| <p>5. Any person who destroys, pulls down, removes or defaces any street name or any number of a building, or who erects any name or number different from that decided by the council shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of five pounds for each and every such offence.</p>           | <p>Penalty for destroying numbers, etc.</p>           |

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:—

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Secretary*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 18th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 93 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE ARO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
(AMENDMENT) RULES, 1954*Date of Commencement : 8th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Aro Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Aro Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Aro Native Authority.

2. The Aro Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby amended by the deletion from rule 3 thereof of the words "twenty four shillings" and the substitution therefor of the words "seventeen shillings."

MADE by the Aro Native Authority the 23rd day of January, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Aro Native Authority in the presence of:

K. UKU, *Secretary*K. OJI, *President*

K. OKEREKE

S. U. OKORAFOR

OKEREKE ABA, *His R.T.I.* } *Members*

APPROVED this 11th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,

*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 94 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*

## OFIONG AKPAN UDOSEN MARKET

*Date of Commencement : 8th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 3 of the Markets Ordinance the following market, to be known as the Ofiong Akpan Udosen Market, is with the approval of the Resident to whom the power has been delegated, hereby established by the Western Annang Native Authority of the Abak Division of the Calabar Province:—

All that parcel of land lying along Southern Ukanafun—Northern Ukanafun Native Courts Native Administration motor road for 159 yards and extending West of the Native Administration motor road, both on the North and South for 70 and 60 yards respectively and covering an area of approximately 2.588 acres is known as Ofiong Akpan Udosen Market in Western Annang, Abak Division.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority this 5th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Western Annang Native Authority on 5th day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

E. A. UDOM, *Secretary to the Council*J. O. IBUOT, *President*

APPROVED this 4th day of December, 1953, by Resident, Calabar Province.

C. J. MAYNE,

*Senior Resident, Calabar Province*

E.R.L.N. No. 95 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BENDE DIVISIONAL COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Bende Divisional Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953.

2. The Bende Divisional Council shall be composed of forty-four members elected from the Electoral Colleges shown in the First Column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the scheme of representation shown in the Second Column of the Schedule.

3. The Electoral Colleges shall have the same membership as those established in the Notices specifying the composition of the Ala-Ala, Odida-Anyanwu, Elu-Elu and Owuwa-Anyanwu Councils.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation on Divisional Council</i>	<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation on Divisional Council</i>
Ariam Clan ...	1	Igbere Clan ...	1
Ibere Clan ...	1	Bende Clan... ..	1
Oboro Clan ...	2	Itu Clan ... ..	1
Oloko Clan... ..	2	Umuhu ... ..	1
Ubakala Clan ...	2	Abiriba Clan ...	2
Olokoru Clan ...	1	Nkporo Clan ...	2
Ibeku Clan... ..	3	Abam Clan... ..	2
Igbo Clan ... ..	3	Ohafia Ania Clan ...	1
Umuokpara Clan ...	2	Ohafia Isiama Clan	2
Umuimenyi Clan ...	3	Ohafia Ohafo Clan...	1
Alayi Clan ... ..	3	Ohafia Okamu Clan	1
Item Clan ... ..	2	Umuahia-Ibeku	
Ozitem Clan ... ..	1	Township ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,

*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 96 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## ALA-ALA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ala-Ala Council (Specification of Short title. Composition) Notice, 1953.

Composition of Council. 2. The Ala-Ala Council shall be composed of twenty-seven members elected from Electoral Colleges established as hereinafter provided in accordance with the following scheme of representation:—

Ariam Clan Electoral College	... ..	Six members.
Ibere Clan Electoral College	... ..	Six members.
Oboro Clan Electoral College	... ..	Eight members.
Oloko Clan Electoral College	... ..	Seven members.

3. The Electoral Colleges shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the clan concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Number in Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation of Villages on Electoral College</i>	
Ariam Clan ... ..	35	Ndiokoro ... 1	Azunchayi ... 2
		Ariam Elu-Elu ... 3	Okwobom ... 2
		Ariam Ala-Ala ... 3	Usaka Uku ... 5
		Ndi Orié ... 2	Ibionu ... 3
		Obeama ... 2	Upa ... 2
		Ekpiri Elu-Elu ... 2	Oboni ... 2
		Ekpiri Ala-Ala ... 2	Ndieke ... 2
		Obugu ... 2	
Ibere Clan ... ..	34	Obiohia ... 5	Nkalunta ... 2
		Umuemelike ... 1	Iberenta ... 4
		Inyinla ... 4	Iyialu ... 3
		Mbinyano ... 1	Amuru ... 2
		Elemaga ... 2	Ihim ... 2
		Itu Nta ... 2	Ngwongwo ... 3
		Obioruo ... 2	Umulu ... 1
Oboro Clan ... ..	44	Ekwere ... 2	Ntalakwu ... 2
		Ogbuebile ... 3	Ajatakiri ... 2
		Mbiokpong ... 2	Nnong ... 5
		Okwe ... 3	Amabeime ... 3
		Ndioro ... 2	Amabaiputu ... 4
		Ahua ... 3	Amawom ... 10
		Umuigu ... 3	
Oloko Clan ... ..	36	Ahaba ... 4	Amiri ... 5
		Oloko ... 5	Usakaclogu ... 2
		Umugo ... 2	Awomuku ... 6
		Nchara ... 6	Azumini ... 1
		Obiohia ... 3	Azuiyi ... 2

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 97 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*  
ODIDA-ANYANWU COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF  
COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Odida-Anyanwu Council (Specification Short title. of Composition) Notice, 1953.

2. The Odida-Anyanwu Council shall be composed of twenty-five members elected from Electoral Colleges established as hereinafter provided in accordance with the following scheme of representation:—

Ubakala Clan Electoral College	...	...	Four members.
Olokoru Clan Electoral College	...	...	Three members.
Ibeku Clan Electoral College	...	...	Seven members.
Igbo Clan Electorate College	...	...	Seven members.
Umuokpara Clan Electoral College	...	...	Four members.

3. The Electoral Colleges shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the clan concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Number in Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation of Villages on Electoral College</i>	
Ubakala Clan ... ..	42	Abam ... ..	2 Amaibo ... .. 3
		Amauzo ... ..	3 Avodim ... .. 2
		Eziama ... ..	3 Ipupe ... .. 3
		Laguru ... ..	4 Ngbarakuma ... .. 4
		Nsukwe ... ..	3 Nsidimo ... .. 9
		Umuogo ... ..	2 Umuosu ... .. 4
Olokoru Clan ... ..	34	Agboama... ..	2 Amakama ... .. 4
		Amangwu ... ..	1 Amizi ... .. 4
		Amuzu ... ..	1 Avonkwo... .. 1
		Itaja ... ..	3 Itu ... .. 2
		Okwu ... ..	4 Umuahia... .. 4
		Umuajata ... ..	4 Umuobia... .. 1
		Umuntu ... ..	1 Umudere ... .. 1
		Umuopara-Ozara	1
Ibeku Clan ... ..	49	Afara ... ..	5 Ajata ... .. 1
		Amacke ... ..	2 Amauzuku ... .. 5
		Ama Uzuoro ... ..	1 Avonkwo... .. 2
		Mbom ... ..	2 Emede ... .. 5
		Isiadu ... ..	1 Isieke ... .. 4
		Okwuta ... ..	2 Iyienyi ... .. 1
		Ndume ... ..	7 Nkata ... .. 2
		Osa ... ..	4 Uban ... .. 1
		Ugba ... ..	3 Umuhute ... .. 1
Igbo Clan ... ..	44	Okaiuga ... ..	7 Amaogwugwu ... .. 2
		Umuogwu ... ..	5 Umuawa ... .. 6
		Umuhu ... ..	6 Amaetiti ... .. 2
		Ikenga ... ..	1 Isingwu ... .. 5
		Onhia ... ..	3 Isingwu-Ofeme ... .. 1
		Utali ... ..	1 Umudiawa ... .. 1
		Ude ... ..	2 Umuagu ... .. 2
Umuopara Clan... ..	39	Ogbodi Uku ... ..	8 Ezeleke ... .. 9
		Ehume ... ..	6 Umunwanwa ... .. 6
		Eknobizi ... ..	6 Ogbodioke ... .. 4

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 98 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*  
**ELU-ELU COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF  
 COMPOSITION)**

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title. 1. This notice may be cited as the Elu-Elu Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953.

Composition of Council. 2. The Elu-Elu Council shall be composed of thirty-seven members elected from Electoral Colleges established as hereinafter provided in accordance with the following scheme of representation:—

Umuimenyi Clan Electoral College	...	Eight members.
Alayi Clan Electoral College	...	Eight members.
Item Clan Electoral College	...	Six members.
Ozuitem Clan Electoral College	...	Three members.
Igbere Clan Electoral College	...	Four members.
Bende Clan Electoral College	...	Four members.
Itu Clan Electoral College	...	Two members.
Umuhu Clan Electoral College	...	Two members.

3. The Electoral Colleges shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the clan concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule.

**SCHEDULE**

<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Number in Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation of Villages on Electoral College</i>					
Umuimenyi Clan	43	Uzuakoli	...	0	Akolinta	...	4
		Amamba	...	5	Strangers	...	4
		Agbogu	...	1	Lohum	...	2
		Eluama	...	4	Nkpa	...	13
		Ngwu	...	3	Lodu	...	4
		Amankwo	...	2	Amaoji	...	1
Alayi Clan	41	Akoliufu	...	10	Ugwueke	...	18
		Amankalu	...	9	Ezcuku	...	4
Item Clan	50	Akwangu	...	4	Akanu	...	10
		Amaeke	...	4	Okagwe	...	2
		Ama Okwe	...	8	Umuakpa	...	2
		Okoko	...	9	Okayi	...	5
		Amaekpu	...	6			
Ozuitem Clan	24	Agbua	...	13	Isiegbu	...	6
		Mba	...	5			
Igbere Clan	27	Amauku	...	4	Ibina	...	7
		Amaiya	...	2	Okafia	...	3
		Amankalu	...	5	Ohumola	...	3
		Eziama	...	3			

Bende Clan ... ..	21	Amaogwu ... 1	Umuokoro ... 1
		Okputong ... 2	Ama Oba ... 1
		Ndiekeugo ... 1	Isiegbu ... 1
		Ndiekoronkwo ... 1	Agbomiri ... 1
		Ndiokorieuku ... 1	Etitulo ... 2
		Obioha ... 1	Ukpom ... 1
		Agbodichidi ... 2	Aroisinkpu ... 2
		Agboamuzu ... 1	Arokporoenyi ... 2
Itu Clan ... ..	17	Okopedi ... 5	Ndi Iwo ... 5
		Ubibia ... 2	Ntalakwu ... 5
Umuhu Clan ... ..	24	Umuokwe ... 7	Amazu ... 7
		Amabo ... 1	Achi ... 5
		Amaugwu ... 2	Amabia ... 2

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 99 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

OWUWA-ANYANWU COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Owuwa-Anyanwu Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1953. Short title.

2. The Owuwa-Anyanwu Council shall be composed of thirty-nine members elected from Electoral Colleges established as hereinafter provided in accordance with the following scheme of representation:— Composition of Council.

Abiriba Clan Electoral College ... ..	Seven members.
Nkporo Clan Electoral College ... ..	Six members.
Abam Clan Electoral College ... ..	Nine members.
Ohafia Clan Electoral College ... ..	Seventeen members.

3. The Electoral Colleges shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the clan concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representations in the Schedule.

SCHEDULE

<i>Electoral College</i>	<i>Number in Electoral College</i>	<i>Representation of Villages on Electoral College</i>	
Abiriba Clan ... ..	39	Amacke ... ..	22 Agboji ... .. 6
		Amaogudu ... ..	11
Nkporo Clan ... ..	34	Amaorie ... ..	5 Ndinku ... .. 2
		Etitiama ... ..	6 Okwoko ... .. 3
		Elugwu ... ..	6 Ukwa ... .. 5
		Obiohia ... ..	3 Abaja ... .. 4

Abam Clan	...	...	59	Amaeke	...	...	4	Ndiebe	...	...	3
				Amaogbu	...	...	1	Ndiagwu	...	...	2
				Amauru	...	...	5	Ndi Emume	...	...	2
				Amaelu	...	...	0	Ndi Okorie	...	...	2
				Atan	...	...	7	Ndi Ite	...	...	1
				Ahuma	...	...	2	Ndi Okereke	...	...	3
				Eziafo	...	...	1	Ndi Opara	...	...	0
				Idima	...	...	11	Ndi Oti	...	...	5
				Ndiojiugwu	...	...	1	Ozu	...	...	9
Ohafia Ania clan	...	...	29	Abia	...	...	7	Isiugu	...	...	5
				Amankwu	...	...	1	Ndi Uduma	...	...	4
				Akanu	...	...	12	Awoke	...	...	0
Ohafia Isiama Clan	...	...	38	Amaekpu	...	...	9	Ndi Uduma Uku	...	...	1
				Ebem	...	...	10	Ndu Amogu, Ndi	...	...	1
				Elu	...	...	6	Okala	...	...	1
				Okagwe	...	...	6	Oboro	...	...	1
				Nkwebi	...	...	2	Ihenta	...	...	1
				Ndianku	...	...	1		...	...	
Ohafia Clan	...	...	31	Asaga	...	...	18	Ndi Orieké	...	...	3
				Amuke	...	...	3	Ndi Ibe	...	...	2
				Eziafo	...	...	5		...	...	
Okamu Ohafia Clan	...	...	32	Okon	...	...	16	Amuma	...	...	4
				Ufiele	...	...	2	Amangwu	...	...	10

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

*E.R.L.N. No. 100 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE WESTERN AHOADA FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953.

Definitions. 2. In these rules:—  
“native authority” means the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult male liable to pay a rate under the provisions of these rules.

Rate of fifteen shillings levied. 3. Every male person over the age of fifteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority shall pay an education rate of fifteen shillings per year, and as follows:—

10s for Primary Education Rate.

5s for Secondary Education Rate.

4. The amount collected from the Secondary Education Rate should on no account be used for any other purposes except for the purposes of Secondary Education Scheme.

5. The method of collection of education rate in the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority shall be by rate-collectors. Method of collection.

6. (1) The Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, Family Head or Village Head, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area. Appointment of education rate-collector.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

- (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rate-payers in the area to which he has been appointed.
- (b) to collect and receive from each person liable for the payment of education rate in the area to which he has been appointed the education rate payable by each such person;
- (c) to pay all amounts so collected to the Native Authority at such place and at such time as the Native Authority may direct;
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who fails to pay the amount due from him for education rate.

7. Any rate-collectors, or individual member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector under rule 5, who:— Penalty in respect of offences by rate-collectors.

- (a) fails to deposit with the Native Authority any sum of money collected by him as education rate;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed education rate;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of education rate collected or received by him.
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him, either individually or as a member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector, shall be liable to a fine of fifteen pounds or to imprisonment for six months or both.

8. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 7 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the Court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence. Proceedings may be taken against members of a rate-collecting body collectively or separately.

9. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules or for the imposition of the penalties under the provisions of these rules may be taken by the Native Authority as Rating Authority or by a rate-collector as the case may be, before a Magistrate's Court or to the extent of its jurisdiction, before a Native Court. Legal proceedings.

10. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules. Exemption.

11. Money may be voluntarily contributed by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the amount payable under the provisions of these rules. The receipt of the Native Authority shall be issued for every sum paid. Voluntary contributions.

- Application of rates. 12. All moneys raised by levying of the rate or voluntarily contributed under the provisions of these rules shall be expended upon such educational purposes as are agreed upon by the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Director of Education and the Local Government Secretary.
- Offence and penalty. 13. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall neglect or refuse to pay the rate demanded from him shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding £5 or to imprisonment for three months or both.
- Jurisdiction. 14. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed:—  
 (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate Court, or  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate Court.

15. The Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority Rating Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority this 15th day of December, 1953.

SEALED with Common Seal of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority this 15th day of December, 1953.

R. U. ISHKE, *Council Secretary*

E. ASHIRIM-UNOSI, *President*

APPROVED this 13th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 101 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MAMFE TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Mamfe Town Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mamfe Town Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Mamfe Town Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Mamfe Town Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatsoever other than a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the nearest treasury office or sub-treasury office of the Mamfe Town Native Authority and on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
- (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as herein before provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be guilty of an offence and be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of any vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or
- (c) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority or Local Government Council, shall not whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE MAMFE TOWN NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to..... to keep and use  
 ..... until the..... day of..... 19.....  
 DATED this..... day of..... 19.....

N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	10	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	10	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Area of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Mamfe Town Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority this 5th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Mamfe Town Native Authority on 8th day of December, 1953, in the presence of:

D. E. ENOW, *Secretary,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*

M. E. ENOKPA, *President,*  
*Mamfe Town Native Authority*

Witnessed by F. T. TAMBE, P. O. UZUEGBUNAM.

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 102 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(ETCHE CLAN) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954  
*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Etche Clan) (Education Rating) Rules, 1954.
- Definitions. 2. In these rules:—  
“native authority” means the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority;  
“rate-payer” means an adult male liable to pay a rate under the provisions of these rules.
- Rate of fifteen shillings levied. 3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the Etche Clan area of the Native Authority, shall pay an education rate of fifteen shillings per year.
- Method of collection and payment of commission. 4. The method of collection of education rate in the Etche Clan of the Native Authority shall be by rate-collectors, and a five percent commission shall be paid to each rate-collector, save that no commission shall be paid to rate-collectors who pay in rates collected by them more than three months after the date fixed for such payment and only two and a half percent commission shall be paid to rate-collectors who fail to pay in rates collected by them on the appointed day but who pay in such rates within three months from the appointed day.

5. (1) The Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority may, in writing appoint any Village Council, Family Head or Village Head, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area

Appointment of education. rate-collector.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rate-payers in the area to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive from each person liable for the payment of education rate in the area to which he has been appointed the education rate payable by each such person;

(c) to pay all amounts so collected to the Native Authority at such place and at such time as the Native Authority may direct;

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who fails to pay the amount due from him for education rate.

6. Any rate-collector or individual member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector under rule 5, who:—

Penalty in respect of offences by rate-collectors.

(a) fails to deposit with the Native Authority any sum of money collected by him as education rate;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed education rate;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of education rate collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him, either individually or as a member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector, shall be liable to a fine of fifteen pounds or to imprisonment for six months or both.

7. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 6 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the Court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

Proceedings may be taken against members of a rate-collecting body collectively or separately.

8. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules or for the imposition of the penalties under the provisions of these rules may be taken by the Native Authority as Rating Authority or by a rate-collector as the case may be, before a Magistrate's Court or to the extent of its jurisdiction, before a Native Court.

Legal proceedings.

9. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules.

10. Money may be voluntarily contributed by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the amount payable under the provisions of these rules. The receipt of the Native Authority shall be issued for every sum paid.

Voluntary contributions.

11. All moneys raised by levying of the rate or voluntarily contributed under the provisions of these rules shall be expended upon such educational purposes as are agreed upon by the Ikwerre-Etche Native Authority with the approval of the Director of Education and the Local Government Secretary.

Application of rates.

Offence and penalties.

12. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof whereof shall lie on him, shall refuse or neglect to pay the education rate, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment.

13. The Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Etche Clan) Rating Rules, 1953, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

J. MPI, *President*

APPROVED this 13th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 103 of 1954*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE IKWERRE-ETCHE FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(IKWERRE CLAN) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| Short title.                                 | 1. These rules may be cited as the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Ikwerre Clan) (Education Rating) Rules, 1954.  |
| Definitions.                                 | 2. In these rules:—<br>“native authority” means the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority;<br>“rate-payer” means an adult male liable to pay a rate under the provisions of these rules.   |
| Rate of twenty-two shillings levied.         | 3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the Ikwerre Clan area of the Native Authority, shall pay an education rate of twenty-two shillings per year.   |
| Method of collection and payment commission. | 4. The method of collection of education rate in the Ikwerre Clan of the Native Authority shall be by rate-collectors, and a five per cent commission shall be paid to each rate-collector, save that no commission shall be paid to rate-collectors who pay in rates collected by them more than three months after the date fixed for such payment and only two and a half per cent commission shall be paid to rate-collectors who fail to pay in rates collected by them on the appointed day but who pay in such rates within three months from the appointed day. |
| Appointment of education rate-collector.     | 5. (1) The Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority may, in writing appoint any Village Council, Family Head or Village Head, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area.   |

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

- (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rate-payers in the area to which he has been appointed;
- (b) to collect and receive from each person liable for the payment of education rate in the area to which he has been appointed the education rate payable by each such person;
- (c) to pay all amounts so collected to the Native Authority at such place and at such time as the Native Authority may direct;
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who fails to pay the amount due from him for education rate.

6. Any rate-collector or individual member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector under rule 5, who:—

- (a) fails to deposit with the Native Authority any sum of money collected by him as education rate;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed education rate;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of education rate collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him, either individually or as a member of a group of persons appointed a rate-collector, shall be liable to a fine of fifteen pounds or to imprisonment for six months or both.

Penalty in respect of offences by rate-collectors.

7. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 6 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the Court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

Proceedings may be taken against members of a rate-collecting body collectively or separately.

8. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules or for the imposition of the penalties under the provisions of these rules may be taken by the Native Authority as Rating Authority or by a rate-collector as the case may be, before a Magistrate's Court or to the extent of its jurisdiction, before a Native Court.

Legal proceedings.

9. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from the payment of any rate payable under the provisions of these rules.

Exemptions.

10. Money may be voluntarily contributed by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the amount payable under the provisions of these rules. The receipt of the Native Authority shall be issued for every sum paid.

Voluntary contributions.

11. All moneys raised by levying of the rate or voluntarily contributed under the provisions of these rules shall be expended upon such educational purposes as are agreed upon by the Ikwerre-Etche Native Authority with the approval of the Director of Education and the Local Government Secretary.

Application of rates.

12. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification, or excuse, the proof whereof shall lie on him, shall refuse or neglect to pay the education rate, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Offence and penalties.

13. The Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority (Ikwerre Clan) Rating Rules, 1953, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

J. MPI, *President*

APPROVED this 13th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

---

E.R.L.N. No. 104 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES GENERAL RATING) (NO. 2) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by subsection (xvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) (No. 2) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ogoja Divisional Native Treasury; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by person who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ogoja Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby repealed.

MADE by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority the 27th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

M. T. MBU, *President,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 14th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 105 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ARO NATIVE AUTHORITY (ROAD RATING) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Aro Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Aro Native Authority (Road Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Aro Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Aro Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector:—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf of and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the maintenance of roads and cycle tracks within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Aro/Ibo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Aro Native Authority the 5th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Aro Native Authority in the presence of:

K. OKORO, *Secretary*

K. OJI, *President*

K. OKEREKE, *Vice-President*

S. U. OKORAFOR, *Vice-President*

APPROVED this 18th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ORLU DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Orlu Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These Rules may be cited as the Orlu Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Orlu Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Orlu Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of thirty shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector:—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon grants to primary schools within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Orlu Divisional Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Orlu Divisional Native Authority the 17th day of August, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Orlu Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

E. O. EZIE, *Secretary*

J. A. NWOSU, *President*

F. N. EZERIOHA, *Vice-President*

APPROVED this 24th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 107 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) (NO. 2) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by subsection (xxxii) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (No. 2) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of fourteen shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ogoja Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon primary educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ogoja Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, are hereby repealed.

E.R.P.N.  
No. 234  
of 1953.

MADE by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority the 27th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

M. T. MBU, *President,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 3rd day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 108 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BAMENDA SOUTH EASTERN FEDERATION OF NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS)  
RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement : 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Bamenda South Eastern Federation of Native Authorities with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title  
and  
application.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda South Eastern Federation Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of the Government Station, Bamenda.

Definitions.

2. Definitions:—

- “area” means the area of the Government Station Bamenda;
- “domestic animals” means cattle, horse, sheep, goats, pigs together with their young;
- “native authority” means the Bamenda South Eastern Federation of Native Authorities;
- “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Bamenda South Eastern Federation Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

Impounding  
of stray  
domestic  
animals.

3. Any domestic animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.

Person  
permitting  
animal to  
stray guilty  
of offence.

4. Any person who permits any domestic animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Release of  
impounded  
domestic  
animal on  
condition.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Impounded  
domestic  
animal to  
be sold.

6. (1) Any domestic animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed within seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any domestic animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Domestic animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

8. The penalties and expenses under these rules shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) If the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and  
 (b) If the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate Court.

### SCHEDULE

#### *Penalties*

	£	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	0	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded ... ..	0	2	0

#### *Expenses*

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	0	6

MADE under the Bamenda South Eastern Federation Native Authority, this 1st day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Eastern Federation Native Authority on the 1st day of September, 1953, in the presence of:

V. T. LAINJO, *Secretary,*  
*South Eastern Federation*  
*Native Authority*

SEHN ATAR, FOM OF BANSO, *President,*  
*South Eastern Federation*  
*Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 109 of 1954

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE UYO FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
 (MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement : 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Uyo Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor. Cap. 140.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These rules may be cited as the Uyo Federated Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

Payment of fee.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Uyo Federated Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Uyo Federated Native Authority.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Uyo Federated Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by Rule 2.

Receipt record of treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

Exemptions for pauper patients.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Uyo Federated Native Authority this 26th day of September, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Uyo Federated Native Authority on 26th day of September, 1953, in the presence of:

O. ESSIEN OKON, *Secretary,*  
*Uyo Federated Native Authority*

E. U. EKONG, *Chairman,*  
*Uyo Federated Native Authority*

APPROVED this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 110 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE  
*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*  
 ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
 NATIVE AUTHORITIES

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 3) Notice, 1953, and shall be deemed to come into force on the 1st day of April, 1954. Short title, etc.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto:— Schedule to, etc. (Public Notice No. 6 of 1948.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Deletions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Owerri ..	Bende	Bende Divisional	—	Elected representatives of the clans of the Bende Division and the Umuhia-Ibeku Township.	Bende Division.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Additions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Owerri ..	Bende	Bende Divisional Ala-Ala Federated	— Bende Divisional	Bende Divisional Council Ala-Ala Council	Bende Division. Ariam, Ibere, Oboro and Oloko Clan Areas.
		Odida-Anyanwu Federated	do.	Odida-Anyanwu Council	Ubakala, Oloko-ro, Ibeku, Igbo and Umukpara Clan Areas.
		Elu-Elu Federated	do.	Elu-Elu Council	Umuiemenyi, Alayi, Item, Ozuitem, Igbere, Bende, Itu and Umuhu Clan Areas.
		Owuwa-Anyanwu Federated	do.	Owuwa-Anyanwu Council	Abariba, Nkporo, Abam and Ohafia Clan Areas.

GIVEN at Enugu this 15th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 111 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE BAMENDA NORTH WEST FEDERATION NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140) the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Education Rating Rules and shall apply to all persons normally resident in the area of the Beba-Befang and Esimbi Clans and shall come into effect on the date of publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing in or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Beba-Befang and Esimbi Clans shall pay a local rate of five shillings.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Beba-Befang and Esimbi Clans except that the cost of collecting the rate as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

(a) fails to deposit with the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE at Wum this 19th day of September, 1953.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority dated the 18th day of August, 1949.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority this 19th day of September, 1953, in the presence of:—

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Secretary*

WALANG, *President*

NGHA

J. F. AYO

L. A. NING

} *Members*

APPROVED this 28th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,

*Acting Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 112 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ORLU DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (MEDICAL SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by Orlu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Orlu Divisional (Medical Services Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1953.

2. The Schedule to the Orlu Division (Medical Services Rating) Rules, 1951, as amended is hereby further amended by deleting the particulars set forth in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto.

FIRST SCHEDULE

	<i>Lying-in-Ward</i>	<i>Village Area</i>	<i>Amount of</i>
Orsuihiteukwa	... ..	Orsuihiteukwa	<i>Rate per year</i>
			6d.

SECOND SCHEDULE

	<i>Lying-in-Ward</i>	<i>Village Area</i>	<i>Amount of</i>
Mbanato Eziawa	... ..	Orsuihiteukwa	<i>Rate per year</i>
		Eziawa	6d.
			6d.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Orlu Native Authority on this 28th day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

E. O. EZIE, *Secretary*,  
 Orlu Divisional Native Authority

J. A. NWOSU, *President*,  
 Orlu Divisional Native Authority  
 F. N. EZERIOHA, *Vice-President*

APPROVED this 14th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 113 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*Bye-laws* MADE UNDER *The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ABA-NGWA COUNTY COUNCIL (VEHICLE LICENCES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba-Ngwa County with the approval of the Regional Authority:—

Short title and application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba-Ngwa County Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Aba-Ngwa County Council but also to all persons whilst within its area.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aba-Ngwa County Council;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

Vehicles to be licensed.

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.

Fees.

Vehicle to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Aba-Ngwa County Council or to such other office as the Aba-Ngwa County Council may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Aba-Ngwa County Council, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under the direction of the Aba-Ngwa County Council.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Aba-Ngwa County Council and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Aba-Ngwa County Council for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Validity of licence.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of these bye-laws for which a penalty is not expressly provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, such fines to be imposed:—

Offence and Court in which penalties may be imposed.

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court; and  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or  
 (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or  
 (c) bye-laws made by any Local Government Council, or  
 (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

10. The Ngwa Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1953, published as Eastern Region Public Notice No. 57 of 1953, are hereby revoked.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE ABA-NGWA COUNTY COUNCIL (VEHICLE LICENCES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Licence is hereby granted to.....  
 of..... to keep and use..... until the.....  
 day of..... 19.....  
 Plate No.....  
 Fee £..... :..... :.....  
 DATED this..... day of..... 19.....

*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Fee for Vehicle Licences*

	Per annum		
	£	s	d
(a) Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	0	5	0
(b) Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	0	5	0
(c) Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	0	5	0
(d) Two-wheeled carriage, cart or truck ... ..	0	10	0
(e) Four-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	0	10	0
(f) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	0	0
(g) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	10	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	2	0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one-half of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area within the Aba-Ngwa County Council.

MADE by resolution of the Council the 22nd day of September, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Aba-Ngwa County Council was affixed in the presence of:

M. A. OHUONU, *Secretary*

C. C. NWAZOTA, *Ag. Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 114 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER the Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP (BAKEHOUSE)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of powers conferred on Local Authorities of Second Class Townships by section 42 (b) of the Public Health Ordinance, Cap. 183, the following bye-laws have been made by the Local Authority of Umuahia-Ibeku Township with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

Short title and application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Township (Bakehouse) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1954.

Registration of Bakehouses.

2. All Bakehouses within the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku shall be registered annually in the office of the Local Authority by the proprietor or occupier carrying on the Bakehouse business, and no such registration shall be made until the premises have been inspected and approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

Registration Fees.

3. There shall be paid in respect of every such registration a fee of five shillings, and the Local Authority shall issue a certificate of registration in the form prescribed in the Schedule to these Bye-laws.

Registration fee to be paid annually.

4. Any Bakehouse premises which are not re-registered in the month of January in each year shall be deemed to be unregistered premises.

Sanitation of Bakehouses.

5. (1) All Bakehouses shall be paved or concreted and drained to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health and shall be limewashed inside throughout once every six months, or at such lesser intervals as the Medical Officer of Health may consider necessary. The area of such premises shall, in no case, be less than two hundred square feet.

(2) No animal or bird shall be allowed on premises used as a Bakehouse, and such premises shall be made fly-proof to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

(3) No room used as a Bakehouse shall be utilised as a sleeping apartment.

(4) The sanitary arrangements and conveniences on all premises used as a Bakehouse shall be maintained to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

(5) No water shall be used on any premises used as a Bakehouse except that obtained from a source approved by the Medical Officer of Health.

(6) All flour, water and other ingredients used in or in connection with the Bakehouse shall be kept adequately covered and all pans, moulds and other utensils shall be maintained and kept clean to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health.

(7) Measures, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, shall be taken by the owner or occupiers of premises used as a Bakehouse to keep down vermin.

(8) The Medical Officer of Health may prohibit any person suffering from any disease or ailment from entering or remaining on any premises used as a Bakehouse.

(9) If the Medical Officer of Health shall consider that any premises used as Bakehouse should, in the interests of public health be closed, he may by notice in writing prohibit the owner or occupier from using such premises as a Bakehouse until such time as such prohibition shall be withdrawn. A copy of such notice shall be sent to the Local Authority.

6. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for three months. Penalties.

#### SCHEDULE

UMUAHIA-IBEKU TOWNSHIP BAKEHOUSE BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Certificate of Registration of a Bakehouse (Bye-law 3)*

The premises described hereunder and in the control of.....  
are registered as a Bakehouse from.....19.....to....., 19.....

Date: .....19.....

Fee: 5s.

.....  
*Local Authority*

MADE this 14th day of November, 1953.

DOUGLAS J. BROWN,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED this 10th day of December, 1953.

By His Honour's Command,

C. A. L. GUISE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 115 of 1954

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

*Direction under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance (Chapter 20)*

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

Under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the public burial-grounds specified in the second column of the Schedule hereto shall be under the control and management of the Council shown in the third column of the Schedule hereto.

**SCHEDULE**

CALABAR PROVINCE	The Efut Street Cemetery	} Calabar Urban District Council
	The Hawkins Road Cemetery	
	The Big Qua Town Cemetery	
	The New African Cemetery	

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor at Enugu this 17th day of December, 1953.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 116 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

**INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING LOCAL COUNCILS  
WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF NSUKKA**

1. In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 4 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) (hereinafter called "the Ordinance") the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto shall be established within the area of the administrative division of Nsukka upon the 1st day of April, 1954. Establishment of Local Councils.
2. The Common Seals of the Councils shall be as set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto. Seals.
3. The area of the authority of the Councils shall be the area of the villages set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto. Area of the authority of the Council.
4. The Councils shall consist of the number of members set out in the fourth column of the Schedule hereto. Constitution of Councils.
5. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the tax collection authority recognised or appointed in or for the area of the authority of such Local Council under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted from the payment of tax for reasons other than that they have not attained the age of sixteen years. Qualification of voters.
6. Councillors shall be elected as provided below by the voters of each village in the area of the authority of each Local Council in accordance with the representation set out in the fifth column of the Schedule hereto. Distribution of number of councillors to be elected
7. (1) The Resident in charge of Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of each election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer. Returning Officer.  
(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.
8. The method of election of councillors by the voters of any village shall be as follows:— Method of election.
  - (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such village fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that village to the Local Council.
  - (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at the election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations, the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraphs (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the person so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii) or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled the Returning Officer shall proceed to hold an election in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 10 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election shall be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xvii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time, and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xix) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xx) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxi) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes, he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates, if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiii) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxiv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as possible for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose the Returning Officer may, if it appears convenient to him to do so, appoint another day for the taking of such second vote and shall announce such day, and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxv) Where—
- (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxiv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected,
- the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvi) The Regional Authority may—
- (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to be councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxvii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvi) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

9. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 8 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph, and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.


Non-compliance with certain provisions of the Instrument not to invalidate election.



- Date of first election. 10. The first elections to the Councils shall be held between the dates set out in the sixth column of the Schedule hereto.
- Term of office of councillors. 11. Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or selected councillors who shall come into office on that day. The retiring councillors shall, unless they shall have ceased to be qualified, be eligible for re-election.
- Election of chairman. 12. The chairman of each Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors.
- Part V of the Ordinance not to apply. 13. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to any Local Council.
- Functions. 14. (1) The Local Councils may perform all or any of the functions contained in paragraphs (31), (32) and (33) of section 99 of the Ordinance:  
Provided that only such markets as are opened or maintained by the Local Council shall be subject to their jurisdiction.  
(2) Otherwise, no specific functions are allocated to the Local Councils other than the powers which are conferred upon them specifically by the Ordinance or any other written law; but the Council may raise money by precept for and spend money on any project which is within the powers of Local Government Councils as set out in the Ordinance or any other written law and which is approved by the Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province as being of a communal nature.
- Precepts. 15. The Local Councils may make a precept before 31st May, 1954, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1955.

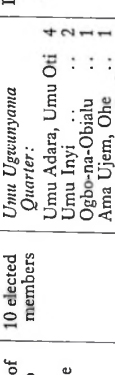
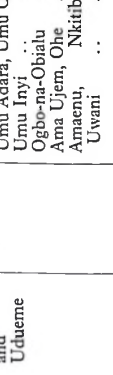
MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu, this 5th day of January, 1954.



C. J. PLEASS  
*Regional Authority*



## SCHEDULE



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Abbi .. .. .		Abbi Village	32 elected members	<p><i>Ejoma Quarter:</i>            Umuanyi, Nuzu, Bebe, Ugwu Onu, Umu Nocha .. .. . 2            Enugu .. .. . 1            Owere Eze .. .. . 2            Uwenu Okpe .. .. . 3            Amanagwu, Eze Ugwu .. .. . 3            Obi, Ikwoka .. .. . 3            Ani Achala, Ugwu Ogbada .. .. . 3</p> <p><i>Ezikolo Quarter:</i>            Apapama .. .. . 2            Isiama .. .. . 1            Anagoro .. .. . 1            Owere .. .. . 2            Amananyi .. .. . 1            Ibeke, Annaebo-Umu Avurum .. .. . 1</p> <p><i>Utoanyi Quarter:</i>            Isinyi .. .. . 2            Umushere .. .. . 2            Ama Oba, Umu Oka .. .. . 2            Umu Ugwuoke, Uba, Amaeke, Ama Ero, Enwelike .. .. . 2</p> <p><i>Aguabbi Quarter:</i>            Avurugo, Aluka .. .. . 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Aku .. .. .		Aku Village	35 elected members	<i>Akaibite:</i> Use .. .. . 1 Mgboko .. .. . 5 Amaboku .. .. . 3 Umuezike .. .. . 3 Ofenyi .. .. . 1 Ohemuje .. .. . 3  <i>Akutala Quarter:</i> Nua .. .. . 5 Obic .. .. . 3 Amaogu .. .. . 3 Ugulala .. .. . 3  <i>Ajuoma Quarter:</i> Oshigo .. .. . 3 Oda .. .. . 1 Uguegde .. .. . 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Akwegbe .. .. .		Akwegbe Village	34 elected members	<i>Akama Ewu (Anaudu) Quarter:</i> Ohumofa .. .. . 4 Anaudu .. .. . 8 Amaonicha .. .. . 5  <i>Akama Ani Quarter:</i> Amofu .. .. . 6 Ozo Achalla .. .. . 4 Ulko Opi .. .. . 7	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Akpugo-Udueme ..		Villages of Akpugo and Udueme	10 elected members	<i>Umu Ugwunyama Quarter:</i> Umu Adara, Umu Oti 4 Umu Inyi .. 2 Ogbo-na-Objalu .. 1 Ama Ujem, Ohe .. 1 Amaenu, Nkitiba, Uwani .. 2	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ede .. ..		Ede Village	37 elected members	<i>Edeikwu Ajunwa Quarter:</i> Amaohu .. 4 Umuohu-na-Ibagwa 5 Ogbongbo .. 3 <i>Edeikwu Owele-Achalla Quarter:</i> Umudina .. 3 Eyo .. 3 Akama .. 3 <i>Edenta Umunagu Quarter:</i> Owele .. 5 Umunagu .. 2 <i>Eburu-na-Esema Quarter:</i> Ezema .. 5 Eturu.. .. 4	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Edem . . . . .		Edem Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Alkpa Edem Quarter:</i> Owa . . . . . 6 Obeke . . . . . 2</p> <p><i>Ozi Quarter:</i> Umuoko . . . . . 1 Amogwu . . . . . 2 Ezi Ozi . . . . . 3</p> <p><i>Edem Ani Quarter:</i> Ugwu-na-Agho . . . . . 5 Owele . . . . . 3 Uwani . . . . . 5 Ubogidi . . . . . 2 Ozala . . . . . 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ero-Uno . . . . .		Ero-Uno Village	17 elected members	<p><i>Anaikhpo Quarter:</i> Anaikepo Ani-Amadi- kpoke, Umu Ama Ogwu, Ujom Ero, Umu Ume . . . . . 2 Umu Uvuru . . . . . 1</p> <p><i>Ejioha Quarter:</i> Ugbele . . . . . 10 Amada . . . . . 3</p> <p><i>Uswani Quarter:</i> Ogbuoke, Ero, Adani, Umu Aho . . . . . 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ibagwani .. .. .		Ibagwani Village	33 elected members	<i>Uwani Quarter:</i> Umuezikeoli .. .. . 1 Eham .. .. . 1 Ebugwu .. .. . 1 Umuohiaru Uno .. .. . 1 Umuohiaru Agu .. .. . 2 Ugbene .. .. . 1 Umu Eze Ihaka .. .. . 1 Umu Chime .. .. . 1 <i>Ejioha Quarter:</i> Urrudim .. .. . 4 Owele .. .. . 1 Ama Abo .. .. . 2 Amaiga, Umu Akpo, Ohebe .. .. . 1 Agbagbuem .. .. . 1 <i>Omaka Quarter:</i> Ekuma, Umu Okili, Amaigbo, Ntukpom, Umuele .. .. . 7 Hausa Strangers .. .. . 1 <i>Otpaligbo Strangers Quarter:</i> Oroko .. .. . 3 Likke .. .. . 1 Ihohoro, Iheaka .. .. . 1 Ibagwa Ihaka .. .. . 2	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ikolo .. .. .		Ikolo Village	10 elected members	<i>Ohamolu Ekwensu Quarter:</i> Ezeogwu, Umukoko Anauvuru .. .. . 2 <i>Ohamoji Quarter:</i> Imi, Ikwelu, Imi Ikwelu .. .. . 3 <i>Ama Eiti Quarter:</i> Uwelu, Uwani .. .. . 2 <i>Ohamolodo Quarter:</i> Ama Ederu, Ama Uwani, Ikolo Ala .. .. . 3	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ochima .. ..		Ochima Village	10 elected members	<p><i>Ama Egede Quarter:</i>            Amauvuru, Uwelu            Umu-aleti, Uwali            Umu-Aleti, Umu            Egede Uwali, Umu            Egede Umuoru .. 4</p> <p><i>Ezima Ibite Quarter:</i>            Ezima, Ibite, Amu-            dala, Umuazu .. 6</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Onyohor .. ..		Onyohor Village	10 elected members	<p><i>Amaaji Quarter:</i>            Umuezepeem, Umuzozo 5</p> <p><i>Umuzigbo Quarter:</i>            Amugu, Umugu 1            Alum, Ndiakwuabo 1</p> <p><i>Amabinagu Quarter:</i>            Umudiugwu, Amangu 1</p> <p><i>Amaebo Quarter:</i>            Umueze-Adimili,            Umoodanwu,            Umugararam .. 2            Umuikedu, Umugu-            Onygu .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Lejja .. .. .		Lejja Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Ajwona Quarter:</i>            Ohanalam .. .. 4            Akaegbu .. .. 3</p> <p><i>Akutala Quarter:</i>            Okocho Ogwunabo .. 3            Ugo-na-Owele .. 3            Ugbele Nabo .. 4</p> <p><i>Akaibite Quarter:</i>            Amagu .. .. 5            Okekuma .. .. 8</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ngalakpu .. .. .		Ngalakpu Village	10 elected members	<p><i>Agbo Quarter:</i>            Umuez, Ama Okpe,            Okeshi, Umuheku 7</p> <p><i>Ndingwu Quarter:</i>            Obiachi, Umudieli-            magu .. .. 1</p> <p><i>Umuneshi Quarter:</i>            Umudulu Ali, Ama-            ngwu, Umuezeugu            Nwaishiali .. .. 2</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Umunna .. ..		Umunna Village	11 elected members	<p><i>Oleti Quarter:</i> Ama Ewa, Diodeke, Isiamaetu, Umuobaka 4</p> <p><i>Uhu Quarter:</i> Uwelu, Umu Eze, Umuna, Umu Ezikolo 3</p> <p><i>Amakofia Quarter:</i> Umuoka, Eze Nushi, Amadungigwe, Umu Eze, Obuagu .. 4</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Umunko .. ..		Umunko Village	16 elected members	<p><i>Amangodo Quarter:</i> Ama Nkpume, Uwali, Uwelu-na-Umu-Eloke .. .. 3</p> <p><i>Amaokpiliu Quarter:</i> Umuoka Ederyi, Umu Ali Ewora, Umu Awodo, Akpu-nye Umu Ezeodo .. 4</p> <p><i>Oliene Quarter:</i> Ohubede, Amankashi Uwali, Amadim Gbenge, Amankashi Etti .. .. 3</p> <p><i>Amadi Ime Quarter:</i> Umuoke Udele, Umue Elenwule .. 2</p> <p><i>Amaho Quarter:</i> Umu Atu, Umu Ugwu .. 3</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



Name of Local Council	Common Seal	Area of the Authority of the Council	Number of Councilors	Representation of Quarters or Communities	Date of first elections
Nibo .. .. .		Nibo Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Akaibite Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ukpabi .. 5</li> <li>Ngwoko, Akpamanya 1</li> <li>Owere .. 2</li> <li>Ugwu Ijoro .. 4</li> </ul> <p><i>Akutala Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ebo Akaha .. 3</li> <li>Enugu .. 3</li> </ul> <p><i>Ejuona Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ekwuru .. 1</li> <li>Ugwu Achalla, Isi-anna Ugbo .. 2</li> <li>Ogboro .. 1</li> <li>Ama Ogbo .. 1</li> <li>Uwani Unasi .. 1</li> </ul> <p><i>Settlers Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Igojo Umu-Enechi-Ogbo, Orakwu, Isiyi Areji, Temba, Opanda Agu .. 3</li> <li>Igara in Opanda, Aku Settlers, Umu Enechi-Ogbo, Amaokwu Settlers .. 3</li> </ul>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Nikpologu .. .. .		Nikpologu Village	24 elected members	<p><i>Ogbo Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ugwu-na-Oda .. 1</li> <li>Agumu .. 1</li> <li>Arakanyi .. 1</li> <li>Ogbala .. 2</li> <li>Olojo .. 2</li> <li>Ogba Strangers .. 2</li> </ul> <p><i>Akaibite Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Umu Obira .. 4</li> <li>Osha Ewu .. 1</li> <li>Ama Ebo .. 1</li> <li>Dinamu, Nleke Umu Obira .. 1</li> </ul> <p><i>Ejuona Quarter:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Akaibite .. 2</li> <li>Ezuizo .. 2</li> <li>Akutala .. 3</li> </ul>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Nsukka .. ..		Nsukka Village	43 elected members	<p><i>Nkpanamo Quarter:</i>            Nkwuru .. 4            Ishiakpu .. 4            Echalla .. 3            Umuakashi .. 3</p> <p><i>Nru Quarter:</i>            Ihcagu .. 4            Ezeama-na-Edem .. 5            Umuoyo .. 4</p> <p><i>Owelle Quarter:</i>            Uwelu-na-Amokwe,            Ama Ozalla, Uwali,            Onyi, Ishiujia,            Amaogbo .. 5</p> <p><i>Ihe Quarter:</i>            Urukaka, Umuabi,            Umuntu, Umu-            achom .. 7            Strangers .. 4</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Obimo-Ikwuoka ..		Obimo-Ikwuoka Villages	30 elected members	<p><i>Agbo Quarter:</i>            Umu Ayiko, Amoka            Idu, Ite Kwere, Ama            Erugwu, Ezi Eti, Ama            Saka Oba, Ama Agu,            Akabshi Inyi .. 8</p> <p><i>Ajioma Quarter:</i>            Amaohe, Agunese,            Amaokpuhu, Ama            Eha, Amabulagu,            Ogwu Egu, Umu            Ekwu .. 10</p> <p><i>Ahpororo Quarter:</i>            Isimulu, Ejuona,            Akutala, Umuogbagu .. 4</p> <p><i>Ahatale Quarter:</i>            Amu, Ekwulu, Ogwu            Chikwara, Ekwulu, Ekwu .. 7</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ohebe		Ohebe Village	15 elected members	<p><i>Ajuna Quarter:</i> Umuomashi, Nnawamu, Umu Omah .. 3</p> <p><i>Akabitte Quarter:</i> Ugbene, Isiamala .. 6</p> <p><i>Akautala Quarter:</i> Chinwe, Ohodo .. 6</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ohodo		Ohodo Village	25 elected members	<p><i>Akautala Quarter:</i> Umuoka .. 3 Amaebo .. 4 Achalla .. 7</p> <p><i>Akabitte Quarter:</i> Umuoka .. 2 Ikolo .. 3 Amaiga .. 3 Owele .. 3</p> <p><i>Ajuna Quarter:</i> Umuagwu .. 3 Isiamaelu .. 2</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Okpuje-Okutu ..		Okpuje-Okutu Villages	30 elected members	<p><i>Akutaia Quarter:</i></p> <p>Ibeku. . . . . 2  Okpuje-Eri . . . . . 1  Avunonyia . . . . . 1  Amozi . . . . . 1</p> <p><i>Ajuona Quarter:</i></p> <p>Igah . . . . . 2  Amahio . . . . . 3  Okpuje-Ani . . . . . 5  Umu Nda . . . . . 1</p> <p><i>Akaihibite Quarter:</i></p> <p>Achalla . . . . . 2</p> <p><i>Istanelu Quarter:</i></p> <p>Umugwuoke, Umu-awolo, Umu Obieke 2</p> <p><i>Amanogbo Quarter:</i></p> <p>Umuajibo, Umu Anwura . . . . . 1  Achalla Umu Inyiaja 1</p> <p><i>Uwali Quarter:</i></p> <p>Umu Nweze . . . . . 1  Umu Nwaragu, Umu Ugwuanyi Ukwume 1  Umu Ugwuanyi (Ukwume), Omada, Ajamami Nwanyi Umu, Ugwuanyi, Ezugwuoka, Onwushi . . . . . 1</p> <p><i>Umu Omogbo Quarter:</i></p> <p>Ajibegazi Quarter: Umu Oke . . . . . 1  Umu Okele Umuogili, Umu Ugwu, Umu Atuzu . . . . . 2</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

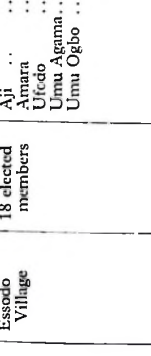
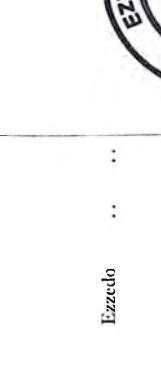
1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Opi .. .. .		Opi Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Idi Quarter:</i> Eseema .. .. . 3 Ajuona .. .. . 3 Idiali .. .. . 3</p> <p><i>Ibuku (Amankaco) Quarter:</i> Alaada .. .. . 2 Amankwo .. .. . 2 Umuhaha .. .. . 4 Umunkpa .. .. . 1</p> <p><i>Ogbozala Quarter:</i> Ezili Ukwu .. .. . 3 Alaibite Uwenu .. .. . 2 Alaibite Uwaulu .. .. . 5 Urnudiko .. .. . 2</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Orobo .. .. .		Orobo Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Ahualala Quarter:</i> Oluama .. .. . 3 Owa .. .. . 2 Umudietue .. .. . 4</p> <p><i>Ajuona Quarter:</i> Okpala .. .. . 6 Ayiyo .. .. . 4 Umuoyo .. .. . 4</p> <p><i>Akabitte Quarter:</i> Ugo .. .. . 1 Umu Armula .. .. . 3 Umu Iya .. .. . 3</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first election
Ozala		Ozala Village	35 elected members	Nweli Quarter .. 6 Icaneti Quarter .. 5 Isala Quarter .. 5 Akabite Quarter: Amaebo, Ugbene Enu 3 Umunagu .. 3 Umueze .. 2 Ijo Quarter: Amaokpe .. 1 Okebunke .. 1 Amadunwushi .. 1 Ebo Edem .. 3 Ujom Quarter: Umudia .. 1 Umudikwere .. 4 Umudimelechi .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ugbene		Ugbene Village	30 elected members	Ejioma Quarter: Umuologonyi .. 2 Amaogidi .. 2 Ujaja .. 1 Njokwe .. 2 Ejioma Ota Quarter: Umuokome .. 2 Egbulu .. 1 Akabite Quarter: Afukwaja .. 1 Ada .. 1 Orba .. 1 Akaku .. 2 Akwata Ota Quarter: Etakwuna .. 2 Amala, Amulu, Ama .. 2 Ikwe O .. 1 Ama Ogurnu .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Committees	6 Date of first elections
Ugbene—continued				Uwenu Oli .. 1 Uwanvi Ama .. 2 (Ama Egwu) Quarter: .. 2 Ama Egwu, Isi Uburu 1 Umu Nkpaka .. 1 Akutala Uweenu Quarter: .. 1 Achalla .. 1 Ashienyi .. 2 Ama Isieke Oda .. 1 Umu Anukwu .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ukehe-Idoha		Ukehe-Idoha Villages	35 elected members	Akwato Quarter: .. 1 Uwehu .. 1 Ndiugo .. 1 Amaeze .. 1 Ndiedo .. 1 Nkhologu Quarter: .. 3 Amaobiagwu .. 1 Amawalu .. 1 Ubegu Idenyi .. 1 Ukaofa Quarter: .. 1 Amaugwu .. 1 Overozara, Amube .. 1 Obeagu .. 1 Umulise Quarter .. 1 Ama Owelo .. 1 Amaozala .. 1 Amaekwefu .. 1 Amaetiti .. 1 Amakofa-Amagu Quarter: .. 3 Ezi Amagu, Uwehu .. 4 Amanefi .. 4 Amadim .. 3 Uwala Abaka .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ukehe-Idoha (continued)		Uvuru	30 elected members	<i>Umudule Quarter:</i> Umuofagu .. 2 Ufuakeke .. 1 Obagu .. 1 Ndiagu Chime .. 1 Egbabu-na-Nwankwo .. 1 <i>Ezi Idoha Quarter:</i> Umu Ikpaugu, Umu Okwo, Umu Odeke Onaiga .. 1 <i>Umu Agu Quarter:</i> Umuudim .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Uvuru .. ..				<i>Umuaka Quarter:</i> Amanagwu, Okpiano .. 1 Uwanyi Ode .. 1 Ugwu Achom .. 1 <i>Utokepu Quarter:</i> Amanya, Nkwamite, Ugwu Ngboro .. 1 <i>Ogwu Quarter:</i> Ogwu Ugwu .. 1 Ogwu Oda .. 1 <i>Okasili Quarter:</i> Umu Nana .. 2 Uwenu, Uwani .. 2 Akamato .. 1 <i>Iwama Quarter:</i> Umu Eke .. 2 Akwuboche .. 1 Uru Ntu Ada .. 1 Njiboko .. 1 Uru Ncu Areru .. 1 I.C. Diomac, Owere .. 1 Eze, Iru Ojode .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Uvuru—continued				<p><i>Uvuru Awi Quarter:</i> Ejona .. 1 Alautala .. 1 Akibite .. 2</p> <p><i>Ugboke Quarter:</i> Amenugwu .. 1 Amegbu Ojiggebe .. 1 Isiamadi Uwenu, 2 Uwani .. 2 Amaogbo Uwenu, 1 Uwani .. 1 Utorn .. 1</p> <p><i>Amotu Quarter</i> <i>Umuudia Quarter:</i> Uwanyi, Umuodike .. 1 Amanu .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Eketekete .. ..		Amaokpu-Ihohoror Villages	13 elected members	<p>Umu Ugbabe .. 1 Umu Odicha .. 1 Umu Amuzu .. 1 Umu Odobo .. 1 Strangers .. 6 Osapa .. 1 Amaelem .. 1 Achalla .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Essodo .. ..	 <p>The seal of the Essodo Local Council is circular. It features a central emblem with a crown on top, a staff or scepter below it, and a palm tree on the left. The words 'ESSODO' and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' are written around the perimeter of the circle.</p>	Essodo Village	18 elected members	<p>Aji .. .. 8          Amara .. .. 3          Ufido .. .. 1          Umu Agama .. .. 3          Umu Ogbo .. .. 3</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March 1954.
Ezzedo .. ..	 <p>The seal of the Ezzedo Local Council is circular. It features a central emblem with a crown on top, a staff or scepter below it, and a palm tree on the left. The words 'EZZEDO' and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' are written around the perimeter of the circle.</p>	Ezzedo Village	10 elected members	<p>Udah .. .. 9          Urosi .. .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

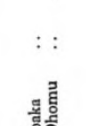

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Umú Itodo .. ..	 <p>The seal of Umú Itodo Local Council is circular. It features a palm tree on the left, a central emblem with a staff and a crown, and a tree on the right. The text 'UMU ITODO' is written along the top inner edge, and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' is written along the bottom inner edge.</p>	Umú Itodo	22 elected members	Amachala .. 5 Amufe .. 5 Igbole .. 1 Ikpiga .. 1 Imuhu .. 4 Mkpulu Atama .. 1 Olido .. 4 Hausa Strangers .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Umú Ozzi .. ..	 <p>The seal of Umú Ozzi Local Council is circular. It features a palm tree on the left, a central emblem with a staff and a crown, and a tree on the right. The text 'UMU OZZI' is written along the top inner edge, and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' is written along the bottom inner edge.</p>	Umú Ozzi Village	38 elected members	Aguibéje, Iyiona .. 4 Amaja .. 1 Amube .. 1 Ezilo .. 1 Igogoro .. 4 Ikpamodo .. 1 Inyiogbo .. 3 Isigwu .. 2 Orrute Uno .. 1 Okpata Asamici .. 2 Okpo .. 2 Onitsha .. 2 Owere Eze .. 1 Nkpamute .. 1 Ugbayike .. 2 Umachi .. 1 Umú Iyida .. 5 Umú Opu .. 2 Strangers .. 2	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councilors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Error Agu .. ..		Error Agu Village	16 elected members	<p><i>Ejona Quarter:</i>                      Ugbiele, Urnuasadu, Umueleke, Umuidu, Umueko, Ovoko, Amaebo .. .. 6</p> <p><i>Anaikpo Quarter:</i>                      Awelu Umuuroko, Uma Udé, Umuumu, Umavuruani, Umavuruani, Isiani .. 4</p> <p><i>Uzani Quarter:</i>                      Ogbueke Okoshue, Owele Eze, Isiakpu Uwalu, Uwelu Uwasalu, Amede, Umugidi-Ajurokwa, Umugridi-Mbiamonye, Amaoba .. .. 6</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Eteh .. ..		Eteh Village	30 elected members	<p><i>Umnuoanda Quarter:</i>                      Umu Enebe .. .. 3                      Ogodo .. .. 1                      Umu Onodaba .. 2                      Umu Ebe .. .. 6</p> <p><i>Ebiaga Quarter:</i>                      Ayishi .. .. 4                      Umu Obida .. .. 2                      Umu Achanya .. 1                      Umu Ochigide .. 6                      Settlers .. .. 5</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters of Communities	6 Date of first election
Ibagwa Aka .. ..	 <p>The seal of Ibagwa-Aka Local Council is circular. It features a central emblem with a palm tree on the left, a traditional stool (Oso) in the middle, and a tree on the right. The words 'IBAGWA-AKA' are written along the top inner edge and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' along the bottom inner edge.</p>	Ibagwa Aka Village	30 elected members	Arnebo .. 11 Achalla .. 7 Ezama .. 9 Ibo Strangers .. 2 Hausa Strangers .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ihaka .. ..	 <p>The seal of Ihaka Local Council is circular. It features a central emblem with a palm tree on the left, a traditional stool (Oso) in the middle, and a tree on the right. The words 'IHAKA' are written along the top inner edge and 'LOCAL COUNCIL' along the bottom inner edge.</p>	Ihaka Village	31 elected members	Ekoyi... .. 8 Ugo .. 6 Like .. 9 Akutala .. 7 Strangers .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councilors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Iheakpu .. ..		Iheakpu Village	21 elected members	Umu Oraji .. 2 Itoki Ohe .. 4 Ikolo .. 1 Umuakah .. 1 Edem .. 2 Umuadija .. 1 Umuokwu .. 2 Umuadiaba .. 2 Umuabaje .. 1 Achiebulé .. 2 Orakwu .. 3 Umuolto .. 4	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Itchi .. ..		Itchi	30 elected members	Umu Ogbu .. 4 Amacho .. 2 Ugbu Okpulo .. 2 Okka .. 3 Amaekpuru .. 4 Mkpukpurubia .. 4 Nkalegu .. 7	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councilors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Obukpa .. ..		Obukpa Village	31 elected members	Ejuona .. 6 Owere .. 11 Obige .. 13 Hausa Strangers .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ovoko .. ..		Ovoko Village	31 elected members	Umuelo .. 10 Umulolo .. 11 Ejuona .. 7 Ovoko Agbu .. 3	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

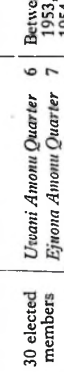
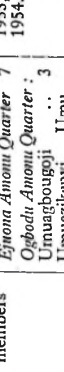
1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Unadu .. ..		Unadu Village	18 elected members	Obaka .. 8 Ohomu .. 10	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Amala .. ..		Amala Village	20 elected members	Ummeze Amala : .. 7 Umuenechi .. 6 Umu Egali .. 6 Ifuroka .. 7	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Eha-Alumona ..		Eha-Alumona Village	48 elected members	<p>           Ama Echalla .. 1            Azuma, Orba Strangers 5  <i>Umusi:</i>            Uwelu, Uwalu .. 1  <i>Amushi:</i>            Umu Aloi, Ama Echelu, Umu Omaga, Orba Strangers, Umu Alima .. 11  <i>Eze Ngeuhohe Quarter</i>            Umu-Eze Aba Quarter:            Umu Ajima, Umu-ezeogbo, Umu Ojibo-aba, Amangwu .. 4  <i>Agbanere Okwe</i> .. 2  <i>Agbanere Olu</i> .. 2  <i>Agbanere Owere Ali</i> .. 2  <i>Umabo Umuhu Quarter:</i>            Amaezeuwelu, Amaezeuwali, Amadelori, Amaogbodu, Egbo-lofia, Amaechella Enugu, etc ... 5  <i>Umabo Owere Quarter:</i>            Amaolu, Ezeama, Amakwumato, Okwu Ali, Ofoko .. 5  <i>Umuezebidegu Quarter:</i>            Ebo .. 1            Amasegu .. 1            Okpulo .. 1            Isengu .. 1            Isenkwalika .. 1            Obulegu, Igbanu, Adaitchia, Ise Ulo .. 1         </p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first election
Eha Amufu .. .. .		Eha Amufu Village	41 elected members	<p><i>Umuha Quarter:</i>  Anna Uzamu .. 2  Umu Ozibo .. 1  Amaofiah .. 1  Akpaka .. 1  Umuokpada .. 1</p> <p><i>Mgbuji Quarter:</i>  Umu Omulo .. 1  Amaosogidi .. 1  Umuohe .. 1  Otu .. 1  Umuogili .. 1  Ape-Ndiagu-Mgbuji .. 1</p> <p><i>Ihenyi Quarter:</i>  Anagbu .. 1  Amazezenka .. 1  Anagu, Orokororo .. 1  Ihenyi .. 2  Isu Ndiagu, Oforo .. 2  Ndiagu .. 2  <i>Abode Quarter:</i>  Aboh Quarter: .. 2  Anankpaka .. 2  Anna Obelebe .. 1  Anna Ogbu .. 2</p> <p><i>Umujereu Quarter:</i>  Umujereu Ali, Umujereu Elu .. 1  <i>Acanede Quarter:</i>  Ukpoketa .. 3  Obodo Nabo .. 3  Nigere Ekpo .. 1  Ogolofia Ndiagu .. 1  Odenigbo .. 1  Hausa Strangers .. 1  Strangers at Eha Market .. 4</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ezimo .. ..		Ezimo Village	25 elected members	Ogbufe .. 3 Amaogwu .. 9 Ozalla .. 8 Mkpunato .. 5	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ikem .. ..		Ikem Village	30 elected members	Ogo Quarter: Urnu Ezatu .. 4 Obagu .. 3 Ogeregwu .. 3 Urnu Anyanwu .. 2 Odumogwu .. 1 Urnu Ejeogo .. 2 Unuarum Quarter: Urnu Odumu .. 2 Aleke Nobe .. 5 Ebia .. 2 Arrudariu .. 2 Ndlobia (Ndiagu) .. (Nkwo) .. 4	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Imilike .. ..		Imilike Village	23 elected members	Umu Afia .. 1 Umu Nzu .. 2 Umu Ubiagu .. 8 Umu Azi .. 11 Umu Aka, Umu Aji- ma Eze .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Leke .. ..		Leke Village	30 elected members	Isiela Quarter: .. 8 Ojutomi .. .. 4 Obuegu Aba .. .. Akpai Quarter: Amegu .. .. 3 Amokwi .. .. 1 Umualekego, Umu Nzu .. .. 2 Ama Achara, Umureh Umu Ugevu Quarter .. 5 Umu Egevu Quarter .. 6	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Mbu . . . . .		Mbu Village	30 elected members	<i>Uwani Amonu Quarter</i> 6 <i>Ejona Amonu Quarter</i> 7 <i>Ogbodi Amonu Quarter</i> 3 Umuarougaji . . . . . Umuazikenyi, Umu . . . . . Mbo . . . . . 1 <i>Alkpoji Quarter</i> : Ujivu-na-Oka . . . . . 5 Ohuli . . . . . 1 Umu Ozibo . . . . . 2 Uwani . . . . . 2 Settlers (Agudene) . . . . . 3	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Obolo Afor . . . . .		Obolo Afor Village	26 elected members	Umu Ezeajo . . . . . 4 <i>Amutenyi Quarter</i> : Umu Onaru, Umuito- dokah, Umueso, Umuetpa, Umu Eze Ajo-rogvu, Umu- Atama-Ezene, Umu- Nagu . . . . . 6 <i>Ohulo Quarter</i> . . . . . 4 <i>Umu Urababe Quarter</i> : Ogwu, Nkalagu . . . . . 4 <i>Iiakpu Quarter</i> : Ama Edem, Amuzu, Umu Eha, Amegu . . . . . 8	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

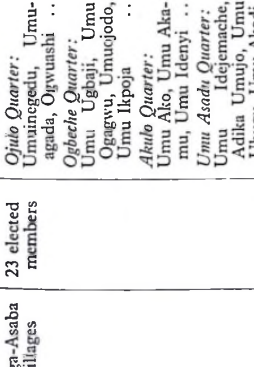
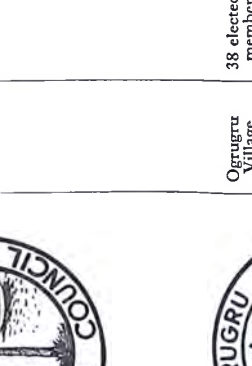
1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Obolo Eke, Obolo .. Olie		Obolo Eke Obolo Olie Villages	24 elected members	Umu Ezojo, Amute- nyi, Chulo, Umu Ugbabe, Umu Odi- cha, Iheakpu .. 12 Umu Ugbabe .. 12	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ogbodu Aba.. ..		Ogbodu Aba Village	20 elected members	Ngodo .. 2 Umu Ezeah .. 8 Ogwu .. 3 Umu Nagu .. 7	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Orba . . . . .		Orba Village	37 elected members	<p><i>Ekeanusu Quarter:</i> Owere, Umu Odumuahi, Umu Dimodi, Ameli, Umu Diedoro, Umu Ugwu .. 4</p> <p><i>Ejuona Umu Adeshi Quarter:</i> Umuokala, Umu Di-oha, Ama Echalla, Mkpunato, Obigbo, Umu Afia .. 8</p> <p><i>Okpu Quarter:</i> Nsonoka, Owere Okpu, Eziagu Ohomagu .. 5</p> <p><i>Amala Quarter:</i> Ama Edem, Ama Ekwuru, Diaba Echegum, Umu Nkpume Amaorba .. 1</p> <p><i>Ohomu Quarter:</i> Umu Diala, Ohomu Egu, Amaokofia .. 8</p> <p><i>Ohebe Quarter:</i> Umu Ezekpoko, Umu Ugbole .. 1</p> <p>Umu Ndiagu Orba (Farm Settlers) .. 7</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Udunedom . . . . .		Igugu, Umuandu Villages	20 elected members	<p>Umu Okere .. 3</p> <p>Ama Echalla .. 3</p> <p><i>Ihuama Quarter:</i> Amagu, Umuezogwu-ma, Alagbo Elu .. 6</p> <p><i>Umu Meli Quarter:</i> Umu Elemuchi, Umu Ahanyi, Umu Ashere, Umu Ogaieka .. 8</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Umuakor .. .. .		Umuakor Village	19 elected members	Umu Ezubuoke .. 5 Umu Eze Ogbu .. 8 Umu Alivi .. 5 Ezra Settlers.. .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Adabu-Nkume .. .. .		Adabu-Nkume Villages	22 elected members	<i>Umueseke Quarter:</i> Umuezeto .. .. 1 Umuezemewo .. .. 1 Umuezekwuminye .. 1 Umuafuke-Umuonwu- Ugbolu .. .. 1 <i>Umuechi Quarter</i> Umuezeke Quarter: Ibagwu .. .. 1 Ana Etti .. .. 2 Umuezedobi .. .. 1 Umuoduko .. .. 1 Umuoturbo .. .. 2 Umuezenkwo .. .. 2 <i>Obinagu Quarter</i> Ozalime Quarter .. 1 Amabce Quarter .. 1 Amachek Quarter .. 1 Umuoror Quarter .. 1 Ezi Quarter .. .. 1 Umuonu Quarter .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Adani . . . . .		Adani Village	22 elected members	<p><i>Ugbene Quarter:</i>            Iyikelaga . . . . . 2            Avuto-ni-Annokwe . . . . . 1            Otuguzo . . . . . 1            Uwenu Akpa . . . . . 3            Ezeamu Uwanyi . . . . . 2            Ezeama Uwenu . . . . . 2            Aniocha . . . . . 1  <i>Akatala Quarter</i>            Ejuona Quarter:            Amanyi . . . . . 1            Ubeke Umu Iyeki . . . . . 1            Ocha, Akanya Umu Ezike . . . . . 1            Agu . . . . . 1            Strangers . . . . . 2</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Anaku . . . . .		Anaku Village	32 elected members	<p><i>Ikega Quarter:</i>            Iru Owele . . . . . 2            Umuogulu . . . . . 2            Isiakpume . . . . . 2            Amakom . . . . . 2            Opu Ataba . . . . . 2  <i>Uwurita Quarter:</i>            Akru . . . . . 2            Umuekpechi . . . . . 2            Umuagu . . . . . 2            Umurichu . . . . . 2            Umurianel . . . . . 2  <i>Umuzeagu Quarter:</i>            Umuarekwelagu . . . . . 3            Umuarochoi . . . . . 3            Umuotobo . . . . . 1            Umuoka . . . . . 1            Akpe . . . . . 1            Isuerengu . . . . . 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.



1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Ifite-Ogwari .. ..		Ifite-Ogwari Village	30 elected members	<i>Aniacha Quarter:</i> Alam .. .. 3 Ujom .. .. 1 <i>Isudala Quarter:</i> Umukwechime .. 1 Umukwelecha .. 2 <i>Amadie Quarter:</i> Umudie .. .. 2 Ubiola .. .. 5 <i>Umuawa Quarter:</i> Ndiangele .. .. 3 Umuroma .. .. 6  <i>Anna Quarter:</i> Ugbene .. .. 3 Umuezenwoli .. 2 Strangers .. .. 2	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Igbakwu .. ..		Igbakwu Village	28 elected members	<i>Eriator Quarter:</i> Ujom .. .. 2 Agulu .. .. 2 <i>Isiokeke Quarter:</i> Amukwu .. .. 4 Isianole .. .. 7 <i>Isichele Quarter:</i> Umueakagba .. 4 Umunocha .. .. 3 <i>Anagwu Quarter:</i> Umuokpala .. .. 1 Umuere .. .. 3 Strangers (Waterside) 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.


1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Igga-Asaba .. ..		Igga-Asaba Villages	23 elected members	<p><i>Quilo Quarter:</i> Umuainogedu, Umu- agada, Oigwusha .. 2</p> <p><i>Ogboche Quarter:</i> Umu Ugbaji, Umu Ogagwa, Umuojodo, .. 3</p> <p><i>Akulo Quarter:</i> Umu Aiko, Umu Aka- mu, Umu Idenyi .. 4</p> <p><i>Umu Asadu Quarter:</i> Umu Idejemache, Adika Umujo, Umu Uhugu, Umu Akodi, .. 6</p> <p>Strangers .. 4</p> <p><i>Umu Idoko Quarter</i> .. 2</p> <p><i>Umu Enemali Quarter</i> .. 1</p> <p><i>Umu Uja Quarter</i> .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ogrugru .. ..		Ogrugru Village	38 elected members	<p><i>Obatom Quarter:</i> Umuuda, Umuojodo .. 1</p> <p>Umunwa Akolo .. 1</p> <p>Umu Ukwala .. 1</p> <p>Umu Acholo .. 1</p> <p><i>Ofuloko Quarter:</i> Opiche .. 1</p> <p>Umu Ebiega .. 1</p> <p><i>Ofulunge Quarter:</i> Ugbaje Anuma .. 1</p> <p>Egwali .. 1</p> <p><i>Adeja Quarter:</i> Ojator .. 1</p> <p>Umu Omajali .. 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councilors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6. Date of first elections
Ogrugru—continued				<p><i>Ukecoja Quarter:</i>  Umu Ako Amada .. 1  Umu Amokwu .. 1  <i>Ukpotoju Umu Ako:</i> .. 2  <i>Achianya Quarter:</i>  Umu Ukwutaba .. 1  Ofanwa .. 1  Adakpulu .. 1  <i>Ukpale Quarter:</i>  Atajiva .. 1  Ata Ogwu .. 1  Atida Ojiana .. 1  Egwali .. 1  <i>Aitida Quarter:</i>  Umu Akogwu .. 3  Umu Ocha .. 1  Umu Okwu .. 2  Umu Agbowu .. 2  Umu Owowo .. 2  <i>Strangers Communities:</i>  Yoruba .. 1  Nupe .. 1  Hausa .. 1  Ibo .. 4</p>	<p>Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.</p>
Ojo .. .. .		Ojo Village	15 elected members	<p><i>Umu Ude Quarter:</i>  Umu Ome .. 3  Umu Asaba .. 3  <i>Umuinegela Quarter:</i>  Umu Irodo .. 3  Ogboche .. 1  Umu Ekenyi .. 2  Strangers (Ikem, Nnaisi) .. 3</p>	<p>Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.</p>

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Omase .. ..		Omase Village	15 elected members	Umata .. 5 Ugbene .. 5 Obinofa .. 5	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Omerum .. ..		Omerum Village	28 elected members	<i>Avigro Quarter:</i> Umudene .. 1 Ayigo .. 1 <i>Umuodu-na-Umwali Quarter:</i> Amajara .. 1 Arnumbo .. 3 Erin .. 1 Umudibia .. 2 Umunebo .. 1 Umuokpulu Ofogu .. 1 <i>Umuokpamabaka Quarter:</i> Umunwele .. 1 Omobo .. 3 Umunaunu .. 2 Amunwu .. 1 <i>Amuerike Quarter:</i> Umunwele .. 2 Umuanyalekpanyelogu .. 1 Umuartoji .. 1 Umuoje .. 1 <i>Strangers Waterside:</i> Hausa .. 1 Igala .. 1 Ibo .. 3	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Omor . . . . .		Omor Village	38 elected members	<p><i>Orenja Quarter:</i>  Eronya . . . . . 3  Isiokwe . . . . . 3  Umuokpalanta . . . . . 2  <i>Anaikiwe Quarter:</i>  Anaike Eriti . . . . . 3  Akara . . . . . 2  Umuogbu . . . . . 2  <i>Aturi Quarter:</i>  Ituku . . . . . 2  Isiavidid . . . . . 1  Isikenabo . . . . . 2  Isiofe . . . . . 1  Umuanyala . . . . . 1  Isinkakwu . . . . . 1  Isiokpaya . . . . . 1  <i>Akanato Quarter:</i>  Agbaja . . . . . 2  Umuoli . . . . . 3  Oye . . . . . 2  Umuereatum . . . . . 2  Amuhu . . . . . 2  Isiukwa . . . . . 3  Umunugu . . . . . 4  Oboonatu . . . . . 3  Umuogu . . . . . 1  Umuogwuoke . . . . . 3  Umuonya . . . . . 2  Amofia . . . . . 1</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Ukpata . . . . .		Ukpata Village	14 elected members		Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities	6 Date of first elections
Umueje .. ..		Umueje Village	15 elected members	<p><i>Umoko Quarter:</i></p> Obolu .. 2 Okolitcha .. 2 <p><i>Amori Quarter:</i></p> Ugbene .. 2 Ikwelagbom .. 2 Strangers Communities 7	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.
Umulokpa .. ..		Umulokpa Village	31 elected members	<p><i>Akiyi Quarter:</i></p> Amufe .. 5 Imama .. 2 Uwenu .. 2 Enugu-na-Uwani .. 2 <p><i>Anagu Quarter:</i></p> Umuaneke .. 1 Umuchime .. 1 Umuidi .. 1 <p><i>Ogbosi Quarter:</i></p> Mgbugbo .. 1 Odida .. 1 Umunogene .. 4 Umuomasi .. 2 Umuoji .. 1 <p><i>Eziara Quarter:</i></p> Umuezeugwu .. 3 Ukpato .. 2 Amofu .. 2 Amulu .. 1	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

1 Name of Local Council	2 Common Seal	3 Area of the Authority of the Council	4 Number of Councillors	5 Representation of Quarters or Communities:	6 Date of first elections
Umumbo .. ..		Umumbo Village	28 elected members	<p>Ugaveri Quarter: 4  Umumba Uga .. 3  Eri Umumbo .. ..</p> <p>Ihenga Quarter: 4  Obuneri .. .. 3  Ikenga .. .. 3</p> <p>Isimonyi Ifitora Quarter: 4  Isamonyi .. .. 4  Ifitora .. .. 4</p> <p>Igboji Quarter: 3  Umadimu .. .. 3  Umuerechi .. .. 3</p>	Between 15th December, 1953, and 15th March, 1954.

E.R.L.N. No. 117 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (BAKEHOUSES  
DAIRIES AND AERATED WATER MANUFACTORIES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Bakehouses, Dairies and Aerated Manufactories) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the authority of the Enugu Urban District Council but also to all persons whilst within the Enugu Urban District Council area, and shall come into operation upon a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

- (1) "council" means the Enugu Urban District Council;
- (2) "health officer" includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health and whether or not such Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector, or other person is serving in the Medical Department of the Government or is in the service of the Council.
- (3) "a bakehouse" means a place used for the business of baking bread, biscuit, or other flour food prepared in an oven for sale to the consuming public;
- (4) "dairy" means and includes any room or premises in which or from which milk, other than imported preserved milk, is stored or sold for human consumption;
- (5) "aerated water manufactory" means a place where any kind of soft drink is prepared or manufactured and includes factories for preparation of mineral waters, fruit squash, lemonade, soda water, and other acidulous and alkaline beverages.

3. (1) All bakehouses, dairies, and aerated water manufactories shall be registered annually in the office of the Council by the proprietor or occupier carrying on the business; provided that no such registration shall be made until the premises have been inspected and approved by the Council acting through the Health Officer.

Registration.

(2) There shall be paid in respect of every such registration a fee of 60s and the Council shall issue a certificate of registration in the form in the Schedule hereto which shall expire on the 31st of December, next following the date of issue.

(3) Any premises which are not registered in the month of January each year shall be deemed to be unregistered premises.

4. All bakehouses, dairies, and aerated water manufactories shall be paved or concreted, and drained to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer. The area of such premises shall, in no case, be less than two hundred square feet and the minimum height of the ceiling shall be ten feet.

5. All bakehouses, dairies, and aerate water manufactories shall be lime-washed inside throughout once every six months, or thoroughly cleaned periodically to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

6. No animal or bird shall be allowed on premises used as bakehouses, dairies or aerated water manufactories, and all bakehouses, dairies, and aerated water manufactories shall be made fly-proof to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

7. No room used as a bakehouse, dairy or aerated water manufactory shall be used as a sleeping apartment, or have direct connection with any living room.

8. The sanitary arrangements and conveniences in all bakehouse, dairies, and aerated water manufactories shall be to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

9. No water shall be used in a bakehouse, dairy or aerated water manufactory except that obtained from a source approved by the Council.

10. (i) All flour and water used in bakehouse, dairies, or aerated water manufactories shall be kept adequately covered and all pans, moulds, tables and other utensils therein shall be maintained and kept clean to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

(ii) The storage and method of cleaning empty bottles in all premises used as dairies or aerated water manufactories shall be to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

11. Measures, to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer shall be taken by the owners or occupiers of bakehouses, dairies, and aerated water manufactories to keep down vermin.

12. The Health Officer may in the interest of public health and sanitation prohibit any person suffering from any disease or ailment from entering into any bakehouse, dairy or aerated water manufactory.

13. If the Council shall on the recommendation of the Health Officer consider that any bakehouse, dairy, or aerated water manufactory should in the interest of public health and sanitation, be closed down, it may by notice in writing prohibit the proprietor or occupier from using such bakehouses, dairies, or aerated water manufactories for any purposes whatsoever until such a time or for such a period as it may deem fit.

14. The personal cleanliness of all persons employed in any bakchouses, dairies, or aerated water manufactories shall be to the satisfaction of the Council acting through the Health Officer.

15. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of five pounds, or in default of payment, to imprisonment for one month, which penalty or term or imprisonment shall be imposed or ordered by a Magistrate.

## SCHEDULE

ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (BAKEHOUSES, DAIRIES, AND  
AERATED WATER MANUFACTORIES) BYE-LAWS, 1953*Registration of Premises under Bye-law 3*

The premises described hereunder and in the control of.....  
are registered.....as.....from  
.....to 31st December, 19.....

Fees: £ : :

Date.....

Description.....

*Town Clerk,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

MADE by Resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 21st day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman,  
Enugu Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 118 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (BAKEHOUSE)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Southern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Southern District Council (Bakehouse) Bye-Laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the authority of the Onitsha Southern District Council but also to all persons whilst within the Onitsha Southern District Council area, and shall come into operation upon a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“health officer” includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Sanitary Overseer or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health, whether such Sanitary Overseer or other person is serving the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of the Onitsha Southern District Council;

“council” means the Onitsha Southern District Council.

3. (1) All bakehouses shall be registered annually in the office of the Council by the proprietor or occupier carrying on the business; provided that no such registration shall be made until the premises have been inspected and approved by the health officer.

(2) There shall be paid in respect of every such registration a fee of five shillings and the Council shall issue a certificate of registration in the form in the Schedule hereto which shall expire on the 31st of December next following the date of issue.

(3) Any premises which are not registered in the month of January each year shall be deemed to be unregistered premises.

4. All bakehouses shall be paved or concreted and drained to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer and the area of the premises shall in no case be less than one hundred square feet.

5. All bakehouses shall be lime-washed inside throughout every six months or thoroughly cleaned throughout to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

6. No animal or bird shall be allowed on premises used as a bakehouse.

7. No room used as a bakehouse shall be used as a sleeping apartment.

8. The sanitary arrangements and conveniences on all premises used as a bakehouse shall be to the satisfaction of a Health Officer.

9. No water shall be used on any premises used as a bakchouse except that obtained from a source approved by the Health Officer.

10. All flour and water used in or in connection with the bakehouse shall be kept adequately covered and all pans, moulds and other utensils shall be maintained and kept clean to the satisfaction of the Health Officer.

11. Measures, to the satisfaction of the Health Officer, shall be taken by the owners or occupiers of premises used as a bakchouse to keep down vermin.

12. The Health Officer may prohibit any person suffering from any disease or ailment from entering or remaining on any premises used as a bakchouse should he for sanitary reasons deem it necessary.

13. If the Health Officer shall consider that any premises used as a bakehouse, should in the interests of the public health, be closed, he may by notice in writing prohibit the owner or occupier from using such premises as a bakchouse until such time as such prohibition shall be withdrawn. A copy of such notice shall be sent to the Council.

14. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be liable on conviction, to a fine of five pounds, or in default of payment, to imprisonment for one month, which penalty or term of imprisonment shall be imposed or ordered—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate.

SCHEDULE

ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (BAKEHOUSE, ETC.) BYE-LAWS, 1953

Registration of Bakehouse, etc., Bye-Law 3

The premises described hereunder and in the control of.....  
are registered as..... from..... to 31st December, 19.....  
Fee: 5s. Date..... 19.....  
Description.....  
.....  
.....

MADE by Resolution of the Onitsha Southern District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Southern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

P. ORJI UME-EZEOKE, *Secretary,*  
*Onitsha Southern District Council, Nnewi*

D. C. ERINNE, *Chairman,*  
*Onitsha Southern District Council, Nnewi*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of February, 1954.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 119 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (VACCINATION)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon District Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata District Council for the Aguata District Council Area in Awka Division of Onitsha Province.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Vaccination) Short title.  
Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Aguata District Council, but to all persons whilst within its area.

2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by small-pox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Aguata District Council or any person duly authorised by the District Council to do so.

3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous period of two years, nor attacked by small-pox, shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination as prescribed in bye-law 2 thereof:

Provided that in the case of an infant child, the parent shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.

4. Any person contravening these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction, to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

5. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

- (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by a Magistrate.

MADE this 4th day of March, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aguata District Council was affixed in the presence of:

W. E. CHINE, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 9th day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 9th day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 120 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(SLAUGHTER) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 41 of the Public Health Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Slaughter) Rules, 1953, and shall apply:—
- (a) to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority and
  - (b) to the area within a circle of two miles radius from any market in the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority area,
- and shall come into force as from the date of publication in the *Gazette*.
- Definitions. 2. In these rules:—
- “native authority” means the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority;
  - “public slaughter house” means a slaughter house established by the Native Authority and shall include a public slaughter slab;
  - “slaughter” means the killing of animals intended for the food of man and intended to be offered for sale as such;
  - “health officer” shall have the same meaning assigned to it under the Public Health Ordinance.
- Slaughtering in public slaughter house. 3. Except as provided in rule 6 of these rules, no animal shall be slaughtered except in a public slaughter house.
4. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of these rules, no person shall slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a Health Officer duly authorised by the Native Authority in that behalf.

5. Subject to the provisions of rule 6 of these rules such permit shall issue upon the following conditions:—
- (a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by the Health Officer duly authorised in that behalf by the Native Authority upon the advice of the Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food, and
- (b) that the fees prescribed in the schedule to these rules have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.
6. No permit will be required for the slaughtering of cows, horses, goats, sheep and swine during native festivals and burial ceremonies. No meat other than smoked meat or meat examined and passed fit for human consumption by a Health Officer shall be exposed for sale *in a market*.
7. No person may remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a Health Officer duly authorised in that behalf by the Native Authority upon the advice of the Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.
8. Any meat which a Health Officer so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Native Authority upon the advice of the Medical Officer of Health shall direct.
9. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of all blood, offal and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house as directed by a Health Officer.
10. A public slaughter house shall be opened during the hours from 6 a.m. to 12 noon on such days as the Native Authority shall announce by Public Notice at the public slaughter house.
11. Any person who shall fail to comply with any of the provisions of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding three months for each subsequent offence.

Conditions on which permit will be issued.

Exception in case of native ceremonies.

Inspection of slaughtered meat.

Disposal of diseased meat.

Cleaning of slaughter house.

Hours of opening.

Penalty.

#### SCHEDULE

	£	s	d
Cattle, per head	0	5	0
Sheep, goat and swine per head	0	1	0

MADE under the Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority this 24th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority on the 24th day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

R. O. ANOKE, *Chairman,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**THE KEMBONG NATIVE AUTHORITY (NTENAKO AND NDEKWAI VILLAGES) (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1953**

*Date of commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Kembong Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Kembong Native Authority (Ntenako and Ndekwei Villages) (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons resident in the eleven quarters of Ntenako Village and the three quarters of Ndekwei Village and subject to the Kembong Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen, residing or carrying on business within the area of the eleven quarters of Ntenako Village and the three quarters of Ndekwei Village under the jurisdiction of the Kembong Native Authority, shall pay a local rate of 5s (five shillings) per year or such other sum as the Kembong Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Kembong Native Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or, by rate-payers, in excess of the local rate. A Native Administration receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of the eleven quarters of Ntenako Village and the three quarters of Ndekwei Village and upon no other purpose.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

MADE under the Seal of the Kembong Native Authority this day of 9th November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Kembong Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. A. ESAKENONG, *Secretary,*  
*Kembong Native Authority*

J. A. TATAW, *President,*  
*Kembong Native Authority*

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Kembong Native Authority Standing Rules, dated 2nd day of March, 1953.

APPROVED this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 122 of 1954

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

**OZUZU GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ozuzu Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954. Short title.

2. The Ozuzu Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the Scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

**SCHEDULE**

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Ojia-Ozuzu	...	...	1	Umubakala-Egbu	...	...	1
Umuoforuru	...	...	1	Umuosie-Egbu	...	...	1
Umugwocha	...	...	1	Umusharam-Egbu	...	...	1
Ezikohia	...	...	2	Umuana-Egbu	...	...	1
Obokwu	...	...	1	Umoujiukwu-Ihie	...	...	1
Obono	...	...	1	Umuisu-Ihie	...	...	1
Umudike-Elele	...	...	2	Umuegwurugwu	...	...	1
Okahia-Elele	...	...	1	Umuha-Ogide	...	...	1
Nnamaro-Isu	...	...	1	Akirika-Ogide	...	...	1
Ezeikpe-Isu	...	...	2	Azuafor-Ogide	...	...	1
Umouji-Egbu	...	...	1	Owumpi-Ogide	...	...	1
Umunoeze-Egbu	...	...	1	Agbom-Owu	...	...	1
Umukeze	...	...	1	Agwam-Owu	...	...	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 123 of 1954

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

**UMUOGBA-UMUAJALOKE GROUP COUNCIL  
(SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)**

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Umuogba-Umuajaloke Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954. Short title.

2. The Umuogba-Umuajaloke Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the Scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Umuoroke ... ..	1	Umuofeke ... ..	1
Umuisu ... ..	1	Umabali ... ..	1
Umueze ... ..	3	Egbelu ... ..	2
Umukamanu ... ..	2	Umunwa ... ..	1
Umuocham ... ..	1	Umuakoli ... ..	2
Umuoriri ... ..	1	Umudike II... ..	1
Umuju ... ..	2	Umuerim ... ..	1
Umuoyere ... ..	1	Umukwu ... ..	1
Umudike ... ..	3	Umudu ... ..	1
Umukelebulu ... ..	1	Umubilor ... ..	1
Umuokwa ... ..	2		

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 124 of 1954*

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

OFE-OHIM-OYORO GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title.

1. This notice may be cited as the Ofc-Ohim-Oyoro Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Ofc-Ohim-Oyoro Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the Scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Umuosi ... ..	1	Umuakpili ... ..	1
Umuakprikpo ... ..	2	Umugwu ... ..	1
Umunwuku ... ..	2	Umubuo ... ..	1
Umunwacha ... ..	1	Umubasi ... ..	3
Umuechere ... ..	1	Umuwoko ... ..	2
Umumimo ... ..	1	Amoju ... ..	3
Umuokowu ... ..	2	Umuyara ... ..	1
Umueke ... ..	2		

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 125 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*EBEREI-OBIOHIA GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Eberei-Obiohia Group Council Short title. (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Eberei-Obiohia Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the Scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Umudikomo ... ..	5	Umuelechi ... ..	3
Umuagwu ... ..	1	Okpulo ... ..	2
Umuagwozie ... ..	1	Umuakali ... ..	1
Umuobaji-Eberi ... ..	1	Umulo ... ..	2
Umudu ... ..	2	Umunachi ... ..	3
Umuokpurukpu ... ..	2	Umuagwu ... ..	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 126 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*IGBO GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Igbo Group Council (Specification of Short title. Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Igbo Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Representation of Villages on Group Council</i>			
Egwi ... ..	3	Chokocho ... ..	2
Opioro ... ..	1	Umuakuru-Okoroagwu	1
Okomoko ... ..	1	Edegelem ... ..	1
Umuanyagu ... ..	1	Imeh ... ..	3
Okoragwu ... ..	2	Chokota ... ..	1
Abara ... ..	1	Ikwerre-ngwo... ..	1
Umuechem ... ..	4	Umuebulu ... ..	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 127 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

OKEHI GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title.

1. This notice may be cited as the Okchi Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Okchi Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Representation of Villages on Group Council</i>			
Umununu ... ..	2	Umuohic-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umuomara ... ..	1	Amakwu-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umekune ... ..	1	Umuine-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umugbako ... ..	1	Ezeleka-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umuogerem-Obibi ... ..	1	Umuoga-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umuode-Obibi ... ..	1	Obi-Igbodo ... ..	1
Ikpo-Obibi ... ..	1	Okoloché-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umuabali-Obibi ... ..	1	Umunkwo-Igbodo ... ..	1
Achara-Obibi ... ..	1	Umudi-Igbodo ... ..	1
Umuchoko-Obibi ... ..	1	Umuochiankwu-Igbodo	1
Umuoha-Obibi ... ..	1	Umusaram-Igbodo ... ..	1
Akukabi-Obibi ... ..	1	Umugwopara-Egbeke	1
Agbalu-Obibi... ..	1	Umuezu ... ..	1
Akwachudele ... ..	1	Umunwaokwu ... ..	1
Obuoa ... ..	1	Wuba ... ..	1
Ikem ... ..	1	Umuokom-Obibi ... ..	1
Umugwu ... ..	1		

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 128 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*MBA GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Mba Group Council (Specification Short title. of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Mba Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Umuka-Mba ...	...	1	Umubiri-Mba ...	...	1
Umuofofor-Mba ...	...	1	Umukom-Ndashi ...	...	1
Umucham-Mba ...	...	1	Umudele-Ndashi ...	...	1
Okedu-Mba ...	...	1	Umudoti-Ndashi ...	...	1
Umuyara ...	...	1	Umukele-Ndashi ...	...	1
Umukomoche ...	...	1	Ngelehc-Ndashi ...	...	1
Umuaturu ...	...	1	Umucham-Ndashi ...	...	1
Amaku-Mba ...	...	1	Umudim ...	...	1
Egbelubi-Ndashi ...	...	2	Umuofofor-Umuoyo ...	...	1
Umukweke-Ndashi ...	...	1	Umuchoko-Umuoyo	...	1
Okomoko-Okpoku ...	...	1	Umudagwu-Umuoyo	...	1
Umukune-Okpoku ...	...	1	Obomoche-Obite ...	...	1
Umughara-Okpoku	...	1	Umuisu-Obite ...	...	1
Umoria-Okpoku ...	...	1	Umualum-Obite ...	...	1
Umuede-Okpoku ...	...	1			

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 129 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ULAKWO-UMUOSELEM GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ulakwo-Umuoselem Council (Speci- Short title. fication of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Ulakwo-Umuoselem Group Council shall be composed of representatives of the villages within the area of the group concerned elected by the tax-payers of the villages in accordance with the scheme of representation in the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Okpodim ... ..	1	Umuelm ... ..	1
Umuokom ... ..	1	Umuobiri ... ..	1
Akasimoche ... ..	2	Umuomara-Akwa ... ..	1
Umuala ... ..	1	Umugara-Akwa ... ..	1
Umuakuru ... ..	2	Umuisu-Akwa ... ..	1
Umuoloché ... ..	1	Umudemoche... ..	1
Afara ... ..	4	Odagwa-Imo ... ..	1
Nihi ... ..	3	Umuada-Ukwu ... ..	1
Odufor ... ..	1	Umuadanta ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 130 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*  
ETCHE CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

*Date of Commencement: 29th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Etche Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Etche Clan Council shall be composed of thirty-one members elected from the Councils shown in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the scheme of representation shown in the second column of the Schedule.

## SCHEDULE

*Representation of Villages on Group Council*

Igbo Group ... ..	5	Eberi-Obiohia Group ... ..	3
Ulakwo-Umoselem Group	4	Ofc-Ohim-Oyoro Group ... ..	3
Mba Group ... ..	4	Umuogbe-Umuajaloke Group	3
Okéhi Group ... ..	5	Ozuzu Group... ..	4

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 131 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGUTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
RATING) RULES, 1953

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xv) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oguta Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oguta Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Oguta Federal Native Authority and shall come into operation on the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Oguta Federal Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any house-holder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on behalf and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Oguta Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Oguta Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the Court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Oguta Federal Native Authority the 28th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Oguta Federal Native Authority in the presence of:

P. J. ANOKWU, *Secretary*

J. G. NSOFOR, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 27th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 132 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS OF RURAL  
AND URBAN DISTRICT COUNCILS*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Rural and Urban District Councils set out in the Schedule hereto are hereby amended by conferring upon them in accordance with Eastern Region Public Notice No. 51 of 1954, the power to provide for the prohibition of the practice of nudity.

## SCHEDULE

Otoro Rural District Council.  
 Central Annang Rural District Council.  
 Okobo-Oron Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Ibibio-Ikono Rural District Council.  
 Eket Rural District Council.  
 Oniong Nung-Ndem Awa Rural District Council.  
 Ubium Rural District Council.  
 Onitsha Northern Rural District Council.  
 Onitsha Southern Rural District Council.  
 Njikoka Rural District Council.  
 Aguata Rural District Council.  
 Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
 Calabar Western Rural District Council.  
 Odukpani Road Rural District Council.  
 Akpabuyo Rural District Council.  
 Enugu Urban District Council.  
 Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council.  
 Aba Urban District Council.  
 Calabar Urban District Council.  
 Eastern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Southern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Northern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Western Annang Rural District Council.  
 Itu-Itam Rural District Council.  
 Ibiono Rural District Council.  
 Aro-Ibo Rural District Council.  
 Biase Rural District Council.  
 Uyo Federated Rural District Council.  
 Western Nsit Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Nsit Rural District Council.  
 Ibesikpo-Asutan Rural District Council.  
 Uruan Rural District Council.  
 Iman Rural District Council.  
 Four Groups Rural District Council.  
 Annang Rural District Council.  
 Ibibio Rural District Council.

Obolo Rural District Council.  
Opobo Urban District Council.  
Uzo-Uwani Rural District Council.  
Isi-Uzo Rural District Council.  
Igbo-Eze Rural District Council.  
Igbo-Etiti Rural District Council.  
Awgu Rural District Council.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 1st day of April, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 133 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

EASTERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the power conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ngwa District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-Laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Eastern Ngwa District Council shall pay a fee of 5s to the midwife in charge of any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at the maternity ward established and maintained by the Eastern Ngwa District Council and the payer may if she wishes transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of an Eastern Ngwa District Council Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Eastern Ngwa District Council Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of 2s 6d which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by bye-law 2.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address, and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the Treasurer of the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

MADE by Resolution of the Eastern Ngwa District Council this 24th day of February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:  
 J. N. OMENIHU, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*  
 J. E. DINNEYA, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 23rd day of March, 1954.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 134 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE EASTERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY FEES)  
 BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Ngwa District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. Any person desirous of availing himself or herself of the dispensary service provided by the Eastern Ngwa District Council shall pay a fee of 6d to the dispensary attendant in charge of any of the dispensaries established and maintained by the Eastern Ngwa District Council provided that all school children of the Eastern Ngwa District Council area who are suffering from infectious diseases shall be treated free of charge on the production of a written authority from the headmaster.

3. Such fee shall entitle the payer to a treatment at the dispensary at the time that the payment is made, and during subsequent attendances at the dispensary within one month from the date upon which payment was made.

4. The dispensary attendant in charge of a dispensary established and maintained by the Eastern Ngwa District Council shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to him together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

5. The dispensary attendant in charge of a dispensary shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

6. It shall be in the discretion of the dispensary attendant to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by the Treasurer of the Council.

7. If a patient during the validity of his fee expresses the desire to transfer to another dispensary, he shall present his receipt to the dispensary attendant, who shall endorse it for treatment at the dispensary to which the patient wishes to transfer, and shall make up and transmit to the dispensary attendant in charge of the other dispensary but shall not hand to the patient, a record of the diagnosis and treatment given.

MADE by Resolution of the Eastern Ngwa District Council this 24th day of February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:  
J. N. OMENIHU, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*  
J. E. DINNEYA, *Chairman,*  
*Eastern Ngwa District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 23rd day of March, 1954.

BY virtue of the power conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance this 15th day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

---

*E.R.L.N. No. 135 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT TRADITIONAL  
PROSTITUTION BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Traditional Prostitution) Bye-Laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Local Councils set out in the first column of the Schedule to these bye-laws, and also to all persons while within the villages set out in the second column of the Schedule, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“parent” includes father, mother, step-father, step-mother or any other acknowledged guardian;

“traditional prostitution” means and includes the practices variously known as “oyi,” “uto-oyi” and “ozizi ugani.”

3. No male person shall pay or cause to be paid on his behalf, any money in respect of a girl for the purpose of traditional prostitution.

4. Any person who contravenes the provision of bye-law 3 of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month or to both such fine and imprisonment.

5. Any parent who wilfully receives or causes to be received on his behalf, any money paid in respect of his daughter, in contravention of bye-law 3 of these bye-laws, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

6. Nothing in these bye-laws shall be deemed to render it unlawful for any man to pay or cause to be paid on his behalf, or for a parent to receive, money paid as bride-price in respect of a girl pursuant to marriage contracted according to the native law and custom.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Local Council</i>		<i>Village</i>
Anam Local Council	... ..	Anam Villages
Nzam Local Council	... ..	Nzam Villages
Umuleri Local Council	... ..	Umuleri Village

MADE by Resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council the 23rd day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. N. 136 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET) (AMENDMENT)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Market) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. The Aba Urban District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953, published as E.R.L.N. No. 7 of 1954, are hereby amended to the extent hereinafter described:—

## SCHEDULE

Line 4: *delete* "New Market toll, 3d per day" and *substitute* "New Market toll, 2d per day."

Line 5: *delete* "Main Market toll, 6d per day" and *substitute* "Main Market toll, 3d per day."

## APPROVAL

Line 4: *delete* "1953" and *substitute* "1954."

MADE by Resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed the 3rd day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 24th day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 137 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Bye-laws MADE UNDER The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils under section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council:—

Short title, application and commencement.

2. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all members of traditional societies within the jurisdiction of the Urban District Council, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Definition.

3. In these bye-laws:—

- “the council” means the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council;
- “traditional societies” means the Ekpo, Ekong Obon, Offiong and Ekpe societies;
- “societies” shall have the same meaning as “traditional societies”;
- “weapon” includes matchets, bows and arrows, cudgels and instruments normally capable of inflicting bodily harm.

Registration of societies.

4. The head of every traditional society which exists within the area of jurisdiction of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council shall register such society with the Urban District Council by giving the name of the society, his name and village and the names and villages of all members of the society to the said District Council.

Registration fees to be paid.

5. The head of each society shall, upon registering the society, pay to the Council the fees set forth in column two of the First Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the Schedule.

Permits to be obtained.

6. No member of any society shall stage or take part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in connection with the society without a permit first obtained from the Council. Any such permit shall be obtained at the office of the Council on payment of the fee set forth in column two of the Second Schedule hereto shown opposite the society set forth in column one of the said Schedule:

Provided however that no permit shall be issued by the Council unless the member of the society produces to the Council a permit issued in accordance with the provisions of section 36 of the Police Ordinance should such police permit be necessary.

7. No person taking part in any play or ceremony or procession performed or made in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 6 hercof shall carry a weapon. Weapons not to be carried

8. No person shall stage the Offiong play during the hours of 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. except with the written permission of the Council. Such written permission shall be additional to the permit issued in respect of the play. Offiong play not to be staged between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.

9. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8 shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months. Penalty.

- (2) The penalties prescribed in paragraph 9 (1) shall be imposed:
- (i) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; or
  - (ii) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Registration Fees*

<i>Name of Society</i>	<i>Fees</i>
1. Ekpo ... ..	21s
2. Ekong ... ..	21s
3. Ekpe ... ..	21s
4. Obon ... ..	21s
5. Offiong ... ..	21s

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Permits*

<i>Name of Society</i>	<i>Fees</i>
1. Ekpo ... ..	21s
2. Ekong ... ..	21s
3. Ekpe ... ..	21s
4. Obon ... ..	21s
5. Offiong ... ..	21s

THIRD SCHEDULE

*Form of Permit*

THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF TRADITIONAL SOCIETIES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Permit*

Permit is hereby granted to.....of the village of  
 ..... head of the.....Society of the Village  
 of.....to stage the.....traditional play at the  
 said village for the.....play season of the year April, 195.....,  
 to March, 195....., subject to the provisions laid down in the Ikot Ekpene  
 Urban District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1953.

DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Secretary, for and on behalf of the  
 Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council*

MADE by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. INYANG, *Secretary*

J. E. UDOH, M.B.E., *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 20th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 138 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(SLAUGHTER) (AMENDMENT) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Slaughter) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954.

E. R. Public  
Notice No.  
257 of 1953.

2. The Onitsha Northern District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1953, are hereby amended by deleting the First Schedule thereto and substituting the following therefor:—

SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>		<i>Market</i>
Umudioka Local Council	... ..	Afor-Igwe, Umudioka.
Umunachi Local Council	... ..	Afor-Igwe, Umudioka.
Ogidi Local Council	... ..	Afor-Igwe, Ezumezu.
Ogbunike Local Council	... ..	Afor-Igwe, Ezumezu.
Otuocha Local Council	... ..	Otuocha Market.

MADE by the Onitsha Northern District Council this 29th day of January, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed the 29th day of January, 1954, in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 12th day of April, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of May, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 139 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*

AN INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING THE  
BIASE RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

*(Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Biase Rural District Council is hereby amended by the deletion of paragraph 4 thereof and the substitution of the following new paragraph 4 therefor.

"4. The Council shall consist of thirty-five elected members."

Eastern Regional Public Notice No. 4 of 1954 is amended accordingly.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 14th day of April, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 140 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENTS OF  
RURAL AND URBAN DISTRICT COUNCILS

*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Rural and Urban District Councils set out in the Schedule hereto are hereby amended by conferring upon them in accordance with Eastern Region Public Notice No. 52 of 1954, the power to provide for or grant sums of money to organisations existing to assist in the repatriation of destitute adults and young persons or children who are not members of a native community living in the area of its authority, and for the repatriation to the area of the authority of the Council from other parts of Nigeria of members of native communities living in the area of the authority of the Council.

SCHEDULE

Otoro Rural District Council.  
Central Annang Rural District Council.  
Eastern Ibibio-Ikono Rural District Council.  
Okobo-Oron Rural District Council.  
Eket Rural District Council.  
Oniong Nung-Ndem Awa Rural District Council.  
Ubium Rural District Council.  
Onitsha Northern Rural District Council.  
Onitsha Southern Rural District Council.  
Njikoka Rural District Council.  
Aguata Rural District Council.  
Northern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
Eastern Ngwa Rural District Council.  
Southern Ngwa Rural District Council.

Calabar Western Rural District Council.  
 Odukpani Road Rural District Council.  
 Akpabuyo Rural District Council.  
 Enugu Urban District Council.  
 Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council.  
 Aba Urban District Council.  
 Calabar Urban District Council.  
 Eastern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Southern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Northern Annang Rural District Council.  
 Western Annang Rural District Council.  
 Itu-Itam Rural District Council.  
 Ibiono Rural District Council.  
 Aro-Ibo Rural District Council.  
 Biase Rural District Council.  
 Uyo Federated Rural District Council.  
 Western Nsit Rural District Council.  
 Eastern Nsit Rural District Council.  
 Ibesikpo-Asutan Rural District Council.  
 Uruan Rural District Council.  
 Iman Rural District Council.  
 Four Groups Rural District Council.  
 Annang Rural District Council.  
 Ibibio Rural District Council.  
 Obolo Rural District Council.  
 Opobo Urban District Council.  
 Uzo-Uwani Rural District Council.  
 Isi-Uzo Rural District Council.  
 Igbo-Eze Rural District Council.  
 Igbo-Etiti Rural District Council.  
 Awgu Rural District Council.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 2nd day of April, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 141 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Direction under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and  
 Burials Ordinance (Chapter 20)*

*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

Under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the public burial grounds specified in the second column of the Schedule hereto shall be under the control and management of the Council shown in the third column of the Schedule hereto.

SCHEDULE

Onitsha Province	... The Enugu Township cemeteries described in Order in Council E.R. No. 2 of 1952.	Enugu Urban District Council.
------------------	---	-------------------------------

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor at Enugu this 23rd day of March, 1954.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 142 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Appointments MADE UNDER The Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance (Chapter 155)*

*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

It is hereby noted for general information that in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 2 (b) of section 5 of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region has pleased to appoint the following persons to be members of the Aba Town Planning Authority:—

The District Engineer, Public Works Department, Aba.

Mr Maxwell Allwell-Brown, M.B.E., Aba.

Eastern Regional Notice No. 148 of 1953 is hereby amended accordingly.

MADE at Enugu this 27th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 143 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MBAITOLI-IKEDURU FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(PUBLIC SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Mbaitoli-Ikedurur Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mbaitoli-Ikedurur Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Mbaitoli-Ikedurur Federal Native Authority and shall come into operation on the 1st day of April, 1954.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Mbaitoli-Ikedurur Federal Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of two shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any house-holder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

- (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mbaitoli-Ikeduru Native Treasury; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Mbaitoli-Ikeduru Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Mbaitoli-Ikeduru Federal Native Authority the 29th day of January, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Mbaitoli-Ikeduru Federal Native Authority in the presence of:

B. A. AGWU, *Secretary*

M. D. OPARA, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 27th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 144 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

*Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 71 of the Townships Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku Township Rates (Amendment) Notice, 1954, and shall be deemed to have come into force on the 1st day of October, 1953.

2. Paragraph 6 of the Umuahia-Ibeku Township Rates Notice, 1953, is hereby amended by the addition of the following sub-paragraph:—

“(h) The Ibeku Clan Council Hall.”

GIVEN at Enugu this 24th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 145 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Order MADE UNDER the Dogs Ordinance (Cap. 56)*

*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Chief Commissioner, Eastern Provinces, by section 16 of the Dogs Ordinance, which powers have been delegated to the Residents in charge of Provinces, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Abakaliki Division) Declaration and prohibition Order, 1950.

2. The Abakaliki Division is hereby declared to be a diseased area.

3. The entry of dogs into and removal from the diseased area is prohibited.

4. The District Officer, Abakaliki, is hereby directed to make rules for all the matters referred to in section 15 of the Dogs Ordinance.

MADE at Ogoja this 25th day of March, 1954.

G. R. OSBORNE,  
*Resident, Ogoja Province*

E.R.L.N. No. 146 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

Order MADE UNDER *The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

NKAMBE FUEL PLANTATION NATIVE AUTHORITY  
FOREST RESERVE

*Date of Commencement: 6th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Forestry Ordinance, it is hereby ordered by the Wimbu Native Authority, with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region, as follows:—

Short title.

1. This order may be cited as the Nkambe Fuel Plantation Native Authority Forest Reserve (Partial Dereservation) Order, 1954.

Revision and  
modification  
of E.R.P.N.  
No. 79 of  
1952.

2. All that piece of land defined in the Schedule hereto which was constituted part of the Nkambe Fuel Plantation Native Authority Forest Reserve by the Nkambe Fuel Plantation Native Authority Forest Reserve Order, 1952, shall from the date hereof cease to be forest reserve within the meaning of the Forestry Ordinance.

SCHEDULE

All that piece of land containing three acres or thereabouts situated in Block II of the forest reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a cairn on the left hand side of the motor road from Nkambe to Misaje and marking the extreme north-east point of Block II of the forest reserve, by the left hand side of the motor road from Nkambe to Misaje in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 510 feet to a cairn marking the extreme south-east point of the Block II of the forest reserve; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $263^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 350 feet to a cairn; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $353^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 495 feet to a cairn on the northern boundary of Block II of the forest reserve; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $83^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 200 feet to the starting point.

All distances and bearings are approximate only.

All bearings are referred to True North.

All distances are those measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

MADE under the Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority this 24th day of February, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Wimbu Native Authority on the 24th day of February, 1954, in the presence of:

R. S. BOMA, *Secretary*

W. MFORMI, *President*

On behalf of the Wimbu Native Authority, signed in accordance with the Wimbu Native Authority Standing Rules, 1949, dated the 8th September, 1949.

APPROVED by His Honour's Command.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 147 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

## THE NIGER COUNTY COUNCIL (SCHOOL ATTENDANCE)

BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Niger County Council with the approval of the Regional Authority.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Niger County Council (School Attendance) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to all persons within the areas specified in the Schedule subjoined, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and applications.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“guardian” means anybody in whose charge a child is kept;

“county council” means the Niger County Council;

“local council” means a Local Council established by the Instruments published as E.R. Public Notices Nos. 44 and 45 of 1952 and includes any Local Council which may in future be established by any Instrument amending those Instruments.

3. The County Council may by resolution authorise and empower a Local Council within the areas mentioned in the Schedule hereto, to order any parent or guardian who has more than one child between the ages of six and eleven in his care and protection, to send one of such children regularly to attend a school within the County area provided that such school is situate within two miles of the child's home or place of residence and provided that no parent or guardian who is already supporting a child at school shall be so ordered.

County Council to empower Local Council.

4. A Local Council so authorised and empowered may specify the child in the care and protection of any parent or guardian that is to attend school regularly, provided that no child shall be specified who is not suitable for admission into one of the four Junior Primary Classes, that is to say Infants I and II or Standards I and II, and that no child shall be the subject of an order after completing Standard II.

County Council may specify

5. No fees shall be payable by the parents or guardians in respect of any child ordered to attend school in accordance with these bye-laws.

Fees.

6. Any parent or guardian who fails to comply with the provisions of an order made in accordance with these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction to a fine of 10s or imprisonment of seven days, and on each subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding £5 or imprisonment for one month.

Offence and penalty.

7. A prosecution of any person under these bye-laws may be initiated by the Local Council within the area of whose jurisdiction the offence is committed and such person may be tried—

Local Councils.

(a) if he is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court;

(b) if he is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Name of Local Council or Native Court Area</i>	<i>Villages or Quarters affected</i>
Anam .. .. .	Umueze Umodora Umuikwu Oroma-Etiti Umuenwelum Nmiata Umuoba Iyiora Onono
Nzam .. .. .	Nzam Ode Odekpe Igbokenyi Igbedo Onugwa Allah Inoma
Osomari .. .. .	Osomari Umunankwo Ogbakuma Osuche Amiyi Ogwu-Aniocha Ogwu-Ikpelemili Akiri-Ogidi Obeagwa
Aguleri .. .. .	Aguleri Igbo—Ezi Ifite Ikenga  Aguleri Otu—Enugu-Otu Oroma-Otu Isiokwe-Otu Igbezunu-Otu
Otuocha Town .. .. .	Awka stranger community. Onitsha and other Ibo stranger community. Hausa and Yoruba stranger community. Nupe stranger community. Aguleri community. Umuleri and Igwedo communities. Umuoba-Anam community.
Mbateghete .. .. .	Ugbene—Umunokwam Umuagunwoke Enuagu Umualo Umuemem Ifite-Ora  Awba—Umuokpe Enugu Agu Akpana Ezike Umuchibu Umuezeafu Enugu

SCHEDULE—*continued*

<i>Name of Local Council or Native Court Area</i>	<i>Villages or Quarters affected</i>
Mbateghete— <i>continued</i> . . . .	Ugbenu—Umuaneke Akpulu Enugu Amaitti Obubo Agucke Umuonyekwu

DATED this 21st day of July, 1953.

H. C. ANEROBI, *Secretary, for and on behalf of the Niger County Council*

APPROVED AND MADE by the Niger County Council by resolution dated the 30th day of May, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:

H. C. ANEROBI, *Secretary*

M. O. AJEGBO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 148 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(BUILDING LINES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and in exercise of the powers conferred upon all District Councils established within the area of the Niger County Council by a delegation made by the Niger County Council under the provisions of section 102 (1) of the Ordinance the Onitsha Southern District Council hereby makes the following bye-laws:

2. In these bye-laws:—

- “building” includes any structure whatever;
- “create an obstruction” includes the erection or alteration of any building, the planting of any tree or crop;
- “crop” includes trees having a trade or food value for their natural products and crops which require to be sown and reaped within a period of twelve months;
- “council” means the Onitsha Southern District Council;
- “road” means any thoroughfare used by the public and includes a road under construction but does not include a footpath.

Definitions.

Obstruction  
of roads.

3. (1) No person shall otherwise than as may be allowed by the Council in respect of any road, create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side thereof within a distance of 50 feet from the middle line of such road.

(2) No person shall in respect of those roads or portions of roads set out in the Schedule hereunder subjoined create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side thereof within the distances from the middle line of such roads as shown in the fourth column of the said Schedule.

4. Any person who creates or causes to be created any obstruction in contravention of the provisions of the last preceding bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding six months.

Removal of  
obstruction.

5. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws—

(1) The Council may cause any building or part thereof or any obstruction of whatever nature which is being created or which has been created in contravention to the provisions of bye-law 4 to be demolished and removed.

(2) Any expenses incurred by the Council in the exercise of the power conferred by this bye-law may be recovered by them as a civil debt from the person who created or is creating the obstruction.

Saving.

6. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply to buildings erected or to any crops planted before the coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Courts.

7. The penalties imposed by and the expenses recoverable under these bye-laws shall be imposed by or recoverable in, if the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, a Native Court, or if the person is not so subject then a Magistrate's Court.

## SCHEDULE

Route Number	Road	Distance	Obstruction free area from mid-line of road
1.	Onitsha-Owerri P.W.D.	(a) From Mile 11-15.25 (b) From Mile 15.75-31.5 at Orlu Boundary (c) From Mile 15.25-15.75	100 feet. 100 feet. 75 feet.
7.	Agbaja Native Court-Amichi Ekwulu-Umubi-Awka Boundary ..	13 miles	75 feet.
9.	From Route 1 at Mile 22.9 Oraifite-Idemili ..	11 miles	75 feet.
15.	From Route 1 at Mile 31 to Iseke to Orlu Boundary .. ..	4.7 miles	75 feet.
37.	Atani Road from Onitsha Township Boundary ..	9 miles	40 feet.

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Southern District Council dated the 28th day of August, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Southern District Council was hereto affixed in the presence of:

P. O. UME-EZEOKE, *Secretary*

D. C. ERINNE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 149 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL

(BUILDING LINES) BYE-LAWS, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 1st March, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, and in exercise of the powers conferred upon all District Councils established within the area of the Niger County Council by a delegation made by the Niger County Council under the provisions of section 102 (1) of the Ordinance, the Onitsha Northern District Council hereby makes the following bye-laws:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Building Lines) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into operation upon a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“building” means any structure whatsoever;

“council” means the Onitsha Northern District Council;

“create an obstruction” includes the erection or alteration of any building, the planting of any tree or crop;

“crop” includes trees having a trade or food value from their natural products and crops which require to be sown and gathered within the period of one year;

“road” means any thoroughfare used by the public and any part thereof includes a road under construction but does not include a footpath.

Definitions.

3. (1) Subject to the provisions of this bye-law no person shall, unless the prior permission of the Council is obtained create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side of a road within a distance of fifty feet from the middle line thereof.

Obstruction  
of roads.

(2) No person shall create or cause to be created any obstruction on either side of any road listed in the Schedule within a distance from the middle line of such road as is shown in the fourth column of the Schedule.

4. Any person who creates or causes to be created any obstruction in contravention of the provisions of the last preceding bye-law shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding six months.

Offence.

Removal of obstruction.

5. Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws—

(1) The Council may cause any building or part thereof or any obstruction of whatever nature which is being created or which has been created in contravention of the provisions of bye-law 3 to be demolished and removed.

(2) Any expenses incurred by the Council in the exercise of the power conferred by this bye-law may be recovered by them as a civil debt from the person who created or is creating the obstruction.

Saving.

6. The provisions of these bye-laws shall not apply to buildings erected or to any crops planted before the coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Courts.

7. The penalties imposed by and the expenses recoverable under these bye-laws shall be imposed by or recoverable in, if the person is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, a Native Court, or if the person is not so subject then a Magistrate's Court.

**SCHEDULE**

Route Number	Road	Distance	Obstruction free area from mid-line of road
1.	Onitsha-Enugu (P.W.D.): From Mile 4 to Mile 13	9 miles	100'
2.	Onitsha-Owerri (P.W.D.): From Mile 3 to Mile 11	8 miles	100'

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council dated the 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was hereto affixed in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the 1st day of March, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 150 of 1954*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

**THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (SPORTS STADIUM)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953**

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Sports Stadium) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

## 2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;  
 “sports stadium” means the area described in the Aba Township (Declaration of Sports Stadium) Order No. 1 of 1953, as set forth in the First Schedule to these bye-laws.

3. Application for a permit to hire or use the stadium shall be made to the Council which may in its discretion grant or refuse such permit.

4. A permit to hire the stadium shall, if the application is granted, be issued on payment of such fee as set out in the Second Schedule to these bye-laws.

5. A person to whom a permit to hire the stadium has been issued shall have the exclusive right to use the stadium during the period of the validity of such permit, and may charge fees for the admission of persons to the stadium.

6. Where a permit to use the stadium is issued to any person, the Council may if it so decides, charge fees for the admission of persons to the stadium for the occasion covered by the permit.

7. No person shall enter into or use the stadium unless he is in possession of a valid permit to hire or use the stadium issued by the Council, or has been admitted to the stadium whether by the holder of a permit which permits the holder to admit persons to the stadium or by the Council.

8. Any person who enters into or uses the stadium except as provided in bye-law 7 shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine not exceeding one pound for the first offence.

9. Any person who, not being the holder of a permit to hire the stadium, encourages or incites any others to enter into or use the stadium shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Aba Township in the Aba Division of the Owerri Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 9.608 acres the boundaries of which are described below:—

2. Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBO. 4329 the co-ordinates of which are 7025.62 feet south and 3361.03 feet east of a concrete pillar marked PB. 2365 the origin of Aba Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBO. 4329	95° 21'	550.0 feet	PBO. 4332
PBO. 4332	185° 21'	270.0 "	PBO. 3677
PBO. 3677	185° 20'	491.9 "	PBO. 3678
PBO. 3678	275° 33'	550.1 "	PBO. 4324
PBO. 4324	05° 21'	760.0 "	PBO. 4329

the starting points.

3. All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## HIRING OF THE STADIUM (BYE-LAW 4)

(1) A booking fee of 5s shall be payable in advance for each separate hiring of the stadium or part thereof. This booking fee may be refunded if the booking is cancelled before 9 a.m. on the day of which the function was to have taken place.

(2) *Football*.—(a) When the stadium is hired for a football match, the fee shall be £5, or 40 per cent of the gross gate proceeds, whichever is the greater.

(b) When the stadium is hired for football practice, which shall be limited to thirty persons, the fee shall be 5s for a period not exceeding two hours, or 2s 6d for school children.

(3) *Boxing*.—(a) When the stadium is hired for a boxing contest or tournament, the fee shall be £1 1s.

(b) When the stadium is hired for boxing practice, the fee shall be 5s for a period not exceeding two hours.

(4) *Cricket*.—(a) When the stadium is hired for a cricket match, the fee shall be 10s 6d for each day.

(b) When the stadium is hired for cricket practice, the fee shall be 2s 6d for a period not exceeding two hours.

(5) *Athletics*.—(a) When the stadium is hired for an athletic meeting, the fee shall be £1 1s.

(b) When the stadium is hired for athletic practice, the fee shall be 5s.

(6) *Lawn Tennis*.—When the lawn tennis courts are hired, the fee shall be 2s for each set played, or, where a charge is made for admission of spectators, 40 per cent of the gross gate proceeds, whichever is the greater; provided that there shall be a minimum fee of 5s.

(7) *Film Shows*.—When the stadium is hired for a film show, the fee shall be 40 per cent of the gross gate proceeds.

(8) *Other Purposes: Social and Political Functions, etc.*—The fee for hiring the stadium shall be £2 2s.

(9) For charitable purposes, where the fee would normally exceed the sum of 21s, the stadium may be hired for the inclusive fee of 21s.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 21st day of December, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed the 28th day of December, 1953, in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 151 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE AGUATA DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aguata District Council.

Short title  
and  
application.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aguata District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall be binding upon all persons and animals while within the area shown in the First Schedule and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aguata District Council;

“local council” shall mean the Local Council of the area shown in the First Schedule hereto;

“animal” shall include cattle, ewe, goats, swine, wether and their young but shall exclude rams and bucks (uncastrated);

“guards” means the forty people appointed from time to time by the Local Council to check the movement of animals, the names of which guards shall be recorded in the minutes of the Local Council meeting at which their appointment is made.

3. No person having custody of animals shall allow any of the animals or their young, set out in the Second Schedule under his control, to stray about, cause damage to crops, walk about without proper control, graze in any field untethered, during any season of the year, within the area specified in the First Schedule.

4. (1) Any person contravening the last preceding bye-law shall be deemed to commit an offence and in addition to the penalty prescribed under bye-law 7 shall be liable to pay the penalties and expenses prescribed in the Third Schedule.

(2) Any animal found going contrary to bye-law 3 shall be caught and impounded by the guards:

Provided that no animal shall be confined in a pen wherein it has not adequate space, shade, water and feed.

5. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Third Schedule hereto.

6. Subject to the provisions of bye-law 5 above any animal impounded which is not claimed within fourteen days, inclusive of the date of its impounding, shall be sold by auction at the Local Council headquarters by an officer of the Council so authorised in writing, and the proceeds from the sale shall be placed on deposit in the Council's Treasury. Any amount so deposited from the sale of any such impounded animal may be claimed after deducting therefrom the penalties and expenses payable under bye-law 5 above:

Provided that no claim for withdrawal of any such amount deposited shall be entertained after six months have elapsed from the date on which it was deposited.

7. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or fourteen days imprisonment in default of payment.

8. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

### *Area of Application*

THE AGULU-EZECHUKWU LOCAL COUNCIL AREA

## SECOND SCHEDULE

Cattle, swine, goats, ewe and wether.

## THIRD SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

	£	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	0	10	0
For every head of swine impounded ... ..	0	5	0
For every head of goat, ewe or wether impounded	0	2	6

*Expenses to Keep*

For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	2	0
For every head of swine impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	1	6
For every head of goat, ewe or wether impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	1	0

MADE by the Resolution of the Council dated 17th day of February, 1954.  
The Common Seal of the Council was affixed in the presence of:

W. E. CHINE, *Secretary,*  
*Aguata District Council*

N. N. ANYIKA, *Chairman,*  
*Aguata District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 25th day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 15th day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 152 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (HAWKERS)  
BYE-LAWS, 1953*Date of Commencement: 15th April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the Area of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “child” means a person under the age of fourteen years;
  - “young female” means any girl between the age of fourteen and sixteen;
  - “council” means the Aba Urban District Council, including any person authorised by the Council to act on its behalf.
3. No person shall hawk goods or food, or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space without a written permit from the Aba Urban District Council: Hawking of goods, etc., in streets not permitted except under permit issued by the council.

Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall restrict or affect the sale or display of goods or food in any shop or premises.
4. No person shall hawk goods or food or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in any market without a written permit from the Council: Hawking of goods, etc., in markets not permitted except under permit issued by the council.

Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall restrict or affect the sale or display of goods or food in any stall or place within a market for which stallages or tolls have been paid.
5. (i) A permit for the purpose set out in bye-law 3 shall be known as a street hawkers' permit and the charge for such permit which shall expire at the end of the half year of issue shall be twenty shillings. Street hawkers' permit.

(ii) All street hawkers' permits shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued.
6. (i) A permit for the purposes set out in bye-law 4 shall be known as a market hawkers' permit and the charges for such permits shall be as follows:— Market hawkers' permit.
  - For a market hawkers' permit in respect of the new market only 2s a month.
  - For a market hawkers' permit in respect of any other market ten shillings per quarter.

(ii) All market hawkers' permits shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued.

No permit to be issued to child or young female.

7. No street hawkers permit or market hawkers permit shall be issued by the Council to any child or young female.

Council to specify area n permit.

8. The Council shall specify, in every hawkers permit issued by it, the area or locality in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food.

Permit holders may hawk only in areas specified by the council.

9. No permit holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food in any locality other than that specified in the permit.

Penalty for contravention of bye-laws 3, 4, and 9.

10. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 3, 4, or 9 of these bye-laws shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of ten shillings for each offence, and a further penalty of ten shillings for every day or part of a day on which the offence continues after written warning by the Council.

Permit not transferable and to be carried when hawking.

11. A permit issued in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued when engaged in hawking and shall be produced for inspection on demand by the Council or any police officer.

Penalty for transferring permit.

12. Any person, in respect of whom a permit has been issued by the Council in accordance with these bye-laws who permits the same to be used or carried by any other person shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of one pound.

Penalty for employing or permitting child or young female to hawk.

13. Any person who employs, or any parent or guardian who allows any child or young female to hawk contrary to the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine of five pounds.

Cancellation of permit on conviction.

14. The Council may upon the conviction of any permit holder of a breach of any of the provisions of these bye-laws or of any disorderly act or conduct cancel the permit and any fees paid shall not be recoverable.

Revocation and replacement of former rules.

15. The Aba Township Hawkers Rules Nos. 18 of 1926; 56 of 1948; 118 of 1948; and 176 of 1950 are hereby revoked and replaced.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed the 2nd day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

J. W. WAMUO, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 23rd day of March, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 153 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(CONTROL OF ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Control of Domestic Animals) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to all persons within the area of the jurisdiction of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “the council” means the Onitsha Northern District Council;
  - “animal” includes cows, sheep, goats and pigs; and the young of any such animal;
  - “impound” with its grammatical variations means take and confine within a pound or place appointed by the Council to be a pound;
  - “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Council to have charge of a pound.
3. No person shall permit any animal or its young to be within the area of the jurisdiction of the Local Councils set out in the First Schedule unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried. Prohibition of allowing animals to be free within certain area.
4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water. Animals to be properly confined.
5. Any animal if found straying within the area of the jurisdiction of any Local Council set out in the First Schedule may be impounded by any authorised servant or agent of the Council. Impounding.
6. The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and it shall be released to him on payment to the poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule. Claim and conditional release.
7. Any impounded animal which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, and the proceeds of the sale shall be placed on deposit in the Council's Treasury. Any amount so deposited in respect of any animal may be claimed after deduction therefrom of any penalties and expenses payable in accordance with the provisions of the Second Schedule: Sale of unclaimed impounded animals.

Provided that no claim for payment by the owner of an animal shall be entertained after three months have elapsed from the date on which the amount was deposited.

- Penalties. 8. Any person contravening the provisions of bye-laws 3 or 4 shall be guilty of an offence and liable on first conviction to a fine of 10s or in default of payment to imprisonment for two months.
- Legal. 9. The penalties under bye-law 8 shall be imposed
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

- The Ogbunike Local Council.
- The Awkuzu Local Council.
- The Igbariam Local Council.
- The Akwukwu Local Council.
- The Umunya Local Council.
- The Obosi Local Council.
- The Umunachi Local Council.
- The Nkwelle Local Council.
- The Abacha Local Council.
- The Ojoto Local Council.
- The Nsugbe Local Council.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Penalties*

			£	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	0	3	0
For every other animal impounded	...	...	0	2	0

*Expenses of Keep*

For every head of cattle, for each day or part there- for ... ..	...	...	0	1	0
For every other animal impounded for each day or part thereof ... ..	...	...	0	0	6

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Northern District Council the 29th day of May, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council in the presence of:

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 30th day of April, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



(3) Any person who pays any sum in excess of thirty pounds as dowry after the coming into operation of these rules or any person who pays any sum as dowry to a person other than to the appropriate person named in this rule may recover the same from the person to whom it has been paid in a Native Court.

Penalty.

5. Any person who demands, pays or receives any sum as petty expenses or as dowry in excess of the sums permitted under the provisions of rules 3 and 4 of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction by a Native Court to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for two months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Marriage registries to be established.

6. So soon as may be after the coming into operation of these rules the Native Authority shall establish a registry of marriages for the purposes of these rules at the Umuaturu and Egwi Native Court.

Registrars appointed.

7. The Court Clerk of the Umuaturu and Egwi Native Court shall be the Registrar of Marriages for the purposes of these rules for the area of the jurisdiction of the Court at which they are employed.

Compulsory registration of marriage.

8. (1) Any marriage contracted within the area after the coming into operation of these rules shall be registered in the appropriate registry by the registrar.

(2) It shall be the duty of the husband and of the father or guardian of the bride to register any such marriage within seven days of its celebration.

(3) Any person whose duty it is to register a marriage and who fails to do so within the appropriate time shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction by a Native Court to a fine of five pounds or two months imprisonment.

(4) Upon the Native Court convicting a person under the provisions of this rule it shall order the registration of the marriage in question to be effected forthwith.

Form of registration.

9. (1) The registrar shall keep a register for the purpose of these rules in which entries of the marriage celebrated shall be recorded in the order of their date; and every entry so made shall be dated on the day on which it is so entered and signed by the registrar.

(2) Upon the payment of five shillings the registrar shall furnish to each party to the marriage a copy of the entry in the register, which copy shall be known as a Marriage Certificate.

What shall be recorded.

10. (1) The registrar shall record the following facts in the register with respect to the husband, the wife and parents of the husband and wife respectively (if living):—

- (i) Names.
- (ii) Addresses.
- (iii) Occupations.

(2) In addition the registrar shall record:—

- (i) the ages of the husband and wife wherever possible;
- (ii) whether the wife was a spinster, a widow or a divorced woman at the time of the marriage;
- (iii) full details of the amount of petty expenses and dowry paid and the persons to whom it was paid.

(3) Where the bride is a divorced woman the registrar shall also record the court in which the divorce was obtained, the number of the suit and the amount of dowry if any, which was repaid through the court.

(4) Any entry made in the register shall be signed or witnessed by the husband and the father or guardian of the bride in the presence of two witnesses who shall also sign or witness the entry.

11. The registrar shall allow any person to search the register and shall give a certified copy of any entry upon payment of a fee of two shillings and sixpence. Searches.

12. The registrar shall retain custody of the register and no register shall be removed from the custody of the registrar without the authority in writing of the Native Authority or by an order of a Native Court. Custody.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ikwerre-Etche Federated Native Authority on.....day of.....1953.

M. I. DIMKPA, *Administrative Secretary*

J. MPI, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 5th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 155 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947*

THE ONITSHA (CONTROL OF TRAFFIC) ORDER, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 20th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Motor Licensing Authority, Onitsha, by Public Notice No. 165 of 1951, and in exercise of the provisions of section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Onitsha (Control of Traffic) Order, 1954, and shall come into force on the date of its publication in the *Regional Gazette*. Short title and date of commencement.

2. This order shall apply within the area of the authority of the Onitsha Town Native Authority, in this order referred to as "the area." Application.

3. Any person who disobeys or disregards any traffic sign erected under the provisions of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, within the area shall be guilty of an offence. Traffic signs to be obeyed.

4. (1) Any person who drives a commercial vehicle on a highway within the area at a speed greater than fifteen miles per hour shall be guilty of an offence. Speed limit.

(2) Any person who drives any vehicle other than a commercial vehicle on a highway within the area at a speed greater than thirty miles an hour shall be guilty of an offence.

5. (1) The driver of any stage carriage may stop his stage carriage for the purposes of taking up or setting down passengers at the Onitsha Motor Park as defined in the Schedule, or at such places within the area as are indicated by traffic signs bearing the words "Bus Stop." Bus stop to be used. Schedule.

(2) In addition to the provisions of subsection (1) the driver of a stage carriage which is licensed to carry not more than ten passengers may stop such stage carriage for the purposes of taking up or setting down passengers at the Bus Stop situated on the Marina opposite to the Yard of the Public Works Department.

(3) Any driver of a stage carriage who stops his stage carriage for the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers anywhere within the area other than in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be guilty of an offence.

(4) Any occupier of premises who allows such premises to be used for the purpose of the taking up or setting down of passengers of any stage carriage shall be guilty of an offence.

Loading,  
etc.:  
commercial  
vehicles.

6. (1) The Onitsha Town Native Authority may approve any premises for the purpose of the loading or unloading of commercial vehicles.

(2) Any occupiers of premises which have not been approved by the Onitsha Town Native Authority for this purpose who permits such premises to be used for the purpose of the loading or unloading of any commercial vehicle shall be guilty of an offence.

Penalty.

7. Any person who commits an offence under the provisions of sections 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this order shall upon summary conviction be liable to a fine of fifty pounds or to imprisonment for six months.

Revocation  
of P.N.  
238 of 1951.

8. The Onitsha (Control of Traffic) Order, 1951, is hereby revoked.

MADE at Onitsha this 21st day of April, 1954.

T. OMO BARE,  
*Motor Licensing Authority.*

*E.R.L.N. No. 156 of 1954*

*The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

THE SOMBREIRO FOREST RESERVE (DE-RESERVATION) ORDER, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 20th May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region by section 21 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Sombreiro Forest Reserve (De-reservation) Order, 1954.

2. Those lands, the limits and situation of which are set forth in the Schedule hereto and which were constituted a part of the Sombreiro Forest Reserve by Order No. 24 of 1931 dated the 13th May, 1931, and published in *Gazette* No. 27 of the 21st May, 1931, shall cease to be Forest Reserve from the date hereof.

SCHEDULE

That piece of land situated in the Owerri Province and bounded as follows:—

*North (eastwards).*—Starting from the point where the path via Mbede and Aga to Asa crosses the boundary between the Rivers and Owerri Provinces, as described in the Third Schedule to Public Notice No. 126 of 1947 thence by the path to Asa; thence

*East (southwards).*—By road via Awarra, Ikwerede, Ubimini, Egbeda and Itu to the point where it crosses the boundary between the Rivers and Owerri Provinces, as described in the Third Schedule to Public Notice No. 126 of 1947; thence

*West (northwards).*—By the boundary between the Rivers and Owerri Provinces, as described in the Third Schedule to Public Notice No. 126 of 1947 to the starting point.

By His Honour's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,

*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 24, Vol. 3, dated 27th May, 1954 — Part B

E.R.L.N. No. 157 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE AUTHORITIES

(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Amendment) Notice, 1954.

2. The Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, 1945, is hereby amended by inserting the following particulars in the Schedule thereto immediately after the particulars relating to Odual (Saka) Native Authority.

Province	Division	Designation	Subordinate to	Member of Native Authority	Area
Rivers	Degema	Adibom Native Authority	Odual (Saka) Native Authority	Adibom Group Council	Villages of Emelego, Adada, Ogboloma, Okolomade, Efebiri and their dependent settlements.
		Arughunya Native Authority	Odual (Saka) Native Authority	Arughunya Group Council	Villages of Anyo, Amerikpoko, Odau, Obedum, Ekunuga and their dependent settlements.
		Kugbo Native Authority	Odual (Saka) Native Authority	Kugbo Group Council	Villages of Emago Kugbo, Amurukeni, Amoroto, Akani and their dependent settlements.

GIVEN at Enugu this 4th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 158 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ARUGHUNYA GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Arughunya Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, and shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 1954.

2. The Arughunya Group Council shall be composed of twenty-two members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of June, 1954, shall be those declared elected in the elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>								<i>Number of Members</i>
Anyo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
Amerikpoko	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Odau	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Obedum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Ekunuga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 4th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 159 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## KUGBO GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Kugbo Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 1954.

2. The Kugbo Group Council shall be composed of twenty-five members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of June, 1954, shall be those declared elected in the elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>								<i>Number of Members</i>
Emago Kugbo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
Amurukeni	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Amoroto	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Akani	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 4th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 160 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## ADIBOM GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Adibom Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 1954.

2. The Adibom Group Council shall be composed of thirty members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of June, 1954, shall be those declared elected in the elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>							<i>Number of Members</i>
Ernelego ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
Adada ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
Ogboloma ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
Okolomade ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
Efbiri ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 4th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 161 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE BAMENDA SOUTH WESTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953*(Date of Commencement: 27th May, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xiii) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda South Western Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda South Western Native Authority (Bicycle Licences) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons normally resident within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

Short title and application.

2. In these rules:—

Definitions.

“authorised person” means any police officer while in uniform and any person holding a written authorisation as in the Form B in the Schedule hereto;

“native authority” means the Bamenda South Western Native Authority.

Bicycles to be licensed.

3. Any person who uses or permits any bicycle belonging to him to be used within the area of the Native Authority for which he is not in possession of a valid licence as in Form A set out in the Schedule hereto shall be guilty of an offence against these rules.

Offence.

Application for and use of licences.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his bicycle to the office of the Native Authority, or to such other place as the Native Authority shall decide, to be licensed, and on payment of the prescribed fee shall there be issued with a licence.

Licences to expire on 31st December.

5. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st day of December next following.

Fees.

6. The fee for every licence issued under the provisions of these rules shall be five shillings.

Licences to be carried.

7. Licences shall be carried by the users of bicycles when using the bicycles at all times and shall be produced on demand to any authorised person.

Saving (No. 16 of 1950, No. 38 of 1948, Cap. 216, Cap. 140).

8. Any person who is in possession of a valid licence in respect of a bicycle issued under the provisions of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the Townships Ordinance or the Native Authority Ordinance shall not be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same bicycle.

Penalty.

9. (1) Any person who commits an offence against these rules shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of one pound, such fine to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

**SCHEDULE**

*Form A (Rule 3)*

**THE BAMENDA SOUTH WESTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953**

*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....to use a bicycle with frame numbered....., until 31st December, 19\_\_\_

DATED this.....day of.....19\_\_\_

Fee: 5s paid.

.....  
*Treasurer, The Bamenda South Western  
Native Authority*

*Form B (Rule 2)*

**THE BAMENDA SOUTH WESTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1953**

Mr.....is hereby appointed an authorised person for the above mentioned rules.

DATED this.....day of.....19\_\_\_

.....  
*Secretary, on behalf of the South  
Western Native Authority*

MADE the 22nd day of November, 1953, under the Common Seal of the Bamenda South Western Native Authority.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda South Western Native Authority on the 22nd day of November, 1953, in the presence of:

P. N. ANGU, *Secretary,*  
*The Bamenda South Western*  
*Native Authority*

G. T. T. MBA II, *President,*  
*The Bamenda South Western*  
*Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 16th day of February, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 162 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

ODUAL (SAKA) CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Odual (Saka) Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of June, 1954.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. The Odual (Saka) Clan Council shall be composed of thirty-two members elected from the villages set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

Composition  
of Council.

3. The members on the 1st day of June, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

Members on  
1st June,  
1954.

SCHEDULE

<i>Village</i>						<i>Number of Members</i>
Emelego	...	...	...	...	...	4
Adada	...	...	...	...	...	3
Ogboloma	...	...	...	...	...	2
Okolomade	...	...	...	...	...	2
Efibiri	...	...	...	...	...	1
Anyo	...	...	...	...	...	2
Amerikpoko	...	...	...	...	...	2
Odau	...	...	...	...	...	1
Obedum	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ekunuga	...	...	...	...	...	1
Emago Kugbo	...	...	...	...	...	7
Amurukeni	...	...	...	...	...	2
Amoroto	...	...	...	...	...	2
Akani	...	...	...	...	...	2

GIVEN at Enugu this 4th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R.N. No. 163 of 1954

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*  
**ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
 NATIVE AUTHORITIES**

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. The notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 4) Notice, 1954, and shall be deemed to come into operation on the 1st day of April, 1954. Short title.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto:— Public Notice No. 6 of 1948.

**FIRST SCHEDULE**

*Deletions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area		
Rivers ..	Ahoada	Ikwerre-Etche Allua and Igrita Elele Emohua	—	Ikwerre-Etche Federated Council	Ikwerre and Etche Clan Areas.		
			—	Allua-Igrita Group Council	Allua and Igrita Group Areas.		
		Isiokpo Obia Okpo Mbu Tolu Rumuji	—	Elele Group Council	Elele Group Area.		
			—	Emohua Group Council	Emohua Group Area.		
		Egwi Umuaturu	—	Isiokpo Group Council	Isiokpo Group Area.		
			—	Obia Group Council.	Obia Group Area.		
		Ozumu Omuma	—	Okpo Mbu Tolu Group Council	Okpo Mbu Group Area.		
			—	Rumuji Group Council	Rumuji Group Area.		
		Owerri ..	Aba	Ozumu Omuma	—	Egwi Group Council	Egwi Group Area.
					—	Umuaturu Group Council	Umuaturu Group Area.
			—	Ozumu Group Council	Ozumu Group Area.		
			—	Omuma Clan Council	Omuma Clan Area.		

**SECOND SCHEDULE**

*Additions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Rivers ..	Ahoada	Etche	—	Etche Native Authority Council	Etche Clan Area.
		Igbo Group	Etche	Igbo Group Council	Egwi, Opioro, Okomoko, Umuanyagu, Okoragwu, Abara, Umuechem Chokocho, Umuakuru-Okoroagwu, Edegelem, Imeh, Chokota, Ikwerrengwo, Umuebulu Village Areas.

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
		Ulakwo-Umuoselem	Etche	Ulakwo-Umuoselem Group Council	Okpodim, Umuokom, Akasimoche, Umuala, Umuakuru, Umuoloche, Afara, Nih, Odufor, Umuoselem, Umuobiri, Umuomara-Akwa, Umugara-Akwa, Umuisu-Akwa, Umudemoche, Odagwa-Imo, Umuada-Ukwu, Umuadanta Village Areas.
		Mba Group	Etche	Mba Group Council	Umuka-Mba, Umuofo-Mba, Umuocham-Mba, Okedu-Mba, Umuayara, Umukomoche, Umuaturu, Amaku-Mba, Umuobiri-Mba, Umuokom-Ndashi, Umudele-Ndashi, Umudoti-Ndashi, Umuokele-Ndashi, Ngelehie-Ndashi, Umuocham-Ndashi, Egbelubi-Ndashi, Umukweke-Ndashi, Okomoko-Okpoku, Umuekune-Okpoku, Umuaghara-Okpoku, Umuoria-Okpoku, Umuode-Okpoku, Umudim, Umuodu-Umuoyo, Umucheko-Umuoyo, Umuodagwu-Umuoyo, Obomoche-Obite, Umuisu-Obite, Umualum Village Areas.
		Okchi Group	Etche	Okchi Group Council	Umununu, Umuomara, Emekune, Umugbako, Umuogerem-Obibi, Umuode-Obibi, Ikpo-Obibi, Umuabali-Obibi, Achara-Obibi, Umuchoko-Obibi, Umuoha-Obibi, Akukabai-Obibi, Agbalu-Obibi, Akwachudele, Obuoa Ikem, Umugwu, Umuohie-Igbodo, Amakwu-Igbodo, Umuine-Igbodo, Ezeleka-Igbodo, Umuoga-Igbodo, Obi-Igbodo, Okoloche-Igbodo, Umunkwo-Igbodo, Umudi-Igbodo, Umohiankwu-Igbodo, Umu-saram-Igbodo, Umu-gwopara-Egbeke, Umuazu, Umuunwaokwu, Wuba, Umuokom-Obibi, Village Areas.

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Owerri ..	Aba	Eberei-Obiohia Group	Etche	Eberei-Obiohia Group Council	Umudikomo, Umuagwu, Umuagozie, Umuobaji-Eberi, Umudu, Umuokpurukpu, Umuelechi, Okpulo, Umuakali, Umulo, Umunachi, Umuagwu Village Areas.
		Ofe-Ohim-Oyoro Group	Etche	Ofe-Ohim-Oyoro Group Council.	Umuosi, Umuakprikpo, Umunwaka, Umunwacha Umuechere, Umumo, Umuokowu, Umueke, Umuakpili, Umugwu, Umuobuo, Umuobasi, Umuwoko, Amoju, Umuoyara Village Areas.
		Umuogba-Umuajaloke Group	Etche	Umuogba-Umuajaloke Group Council.	Umuoroke, Umuisu, Umuenze, Umukamanu, Umuocham, Umuodiri, Umuju, Umuoyere, Umuudike, Umukelegulu, Umuokwa, Umuofeke, Umuabali, Egbelu, Umu-nwa, Umuakoli, Umuudike 2, Umuerim, Umuoku, Umudu, Umuobilor Village Areas.
Rivers ..	Ahoada	Ozuzu Group	Etche	Ozuzu Group Council	Ojia-Ozuzu, Umuoforuru, Umugwocha, Ezikobia, Obokwu, Obono, Umu-dike-Elele, Okahia-Elele, Nnamara-Isu, Ezeikpe-Isu, Umuoji-Egbu, Umumoeze-Egbu, Umu-keze, Umubakala-Egbu Umuosie-Egbu, Umusharam-Egbu, Umuana-Egbu, Umuojiukwu-Ihie, Umuisu-Ihie, Umu-egwurugwu, Umuba-Ogida, Akirika-Ogida, Azuafor-Ogida Owumpi-Ogida, Agbom-Owu, Agwam-Owu Village Areas.
		Ikwerre Allua and Igrita	Ikwerre Native Authority	Ikwerre Clan Council Allua and Igrita Goup Council.	Ikwerre Clan Area. Allua and Igrita Clan Area.
		Elele	Ikwerre Native Authority	Elele Group Council	Elele Group Area.
		Emohua	Ikwerre Native Authority	Emohua Group Council	Emohua Group Area.
		Isiokpo	Ikwerre Native Authority	Isiokpo Group Council	Isiokpo Group Area.

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which Subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Rivers	Ahoada	Obia	Ikwerre Native Authority	Obia Group Council	Obia Group Area.
		Okpo Mbu Tolu Rumuji	Ikwerre Native Authority Ikwerre Native Authority	Okpo Mbu Tolu Group Council Rumuji Group Council.	Okpo Mbu Tolu Group Area. Rumuji Group Area.

GIVEN at Enugu this 25th day of March, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,

Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 164 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OHOBA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1953

(Date of Commencement, 1st May, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxv) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ohoba Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ohoba Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1953, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ohoba Federal Native Authority and shall come into operation on the 1st day of May, 1954.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ohoba Federal Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any house-holder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector:—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

- (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ohoba Native Treasury ; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ohoba Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

**B 454**

MADE by the Ohoba Federal Native Authority the 30th day of November, 1953.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Ohoba Federal Native Authority in the presence of:—

D. E. NLEMEDIM NWIGWE, *Secretary*

SAMUEL ALUA, *President*,  
FIDELIS EJIM  
ANTHONY CHUKWU } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 1st day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 165 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(SLAUGHTER) BYE-LAWS, 1953*(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Southern District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Southern District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Onitsha Southern District Council and also to all persons whilst within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definition.
  - “animal” includes sheep, goats and cattle;
  - “market” means those markets set out in the First Schedule hereto;
  - “council” means the Onitsha Southern District Council;
  - “slaughter” means killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of sheep, goats or cattle if the meat thereof is not to be exposed for sale or sold;
  - “slaughter house” means a slaughter house established by or with consent of the Council for the slaughter of animals and shall include a public slaughter slab.
3. No animal shall be slaughtered except in a public slaughter house. Slaughter house to be used.
4. No meat of any animal slaughtered in a slaughter house may be exposed for sale or sold in any place other than a market.
5. (1) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Council in that behalf. Permit to slaughter.
- (2) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall issue upon the following conditions—
  - (a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food, and
  - (b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these bye-laws have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.
6. (1) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food. Meat to be inspected.
- (2) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

Slaughter house to be cleansed.

7. Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house.

Penalty.

8. Any person who shall fail to comply with bye-laws 3, 4, 5, 6 or 7 of these bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding 5s or to imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding £5 or to imprisonment not exceeding one month for each subsequent offence.

9. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>	<i>Court Area</i>
Onitsha Southern District ...	Nkwo Nnewi Eke Otolo Nnewi Ozuda Oraifite Afor Ichi Afor Ukpör Centre Orsumenyi Nkwo Ozu Ezinifite Ugwuolie Ozubulu Nkwo Okija Nkwo Ogbe Ihiala Eke Amichi Afor Iseke	Agbaja. Agbaja. Agbaja. Agbaja. Mbanesi. Mbanesi. Mbanesi. Ozubulu. Achalla. Achalla. Ugwuochi. Orsu.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Permit to slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of  
.....to slaughter the following animals, today  
the.....of....., 19.....

.....  
*Onitsha Southern District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Prescribed fee</i>		
	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Cattle per head ... ..	0	2	0
Sheep and goat per head ... ..	0	1	0
Swine per head ... ..	0	1	6

MADE by resolution of the Onitsha Southern District Council this 26th day of March, 1954.

Sealed with the Common Seal of the Onitsha Southern District Council this 23rd day of April, 1954, in the presence of:

P. ORJI UME-EZEOKÉ, *Secretary*

F. O. C. OLIKAGU, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 21st day of May, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of June, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 166 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE WESTERN AHOADA FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(ENGENNI CLAN AREA) (MARRIAGE) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st June, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxvi) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority (Engenni Clan Area) (Marriage) Rules, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of June, 1954.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these rules:—

Definitions.

“area” means the Engenni Clan Area of the Ahoada Division;

“dowry” includes bride price;

“marriage” means a marriage contracted under the native law and custom of the Engenni Clan of the Ahoada Division between persons one or both of whom are subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority;

“native authority” means the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority;

“native court” means the Okarki Native Court or the Joinkrama Native Court;

“registrar” means a registrar of marriages for the purpose of these rules.

3. (1) Notwithstanding any custom or practice to the contrary the maximum amount of dowry with respect to any marriage shall not exceed either in value or in money the sum of seventeen pounds, seventeen shillings.

Dowry not to exceed £17 17s 0d.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this rule, dowry shall be distributed as follows:—

	£	s	d
(i) to the father of the bride or if he be deceased to the male guardian of the bride ... ..	10	0	0
(ii) to the mother of the bride ... ..	5	0	0
(iii) to the male and female members of the family of the bride ... ..	2	17	0

(3) The dowry shall be paid to the father of the bride or, if he be deceased, to the male guardian of the bride.

(4) Any person who pays any sum in excess of seventeen pounds, seventeen shillings as dowry after the coming into operation of these rules or any person who pays any sum as dowry to a person other than to the appropriate person named in this rule may recover the same from the person to whom it has been paid in a Native Court.

Penalty.

4. Any person who demands, pays or receives any sum as dowry in excess of the sums permitted under the provisions of rule 3 of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction by a native court to a fine of five pounds or to two months imprisonment or to both such fine and imprisonment.

Marriage registries to be established.

5. So soon as may be after the coming into operation of these rules the Native Authority shall establish a registry of marriages for the purposes of these rules at Okarki Native Court and at the Joinkrama Native Court.

Registrars appointed.

6. The Court Clerk of the Okarki Native Court and the Court Clerk of the Joinkrama Native Court shall be the registrars of marriages for the purposes of these rules for the area of the jurisdiction of the Court at which they are employed.

Compulsory registration of marriage.

7. (1) Any marriage contracted within the area after the coming into operation of these rules shall be registered in the appropriate registry by the registrar.

(2) It shall be the duty of the husband and of the father or guardian of the bride to register any such marriage within seven days of its celebration.

(3) Any person whose duty it is to register a marriage and who fails to do so within the appropriate time shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon conviction by a native court to a fine of five pounds or two months imprisonment.

(4) Upon the Native Court convicting a person under the provisions of this rule it shall order the registration of the marriage in question to be effected forthwith.

Form of registration.

8. (1) The registrar shall keep a register for the purpose of these rules in which entries of the marriage celebrated shall be recorded in the order of their date; and every entry so made shall be dated on the day on which it is so entered and signed by the registrar.

(2) Upon the payment of two shillings and sixpence the registrar shall furnish to each party to the marriage a copy of the entry in the register, which copy shall be known as a Marriage Certificate.

What shall be recorded.

9. (1) The registrar shall record the following facts in the register with respect to the husband, the wife and the parents of the husband and wife respectively (if living):—

- (i) Names.
- (ii) Addresses.
- (iii) Occupations.

(2) In addition the registrar shall record:—

- (i) the ages of the husband and wife wherever possible;
- (ii) whether the wife was a spinster, a widow or a divorced woman at the time of the marriage; and

(iii) full details of the amount of dowry paid and the persons to whom it was paid.

(iv) The name of the father of any child of the bride living or conceived at the time of the registration.

(3) Where the bride is a divorced woman the registrar shall also record the Court in which the divorce was obtained, the number of the suit and the amount of dowry, if any, which was repaid-through the Court.

(4) Any entry made in the register shall be signed or witnessed by the husband and the father or guardian of the bride in the presence of two witnesses who shall also sign or witness the entry.

10. The registrar shall allow any person to search the register and shall give a certified copy of any entry upon demand upon payment of a fee of two shillings and sixpence. Searches.

11. The registrar shall retain custody of the register and no register shall be removed from the custody of the registrar without the authority in writing of the Native Authority or by an order of a Native Court. Custody.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority, and sealed with the Corporate Seal of the Western Ahoada Federated Native Authority on 29th day of March, 1954.

F. E. J. OZURUMBA,  
*Administrative Secretary*

E. ASHIRIM UNOSI,  
*President*

APPROVED by the Licutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 22nd day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 167 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Markets Ordinance (Chapter 127)*THE BAMENDA SOUTH EASTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(BANSO MARKET) RULES, 1954*Date of Commencement: 1st May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 5 of the Markets Ordinance, the following rules have been made by Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Bamenda Province:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority (Banso Market) Rules, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of May, 1954. Short title and date of commencement.
2. These rules shall apply to all persons whilst within the area of the jurisdiction of the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority. Application.
3. In these rules:— Definitions.
  - “health officer” includes the Medical Officer of Health, a Medical Officer, a Sanitary Inspector, or any person acting under the authority of the Medical Officer of Health, whether in Government service or employed by the Native Authority;
  - “market” means the Banso Market;
  - “native authority” means the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority;
4. No person shall sell or expose for sale any merchandise whatsoever or carry on his trade or calling in the market unless he is in possession of a valid licence given by the Native Authority in the form contained in the Schedule: Licence to sell in market.

Provided that casual sellers of perishable country foodstuffs may be permitted to sell such foodstuffs in any open space provided therefor by the Native Authority without obtaining a licence. Schedule.
5. There shall be payable for such licence such fee as shall be laid down by the Native Authority from time to time. Fees for licence.
6. The holder of any licence granted under the provisions of these rules shall pay such toll or stallage in advance to the market master as shall be laid down from time to time by the Native Authority in consultation with the District Officer: Tolls and stallages.

Provided that no such toll or stallage shall be varied by Native Authority without giving one month's notice of such variation by pasting a notice in the market.
7. The Native Authority may appoint a market master whose duty it shall be to maintain order in the market and to enforce obedience to these rules. Market master.
8. The Native Authority may appoint a suitable person to be responsible for the parking of all motor vehicles in a portion of the market set aside for that purpose, by the Native Authority. Motor vehicles to be controlled.

Beasts of burden.

9. All horses, asses, mules and beasts of burden shall be kept in a portion of the market set aside for that purpose by the Native Authority. Such animals shall be under the supervision of the market master. The owners of such animals shall be responsible for watering and feeding them.

Offences.

10. Any person who:—

- (a) sells, or exposes for sale any merchandise, or carries on his trade or calling in the market without a licence; or
- (b) sells or exposes for sale any merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in that portion of the market set aside by the Native Authority for the parking of motor vehicles or for the maintenance of beasts of burden; or
- (c) sells or exposes for sale any merchandise or carries on his trade or calling in any place in the market other than the place for which he is in possession of a valid licence; or
- (d) sublets, mortgages or transfers a stall for which he has a licence without the consent of the Native Authority in writing; or
- (e) rides or drives any animal or bicycle or drives any vehicle in the market other than in that portion set aside by the Native Authority for the accommodation of beast of burdens or for motor vehicles; or
- (f) erects any stall, shed enclosure, fence or other building or construction in the market; or
- (g) alters or adds to any stall or building in the market without the permission of the Native Authority; or
- (h) fails to obey the instructions of the market master or person appointed under the provisions of rule 8 with respect to the control of motor vehicles; or
- (i) commits a nuisance in the market,

shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon conviction to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days for a first offence, and for any subsequent conviction to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days.

Licences must make use of stalls for.

11. (1) Any person who being in possession of a valid licence for a stall, fails without reasonable excuse to occupy that stall within one month from the date of such licence, or who, having occupied such stall fails without reasonable excuse to continue such occupation for at least three successive market days forfeit the said stall, the licence for which stall he cancelled.

(2) Any person who forfeits a stall under the provisions of this rule shall be liable to be ejected from such stall.

### SCHEDULE

#### THE BAMBENDA SOUTH EASTERN NATIVE AUTHORITY (BANSO MARKET) RULES, 1954

##### *Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....  
for the use of stall No.....in the Bansa Market from the.....  
day of....., 19.....to the.....day of  
....., 19.....subject to the provisions of the  
Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority (Bansa Market) Rules, 1954.

Fee paid.....

for the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority

MADE under the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority this 20th day of March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority on the 20th day of March, 1954 in the presence:

SEHM ATAR, H.R.T.I., <i>Fon of Nsaw, President</i>	} The Bamenda South Eastern Native Authority.
ACHIRIMBI II, <i>Fon of Bafut, Member</i>	
GHOGHOMO, H.R.T.I., <i>Chief of Bambalang,</i>	
<i>Member</i>	
C. M. SANOSI, <i>Member</i>	
V. T. LAINJO, <i>Secretary</i>	

APPROVED by the Lieutenant Governor this 23rd day of April, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 168 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(ALIENATION OF LAND) RULES, 1953

*Date of Commencement: 1st May, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) (xxvii) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority hereby makes the following rules:—

1. (1) These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Alienation of Land) Rules, 1953, and shall come into force on the 1st day of May, 1954. Short title and date of commencement.

(2) These rules shall not apply to any transaction concerning land completed before the said 1st day of May, 1954.

2. Definitions:—

“the area” except where the context otherwise requires, means the area of the Afikpo Division;

“the authority” means the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority;

“native of the area” means any person who is eligible by native law and custom to inherit land or the use of land within the area;

“registration clerk” means the person appointed by the Authority to be registration clerk for the purpose of these rules;

“transaction concerning land” means any sale, lease, gift, *inter vivos*, mortgage, pledge or other transaction whereby an interest in land situate within the area passes.

3. (1) Before any transaction concerning land is entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area the parties thereto shall:— Prerequisites of transactions concerning land.

(a) appear in person before the Authority and announce in public their intention of entering into such a transaction.

(b) state the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto;

(c) give a description of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Authority.

(2) The Authority shall record in writing in a book kept for the purpose the particulars given by the parties under the preceding sub-rule.

(3) The Authority shall, except for good cause which shall be communicated to the parties, give its approval in writing.

“good cause” shall mean that the transaction is one which is not in the best interests of the natives of the area.

(4) If the Authority shall, for good cause, withhold its approval, it shall record in writing its reasons for doing so.

(5) The Authority shall, on request by the parties, supply a copy of the record made under the preceding sub-rules.

4. If the Authority shall give its consent to the transaction the parties shall prepare or cause to be prepared an instrument which shall be in writing and shall

(a) set out the full names and addresses of the parties thereto;

(b) contain a description or plan of the land sufficient to enable it to be identified to the satisfaction of the Authority;

(c) set out the precise nature of the transaction and the terms and conditions applicable thereto as approved by the Authority;

(d) be signed by the parties thereto in the presence of one or more literate witnesses who shall subscribe his name or their names thereto; and shall present such instrument to the Authority within sixty days of the date on which such approval was given, for endorsement of the approval of the Authority thereon.

(2) If the Authority is satisfied that the instrument complies with the provisions of the preceding sub-rules, it shall, upon payment of a fee of five shillings, endorse its approval thereon. Such endorsement shall be signed by such person or persons as may be entitled to sign instruments on behalf of the Authority.

Transaction concerning land not entered into in accordance with these rules to be null and void.

5. (1) Any transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area except in accordance with the provision of rules 3 and 4 hereof shall be null and void.

(2) Any native of the area who shall enter into a transaction concerning land in contravention of these rules shall be guilty of an offence and liable, upon conviction thereof, to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(3) Any person not a native of the area who shall acquire an interest in land belonging to a native of the area shall be guilty of an offence unless such interest is evidenced by an instrument registered in accordance with the provisions of these rules, and shall be liable, upon conviction thereof, to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

(4) Any person not a native of the area who, being lawfully in possession of land belonging to a native, shall, after the coming into force of these rules, sell, lease, assign or otherwise part with possession of the said land or any part thereof, without approval of the Authority obtained in accordance with these rules, shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction thereof, to a fine of five pounds or imprisonment for two months, or to both such fine and imprisonment.

6. Where it shall appear to the Authority that any person not a native of the area is in possession of land belonging to a native of the area in contravention of these rules, the Authority may cause a summons to be issued to such person, requiring him to appear before a Court and to prove that his possession is not in contravention of these rules. If on hearing of such summons the Court find that such person is in possession of the land in contravention of these rules, the Court shall order such person to give up possession of the land, and shall issue such process as may be necessary for enforcing such order.

Unlawful possession. Procedure for ejectment.

7. (1) Every person not a native of the area executing an instrument relating to a transaction concerning land shall, within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Authority was endorsed thereon, register the instrument with the Authority.

Transaction concerning land to be registered.

(2) Registration shall be effected, subject to rule 10 of these rules, by leaving the instrument, together with a true copy thereof and a fee of one pound with the registration clerk at the office of the Authority.

8. Every instrument relating to a transaction concerning land, entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area and executed after the coming into force of these rules, shall be void unless the same shall be registered within thirty days from the date on which the approval of the Authority was endorsed thereon:

Instrument void for want of registration.

Provided that the Authority may extend such period, if it is satisfied that registration has been delayed without fault or neglect on the part of the party acquiring the right or interest in the land in question, by endorsement upon the instrument.

9. Upon receipt of the instrument and the copy thereof and the registration fee the registration clerk shall endorse upon the instrument an endorsement in the form of Form A of the Schedule and shall examine the instrument and compare it with the copy and if he shall find that the instrument complies with the provisions of these rules and that the copy is a true copy thereof, he shall register the instrument by endorsing upon it and upon the copy thereof an endorsement in the form of Form B of the Schedule and shall paste or bind the said copy in a register book kept for the purpose.

Registration.

10. (1) Where upon an examination of the instrument and the copy thereof lodged for registration the registration clerk shall find that the instrument is one which is declared by these rules to be void or which does not comply with the provisions of these rules, or that the copy is not a true copy; he shall give written notice to the person lodging the same for registration, specifying the particular requirement or requirements which have not been complied with.

When instrument not to be registered.

(2) Until the requirements specified in the notice have been complied with registration shall not be effected.

11. An endorsement on an instrument that it has been registered, signed by the registration clerk, and in addition by such person or persons as may be entitled to sign documents on behalf of the Authority under provisions of the standing rules of the Authority, shall be proof of registration under the provisions of these rules until the contrary is shown.

Proof of registration.

Unregistered instrument not admissible in evidence.

12. No instrument relating to a transaction concerning land entered into between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between persons not natives of the area after the coming into force of these rules shall be admissible as evidence in any Court unless it has been registered in accordance with the provisions of rule 7 of these rules.

Authority to prepare instruments on payment of fees.

13. The Authority shall, at the request of any party to an intended transaction concerning land between a native of the area and a person not a native of the area or between two persons not natives of the area, and on payment of a fee of one pound cause a written instrument to be prepared to give effect to the wishes of the parties.

**SCHEDULE  
FORM A**

Rule.....presented for Registration.....  
this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Registration Clerk*

**FORM B**

Rule.....registered this.....day of.....as  
No.....at page.....in Volume.....of the Afikpo Native  
Authority Registry at Afikpo.

.....  
*Registration Clerk*

MADE under the Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority this 21st day of February, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority on the 21st day of February, 1953, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Clerk of the Council,  
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

R. O. ANOKE, *Chairman,  
Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 23rd day of April, 1954.

By His Honour's Command.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 169 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*  
(No. 16 of 1950)

**THE IKOT EKPENE URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL**  
(CONSERVANCY) BYE-LAWS, 1953

(Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council (Conservancy) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council, but also to all persons whilst within its area and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title,  
date of  
commencement and  
application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “council” means the Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council;
  - “health officer” has the same meaning as is assigned to it in the Public Health Ordinance; Cap. 183.
  - “owner” includes the lessee of any premises and in the case of an absentee, his local agent for the collection of rents.
3. No person shall contract to carry out conservancy in Ikot Ekpen Urban District Council area unless he is approved by the Health Officer and registered for that purpose with the Urban District Council who may in their discretion, refuse any application for registration or revoke any registration previously made. Registration  
of contract-  
or.
4. Night-soil shall not be removed from any building or carried along any public street at any other time than between the hours of 9 p.m. and 6 a.m. unless approved by the Health Officer and by permission of the Urban District Council. And the remover shall carry a lighted lamp. Hours of  
clearing.
5. Any bucket or other receptacle containing night-soil shall not be emptied into any drain or sewer or public latrine or elsewhere, save in accordance with the directions, either general or special, of the Urban District Council on the recommendations of the Health Officer. Disposal.
6. Before removal of any pail from any premises the owner shall ensure that it shall contain a sufficient quantity of dry earth, sawdust, ashes or other suitable substance to act as absorbent and deodorant and shall provide water for the proper cleaning of the receptacle. Bucket to  
be provided  
with  
absorbents.
7. No person shall void any excrement or urine upon the floor of any latrine or upon any portion of the latrine other than in the receptacle furnished for that purpose. Public  
latrine.
8. (1) The owner of any premises shall provide and maintain one suitable latrine bucket for every three residential rooms in any one plot. Owner of  
premises to  
provide  
latrine  
accommoda-  
tion.

(2) The owner, or where all the premises are let to a single tenant such tenant, shall cause all such buckets or receptacles to be removed and emptied daily in accordance with the provision of these bye-laws.

9. (a) The sitting or squatting arrangements in a latrine shall be of a type approved by the Urban District Council and by the Health Officer.

(b) It shall be the responsibility of the person or persons residing in the premises to maintain the latrine therein in a clean and sanitary condition to the satisfaction of the Urban District Council.

Penalty.

10. Any person contravening or failing to comply with any of the provisions of bye-laws 3 and 9 shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction to a fine of ten pounds in respect of such offence.

Jurisdiction.

11. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed:—

(i) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court; and

(ii) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of Ikot Ekpene Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. INYANG, *Secretary*

J. E. UDOH, M.B.E., *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 15th day of February, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of April, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these by-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 170 of 1954

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

### THE ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MARKET) (AMENDMENT) BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 21st May, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, No. 16 of 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Market) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954.

E.R. Public  
Notice  
No. 292 of  
1953.

2. The proviso to bye-law 14 (1) of the Onitsha Northern District Council (Market) Bye-laws, 1953, is hereby amended by *deleting* the expression "Agricultural Ordinance (No. 37 of 1948)" which appears in proviso (a) thereto, and *substituting* the expression "Produce Inspection Ordinance (No. 24 of 1950)."

MADE by the Onitsha Northern District Council this 26th day of February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Northern District Council was affixed the 26th day of February, 1954, in the presence of:—

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 21st day of May, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 21st day of May, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 171 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*  
CALABAR WESTERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Western District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Western District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Calabar Western District Council shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Calabar Western District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3 (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the Child Welfare Services provided by the Calabar Western District Council for her child under the age of two years shall pay a fee of 2s 6d to the midwife in charge.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to treatment of the child in respect of whom it is paid for a period not exceeding twelve months from the date of payment.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Calabar Western District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

4. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Calabar Western District Council Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at home or at any place other than in the Calabar Western District Council Maternity Wards, shall pay a fee of 5s which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by the bye-law 2.

5. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each person who pays a fee.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall receive the fee, shall give a receipt therefor, and shall enter the name and address of the payer together with the date and the number of the receipt given, in a register to be kept for that purpose.

(3) If a person pays a fee and is transferred to another ward she shall be entitled to receive a copy of the record of treatment given without payment.

6. The midwife may remit wholly or in part the fee payable by any person on the ground of poverty.

MADE by resolution of the Council this 1st day of May, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Calabar Western District Council was affixed in the presence of:

O. E. EFIONG, *Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Calabar Western District Council*

H. T. EYO, *Chairman,*  
*Calabar Western District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 7th day of June, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 172 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

**MAMFE BAMENDA ROAD**

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the District Officers of the Bamenda and Mamfe Divisions by section II of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, and by Public Notice No. 107 of 1950, it is hereby notified for general information that the following traffic regulations have been made and shall come into force on the 1st day of July, 1954, and shall remain in force until the 31st day of October, 1954.

**MAMFE-BAMENDA ROAD**

*A. Vehicles exceeding 2 tons gross weight:*

(1) Vehicles exceeding 2 tons gross weight may pass in both directions at any time between Mamfe and milestone 12 and between milestone 64 and Bamenda.

(2) Between milestone 12 and milestone 64 vehicles exceeding 2 tons gross weight may pass:

(a) Mamfe to Bamenda on Mondays and Fridays.

(b) Bamenda to Mamfe on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

(3) Vehicles exceeding 2 tons gross weight are prohibited from using the sections of the road between milestone 12 and milestone 64 on Wednesdays, Thursdays and Sundays.

*B. Vehicles of under 2 tons gross weight (kit-cars, saloon cars, land rovers, station wagons) and Mail vehicles:*

(1) Vehicles of under 2 tons gross weight may pass in both directions at any time between Mamfe and milestone 12 and between milestone 64 and Bamenda.

(2) Between milestone 12 and milestone 64 vehicles of under 2 tons gross weight may pass:

(a) Mamfe to Bamenda on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

(b) Bamenda to Mamfe on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

(3) Between 7.0 p.m. and 5.0 a.m. vehicles of under 2 tons gross weight may pass in both directions over the whole length of the road on all days.

(4) From 5.0 a.m. to 7.0 p.m. on Sundays, vehicles of under 2 tons gross weight may pass from Mamfe to Bamenda with the prior permission of the District Officer, Mamfe, and from Bamenda to Mamfe with the prior permission of the District Officer, Bamenda, provided:

Vehicles travelling from Mamfe to Bamenda pass milestone 64 before 12 noon.

R. ANGELONI  
*District Officer, Bamenda*

D. G. CUDMORE  
*District Officer, Mamfe*

E.R.L.N. No. 173 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*Port Harcourt Township Ordinance*  
(No. 38 of 1948)

## PORT HARCOURT TOWN COUNCIL

(Date of Commencement: 26th May, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred on the Lieutenant-Governor by section 3 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance (No. 38 of 1948), His Honour has been pleased to appoint GOLDEN BETHEL SOMIARI, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, as a member of the Port Harcourt Town Council with effect from the 26th day of May, 1954.

2. The appointment of M. C. ONWUNYI, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, as a member of the Port Harcourt Town Council is hereby cancelled.

DATED at Enugu this 12th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 174 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BAMENDA SOUTH WESTERN FEDERATION NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF ANIMALS) RULES, 1954

(Date of commencement: 3rd June, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority (Control of Animals) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of Mbengwi Village, and shall come into operation on the 3rd day of June, 1954. Short title and application.

2. Definitions:—

Definitions.

“animals” means cattle, horses, sheep, goats, pigs together with their young;

“area” means the area of Mbengwi Village.

“native authority” means the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority to have charge of a pound.

3. Any animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority. Impounding of stray animals.

4. Any person who permits any animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days. Person permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.

Release of impounded animal on condition.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Bamenda South Western Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Impounded animal to be sold.

6. (1) Any animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such animals shall be paid into the Bamenda South Western Native Treasury.

Animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any animal within a pen in which he has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

**SCHEDULE**

*Penalties*

			£	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded	...	...	0	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded	...	...	0	2	0

*Expenses*

			£	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	0	0	6
2. In every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day	...	...	0	0	6

MADE under the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority this 9th day of March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority on the 9th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:—

D. A. ATIA, *Secretary,*  
South Western Federation  
Native Authority

L. N. BONANJAH, *President,*  
South Western Federation  
Native Authority

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 21st day of of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE.  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 175 of 1954

ORDER IN COUNCIL

*The Township Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

THE PORT HARCOURT TOWN COUNCIL (DISSOLUTION)  
ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 29th June, 1954)*

WHEREAS after due inquiry it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor in Council that the administration of the affairs of the Port Harcourt Town Council is wasteful and inefficient:

NOW THEREFORE, in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor in Council by sections 32 and 34 of the Township Ordinance, the following Order in Council is hereby made:—

1. This Order in Council may be cited as the Port Harcourt Town Council (Dissolution) Order in Council, 1954.

2. The Port Harcourt Town Council is dissolved with effect from noon on 29th June, 1954.

3. The persons whose names appear in the Schedule hereto are hereby nominated and appointed to form a Council for the Township of Port Harcourt which said Council shall be competent and is required to exercise all the powers and authorities vested in Port Harcourt Town Council dissolved under the provisions of section 2 of this Order in Council during the continuance of its appointment.

SCHEDULE

Mr G. C. Ikokwu.

Mr G. B. Somiari.

Mr D. K. Onwenu.

Mrs C. I. Okoye.

Mr J. J. Ogbuehi.

MADE by the Lieutenant-Governor in Council this 29th day of June, 1954.

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council, Eastern Region*



*E.R.L.N. No. 176 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE EASTERN-IBIBIO-IKONO DISTRICT COUNCIL

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

Date of commencement.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Eastern Ibibio-Ikono District Council is hereby amended as follows:—

Amendment of P.N.E.R. 17 of March 24, 1951.

Amendment of paragraph 3. (a) By adding the expression "The Itu-Mbuzo Local Council" after the expression "The Nkalu Local Council."

Amendment of paragraph 4. (b) By the deletion of the word "forty-eight" in paragraph 4 and the substitution of the word "fifty-one."

Amendment of paragraph 6. (c) By adding the expression "Itu-Mbuzo . . . 3" after the expression "Nkalu . . . 3."

Amendment of paragraph 10. (d) By adding the following proviso to paragraph 10:

"Provided that the first election to the Council from the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council shall be held between the 1st and the 30th days of June, 1954."

Amendment of paragraph 12. (e) By adding the following proviso to paragraph 12:

"Provided that the councillors elected to the Council from the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council shall retire at the same time as other councillors."

MADE by the Regional Authority this 8th day of June, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 177 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE IKOT EKPENE COUNTY COUNCIL

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

Date of  
commence-  
ment.

Amendment  
of P.N. E.R.  
1 of March  
24, 1951.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 9 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Ikot Ekpene County Council is hereby amended as follows:—

New paragraph 3.

(a) By the deletion of paragraph 3 thereof and the substitution therefor of the following: "3. The area of the authority of the Council shall be the area comprising the administrative division of Ikot Ekpene and the area of the authority of the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council."

Amendment of paragraph 4. (b) By the deletion of the word "forty" in paragraph 4 and the substitution of the word "forty-one."

Amendment of paragraph 6 (2). (c) By the deletion of the word "thirty-six" in paragraph 6 (2) and the substitution therefor of the word "thirty-seven," and by adding the expression "Itu-Mbuzo . . . 1" after the expression "Nkalu . . . 1".

Amendment of paragraph 11. (d) By adding the following proviso to paragraph 11:

"Provided that the first election to the Council from the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council shall be held between the 1st and the 30th days of June, 1954."

Amendment of paragraph 13. (e) By adding the following proviso to paragraph 13:

"Provided that the councillor elected from the Itu-Mbuzo Local Council shall retire at the same time as other councillors."

MADE by the Regional Authority this 8th day of June, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 178 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
**THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (OBSTRUCTION  
 AND NUISANCES IN STREETS) BYE-LAWS, 1954**  
*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Obstructions and Nuisances in Streets) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. In these bye-laws:—

"council" means the Aba Urban District Council.

"owner" and "occupier" have the means assigned to those terms in the Assessment Ordinance.

"street" includes all roads, bridges, carriage ways, cartways, footways, causeways and pavement, and also for the purposes of bye-laws 5 to 7 includes any open space not being the property of a private owner.

Definitions.

3. (1) No person shall, without the consent of the Council:—

(a) wilfully displace, or take up or injure the pavement stones or materials of any street, or cultivate or otherwise turn to his private use any part of any street;

(b) alter the height, width or level of any paved or other footway in any street;

(c) erect any building, fence or other thing whatsoever upon any street or so as to encroach on any street;

(d) in any way stop up any street or obstruct the traffic in any street;

(e) change or attempt to change the course of any watercourse or street drain;

(f) cut, uproot, lop, injure or destroy any tree growing in any street.

Interfering  
with and  
obstructing  
street.

(2) No person shall, being the occupier of land (other than a Government servant occupying Government land) or the owner of unoccupied land, permit any tree or hedge growing thereon to interfere with the traffic on any street or to be a danger to the public or to cause damage to the surface of any street.

(3) Any person who without the consent of the Council—

(a) wilfully displaces, takes up or injures the pavement stones or materials of any street or cultivates or otherwise turns to his private use any part of any street, or

(b) alters the height, width or level of any paved or other footway in any street, or

(c) erects any building, fence or other thing whatsoever upon any street or so as to encroach on any street, or

(d) in any way stops up any street or obstructs the traffic in any street, or

(e) changes or attempts to change the course of any watercourse or street drain, or

(f) cuts, uproots, injures, lops or destroys any tree growing in any street, or

(g) being the occupier of land (other than a Government servant occupying Government land) or the owner of unoccupied land permits any tree or hedge growing thereon to interfere with the traffic on any street or to be a danger to the public or to cause damage to the surface of any street;

shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of five pounds for each and every such offence.

(4) The Council may serve a notice on any person who has committed or is committing an offence under paragraphs (1) or (2) requiring such person forthwith or within such time as may be stated in the notice to take such action in relation to the matter or thing constituting the offence or by which or in relation to which the offence is committed as the Council may specify in such notice to prevent a continuance or recurrence of the contravention or to reinstate any matter or thing as it was before the offence was committed.

(5) Any person who fails to comply with such notice shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable, in addition to any other penalties which may be imposed under paragraph (3) of this bye-law to a fine of two pounds for every day after the expiration of the notice during which such failure continues. The Council may itself take the action required and recover the expense of doing so as a debt due to the Council by the person to whom the notice is addressed.

Removal of projections made before commencement of bye-laws.

4. (1) If any porch, shed, verandah, projecting window, step, or pavement, sign post, show board or any other obstruction or projection shall have been erected or placed against or in front of any house or building before the commencement of these bye-laws and shall be an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any street the Council may cause the same to be removed or altered as may seem fit, after giving notice of such intended removal or alteration to the occupier or owner if the occupier is not found, of the house or building against or in front of which such obstruction or projection is, thirty days before the alteration or removal is begun and if such obstruction or projection shall have been lawfully made, reasonable compensation shall be paid out of the funds of the council, to any person who may suffer damage by such alteration or removal.

Compensation.

(2) Either the Council or a claimant for compensation may refer any question arising out of a claim for compensation to a Magistrate having jurisdiction in the area of authority of the Council, and such Magistrate shall have jurisdiction to determine any such question and his decision shall be binding on all parties:

Provided that any party dissatisfied with such decision may appeal to the Supreme Court within thirty days of such decision.

Obstructions and nuisance.

5. (1) Any person who—
- (i) without the consent of the council places or leaves any lumber, brick, stone, iron, timber, cable, anchor, bale punchcon, cask, box or other impediment whatsoever in any street so as to obstruct, endanger or annoy any person lawfully using such street; or
  - (ii) fastens any animal in any street so as to obstruct, endanger or annoy any person lawfully using such street; or
  - (iii) rides or drives furiously any animal or vehicle in any street; or
  - (iv) throws or discharges any stone or other missiles in or into any street or place of public resort; or

Tethering animals in streets.

Riding or driving furiously.

Throwing missiles.

- (v) in any street or place of public resort, or within sight or hearing of any person therein, disturbs the peace by quarrelling or attempting to quarrel or by using any insolent, scurrilous or abusive term of reproach; or Quarrelling or scolding.
- (vi) in any street or place of public resort or within sight or hearing of any person therein, with the intention of annoying or irritating any person, sings any scurrilous or abusive song or words whether any person be particularly addressed therein or not; or Singing offensive songs.
- (vii) in any street or place of public resort makes any loud and unnecessary noise which might reasonably annoy any person; or Loud and unnecessary noise.
- (viii) assembles with any other person in any street or place of public resort for any idle, vicious or disorderly purpose to the annoyance of any person lawfully using such street or place or any place in the neighbourhood thereof and does not move away when required by any constable; or Assembling for idle vicious or disorderly purpose.
- (ix) in any street or place of public resort is guilty of any riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour to the obstruction or annoyance of any person lawfully using such street or place or any place in the neighbourhood thereof; or Riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour in public.
- (x) in any private or enclosed place is guilty of any riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour to the annoyance of any person lawfully using any place in the neighbourhood thereof; or Riotous, disorderly or insulting behaviour in public.
- (xi) is drunk and guilty of disorderly or indecent behaviour in any street or place of public resort; or Drunk and disorderly.
- (xii) is guilty of any disorderly or indecent behaviour in any Police Station or lock-up; or Disorderly or indecent behaviour in Police Station.
- (xiii) behaves irreverently in or near any church, chapel, mosque or other place appropriated to religious worship; or Irreverence in churches.
- (xiv) behaves irreverently or insultingly in or near any burial ground during a funeral; or Insulting funerals.
- (xv) without the permission of the owner or occupier affixes any placard or other thing to or writes upon, soils or marks any building, wall, fence pillar, or post; or Pasting bills.
- (xvi) wilfully defaces any public lawful notice or removes the same from any place where it is lawfully affixed; or Defacing posters.
- (xvii) drives any vehicle in any street between sun-set and sun-rise without a lighted lamp sufficient to warn persons in such street; or Driving without lamp.
- (xviii) leaves any vehicle standing in any street without having some proper person to hold any animal which may be attached to the same; or Leaving draught animal unattended.
- (xix) when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street fails to keep such vehicle or animal on his left side of such street on meeting or being overtaken by any vehicle or animal; or Failing to keep to the left.
- (xx) when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street fails to keep such vehicle or animal on the right of any vehicle or animal which he may overtake; or Failing to pass to the right.

Damaging walls, etc.	(xxi)	when driving any vehicle or riding any animal in any street removes, destroys, knocks down, injures or defaces any wall, fence, railing, hedge, gate, pavement, kerb, lamp post, telegraph or telephone post, post office pillar box, water fountain or tree; or
Obstructing traffic.	(xxii)	wilfully or by negligence prevents, hinders or interrupts in any street the free passage of any person or vehicle or animal;
Vehicle obstructing traffic.	(xxiii)	draws up any vehicle so as to obstruct the free passage along any street; or
Improperly propelling rickshaw.	(xxiv)	propels any go-cart or rickshaw otherwise than by holding the pole or shafts; or
Leaving block for stopping wheel in street.	(xxv)	having blocked or stopped the wheel of any vehicle in any street allows the stone or other thing with which he may have blocked or stopped such wheel to remain on such street;
Penalty.		shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings or imprisonment for fourteen days:
Saving clause.		Provided that a person may push or pull at a walking pace an unmounted cycle or an empty rickshaw or go-cart without a lighted lamp, so long as such cycle or rickshaw or go-cart is kept at its proper side of the street.
Arrest of offenders.		(2) Any person found committing any offence punishable under this bye-law may be taken into custody without warrant by any Police Officer or person whom he may call to his aid or by the owner or occupier of the property on or with respect to which the offence is committed or by his servant or person authorised by him, and may be detained until he can be delivered into the custody of a Police Officer.
Discharging firearms, etc., prohibited.		6. (1) Any person who discharges any firearm, or sets fire to any firework in any street or in any house or building or within the curtilage thereof shall be guilty of an offence and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of ten pounds for each and every such offence.
Arrest of offenders.		(2) An offender may be taken into custody without warrant as in the case of persons contravening bye-law 5.
Liability of occupier of house in which firearms discharged.		(3) If it is proved that a firearm has been discharged in, or within the curtilage of, any house or building and the person doing so has not been identified, the occupier of such house or building if within the premises at the time the offence was committed, shall be liable to a fine of ten pounds.
Beating drums, etc., without permission unlawful. Schedule.		7. (1) It shall not be lawful for any person without the permission in writing of the Council, which shall be issued either free or on payment as provided in the Schedule, to assemble or be in any premises beating any drum, gong, tomtom or other instrument or beating or clapping with his hands or dancing thereto, and any Police Officer by himself, or with such assistance as he may take to his aid, may warn the persons so unlawfully assembled to depart.
Penalty and arrest of persons refusing to desist.		(2) Whoever after being so warned shall not depart forthwith (except the persons actually dwelling in such house or building) may be apprehended without warrant by any Police Officer or person acting in his aid, and shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of ten shillings for each and every such offence.
Penalty on occupier of house, etc.		(3) The occupier of such premises who shall have permitted such persons unlawfully to assemble, or be therein as aforesaid, shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings, and every drum, gong, tomtom or other instrument found in the premises shall be liable to forfeiture.

(4) This bye-law shall not apply to military or Police bands.

8. Any court may prohibit during the hours of its sitting and at any place within a radius of three hundred yards from the building where such sitting is held any beating of drums, gongs, tomtoms, or other instruments, or other loud noises of any kind or description, and whosever being required by any constable or officer of the court to desist from beating any drum, gong, tomtom or other instrument, or from making any other noise as aforesaid, fails to comply with such requisition shall for every offence be liable to a penalty of forty shillings, and may be apprehended by any Police Officer without warrant.

Court may prohibit drumming, etc., during sittings.

9. Any Police Officer may enter any premises for the purpose of arresting or taking the name of a person whom he has reason to believe is guilty of an offence against any provisions of bye-laws 32 to 35 inclusive.

Right of police to enter premises.

### SCHEDULE

#### *Licence for Drumming*

Between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m. ... .. free

Between 10 p.m. and 6 a.m., per hour or part thereof 5s

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 27th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 17th day of June, 1954.

BY virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 179 of 1954*

### PUBLIC NOTICE

#### DIRECTION UNDER SECTION 37 OF THE BIRTHS, DEATHS AND BURIALS ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 20)

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

Under section 37 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to direct that the public burial grounds specified in the second column of the Schedule hereto shall be under the control and management of the Council shown in the third column of the Schedule.

2. Public Notice E.R.L.N. No. 141 of 1954 is hereby cancelled.

### SCHEDULE

1	2	3
Onitsha Province	All public cemeteries in Enugu other than the military cemetery	Enugu Urban District Council

MADE by the Licutenant-Governor at Enugu, this 23rd day of March, 1954.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council,  
Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 180 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*  
**THE BAMENDA NORTH WESTERN FEDERATION NATIVE  
 AUTHORITY (MATERNITY FEES) RULES, 1954**

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority (Maternity Fees) Rules, 1954, and shall come into force on the date of publication in the *Regional Gazette*.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority shall pay a fee of five shillings to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the Maternity Ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement, or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Wards established and maintained by the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

(3) Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a Native Authority Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Native Authority Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of five shillings which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife to waive the payment of fees in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose and every entry must be countersigned by a member of the Native Authority.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority, this 6th day of March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda North Western Federation Native Authority on 6th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Council Secretary*

Chief NGAH, *President*  
 J. C. KANGSEN,  
 L. A. NING,  
 P. NJEMBU } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 25th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 181 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

Order MADE UNDER *The Forestry Ordinance (Cap. 75)**Date of Commencement 8th July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Oban Hills and Oban Group Forest Reserves (Amendment) Order, 1954. Short title.

2. The order dated the 10th of April, 1920, and published in the *Nigeria Gazette* of the 22nd of April, 1920, and the order numbered Order No. 20 of 1932, published in the *Nigeria Gazette* of the 13th October, 1932, are hereby further revised and modified by deleting the Schedules thereto and by substituting the following First and Second Schedules therefor:—

## FIRST SCHEDULE

Modification and revision of order dated 10th April, 1920, and Order No. 20 of 1932.

All that piece of land containing one thousand four hundred and forty-five square miles or thereabouts situated in the northern and central parts of the Calabar Division of the Calabar Province from which are excluded those pieces of land hereinafter described respectively as Area No. 1 (Mkpot Village), Area No. 2 (Ekonganaku Village), Area No. 3 (Mbot Akpa Village), Area No. 4 (Mbot Akpa Beach), Area No. 5 (Ikot Ewa Village), Area No. 6 (Okoroba Village), Area No. 7 (Njakasang Village), Area No. 8 (Isong Inyang Village), Area No. 9 (Etokumi Village), Area No. 10 (Nkunuya Village), and Area No. 11 (Mbarakpa Village) and bounded as follows:—

## A.—EXTERNAL BOUNDARIES

*East (Southwards).*—Starting from a point marked by Beacon C. 17 on the left bank of the Achan River where it is joined by the path from Mkpot to Mfamnyen the approximate co-ordinates of which point measured from the Nigerian Survey Map: 1: 500,000 Sheet No. 15 of 1949 are longitude 8° 50' East and latitude 5° 40' North, by the left bank of the Achan River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of about 8½ miles to Beacon 1; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 246° for a distance of 2 miles 1,248 feet to Beacon 2 on the right bank of the Anya River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 292° for a distance of 56 feet to Beacon 2B on the left bank of the Anya River; thence by the left bank of the Anya River upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,402 feet to Beacon 2C on the left bank of the Anya River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 185° for a distance of 46 feet to Beacon 2A on the right bank of the Anya River where it joins the left bank of the Enim Ayip Stream; thence by the left bank of the Enim Ayip Stream upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,642 feet to Beacon 3 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,714 feet to Beacon 4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 260° for a distance of 1 mile 2,370 feet to Beacon 5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 174° for a distance of 1 mile 3,220 feet to Beacon 6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 92° for a distance of 5,200 feet to Beacon 7 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 2,720 feet to Beacon 8; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 310° for a distance of 4,800 feet to Beacon 9; thence

by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $225^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2 miles 240 feet to Beacon 10; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $136^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,300 feet to Beacon 11 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $102^{\circ}$  for a distance of 34 feet to Beacon 11A on the left hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $102^{\circ}$  for a distance of 207 feet to Beacon 12 on the right bank of the Ikai Stream; thence by the right bank of the Ikai Stream downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,465 feet to Beacon 13 at the point where the right bank of the Ikai Stream is joined by the right bank of the Eku River; thence by the right bank of the Eku River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 4,880 feet to Beacon 14; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $276^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 175 feet to Beacon 15; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $196^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,309 feet to Beacon 16 on the right bank of the Ajen River where it joins the left bank of the Arap Stream; thence by the left bank of the Arap Stream upstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 772 feet to Beacon 17 on the left bank of the Arap Stream where it is met by the path from Okarara to Aking; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $179^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,800 feet to Beacon 18; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,350 feet to Beacon 19 on the right bank of the Eku River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $88^{\circ}$  for a distance of 121 feet to Beacon 20 on the left bank of the Eku River; thence by the left bank of the Eku River upstream in a general north-westerly and then north-easterly direction for a distance of 4,700 feet to Beacon 21 on the left bank of the Eku River where it is met by the path from Okarara to Abung; thence by the right hand side of the path from Okarara to Abung in a general easterly direction for a distance of 4 miles 2,952 feet to Beacon 22; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 746 feet to Beacon 23; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $360^{\circ}$  for a distance of 894 feet to Beacon 24 on the right hand side of the path from Okarara to Abung; thence by the right hand side of the path from Okarara to Abung in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 326 feet to Beacon 25 at a point on the old site of Abung Village where a path leaves Old Abung for Nkundip; thence by the right hand side of the path from Old Abung to Nkundip in a general southerly direction for a distance of 2,979 feet to Beacon 26; thence by the right hand side of the path from Abung to Nkundip in a general southerly and then easterly direction for a distance of 11 miles 1,824 feet to Beacon 27; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $207^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,184 feet to Beacon 28; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,068 feet to Beacon 29 at the junction of the path from Ekong to Ekonganaku with the path from Nkundip to Ekonganaku; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ekonganaku to Ekong in a general easterly direction for a distance of 4,574 feet to Beacon 30 on the right bank of the Dubet River; thence by the right bank of the Dubet River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,221 feet to Beacon 31 where the right bank of the Dubet River joins the right bank of the Akpakorop River; thence by the right bank of the Akpakorop River downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 20 miles 137 feet to Beacon 32 at Home Beach; thence by a path in a general north-westerly and then westerly direction for a distance of 3,954 feet to Beacon 33; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,859 feet to Beacon 34; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2 miles 727 feet to Beacon 35; thence by a straight

line cut on a bearing of  $90^\circ$  for a distance of 1 mile 250 feet to Beacon 36 on the right bank of the Akpakorop River; thence by the right bank of the Akpakorop River downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 84 feet to Beacon 37 at the point where the right bank of the Akpakorop River joins the left bank of the Ikpan River; thence

*South (westwards)*:—By the left bank of the Ikpan River upstream in a general westerly and then northerly direction for a distance of 10 miles 4,500 feet to Beacon 38; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $250^\circ$  for a distance of 250 feet to Beacon 39 at the point where the right bank of the Ikpan River joins the left bank of the Ekinta River; thence by the left bank of the Ekinta River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about 10 miles to Beacon 40 at the point where the left bank of the Ekinta River is met by the right hand side of the path from Ekonganaku to Mfamosing; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ekonganaku to Mfamosing in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,565 feet to Beacon 41; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $360^\circ$  for a distance of 3 miles 4,030 feet following the B.C.C. Schemes eastern boundary to Beacon F3036; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^\circ$  for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon 42 on the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Neghe; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Neghe in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 5 miles 2,579 feet to Beacon 43 on the right bank of Nnanum River; thence by the right bank of the Nnanum River downstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,124 feet to Beacon 44 at the point where the right bank of the Nnanum River joins the right bank of the Ikpan River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $115^\circ$  for a distance of 180 feet to Beacon 45 on the left bank of the Ikpan River; thence by the left bank of the Ikpan River upstream in a general northerly then easterly and then northerly direction for a distance of 29 miles 907 feet to Beacon 46 at the point where the left bank of the Ikpan River is met by the right hand side of the path from Mkpote to the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $188^\circ$  for a distance of 59 feet to Beacon 46A where the right bank of the Ikpan River is met by the right hand side of the path from Mkpote to the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mkpote to the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,302 feet to Beacon 47 on the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,770 feet to Beacon 48; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^\circ$  for a distance of 2,270 feet to Beacon 49 on the left bank of the Ibe River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $256^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 96 feet to Beacon 49A on the right bank of the Ibe River; thence by the right bank of the Ibe River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,682 feet to Beacon 50 at the point where the right bank of the Ibe River meets the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mamfe to Calabar in a general southerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 315 feet to Beacon 51; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^\circ$  for a distance of 2 miles 2,296 feet to Beacon 52; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $310^\circ$  for a distance of 234 feet to Beacon 53; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^\circ$  for a distance of 3 miles 2,637 feet to Beacon 54 on the left bank of the Ime River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^\circ$  for a distance of 4 miles 1,610 feet to Beacon 55 on the right hand side of the path from Nsan to Oban; thence by the right hand side of the

path from Nsan to Oban in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,721 feet to Beacon 56 on the right bank of the Ojikugi River; thence by the right bank of the Ojikugi River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 12 miles 4,920 feet to Beacon 57 where the right bank of the Ojikugi River joins the left bank of the Kwa River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $301^\circ$  for a distance of 189 feet to Beacon 58 on the right bank of the Kwa River; thence by the right bank of the Kwa River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 7 miles 1,590 feet to Beacon 59 where the right bank of the Kwa River is met by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Okoroba; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Okoroba in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 1,137 feet to Beacon 60; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^\circ$  for a distance of 2 miles 4,885 feet to Beacon 61 on the left bank of the Mbukayip River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $300^\circ$  for a distance of 68 feet to Beacon 62 on the right bank of the Mbukayip River; thence by the right bank of the Mbukayip River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,307 feet to Beacon 63 where the right bank of the Mbukayip River is met by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 5,258 feet to Beacon 64 on the left bank of the Odot Stream; thence by the left bank of the Odot Stream upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 888 feet to Beacon 65 on the left bank of the Odot Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $246^\circ$  for a distance of 587 feet to Beacon 66; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $152^\circ$  for a distance of 326 feet to Beacon 67 on the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini in a general westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 446 feet to Beacon 68 on the right bank of the Ekprimon Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $352^\circ$  for a distance of 507 feet to Beacon 69 on the right bank of the Nsansa Stream; thence by the right bank of the Nsansa Stream downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 809 feet to Beacon 70 at the point where the right bank of the Nsansa Stream is met by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini; thence by the right hand side of the path from Aningeje to Etangkpini in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,136 feet to Beacon 71A on the left bank of the Monaya River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $298^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon 71 on the right bank of the Monaya River; thence by the right bank of the Monaya River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4,500 feet to Beacon 72 (Iron Post) where the right bank of the Monaya River joins the right bank of the Kwa River; thence by the right bank of the Kwa River downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2,380 feet to Beacon 73 (Iron Post) where the left bank of the Enang River joins the right bank of the Kwa River; thence by the left bank of the Enang River upstream in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of about 2 miles to Beacon 74 where the left bank of the Enang River meets the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to Aningeje; thence by the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to Aningeje in a general easterly direction for a distance of 3,250 feet to Beacon 75 on the left bank of the Monafiong Asuquo Stream; thence by the left bank of the Monafiong Asuquo Stream upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3,950 feet to Beacon 76; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $306^\circ$  for a distance of 1,090 feet to Beacon 77; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $262^\circ$  for a distance

of 1 mile 170 feet to Beacon 78 on the right bank of the Atauiana Stream; thence by the right bank of the Ataniana Stream downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 358 feet to Beacon 79 where the right bank of the Ataniana Stream meets the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to New Netim; thence by the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to New Netim in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3,396 feet to Beacon 80 on the left bank of the Erokut River; thence by the left bank of the Erokut River upstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2,354 feet to Beacon 81 (Iron Post); thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $204^{\circ}$  for a distance of 100 feet to Beacon 82 at the point where the right bank of the Erokut River meets the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to New Netim; thence by the right hand side of the path from Etangkpini to New Netim in a general westerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 110 feet to Beacon 83; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $17^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,360 feet to Beacon 84; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $360^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,657 feet to Beacon 85; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $283^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,940 feet to Beacon 86 on the right hand side of the road from Odukpani to Arochuku; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $283^{\circ}$  for a distance of 55 feet to Beacon 87 on the left hand side of the road from Odukpani to Arochuku; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $283^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 314 feet to Beacon 88; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $340^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,256 feet to Beacon 89; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $295^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3,225 feet to Beacon 90 on the left bank of the Idiok Idim Stream; thence by the left bank of the Idiok Idim Stream upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1,300 feet to Beacon 91; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $270^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 16 feet to Beacon 92 on the right bank of the Idiok Idim Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,785 feet to Beacon 93 on the left bank of the Akpa Ikpon River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $260^{\circ}$  for a distance of 56 feet to Beacon 94 on the right bank of the Akpa Ikpon River; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:

<i>From Beacon</i>		<i>To Beacon</i>	
<i>Number</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>Number</i>
94	$260^{\circ} 00'$	2,036 feet	95
95	$291^{\circ} 00'$	4,224 feet	96
96	$23^{\circ} 30'$	1 mile 2,473 feet	97
97	$294^{\circ} 30'$	3,790 feet	98
98	$327^{\circ} 00'$	2,094 feet	99

on the left bank of the Afia Idim Stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $327^{\circ}$  for a distance of 90 feet to Beacon 100 on the right bank of the Afia Idim Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $289^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 766 feet to Beacon 101 on the left hand side of the path from Okoyong Usan Abasi to Njakasang; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $289^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,836 feet to Beacon 102; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $260^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,008 feet to Beacon 103; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $339^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,493 feet to Beacon 104; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $261^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,700 feet to Beacon 105 on the left bank of the Odun Ikpon Stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $285^{\circ}$  for a distance of 13 feet to Beacon 105A on the right bank of the Odun Ikpon Stream; thence by the right bank of the Odun Ikpon Stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1,158 feet to Beacon 106A; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $145^{\circ}$  for a distance

of 10 feet to Beacon 106 on the left bank of the Odun Ikpon Stream; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon Number</i>	<i>Bearings</i>	<i>Lengths</i>	<i>To Beacon Number</i>
106	170° 30'	3,549 feet	107
107	229° 00'	2,540 feet	108
108	136° 00'	1 mile 450 feet	109
109	260° 00'	1 mile 4,652 feet	110
110	0° 00'	708 feet	111
111	270° 30'	1,957 feet	112
112	179° 00'	3,138 feet	113
113	261° 00'	4,511 feet	114
114	352° 00'	404 feet	115 (Iron Post)

situated on the left bank of the Calabar River; thence

*West (northwards):*—By the left bank of the Calabar River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,520 feet to Beacon 116 (Iron Post) where the left bank of the Calabar River meets the path from Ikot Ekanem Inyang to Ikot Ekanem Inyang Beach; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 110° 30' for a distance of 1,060 feet to Beacon 117 on the right hand side of the path from Ikot Ekanem Inyang to Atan; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 110° 30' for a distance of 2,585 feet to Beacon 118; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 44° for a distance of 1,651 feet to Beacon 119; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 314° 30' for a distance of 3,900 feet to Beacon 120 on the left hand side of the path from Ikot Ekanem Inyang to Esin Ufot; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 314° 30' for a distance of 1,912 feet to Beacon 121; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 270° 30' for a distance of 2,800 feet to Beacon 122 (Iron Post) on the left bank of the Calabar River; thence by the left bank of the Calabar River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 2,260 feet to Beacon 123 (Iron Post) at the junction of the left bank of the Calabar River with the right hand side of the path from Freetown Beach to Mbarakom; thence by the right hand side of the path from Freetown Beach to Mbarakom in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1,040 feet to Beacon 124 at the point where the right hand side of the path from Freetown Beach to Mbarakom meets the right side of the old telegraph line trace from Uwet to Mbarakom; thence by the right side of the old telegraph line trace from Uwet to Mbarakom in a general easterly direction for a distance of 7 miles 3,166 feet to Beacon 129; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 148° for a distance of 1,650 feet to Beacon 130 on the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Isong Inyang; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 148° for a distance of 2,610 feet to Beacon 131; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 182° for a distance of 3,680 feet to Beacon 132; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 82° for a distance of 1 mile 248 feet to Beacon 133; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 27° 30' for a distance of 2,324 feet to Beacon 134 on the right hand side of the road from Mbarakom to Odukpani; thence by the right hand side of the road from Mbarakom to Odukpani in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 5,100 feet to Beacon 135 on the right hand side of the road from Arochuku to Odukpani; thence by the right hand side of the road from Arochuku to Odukpani in a general southerly direction for a distance of 4,105 feet to Beacon 136; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 86° for a distance of 55 feet to Beacon 137 on the left hand side of the road from Arochuku to

Odukpani; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

From Beacon			To Beacon
Number	Bearing	Length	Number
137	86° 00'	2,798 feet	138
138	356° 30'	1 mile 2,374 feet	139
139	59° 30'	1,585 feet	140
140	0° 30'	4,520 feet	141
141	300° 00'	800 feet	142
142	270° 00'	4,227 feet	143

situated on the right hand side of the road from Odukpani to Arochuku; thence by the right hand side of the road from Odukpani to Arochuku in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,065 feet to Beacon 144 at the point where the right hand side of the motor road from Odukpani to Arochuku meets the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Nsan; thence by the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Nsan in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles 1,258 feet to Beacon 145; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 184° for a distance of 1,137 feet to Beacon 146; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 105° for a distance of 1,550 feet to Beacon 147 on the right hand side of the path from Nsan to Etokumi; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 105° for a distance of 460 feet to Beacon 148; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 360° for a distance of 450 feet to Beacon 149 on the left hand side of the path from Nsan to Nkunaya; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 360° for a distance of 2,889 feet to Beacon 150; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 255° 30' for a distance of 1,257 feet to Beacon 151 on the right hand side of the path from Nsan to Obung; thence by the right hand side of the path from Nsan to Obung in a general northerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,208 feet to Beacon 152; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 1 mile 4,933 feet to Beacon 153; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 340° for a distance of 1 mile 2,796 feet to Beacon 154; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 2,750 feet to Beacon 155 on the right bank of the Ibari Stream; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 90° for a distance of 42 feet to Beacon 156 on the left bank of the Ibari Stream; thence by the left bank of the Ibari Stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,050 feet to Beacon 157; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 9° for a distance of 3,620 feet to Beacon 158 on the right hand side of the path from Ibom Etara to Obung; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ibom Etara to Obung in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,587 feet to Beacon 159 on the right bank of the Ayip Oyoreh River; thence by the right bank of the Ayip Oyoreh River downstream in a general westerly then southerly and then westerly direction for a distance of 4 miles 31 feet to Beacon 160 at the point where the right bank of the Ayip Oyoreh River meets the right hand side of the path from Netim to Ekuri Awai; thence by the right hand side of the path from Netim to Ekuri Awai in a general northerly direction for a distance of 3 miles 2,645 feet to Beacon 161 on the left bank of the Downya River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 15° for a distance of 114 feet to Beacon 162 on the right bank of the Downya River; thence by the right bank of the Downya River downstream in a general westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 118 feet to Beacon 163 at the junction of the right bank of the Downya River with the left bank of the Calabar River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of 279° for a distance of 245 feet to Beacon 164 on the right bank of the Calabar River; thence by the

right bank of the Calabar River downstream in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,621 feet to Beacon 165 at the point where the right bank of the Calabar River meets the right hand side of the path from Netim to Ojor Nkonemba (Old Ojor Site); thence by the right hand side of the path from Netim to Ojor Nkonemba (Old Ojor Site) in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 5 miles 5,029 feet to Beacon 166 at the point where the right hand side of the path from Netim to Ojor Nkonemba (Old Ojor Nkonemba Site) meets the right hand side of the path from Ojor to Ifumkpa; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ojor to Ifumkpa in a general northerly direction for a distance of 6 miles 1,022 feet to Beacon 167 at a distance of about 500 feet south of Ifumkpa Village; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 1,523 feet to Beacon 168; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $360^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,133 feet to Beacon 169; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ}$  for a distance of 570 feet to Beacon 170 on the right hand side of the path from Ifumkpa to Ekuri Awai; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ifumkpa to Ekuri Awai in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 19 miles 4,990 feet to Beacon 171 at a distance of about 615 feet south of Ekuri Awai Village; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $105^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,640 feet to Beacon 172 on the left bank of the Bija River; thence by the left bank of the Bija River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 2 miles 470 feet to Beacon 173; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 54 feet to Beacon 174 on the right bank of the Bija River; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $90^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,320 feet to Beacon 175; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $343^{\circ} 30'$  for a distance of 3 miles 1,943 feet to Beacon 176; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $322^{\circ}$  for a distance of 928 feet to Beacon 177 on the right hand side of the path from Ekuri Awai to Etara; thence by the right hand side of the path from Ekuri Awai to Etara in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 6 miles 229 feet to Beacon 178 at a distance of about 4,160 feet south-west of Etara Village; thence

*North (eastwards):*—By a straight line cut on a bearing of  $108^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,032 feet to Beacon 179 on the left bank of the Ukpou River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $108^{\circ}$  for a distance of 154 feet to Beacon C. 30 on the right bank of the Ukpou River; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $108^{\circ}$  for a distance of 21 miles 4,700 feet following the southern boundary of the Cross River South Forest Reserve to the starting point.

#### B.—INTERNAL BOUNDARIES

##### *Area No. 1 (Mkpot Village)*

All that piece of land containing two decimal two three square miles or thereabouts and situated in the north-eastern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the left hand side of the path from Mkpot to Mfamnyen meets the right bank of the Arip River and marked by Beacon MK1; by the left hand side of the path from Mkpot to Mfamnyen in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,770 feet to Beacon NK2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 470 feet to Beacon MK3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,784 feet to Beacon MK4 on the left hand side of the path from Osumba to Mkpot; thence by the left hand side of the path from Osumba to Mkpot in a general north-westerly direction for a distance of 605 feet to Beacon MK5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $315^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,933 feet to Beacon MK6 on the right

bank of the Akarim River; thence by the right bank of the Akarim River downstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,470 feet to Beacon MK7 at the point where the right bank of the Akarim River is joined by the left bank of the Arip River; thence by the left bank of the Arip River upstream in a general south-easterly direction for a distance of 1,947 feet to Beacon MK7A; thence by a straight line on a bearing of  $118^{\circ}$  for a distance of 238 feet across the Arip River to the starting point.

*Area No. 2 (Ekonganaku Village)*

All that piece of land containing ten decimal four three square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-eastern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the left hand side of the path from Nkundip to Ekonganaku meets the left bank of the Ikot Okpo Ngon Eyo River and marked by Beacon E1 by the left hand side of the path from Nkundip to Ekonganaku in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1,885 feet to Beacon E2 on the right bank of the Ikot Okpo Stream; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $99^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 1,081 feet to Beacon E3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $180^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 2,145 feet to Beacon E4 at the junction of the path from Erat to Ekonganaku with a path from Ekondo Ekondo (deserted) to Esuk Aye; thence by the left hand side of the path from Ekondo Ekondo (deserted) to Esuk Aye in a general southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 3,758 feet to Beacon E5 situated at the junction of this path with the path from Ekonganaku to Esuk Aye; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $270^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4 miles 3,140 feet to Beacon E6 on the left bank of the Ikpan River; thence by the left bank of the Ikpan River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,390 feet to Beacon E7 at the point where the left bank of the Ikot Okpo Ngon Eyo Stream meets the left bank of the Ikpan River; thence by the left bank of the Ikot Okpo Ngon Eyo Stream upstream in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 3 miles 2,610 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 3 (Mbot Akpa Village)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal three seven square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-eastern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from Beacon MA8 at the point where the path from Ekonganaku to Mkpot Akpa meets the left bank of the Amimi Stream by the left bank of the Amimi Stream upstream in a general easterly direction for a distance of 2,269 feet to Beacon MA1; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $205^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,939 feet to Beacon MA2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $263^{\circ}$  for a distance of 2,846 feet to Beacon MA3 on the left bank of the Amimi Stream; thence by the left bank of the Amimi Stream upstream in a general northerly then easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 2,354 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 4 (Mbot Akpa Beach)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal two one square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-eastern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Ikpan River approximately one and three quarter miles upstream from the confluence of the Ikpan and Ekinta Rivers and marked by Beacon MA4 by a straight line cut on a bearing of the  $126^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,240 feet to Beacon MA5; thence

by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $210^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,804 feet to Beacon MA6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $289^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,473 feet to Beacon MA7 on the left bank of the Ikpan River; thence by the left bank of the Ikpan River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4,472 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 5 (Ikot Ewa Village)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal five four square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-eastern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point on the left bank of the Mburukpa River approximately one and one quarter miles upstream from the confluence of the Mburukpa and Ikpan Rivers and marked by Beacon IE1 by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $94^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 620 feet to Beacon IE2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $181^{\circ}$  for a distance of 4,090 feet to Beacon IE3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $274^{\circ}$  for a distance of 3,200 feet to Beacon IE4 on the left bank of the Mburukpa River; thence by the left bank of the Mburukpa River upstream in a general northerly and then north-westerly direction for a distance of about 1 mile to the starting point.

*Area No. 6 (Okoroba Village)*

All that piece of land containing three decimal nought six square miles or thereabouts and situated in the southern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the right bank of the Mbukayip River is met by the left hand side of the path from Okoroba to Aningeje and marked by Beacon O1; by the right bank of the Mbukayip River downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 1,384 feet to Beacon O2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $236^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1,096 feet to Beacon O3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $326^{\circ}$  for a distance of 1 mile 620 feet to Beacon O4 on the left hand side of the path from Okoroba to Etankpini; thence by the left hand side of the path from Okoroba to Etankpini in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 3,827 feet to Beacon O5 on the right bank of the Ayipekuk Stream; thence by the right bank of the Ayipekuk Stream downstream in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 1,961 feet to Beacon O6 at the junction of the right bank of the Ayipekuk Stream with the left bank of the Monaya River; thence by the left bank of the Monaya River upstream in a general northerly direction for a distance of 2 miles 3,067 feet to Beacon O7 at the point where the left bank of the Monaya River is joined by the left bank of the Iyinkim stream; thence by the left bank of the Iyinkim Stream upstream in a general north-easterly and then easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 4,909 feet to Beacon O8 situated at the point where the left bank of the Iyinkim Stream is met by the left hand side of the path from Okoroba to Aningeje; thence by the left hand side of the path from Okoroba to Aningeje in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1 mile 163 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 7 (Njakasang Village)*

All that piece of land containing one decimal four nine square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-western part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Njakasang meets the left bank of the Akanga Stream and marked by Beacon N1 by the left bank of the Akanga Stream downstream in a general

easterly and then southerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 334 feet to Beacon N2; thence by a series of straight cut lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From Beacon</i>			<i>To Beacon</i>
<i>Number</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>Number</i>
N2	82° 00'	3,082 feet	N3
N3	172° 00'	4,020 feet	N4
N4	262° 00'	1,365 feet	N5
N5	282° 30'	1 mile 2,596 feet	N7
N7	4° 00'	4,213 feet	N8
N8	72° 00'	3,018 feet	N9

situated on the left hand side of the path from Njakasang to Mbarakom; thence by the left hand side of the path from Njakasang to Mbarakom in a general north-easterly direction for a distance of 1,050 feet to the starting point.

#### *Area No. 8 (Isong Inyang Village)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal five seven square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-western part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from a point where the left hand side of the path from Isong Inyang to Mbarakom meets the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Njakasang and marked by Beacon II.1 by the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Njakasang in a general south-westerly direction for a distance of 1 mile 126 feet to Beacon II.2 at the point where the left hand side of the path from Njakasang to Isong Inyang meets the right hand side of the path from Mbarakom to Njakasang; thence by the left hand side of the path from Njakasang to Isong Inyang in a general northerly direction for a distance of 4,424 feet to Beacon II.3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 260° 30' for a distance of 2,878 feet to Beacon II.4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 351° for a distance of 2,006 feet to Beacon II.5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 80° 30' for a distance of 4,714 feet to Beacon II.6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 170° 30' for a distance of 1,805 feet to Beacon II.7 on the left hand side of the path from Isong Inyang to Mbarakom; thence by the left hand side of the path from Isong Inyang to Mbarakom in a general easterly direction for a distance of 1,087 feet to the starting point.

#### *Area No. 9 (Etokumi Village)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal nine eight square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-western part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from Beacon ET2 situated on the left hand side of the path from Nsan to Etokumi distant about one and a half miles south of Nsan Village by a straight line cut on a bearing of 133° 30' for a distance of 1,816 feet to Beacon ET3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 223° 30' for a distance of 5,216 feet to Beacon ET.4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 313° for a distance of 1,606 feet to Beacon ET.5 on the right hand side of the path from Etokumi to Awi; thence continuing by a straight line cut on a bearing of 313° for a distance of 3,534 feet to Beacon ET.6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 43° for a distance of 1 mile to Beacon ET.1; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of 133° 30' for a distance of 3,372 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 10 (Nkunaya Village)*

All that piece of land containing nought decimal nought six square miles or thereabouts and situated in the south-west part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from Beacon NK4 situated on the path from Nkunaya to Nsan at a distance of 900 feet west of Nkunaya Village by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $322^\circ$  for a distance of 354 feet to Beacon NK.5; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $49^\circ 30'$  for a distance of 775 feet to Beacon NK.6; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $62^\circ$  for a distance of 585 feet to Beacon NK.1; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $140^\circ$  for a distance of 968 feet to Beacon NK.2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $231^\circ$  for a distance of 1,321 feet to Beacon NK.3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $322^\circ$  for a distance of 700 feet to the starting point.

*Area No. 11 (Mbarakpa Village)*

All that piece of land containing one decimal nought seven square miles or thereabouts and situated in the southern part of the Reserve and bounded as follows:—

Starting from Beacon MB.1A on the path from Mbarakpa to Awi at a distance of about 1 mile north from the centre of Mbarakpa Village by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $112^\circ$  for a distance of 3,363 feet to Beacon MB.2; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $202^\circ$  for a distance of 1 mile 3,099 feet to Beacon MB.3; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $292^\circ$  for a distance of 3,579 feet to Beacon MB.4; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $22^\circ$  for a distance of 1 mile 3,030 feet to Beacon MB.1; thence by a straight line cut on a bearing of  $112^\circ$  for distance of 285 feet to the starting point.

Mfamnyen	...	...	...	Mfamyan of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
Osumba	...	...	...	Awsawmba of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
Nkundip	...	...	...	Kunde of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
Neghe	...	...	...	Ndekke of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
Ekonganaku	...	...	...	Ekongahaku of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
River Akpakorop	...	...	...	River Akpa-Korum and Akpa-Yafe of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 15 of 1949.
Ebinjok	...	...	...	Ebijok of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Ifunkpa	...	...	...	Ifunkpa of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Awai Ifunkpa	...	...	...	Awai Ifunkpa of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Ojor	...	...	...	Ojo Akankpa of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Ojor Nkonemba	...	...	...	Ojo Nkon Mba of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Agbong II	...	...	...	Esuk Agbung of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Uyangha-Igbofia	...	...	...	Igbofia of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.

Ayabam ... ..	Aya Abam of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Okoyong Usan-Abasi ... ..	Okoyong Usang Abasi of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.
Njakasang ... ..	Nya Asang of 1 : 500,000 Map Sheet 14 of 1949.

All bearings are referred to True North and adjusted from Magnetic bearings observed during the years 1952 and 1953. All distances and bearings are approximate only, distances being those actually measured along the ground and not reduced to the horizontal.

All beacons except where otherwise stated are concrete pillars. The numbers of the external boundary beacons are prefixed by the letters F.D.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

The following rights have been allowed within the Reserve:—

To the Communal Owners of the land:—

1. The right of way along water courses and the following existing roads and paths in so far as they pass through the reserve:—

- (i) The road from Calabar to Mamfe.
- (ii) The road from Calabar to Arochuku.
- (iii) The path from Mkpote to Mfamnyen.
- (iv) The path from Mkpote to Nyaje.
- (v) The path from Mkpote to Ntebachot.
- (vi) The path from Mkpote to Osumba.
- (vii) The path from New Ndebeje to Okuri.
- (viii) The path from New Ndebeje to Okarara.
- (ix) The path from Osumba to Okarara.
- (x) The path from Oban to Okarara.
- (xi) The path from Neghe to Ekonganaku.
- (xii) The path from Nkundip to Ekonganaku.
- (xiii) The path from Mfamosing to Ekonganaku.
- (xiv) The paths from Ekonganaku to Erat.
- (xv) The path from Mbot Akpa Beach to Ekonganaku.
- (xvi) The path from Ekonganaku to Esuk John.
- (xvii) The path from Mbot Akpa to Esuk Aye.
- (xviii) The path from Ikot Ewa to Esuk Aye.
- (xix) The path from Ekonganaku to Mbobui.
- (xx) The path from Neghe to Aningeje.
- (xxi) The path from Neghe to Ekong.
- (xxii) The path from Ekong to Okoroba.
- (xxiii) The path from Ekong to Mbarakpa.
- (xxiv) The path from Okoroba to Aningeje.
- (xxv) The path from Mbarakpa to Okoroba.
- (xxvi) The path from Okoroba to Etankpini.
- (xxvii) The path from Oban to Nsan.
- (xxviii) The path from Mbarakpa to Nkunaya.
- (xxix) The path from Mbarakpa to Awi.
- (xxx) The path from Nsan to Awi.
- (xxxi) The path from Mbarakom to Freetown.
- (xxxii) The path from Mbarakom to Isong Inyang.
- (xxxiii) The path from Okoyong Usan Abasi to Obot Inyang.
- (xxxiv) The path from Okoyong Usang Abasi to Ikot Ekanem Inyang.
- (xxxv) The path from Ikot Ekanem Inyang to Atan.
- (xxxvi) The path from Isong Inyang to Okoyong Usan Abasi.
- (xxxvii) The path from Mbarakom to Njakasang.

2. The right to hunt and fish.
3. The right to draw water.
4. The right to collect all the palm products either of the Oil Palm (*Elaeis guineensis*) or of the Wine Palm (*Raphia spp.*).
5. The right to royalties on all trees felled within the Reserve upon which Forestry Fees have been paid.

MADE this 25th day of May, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 182 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*  
 THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB)  
 BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to all persons within the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;

“club” means an Isusu Club, and is a society formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which pays a fixed sum at meetings, held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount thus collected less certain approved deductions;

“commission” means the amount which is deducted from each share of a “Hand” and which is paid to the club head for his services;

“club head” means a person who manages an Isusu Club and also a person who receives contribution from members;

“contribution” means a fixed sum contributed by a member at a meeting of an Isusu Club;

“hand” means the arithmetical product of the amount of the contribution multiplied by the number of contributions, which amount is paid out, less approved deductions, at a meeting to the member whose turn it is to receive it;

“meeting” means a meeting of the members of an Isusu Club as provided for in the rules of the Club;

“member” means a person who contributes to an Isusu Club;

“minute book” means the Minute Book of an Isusu Club containing the rules of the club and the record of events at each meeting;

“records” means the Minute Book of an Isusu Club and the Register of the club;

“register of the club” means the record of payments made by each member and at each meeting;

“registration” with its grammatical variations and cognate expressions means the registration of a club by the Council in accordance with these bye-laws;

“rules of the club” means the rules of an Isusu Club as stated in the Minute Book;

“secretary” means a person employed by an Isusu Club to keep the records of the club.

3. All clubs shall be registered by the Council, and it shall be an offence to conduct an unregistered club. Registration of clubs.

Application  
for  
registration.

4. Application for registration of a club shall be made by the club head in the form contained in the First Schedule and in the following manner:—

- (i) by paying a fee of ten shillings into the Aba Urban District Council Treasury;
- (ii) by informing the Council of the intention to apply for registration and producing the Aba Urban District Council Treasury Receipt for the fee; whereupon the Council shall appoint a day for the application to be considered;
- (iii) by producing before the Council on the appointed day the records of the club, and providing all such information concerning the club as the Council shall require.

Examination  
of records  
and rules.

5. The Council shall examine the records of the club, and particularly the rules of the club and the register of the club, and shall inquire into the character and financial standing of the club head or heads, and may then:—

- (i) if it is satisfied that the records are in order, that the rules of the club do not differ in any important respect from those set out in the Second Schedule, that the register of the club has been properly kept and that the club head or heads are persons of good character and satisfactory financial standing, approve registration, or
- (ii) if it is not satisfied that the register of the club has been properly kept shall point out in what respect it is not satisfactory, and ask the club head to see that it is corrected as necessary, or
- (iii) if it is not satisfied concerning the club head or heads, may require any or all of them to provide guarantors acceptable to the Council for the whole amount of the liability of such club head or heads, or
- (iv) may refuse to approve registration.

Right of  
dissatisfied  
club parties.

6. Any person dissatisfied with the decision of the Council to register or to refuse to register a club may take action in any Magistrate Court within the area of the jurisdiction of the Council against the Council to show cause why such club should be registered or should not be registered, and in hearing such action the Court may make such order as justice may demand in accordance with these bye-laws, subject to the right of redress by review or appeal provided by the Courts Ordinance.

Registration  
and issue of  
permit.  
Fee.

7. If the Council approves the registration of a club, it shall issue a permit to operate a club in the form in the First Schedule, upon payment by the club head of one pound.

Determina-  
tion of a  
club.

8. When the full number of contributions named in the rules of a club, whether registered under these bye-laws or formerly registered with any other Authority, has been made, the club shall except for such action as may be necessary to wind up its affairs be deemed to have determined. If the same club head wishes to start a new club with the same or different members a fresh application for registration shall be made.

Offences by  
club head.

9. A club head shall be guilty of an offence who:—

- (a) demands or accepts a commission in excess of that specified in the rules of the club;
- (b) demands or accepts a fee in excess of that specified in the rules of the club for accepting liability for a member's debt;
- (c) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member when his turn comes to receive it;

- (d) deducts from the hand any sum other than that provided in the rules of the club for
- (i) commission, or
  - (ii) fee for accepting liability for the member's debt, or
  - (iii) in the event of a member providing a substitute in accordance with the rules of the club, the correct portion of the hand for the member or his substitute, or
  - (iv) penalties as provided for in the rules of the club;
- (e) leaves or disbands a club without repaying the hands received by the members for whom he is responsible.

10. A secretary shall be guilty of an offence who:

- (a) wilfully neglects to make an entry in the records of the club as instructed by the meeting;
- (b) makes an entry in the records of the club which is not authorised by a meeting.

Offences by secretary.

11. (1) The provisions of the Second Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of any club registered under the provisions of these bye-laws.

Provisions of Second Schedule to be followed.

(2) The Council shall cancel the registration of any club which is not being conducted according to the provisions of the Second Schedule.

12. (1) Any offence specified in these bye-laws shall be punishable by a fine not exceeding £10 or in default to imprisonment not exceeding three months.

Penalties.

(2) These penalties shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate Court.

13. Nothing in these bye-laws shall be construed as debarring a member of an unregistered club from proceeding against the head of such unregistered club to recover from him any amount which may be due to him from such unregistered club.

Proceedings against unregistered club head.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

### THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (ESUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1954

#### *Form of Registration of Isusu Club*

1. The name of the Isusu Club.....
2. Meeting place and time of meeting of the club.....
3. Number of members.....
4. Number of contributions.....
5. Value of one share.....
6. Value of one hand.....
7. Name of club head or heads.....
8. Name of secretary.....
9. Name of club treasurer.....

NOTE:—The number of contributions may be greater than the number of members for a member may take out more than one share.

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (ISUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Permit to operate the Isusu Club*

Permission is hereby granted to..... of.....  
to operate the..... Isusu Club at.....  
from the..... day of..... 19..... to the.....  
19..... subject to the provisions  
of the ABA Urban District Council (Isusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954.  
Fee paid.....  
Date..... 19.....

.....  
*Aba Urban District Council*

NOTE:— *The probable period which the club is expected to last before determination must be shown on the permit.*

SECOND SCHEDULE

1. A meeting of a club may be held on any day. No meeting shall take place at night.
2. No act of the club shall be valid unless it is done at the regular meeting of the club, by the majority of the members present, and is recorded in the Minute Book of the club by the secretary.
3. A member shall pay his contribution on the day of the club meeting, or if he is unable to be present, he may pay it to the club head before the time of the meeting.
4. (a) At each meeting the member whose turn it shall be to receive a hand shall be nominated by the majority of the members present at the meeting, and recorded by the secretary.  
(b) When a member receives his hand, he shall sign a receipt in the club Minute Book for the actual cash that he receives which will represent the value of the hand less deductions as authorised by these rules.
5. At each meeting each contribution shall be recorded by the secretary.
6. A member defaults who fails to pay his contribution at or before the meeting.  
7. (a) A member who defaults before he has received a hand may be liable to a penalty not exceeding half the value of his contributions outstanding in respect of that hand.  
(b) A member who defaults after he has received a hand may be liable to a penalty equivalent to double the value of his outstanding contributions in respect of that hand; provided that no member shall be deemed to have defaulted if he is prevented from making payment of his contribution by circumstances over which he has no control, the burden of proof of which shall be on him, and provided that he subsequently pays as directed by the meeting the contributions which he has failed to pay or arrange for a substitute to do so.
8. A member who defaults on four successive contributions may be deemed to have left the club, and shall, if so deemed not be entitled to recover any proportion of his past contributions.
9. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall in all respects be a member of the club and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefits from the club, as the member for whom he is substitute.
10. (1) Where a member who has not received a hand dies, his next of kin shall be informed in writing that he can either continue the contribution of the deceased member or provide some other substitute.

(2) Where a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

11. The estate of a deceased member or substitute who has received a hand shall be given notice in writing to choose within four weeks, whether to pay off the liability of the deceased in a lump sum, or to pay the contributions which have been missed and then continue the contributions to the end:

Provided that where this choice is made within the four weeks, and thereafter all that is necessary fulfilled, no penalty shall be incurred.

12. Before a member shall receive a hand he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at the meeting. The sureties shall ensure that such a member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.

13. Where a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand fails to produce two acceptable sureties, an amount to equal to the sum he has contributed shall be deducted from the hand and given to him; provided that with the approval of the majority of the members present at the meeting, where the member is capable of producing acceptable sureties at a determinable future his turn may be deferred to such a time as the member shall produce sureties.

14. Where a club head leaves or disbans a club when all the members have not had their turns, he shall be liable in addition to the penalties prescribed in rule 9 (e) of these byc-laws, to repay to each member who did not receive a hand, an amount equivalent to double the value of contributions made by each of such members for whom he is responsible.

15. The commission payable to a club head from any hand due to a member or a substitute shall not exceed three shillings in the pound calculated on the gross amount of the hand before deductions.

16. The club may with the approval of the majority of the members present at a meeting accept responsibility for payment of a member's debt. The debtor member shall produce his creditor before the meeting, and the amount to be paid to the creditor, not exceeding the amount of the hand less deductions, shall be stated and recorded in the Minute Book. The club head and the secretary shall name a date on or before which the amount shall be paid to the creditor, and this shall be recorded by the secretary in the Minute Book.

17. The fee which may be charged by the club head for accepting liability on behalf of the club for a member's debt shall not exceed two shillings in the pound calculated on the amount for which liability is accepted.

18. When a member whose debt has been paid by the club receives his hand, the amount of the debt shall be deducted from this hand and the balance shall be paid to the member and a record to this effect shall be made in the club Minute Book by the secretary.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary*

C. N. OBIOMA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 17th day of June, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these byc-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 183 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

ONITSHA SOUTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

Short title and date of commencement.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Southern District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Southern District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Onitsha Southern District Council shall pay a fee of 5s (five shillings) to the midwife in charge of any of the Maternity Homes established and maintained by the Onitsha Southern District Council.

(2) Such fees shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period of eight months before confinement and delivery at the maternity home, and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding two months after confinement.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the Maternity Homes established and maintained by the Onitsha Southern District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one home to another during the period of treatment.

3. The midwife in charge of a Maternity Home who receives the fee shall issue an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of receipt issued to her together with the date of payment in a register kept for that purpose.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a Maternity Home shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer on a card provided for the purpose.

(2) Upon the request made for the purpose of transferring to another Maternity Home, the midwife in charge of a Maternity Home shall give the payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 30th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Onitsha Southern District Council was affixed in the presence of:

P. ORJI UME-EZEOKI, *Secretary,*  
*Onitsha Southern District Council*

F. O. C. OLIKAGU, *Chairman*  
*Onitsha Southern District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 24th day of June, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of July, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 184 of 1954

## ORDER

*The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)**Date of Commencement : 15th July, 1954.*

Whereas the necessary steps have been taken under sections 5 (1) and 10 of the Forestry Ordinance:

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region by section 12 of the Forestry Ordinance, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Enugu Water Headworks Forest Reserve Order, 1954.

2. Those lands the limits and situation of which are set forth in the First Schedule hereto, are, subject to the rights affecting the same as set forth in the Second Schedule hereto hereby constituted a Government Forest Reserve within the meaning of the Forestry Ordinance.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Enugu-Ngwo in the Onitsha Province, known as the Water Headworks Area, Enugu, comprising an area of approximately 247.8 acres the boundaries of which are as follows:—

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBD. 2904, the co-ordinates of which are 205.80 feet south and 18,063.13 feet west of a concrete pillar marked TB. 20, the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundary runs in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBD. 2904	276° 26'	595.9'	PBD. 2905
PBD. 2905	276° 22'	354.5'	PBD. 2906
PBD. 2906	315° 30'	597.8'	PBD. 2907
PBD. 2907	331° 18'	654.7'	PBD. 2908
PBD. 2908	335° 47'	653.5'	PBD. 2909
PBD. 2909	07° 35'	608.9'	PBD. 2910
PBD. 2910	24° 42'	653.3'	PBD. 2911
PBD. 2911	55° 59'	499.8'	PBD. 2912
PBD. 2912	55° 58'	371.0'	PBD. 2913
PBD. 2913	55° 58'	584.7'	PBD. 2915
PBD. 2915	78° 17'	509.2'	PBD. 2916
PBD. 2916	78° 21'	340.9'	PBD. 2917
PBD. 2917	88° 12'	229.4'	PBD. 2918
PBD. 2918	91° 14'	612.1'	PBD. 2919
PBD. 2919	90° 10'	446.1'	PBD. 2920
PBD. 2920	90° 55'	420.7'	PBD. 2921
PBD. 2921	90° 39'	142.1'	PBD. 2922
PBD. 2922	171° 04'	323.4'	PBD. 2923
PBD. 2923	171° 04'	473.4'	PBM. 1695
PBM. 1695	220° 12'	568.9'	PBD. 2898
PBD. 2898	220° 20'	564.0'	PBD. 2899
PBD. 2899	220° 20'	422.2'	PBD. 2900
PBD. 2900	220° 15'	163.1'	EA. 10
EA. 10	216° 51'	399.6'	PBD. 2901
PBD. 2901	242° 38'	599.2'	PBD. 2902
PBD. 2902	194° 20'	654.8'	PBD. 2903
PBD. 2903	214° 37'	660.3'	PBD. 2904

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars.

All bearings and measurements are approximate.

All bearings are referred to True North.

## SECOND SCHEDULE

1. This land, together with all ways, rights and appurtenances thereto belonging, was vested in the Governor of Nigeria and his successors in trust for His Majesty for so long as the same may be used for public purposes by a Certificate of Title dated the 14th day of April, 1944.

2. The right of Ozo Samuel Onyia, Timothy Agu, William Ude, John Nwangwu and Ozo Onuah Nvalo to receive the annual compensation of fifteen pounds ten shillings from Government on behalf of the people of Ngwo, resulting from an award of the High Court in 1943, for so long as the land continues to be used for public purposes.

MADE this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 185 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948 (No. 38 of 1948)*

THE PORT HARCOURT TOWNSHIP (RATING NO. 1) ORDER, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st April, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Port Harcourt Town Council by section 44 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the following order is hereby made with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township (Rating No. 1) Order, 1954.
2. A township rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements in the Township of Port Harcourt for the period of six months commencing on the 1st day of April, 1954, and ending on the 30th September, 1954.
3. The said rate shall be one shilling and three pence in the pound of the annual value of the tenements in respect of the period.
4. The said rate shall become due and be payable at the office of the Town Clerk within thirty days from the date of commencement of this order.
5. The following tenements shall be exempt from the payment of the said rate:—

- (a) Cemeteries.
- (b) Tenements used exclusively for the purpose of public worship.
- (c) Public Recreation Grounds.
- (d) Tenements occupied by Government Schools, Teacher-Training Institutions or any school or Teacher-Training Institution which is in receipt of a grant-in-aid under the provisions of the Education Ordinance, 1948, in so far as such tenements are used for educational purposes.

MADE at Port Harcourt this 2nd day of June, 1954, by the Port Harcourt Town Council.

D. E. IWARIMIE-JAJA, *Town Clerk*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 1st day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 186 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IKOM DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by subsection (xxvi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikom Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikom Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ikom Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ikom Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of twenty-three shillings and sixpence.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ikom Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon primary educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ikom Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ikom Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, are hereby repealed.

MADE by the Ikom Divisional Native Authority the 14th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

J. E. ODEY, *Secretary,*  
*Ikom Divisional Native Authority*

R. N. TAKON, *Chairman,*  
*Ikom Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 19th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 187 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OKIGWI AREA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 22nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Okigwi Area Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Okigwi Area Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Okigwi Area Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*. Short title and application.
2. In these rules:— Definitions.
  - “native authority” means the Okigwi Area Native Authority;
  - “vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.
3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules. Vehicles to be licensed.  
Fees.
4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority. Vehicles to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to Vehicle.
5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:— Manner of affixing plate.
  - (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mudguard, or on the portion of the mudguard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
  - (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
  - (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.
6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle. Plate not to be removed from vehicle.
7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following. Validity of licence.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or
  - (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or
  - (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or
  - (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE OKIGWI AREA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCING) RULES, 1954

##### *Form of Licence: Rule 3*

Licence is hereby granted to ..... to keep  
(Name)  
 and use ..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
(description of vehicle)  
 Plate No. .... Fee .....

.....  
*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>		
	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
(a) Bicycles and tricycles ... ..	0	5	0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	10	0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	15	0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks, or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	0	0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	10	0

For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of £ s d  
 one lost or stolen ... .. 0 1 0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Okigwi Area Native Authority this 3rd day of March, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Okigwi Area Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. E. EKEJIUBA, *Secretary,*  
*Okigwi Area Native Authority*

W. I. OSUORJI, *President,*  
*Okigwi Area Native Authority*  
 G. E. OBI  
 A. O. ONWUCHEKWA } *Members*  
 E. O. UDENKWO }

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 188 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUIKWUATO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE  
 LICENCES) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 22nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Isuikwuato Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuikwuato Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Isuikwuato Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

Short title  
and  
application.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuikwuato Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

Definitions.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Vehicles to  
be licensed.

Fees.

Vehicles to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of the mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Validity of licence.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or
  - (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or
  - (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or
  - (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE ISUKWATO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENSING) RULES, 1954

#### Form of Licence: Rule 3

Licence is hereby granted to ..... to keep  
 (Name)  
 and use ..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
 (Description of vehicle)  
 Plate No. .... Fee .....

.....  
*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	Per annum		
	£	s	d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles ... ..	0	5	0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	10	0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	15	0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks, or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	0	0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	10	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	1	0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Isuikwuato Native Authority this 2nd day of January, 1954

The Common Seal of the Isuikwuato Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

A. E. ONYENEKE (*Witness to Mark*) JOHNSON AKAEME (*H.R.T.I.*), *President*  
*The Isuikwuato Native Authority*

O. EBEBE  
AMOS IGWE  
J. E. KELECHUKU } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 189 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance (Chapter 20)*

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION  
OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon a Native Authority by section 46 of the Births, Deaths and Burials Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obubra Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title and application. 1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Native Authority (Registration of Births and Deaths) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Obubra Native Authority whilst within the area of its jurisdiction.

Definitions. 2. Definitions:—

Forms A and B First Schedule.

“native authority” means the Obubra Native Authority;  
 “particulars required to be furnished” means with reference to a birth, the particulars comprised in Form A in the First Schedule to these rules, and with reference to a death, the particulars comprised in Form B of the said First Schedule;

“to register”, in the case of births and deaths in relation to a registrar, means to record in the proper book the particulars forwarded to him concerning a registrable birth or a registrable death, and, in relation to any other person, means to furnish to the best of his or her knowledge and belief to the registrar at the proper registry the particulars required to be furnished with regard to a registrable birth or death, and to sign the entry in the book relating to such birth or death;

“registrar” includes such persons as may be appointed by the Native Authority to be registrars for the purposes of these rules;

Duties of registrar.

3. The registrar shall keep such records and furnish such returns and perform such duties as the Native Authority may direct.

Registration generally. Forms A and B First Schedule.

4. Registrars shall be provided with register books in the Form A and B in the First Schedule to these rules, and shall, subject to the provisions of these rules, register in the proper book all births and deaths registrable in their offices immediately after the same have been reported to them.

Restriction on the movement of register.

5. No register shall be taken out of a registry except by order in writing of the Native Authority or under the order of a Court.

All births and deaths registrable.

6. All births and deaths occurring within Obubra Native Authority area amongst persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority are registrable under these rules:

Proviso.

Provided that the birth of a child still-born is not registrable.

#### REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS

Duty to register birth.

7. When a registrable birth occurs, the parents or in default of the parents the person having charge of the child according to native law and custom, or in default of such person, if a birth took place in a house to the knowledge of the occupier thereof, then such occupier, or if the birth took place in a compound then the head of such compound, shall within thirty days of the birth, register the birth.

Procedure where birth not registered. Form D First Schedule.

8. When a birth has not been duly registered in accordance with these rules the registrar may, by notice in writing in Form D of the First Schedule to these rules, summon any of the persons required by these rules to register the birth, to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in the summons (being not less than two days after the receipt thereof and not more than twelve months after the date of the birth) and register the birth.

9. In the following cases namely:—

(a) upon the registration of any birth after the expiration of thirty days from such birth, and

(b) upon the registration of any birth after the expiration of twelve months from such birth.

Fees payable.

Second Schedule.

Place of registration.

Certificate Form C First Schedule.

Penalty.

Such registration shall be subject to the payment of the fees in respect thereof specified in the Second Schedule to these rules.

10. The registration of the birth of a child shall be made at the registrar's office in the court area or at the nearest registrar's office in the area where the birth takes place.

11. The registrar shall upon registering any birth deliver to the informant free of charge a certificate in the Form C in the First Schedule to these rules.

12. Any person responsible for the registration of a birth under rule 6 who fails so to register or who fails to comply with a summons of the registrar or who shall wilfully refuse to answer any question put to him by the registrar relating to the particulars required to be registered shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £2 or in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

#### REGISTRATION OF DEATHS

13. When a registrable death occurs it shall be the duty of the next-of-kin (according to native law and custom) or, if there be no next-of-kin, the head of the house or compound in which the death occurs, or if the death occurs elsewhere than in a house or compound and there be next-of-kin (according to native law and custom) then every person present at the death or in default of such persons, every person finding or taking charge of the body, to register the death within forty-eight hours thereof at the office of the registrar of the district in which the death occurred.

Time to register.

14. Fees shall be payable in respect of the registration of a death as specified in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Fees payable.

15. The registrar shall sign the register and hand over to the applicant immediately after registration a certificate of registration in the Form F in the First Schedule to these rules.

Certificate of registration of death. Form F First Schedule.

16. When a death has not been registered the registrar may by notice in writing in the Form D of the First Schedule to these rules summon any person required by these rules to register the death to attend personally at the registry within such time as may be specified in the summons (being not less than two days after receipt thereof and not more than twelve months after the death or the finding of the body) to register the death.

Procedure where death not registered. Form D First Schedule.

17. Any person required under rule 12 to register a death who fails to do so or who fails to comply with the summons of a registrar or who shall wilfully refuse to answer any question put to him by the registrar relating to the particulars required to be registered shall be liable to a fine not exceeding £2 or in default to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one month.

Penalty.

Liability on summons or to penalty where inquest held.

18. When an inquest is held on any dead body, no person shall, with respect to such dead body or death, be liable to answer the summons of a registrar, or be subject to any penalty for failing to give information in pursuance of any provision of these rules.

**CORRECTION OF ERRORS IN REGISTERS**

Procedure for correction.

19. Whenever it is found that a birth or death has been registered at the wrong registry, the registrar of the registry where such erroneous entry has been made shall correct the same by an entry in the margin, stating the circumstances under which the alteration was made and the date thereof. The entry shall be signed by the persons if any, by whom the information is supplied and also by the registrar, who shall then rule one clear line through the erroneous entry. The registrar shall thereupon notify the erroneous entry, the correction and all the circumstances under which the correction is made to the registrar of the registry in which the birth or death should properly have been registered who shall forthwith make a special entry thereof and shall add a note in the margin of such entry, explaining the facts attending to the same as notified to him by the registrar of such other district.

**SEARCHES IN AND CERTIFIED EXTRACTS FROM REGISTER**

Inspection and copies. Second Schedule.

20. Every person shall be entitled, at all reasonable hours, to inspect any entry in any register and to have a certified copy thereof on payment of the fees specified in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Certification of copies. Form E First Schedule.

21. Every such certified copy shall be an exact copy of the entry in the register with a certificate at the foot in the Form E in the First Schedule to these rules and shall be signed by the registrar.

**FIRST SCHEDULE**

**THE OUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954**

*Form A (Rules 2 and 4)*

*Birth Register*

No. ... ..	.....
Date of birth ... ..	.....
Place of birth ... ..	.....
Sex of child ... ..	.....
Full name (if any)... ..	.....
Full name and tribe of father ... ..	.....
Full maiden name and tribe of mother ... ..	.....
Rank or occupation of father (or in default of mother)... ..	.....
Signature, description and address of informant ... ..	.....
Date of registration ... ..	.....
Signature of registrar ... ..	.....
Name if added after registration of birth ... ..	.....

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954  
*Form B (Rules 2 and 4)*  
*Death Register*

No. ... ..  
Date of death ... ..  
Place of death ... ..  
Full name ... ..  
Sex ... ..  
Age ... ..  
Rank or occupation ... ..  
Abode ... ..  
Cause of death ... ..  
Name of certifying Medical  
Practitioner (if any) ... ..  
Duration of illness ... ..  
Place of burial ... ..  
Signature, description and  
address of informant ... ..  
Date of registration ... ..  
Signature of registrar ... ..

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954  
*Form C (Rule 11)*  
*Certificate of Registration of Birth*

I, ..... registrar of births and deaths  
at ..... in Nigeria do hereby certify, that I have  
this day registered the birth of ..... born  
at ..... the child of .....  
WITNESS my hands this ..... day of ..... 19.....

*Registrar*

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954  
*Form D (Rules 8 and 16)*  
*Registrar's Summons to Appear and Testify*

To ..... of .....  
You are hereby required to appear before me, the undersigned registrar  
of births and deaths, at ..... on the .....  
day of ..... Herein fail not.  
In default you will be liable to a penalty of forty shillings.  
MADE under my hand this ..... day of ..... 19.....

*Registrar*

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954  
*Form E (Rule 21)*

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTNESS OF COPY OF ENTRY IN REGISTER  
*Copy of Entry*

CERTIFIED to be a true copy of an entry in the register of births and  
deaths at .....  
GIVEN at ..... this ..... day of  
..... 19.....

*Registrar*

THE OBUBRA NATIVE AUTHORITY (REGISTRATION OF  
BIRTHS AND DEATHS) RULES, 1954

Form F (Rule 15)

Certificate of Registration of Death

I, ....., registrar of births and deaths  
at ..... in Nigeria do hereby certify that I have this  
day registered the death of ..... at .....  
on the ..... day of ..... 19.....  
WITNESS my hand this ..... day of ..... 19.....

.....  
Registrar

SECOND SCHEDULE

Fees (Rules 9 and 20)

For registering a birth:—

	£	s	d
(a) After the expiration of thirty days from such birth ... ..	0	1	0
(b) After the expiration of twelve months such birth ... ..	0	2	0
For inspecting any entry in a register and obtain- ing a certified copy thereof ... ..	0	1	0

For registering a death:—

(a) After the expiration of thirty days from such death ... ..	0	1	0
(b) After the expiration of twelve months from such death ... ..	0	2	0
For inspecting any entry in a register and obtaining a certified copy thereof ... ..	0	1	0

MADE under the Seal of the Obubra Native Authority this 5th day of  
March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Obubra Native Authority on 5th  
day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

E. DAVID *Secretary,*  
*Obubra Divisional*  
*Native Authority Council*

D. O. ENANG, *Chairman,*  
*Obubra Divisional*  
*Native Authority Council*

APPROVED this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 190 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

NORTHERN NGWA DISTRICT COUNCIL (DISPENSARY  
CARD FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Northern Ngwa District Council.

1. (1) These bye-laws may be cited as the Northern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

(2) These bye-laws shall apply to all persons while obtaining medical treatment from the dispensaries owned, maintained or supervised by the Council.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Northern Ngwa District Council;

“infectious disease” means an infectious disease as defined in the Public Health Ordinance;

“card” means the serially numbered card, in two parts which is to be issued as a record of the case and of the treatment given, and as a receipt for the payment made.

3. Any person desiring to obtain medical treatment from any dispensary built, owned, maintained or supervised by the Council shall before such treatment commences, pay a fee of sixpence to the Dispensary Attendant in charge:

Provided that no fees shall be collected from patients suffering from infectious diseases, or from school children who are identified in writing by the principal teacher of their school, or from employees of Local Government Councils.

4. (1) On receipt of the fee, or on proof that relief from the payment of the fee is justified under the proviso to bye-law 3, the Dispensary Attendant shall make out a card for the patient.

(2) Part A of the card, which shall be serially numbered and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be detached and handed to the patient.

(3) Part B of the card, which shall be serially numbered with the same number as Part A, and shall bear the name of the Council, shall be completed with the name of the patient, his address, the date of issue and the fee paid, or if the card is issued free, the reason for free issue; and it shall be retained by the Dispensary Attendant and shall form the record of the diagnosis and the treatment given, and shall form part of the records of the dispensary.

(4) A card so issued shall continue in force for a full calendar month from the date on which it was issued, and shall, if the patient continues to receive treatment for same ailment, beyond this period, be replaced at the beginning of the following calendar month by a new card, on payment by the patient of another fee of sixpence:

Provided that where the free issue of a card was justified in the first instance, the continued issue of a card may be made.

4. (1) The patient shall produce his Part A of the card whenever he attends for treatment.

(2) If a patient loses his Part A of the card during the period of its validity, he may be issued, on proof of identity to the satisfaction of the Dispensary Attendant with an identity paper to replace it valid for the same period of validity; or on payment of a further fee of sixpence he may be issued with a new card.

(3) A card issued to a patient from one dispensary owned, maintained, or supervised by the Council may be transferred to another dispensary owned, maintained or supervised by the Council within the period of its validity, on notice being given by the patient of his intention to transfer to another dispensary.

(4) On notice being given by a patient, the Dispensary Attendant shall transmit the Part B of the card to the Dispensary Attendant at the other dispensary named by the patient, but shall not hand the Part B to the patient to be taken by him to the other dispensary.

(5) A Dispensary Attendant in charge shall not be required to issue any other receipt for fee paid other than the Part A of the card, but he shall be required to operate a cash book in which shall be a single daily record of the cards issued by him to the patients, and of the amount of money collected during that day. This record shall be checked against the number of cards which shall from time to time be issued to him from the office of the Council.

E.R. Public  
Notice No.  
220 of 1953.

5. The Northern Ngwa District Council (Dispensary Card Fees) Bye-laws, 1953, are hereby revoked.

MADE by Resolution of the Council this 28th day of October, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Northern Ngwa District Council was affixed in the presence of:

A. C. MUONAKA, *Secretary*

E. A. OKE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 30th day of June, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Local Government Ordinance the 1st day of July, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 191 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ISUOCHI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 29th July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Isuochi Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuochi Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Isuochi Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*. Short title and application.
2. In these rules:— Definitions.
  - “native authority” means the Isuochi Native Authority;
  - “vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.
3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules. Vehicles to be licensed.  
Fees.
4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority. Vehicles to be produced when licensed. Plate to be affixed to vehicle.
5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:— Manner of affixing plate.
  - (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of the mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
  - (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
  - (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.
6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle. Plate not to be removed from vehicle.
7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following. Validity of licence.
8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be Offences.

ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—  
 (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or  
 (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or  
 (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or  
 (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE ISUOCHI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENSING)  
 RULES, 1954

*Form of Licence: Rule 3*

Licence is hereby granted to ..... to keep  
 and use ..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
(Name)  
(Description of vehicles)  
 Plate No. .... Fee .....

*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£   s   d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles ... ..	0   5   0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0   10   0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0   15   0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks, or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1   0   0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1   10   0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0   1   0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Isuochi Native Authority this 3rd day of March, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Isuochi Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

D. EZOGU, (*Witness to Mark*)  
*Secretary*

J. O. CHUKWUMERIE,  
*President, Native Authority*

ONYENEKE EJIM }  
MOSES CHUKU } *Members*  
OKORIE UDEAGHA }

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of June, 1954.  
By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 192 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE BAMENDA NORTH WEST FEDERATION NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 2nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally resident in the area of the Kom Clan.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Kom Clan shall pay a local rate of five shillings per annum or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Kom Clan except that the cost of collecting the rate as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the persons charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

- (a) fails to deposit with the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority dated the 18th day of August, 1949.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Council Secretary*

CHIEF NGAH, <i>President</i>	}	<i>Members</i>
J. C. KANGSEN		
LENG MBI CHUNG		
MRS DINGA, (F)		

APPROVED this 2nd day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 193 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE BAMENDA NORTH WEST FEDERATION NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 2nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally resident in the area of the Fungom Clan.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Fungom Clan shall pay a local rate of five shillings per annum or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Fungom Clan except that the cost of collecting the rate as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the persons charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

(a) fails to deposit with the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority dated the 18th day of August, 1949.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Council Secretary*

CHIEF NGAH, *President*

J. C. KANGSEN

LENG MBI CHUNG

MRS DINGA, (F)

} *Members*

APPROVED this 2nd day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 194 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE BAMENDA NORTH WEST FEDERATION NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 2nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally resident in the area of the Aghem Clan.

2. In these rules:—

“rate-payer” means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;

“native authority” means the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Aghem Clan shall pay a local rate of five shillings per annum or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.

4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury.

5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.

6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Aghem Clan except that the cost of collecting the rate as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the persons charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

(a) fails to deposit with the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority dated the 18th day of August, 1949.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Council Secretary*

CHIEF NGAH, *President*  
 J. C. KANGSEN }  
 LENG MBI CHUNG } *Members*  
 MRS DINGA, (F) }

APPROVED this 2nd day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 195 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE BAMENDA NORTH WEST FEDERATION NATIVE  
 AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 2nd July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally resident in the area of the Bum Clan.
2. In these rules:—  
 "rate-payer" means an adult male person liable to pay a local rate in accordance with rule 3;  
 "native authority" means the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority.
3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Bum Clan shall pay a local rate of five shillings per annum or such other sum as the Native Authority shall from time to time direct.
4. The local rate shall be paid annually to the person appointed by the Native Authority for this purpose and shall be paid by him into the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury.
5. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the local rate.
6. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. A Native Authority receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

7. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 6, shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Bum Clan except that the cost of collecting the rate as determined by the Native Authority may be defrayed from the proceeds of the rate.

8. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie upon the persons charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the local rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

9. Any rate-collector appointed by the Native Authority under rule 4 who:—

- (a) fails to deposit with the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority Treasury the sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns whether orally or in writing, of the number of rate-payers or the amounts of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

10. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

11. The Bamenda North West Native Authority (Bum Clan) (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954.

SIGNIFIED in accordance with the Standing Rules of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority dated the 18th day of August, 1949.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Bamenda North West Federation Native Authority this 6th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:

A. A. NDAMUKONG, *Council Secretary*

CHIEF NGAH, *President*  
J. C. KANGSEN  
LENG MBI CHUNG } *Members*  
MRS DINGA, (F)

APPROVED this 2nd day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 196 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*THE ISUOCHI FEDERATED NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION  
RATING, LOKPANTA) RULES, 1954*Date of Commencement: 15th July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Isuochi Federated Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Isuochi Federated Native Authority (Education Rating, Lokpanta) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Isuochi Federated Native Authority residing or carrying on business in the village of Lokpanta.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Isuochi Federated Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen years residing or carrying on business within the village of Lokpanta shall pay the following annual rate in addition to any other lawful rates:—

Lokpanta Education Rate: three shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any house-holder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rates payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Okigwi Area Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rates. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon primary educational facilities within the area of Lokpata village and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rates, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who:—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okigwi Area Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rate;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any member of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rates or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Isuochi Federated Native Authority this 3rd day of February, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Isuochi Federated Native Authority in the presence of:—

H. I. A. UGWU, *Secretary*

J. O. CHUKUMERIJE, *President,*  
 OKORIE UDEAGHA  
 MOSES CHUKU  
 ONYENEKE EJIM (*His R.T.I.*) } *Members*

H. I. A. UGWU (*Witness to mark*)

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor the 14th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 197 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 5th August, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Etiti Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Etiti Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Etiti Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*.

Short title  
and  
application.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Etiti Native Authority;

“vehicle” means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

Definitions.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules.

Vehicles to  
be licensed.

Fees.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Vehicles to  
be produced  
when  
licensed.  
Plate to be  
affixed to  
vehicle.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

Manner of  
affixing  
plate.

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of the mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and

(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Plate not to  
be removed  
from  
vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

Validity of  
licence.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—  
 (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—  
 (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or  
 (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or  
 (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or  
 (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

FIRST SCHEDULE

*Form of Licence: Rule 3*

THE ETITI NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENSING)  
 RULES, 1954

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep  
(Name)  
 and use.....until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
(Description of vehicle)  
 Plate No..... Fee.....

*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>
	£ s d
(a) Bicycles and tricycles ... ..	0 5 0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0 10 0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0 15 0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks, or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 0 0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1 10 0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0 1 0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Etiti Native Authority this 27th day of March, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Etiti Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

JAMES ONWUNALI, <i>President,</i> <i>Etiti Federated Native Authority</i> NWANKWO ANOWI ABRAHAM O. OSUIGWE STEPHEN A. OGUERI	}	<i>Members</i>
--	---	----------------

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 198 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MBANO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE  
LICENCES) RULES, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 5th July, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, Cap. 140, the following rules have been made by the Mbanda Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mbanda Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Mbanda Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within the area of its jurisdiction, and shall come into force with effect from the date of their publication in the *Eastern Region of Nigeria Gazette*. Short title and application.

2. In these rules:— Definitions.  
 "native authority" means the Mbanda Native Authority;  
 "vehicle" means any bicycle, tricycle, hand-cart, barrow, truck or trolley, but does not include a motor vehicle.

3. Every person who uses or permits any vehicle belonging to him to be used within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule to these rules and shall pay for such licence the fee set out in the Second Schedule to these rules. Vehicles to be licensed.  
Fees.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority or to such other office as the Native Authority may direct within the area of the jurisdiction of the Native Authority, and on the issue of the licence, a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence Vehicles to be produced when licensed.  
Plate to be affixed to vehicle.

and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued, shall be fixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.

Manner of affixing plate.

5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

- (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the front fork;
- (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle; and
- (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft.

Plate not to be removed from vehicle.

6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever, until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

Validity of licence.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st December next following.

Offences.

8. Any person failing to take out a licence as hereinbefore provided shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound, and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions of rules 5 or 6 of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound.

Courts in which penalties may be imposed.

9. The penalties set out in rule 8 of these rules shall be imposed:—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court by a Native Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

10. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—
- (a) the bye-laws of the Lagos Town Council; or
  - (b) the bye-laws of any First Class Township; or
  - (c) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or a Local Government Council; or
  - (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE MBANO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENSING) RULES, 1954

#### Form of Licence: Rule 3

Licence is hereby granted to..... to keep  
and use.....<sup>(Name)</sup> until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
<sup>(Description of vehicle)</sup>  
Plate No..... Fee.....

*Signature of Officer Issuing the Licence*

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees to be paid under Rule 3*

	<i>Per annum</i>		
	<i>£</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
(a) Bicycles and tricycles ... ..	0	5	0
(b) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	10	0
(c) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys, with two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on both wheels ... ..	0	15	0
(d) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks, or trolleys with more than two wheels fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	0	0
(e) Barrows, hand-carts, trucks or trolleys with more than two wheels not fitted with rubber tyres on all wheels ... ..	1	10	0
For a new licence and metal plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0	1	0

For licences taken out after 30th June, one half of the above rates will be charged but no half-yearly licence will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE under the Seal of the Mbano Native Authority this 4th day of March, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Mbano Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. O. IBEAGI, *Secretary,*  
*Mbano Native Authority*

AGBUGBA OKEREKE, *President,*  
*Mbano Native Authority*

NATHANIEL OKEKE  
DANIEL AMASIKE EGWIM  
MBAKWE AMADIOHA } *Members*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of June, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 199 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE UBIUM DISTRICT COUNCIL (MATERNITY FEES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Ubium District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Ubium District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Ubium District Council shall pay a fee of 7s 6d (seven shillings and sixpence) to the midwife in charge of the maternity ward established and maintained by the Ubium District Council.

(2) Such fees shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including ante-natal treatment for a period not exceeding two months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding four months following confinement or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Ubium District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

Extra fee for domiciliary treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of a District Council Maternity Ward when delivering a baby at home or at any place other than in the District Council Maternity Ward shall pay a fee of 5s (five shillings) which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by rule 2 (i.e., 7s 6d + 5s).

Receipt and record of treatment.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid, and shall enter the payer's name, address and the number of receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon the request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given, without payment.

Exemption from payment of fees.

5. It shall be in the discretion of the midwife in charge of a ward to waive the payment of fee in the case of pauper patients. A record of all such exemptions shall be kept in a register provided for the purpose.

MADE by resolution of the Ubium District Council this 29th day of June, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Ubium District Council was affixed in the presence of:

H. U. E. EDELDUOK, *Secretary,*  
*Ubium District Council*

E. U. OKOKO, *Chairman,*  
*Ubium District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 14th day of July, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of August, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 200 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF NATIVE AUTHORITIES  
(Date of Commencement : 1st August, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 4) ) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of August, 1954.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set out in the Second Schedule hereto :—

## FIRST SCHEDULE

## DELETIONS

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Subordinate to	Members of Native Authority	Area
Cameroons	Kumba	Akwa	—	Akwa Village Council	Akwa Village.
		Archibong	—	Archibong Town Council	Archibong Town.
		Eastern Area	—	Eastern Area Federal Council	Bakossi, Ninong, Elung, Nhia and Nwambong Clan Area and Basossi Area.
		Basossi	Eastern Area N.A.	Basossi Council	Basossi Area. (Baneu, Ngemingu, Basossi and Babensi Group Area).
		Kumba Central	—	Kumba Central Federated Council	Bafaw, Balong, Southern Barombe, Ekumbe and Northern and Southern Bakundu Group Areas.
		Kumba Town	Kumba Central Native Authority	Kumba Town Council	Kumba Town.
		Balue	—	Balue Clan Council	Balue Clan Area.
		Balundu	—	Balundu Council	Balundu Native Court Area.
		Bambuko	—	Bambuko Clan Council	Bambuko Clan Area.
		Massaka	—	Massaka Village Council	Massaka Village.
		Mbonge	—	Mbonge Clan Council	Mbonge Clan Area.
		North Western Area	—	North Western Area Council	North Western Area.
		Oron-Amuto-Bateka	—	Oron, Amuto and Bateka Village Council	Oron, Amuto, Bateka Villages.

SECOND SCHEDULE  
ADDITIONS

<i>Province</i>	<i>Division</i>	<i>Designation of Native Authority</i>	<i>Subordinate to</i>	<i>Members of Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
Cameroons	Kumba	Isangele Group	—	Isangele Group Council	Village areas of Oron, Amuto, Beteka Massaka, Archibong and Akwa.
		Balue Clan	—	Balue Clan Council	Balue Clan Area.
		Mbonge Group	—	Mbonge Group Council	Mbonge Clan Area and Barombi-Mbo Village Area.
		South Western Area	—	South Western Area Council	Balundu Clan Area, Village Areas of Ekumbe Lioigo, Ekumbe Mofako, Ekumbe Ndene and that Barombi Clan Area which comprises villages of Bakarakaru, Ngatame, Mokoko, Bongongo I and II, Mokono, Dora, Bekura, Lipenja and Nwengi.
		North Western Area	—	North Western Area Council	Balundu-Badiku, Bima, Korup, Batanga and Ngolo Clan Areas.
		Bambuko Clan	—	Bambuko Clan Council	Bambuko Clan Area.
		Bafaw-Balong Group	—	Bafaw-Balong Group Council	Bafaw Clan Area (excluding Dieka Village Area), Balong Clan Area (excluding Bai Area) and Barombi Kang Village Area.
		Southern Area	—	Southern Area Council	Southern Bakundu Clan Area and Ekumbe Bondji (including Ediki and Mbulangi Villages).
		Bai-Dieka Group	—	Bai-Dieka Group Council	Dieka (Bafaw) Village Area Bai (Balong) Area, Bakundu Foe Village Area and Barombi Kotto Northern Bakundu.
		Northern Bakundu Clan	—	Northern Bakundu Clan Council	Northern Bakundu Clan Area.
		Kumba Town	—	Kumba Town Council	Kumba Town (including Fiango and Mambanda Three Corners).
Eastern Area	—	Eastern Area Council	Bakossi, Ninong, Elung, Nhia and Mwambong Clan Areas.		
Basossi Group	—	Basossi Group Council	Basossi Area (Banyu Ngemingu, Basossi and Babensi Group Areas).		

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region.*

E.R.L.N. No. 201 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## SOUTHERN AREA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Southern Area Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Southern Area Council shall be composed of thirty-eight members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>		<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>		<i>Number of Members</i>
A. Southern Bakundu Clan	Banga Bekeli ... ..	3
	Banga Ngonge and Kobe	2
	Boa ... ..	1
	Bole ... ..	1
	Bole Dipenda ... ..	2
	Bombe ... ..	1
	Kake Bongwana... ..	1
	Kake Bokoko ... ..	2
	Bopo ... ..	1
	Kombombo ... ..	1
	Kombone Etuke ... ..	1
	Kombone Nayinga ... ..	1
	Marumba Boa ... ..	1
	Marumba Botondwa ... ..	1
	Nake Bokoko ... ..	1
	Nake Bongwana ... ..	2
	Ndifo ... ..	1
	Ngongo ... ..	1
	Pete ... ..	1
	Nake Kwakwa ... ..	1
Mbonji ... ..	1	
Kombone Strangers ... ..	2	
B. Ekumbe Clan ... ..	Ebumbe Bondji ... ..	7
	Ediki ... ..	1
	Mbalangi ... ..	1
		38

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BAI-DIEKA GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Bai-Dieka Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Bai-Dieka Group Council shall be composed of thirty-three members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>		<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>		<i>Number of Members</i>
A. Balong Clan ... ..	Bai Foe (Natives) ...	3
	Bai Foe (Strangers) ...	2
	Bai Many (Natives) ...	5
	Bai Many (Strangers) ...	2
	Bai Kuke (Natives) ...	3
	Bai Kuke (Strangers) ...	2
	Bai Sombe (Strangers) ...	1
	Bai Sombe (Natives) ...	1
	Bai Longe ... ..	1
B. Bafaw Clan ... ..	Dieka (Natives) ... ..	2
	Dieka (Strangers) ... ..	1
C. Bakundu Clan ... ..	Bakundu Foe (Natives)...	2
	Bakundu Foe (Strangers)	1
D. Barombi Clan ... ..	Barombi Kotto ... ..	4
	Barombi Kotto Newtown	2
E. Plantation ... ..	Parol Bai Estate ... ..	1
		<hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/>
		33
		<hr style="width: 100%; border: 0.5px solid black;"/>

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 203 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BASOSSI GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Basossi Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Basossi Group Council shall be composed of twenty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

SCHEDULE								
<i>First Column</i>								
<i>Area</i>								
<i>Second Column</i>								
<i>Number of Members</i>								
Ekenge	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Babensi	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Mungo_Ndor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Konye	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ntale	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Songolo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Bajange	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Babitti	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Badun	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Bome	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Babubok	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Bambe	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Njunyuc	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Nloh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ediango	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Bemin	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Muanzotor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
<hr/>								
27								
<hr/>								

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BAMBUKO CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Bambuko Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Bambuko Clan Council shall be composed of twenty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

<i>First Column</i>	SCHEDULE					<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>						<i>Number of Members</i>
Bokoso (including Bonja)	...	...	...	...	...	3
Bomana (including Bomana Bakweri)	...	...	...	...	...	2
Bova (including Kuke Bova)	...	...	...	...	...	1
Boviongo	...	...	...	...	...	1
Efolofo	...	...	...	...	...	4
Ibie	...	...	...	...	...	4
Kose	...	...	...	...	...	1
Kotto (including Kotto I and Kotto II)	...	...	...	...	...	3
Lisombe	...	...	...	...	...	1
Liwenje	...	...	...	...	...	1
Mueli (including Kuke Kumbu)	...	...	...	...	...	2
Mundongo	...	...	...	...	...	2
Munyange (Natives)	...	...	...	...	...	1
Trouble Munyange (Strangers)	...	...	...	...	...	1
						—
						27
						—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 205 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*NORTHERN BAKUNDU CLAN COUNCIL  
(SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. This notice may be cited as the Northern Bakundu Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Northern Bakundu Clan Council shall be composed of thirty members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Kokaka ... ..	4
Ndoi ... ..	4
Konye ... ..	3
Mbakwe Supe ... ..	6
Wone ... ..	4
Dipenda ... ..	1
Koba ... ..	2
Ibami ... ..	2
Mbu ... ..	2
Itoki ... ..	2
	—
	30
	—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BAFAW-BALONG GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement : 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region :—

1. This notice may be cited as the Bafaw-Balong Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Bafaw-Balong Group Council shall be composed of twenty-six members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>		<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>		<i>Number of Members</i>
A. Bafaw Clan ...	Ikiliwindi ...	2
	Mambanda ...	3 (of whom two shall be of the Bafaw Clan).
	Kokebuma ...	2
	Kombone ...	1
	Dikome ...	2
	Kurume ...	1
B. Balong Clan ...	Baduma ...	1
	Talaganyi ...	1
	Manyemen ...	2
	Betuk ...	1
	Ayong, Sekam and Esraih ...	1
	Mukonye... ...	3 (of whom two shall be of the Balong Clan).
	Mundame ...	2
C. Barombi Clan ...	Barombi Kang ...	2
D. Plantation ...	C.D.C. Mukonje ...	2 (to be Cameroons Natives).
		—
		26
		—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 207 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## ISANGELE GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Isangele Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Isangele Group Council shall be composed of seventeen members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column:</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Oron ... ..	4
Amuto ... ..	3
Beteka ... ..	2
Massaka ... ..	2
Akwa ... ..	2
Archibong ... ..	4
	—
	17
	—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 208 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## BALUE CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Balue Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Balue Clan Council shall be composed of thirty members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Dikome ... ..	3
Betenge ... ..	2
Bafaka ... ..	2
Kumbe ... ..	2
Masore ... ..	1
Kitta ... ..	1
Ngolo Metoko ... ..	1
Munyange ... ..	1
Newtown Bafaka ... ..	1
Narende ... ..	1
Ekwe ... ..	1
Kotto ... ..	1
Pondo ... ..	1
Weme ... ..	1
Besoro ... ..	1
Diboki ... ..	1
Bondji ... ..	1
Bana ... ..	1
Itende ... ..	1
Mekoma ... ..	1
Ebohe ... ..	1
Ndonono ... ..	1
Mofako ... ..	1
Lipenda ... ..	1
Busunga ... ..	1
	—
	30
	—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 209 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

KUMBA TOWN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Kumba Town Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Kumba Town Council shall be composed of twenty-eight members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Unit</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Bafaws (whole town) ... ..	2
Cameroonians (British and French):—	
Ward 1 ... ..	2
Ward 2 ... ..	2
Ward 3 ... ..	2
Ward 4 ... ..	2
Ward 5 ... ..	2
Ward 6 ... ..	2
Ward 7 ... ..	2
Ward 8 ... ..	2
Ward 9 ... ..	2
Ward 10 ... ..	2
Ibos whole town ... ..	4
Hausas whole town ... ..	1
Other non-Cameroonians... ..	1
	—
	28
	—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 210 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## MBONGE GROUP COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Mbonge Group Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of August, 1954.

2. The Mbonge Group Council shall be composed of thirty-nine members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto, in accordance with the representations set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto, and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The members on the 1st day of August, 1954, shall be those declared elected in elections held in accordance with the Schedule hereto.

## SCHEDULE

		First Column						Second Column
		Area						Number of Members
Mbonge Clan	...	Bakumba	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bangere	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bekoki	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bekoli	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bekondo Natives	...	...	...	...	2	
		Bekondo Strangers	...	...	...	...	1	
		Nganjo Bolende	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bolo	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bombanda	...	...	...	...	1	
		Bombele	...	...	...	...	1	
		Butu	...	...	...	...	1	
		Dienyi	...	...	...	...	1	
		Ifanga I	...	...	...	...	1	
		Ifanga II	...	...	...	...	1	
		Kumkum	...	...	...	...	1	
		Lifenja	...	...	...	...	1	
		Disoni	...	...	...	...	1	
		Disoso	...	...	...	...	1	
		Lokando	...	...	...	...	1	
		Massaka I	...	...	...	...	1	
		Massaka II	...	...	...	...	1	
		Matondo	...	...	...	...	1	
		Meteke	...	...	...	...	1	
		Metoko ma Bekondo	...	...	...	...	1	
		Ngwandi I	...	...	...	...	2	
		Ngwandi II	...	...	...	...	1	
		Nganjo Titi	...	...	...	...	1	
		Ngolo Bolo	...	...	...	...	1	
		Marumba Natives	...	...	...	...	1	
		Marumba Cameroonians	...	...	...	...	1	
		Marumba Non-Cameroonians	...	...	...	...	2	
		Wameh	...	...	...	...	1	
		Matoh Bush	...	...	...	...	1	
B. Barombi Clan...	...	Barombi Mbo	...	...	...	...	1	
C. Plantation	...	C.D.C., Mbonge	...	...	...	...	2 (of whom one shall be Cameroon- ian)	

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 211 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## EASTERN AREA COUNCIL SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Eastern Area Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Eastern Area Council shall be composed of thirty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

	<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
	<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
A. Muambong Clan	... Whole ... ..	1
B. Ninong Clan	... Elum I, Elum II, Ebonemin ... ..	1
	Muangemen, Njom, Muekan ... ..	1
	Nkack, Muebah, Muaku, Epenebel, Muanjeken ... ..	2
C. Elung Clan	... .. Nkiko ... ..	1
	Ekante, Nyan, Muanged, Ninon, Muangwekan, Nzobe ... ..	2
D. Ndia Clan	... .. Nzinjo, Ekambeng, Muangepo Ekambeng, Poelc Ekambeng, Nyebe Ekanbeng ...	1
E. Bakossi Clan	... .. Poela, Muabi, Muasum, Mualong Mbad ...	2
	Muahunc Aku, Nyandong Muatan Aku, Elasse, Ngomuin, Mejelet, Nteho I ...	1
	Njembeng, Elambeng, Muendibmel, Komwin Njimbeng, Elambeng, Muendibmel, Komwin, Ebasse ... ..	2
	Ebamut Nkonte, Ndiamin Ndibsi I, Ndibsi II ... ..	2
	Mbat, Ekante, Epenebel, Muetuk Aku ...	1
	Nyandong I Nyandon II, Kodmin, Melong, Nyale I, Nyale II, Bangone ... ..	2
	Mesake, Bakole, Menyong, Bajoh ... ..	1
	Nyassoso I, Nyassoso II, Ngusi, Mahole ...	2
	Meketmbeng I, Meketmbeng II, Meket Aku, Baseng, Edib, Ndibsi, Ekeb ... ..	2

SCHEDULE—*continued*

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
Bekume, Ngob, Mbomut ... ..	2
Mbule, Muanyam, Ngomboku, Ngab ...	2
Ndum, Nlog, Muahuncbeng, Mpako I, Mpako II, Ngombonbeng, kack, Nhiang Peng ... ..	2
Tombel French Cameroonians ... ..	3
Tombel Ibos ... ..	1
Tombel other Strangers ... ..	1
Ebonji, Etam, Ehom ... ..	1
F. Plantations ... .. Cameroons Development Corporation	
Tombel Estate ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 212 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

NORTH-WESTERN AREA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF  
COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:

1. This notice may be cited as the North-Western Area Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The North-Western Area Council shall be composed of thirty-three members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
A. Balundu Badiku Clan ... Whole area (except Plantation and Ndian Town (Strangers)) ... ..	2
Ndian Town (Strangers) ... ..	1
B. Plantations ... .. Ndian Pamol Estate ... ..	1

## SCHEDULE—continued

		<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
		<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
C.	Bima Clan	Ewai, Ekumbako, Betika, Beboka, Boa, Ngumu, Ituka, Fabc, Manja, Matamani, Mundimba	3
		Kuma, Mukango, Ngenye, Esoki, Mukange	2
D.	Batanga Clan	Bareka I, Mayeke, Esoki, Lipenja I, Many, Lipenja II	2
		Ndoi II, Moruea, Itate, Dibonda Koroki, Ndoi I, Loc, Ikori, Dibonda Mosina	1
		Diengc, Dipundu, Ijoc, Kopako, Banyu	1
		Beira, Massaka, Ipongi, Bombangi, Bareka II	2
E.	Ngono Clan	Ikenge, Esuetan, Babiabanga	1
		Toko I and II, Meangwe I	1
		Ngamoki I, Ngamoki Nweliba, Yumbo	1
		Dikome Ngolo	1
		Madie	1
		Moboko	1
		Ngamoki Ekama, Iwasa	1
		Ilando, Kirikiri, Ikai	2
		Bucmc, Besari, Mobenge	1
		Ikoti, Bokuba, Itoki I, Betika	1
		Molongo, Njianene, Bioko, Isai Maberiberi, Boa Ngolo	1
		Mosongisele, Lipenja	1
		Nyanga	1
		Itoki	1
		Meangwe II, Ndiba, Meta, Bosaw	1
F.	Korup Clan		2
			33

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 213 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

SOUTH-WESTERN AREA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. This notice may be cited as the South-Western Area Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The South-Western Area Council shall be composed of forty members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

## SCHEDULE

		<i>First Column</i>	<i>Second Column</i>
		<i>Area</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
A.	Balundu Clan ... ..	Liongo ... ..	1
		Boa ... ..	2
		Bonjaro ... ..	1
		Mbonge ... ..	1
		Dikome ... ..	1
		Illoani ... ..	2
		Meme ... ..	1
		Kumbe ... ..	1
		Lobe ... ..	2
		Ekundu Titi ... ..	2
		Ekondo Nene ... ..	1
		Loe ... ..	1
		Funge ... ..	1
		Illo ... ..	2
		Dibonda ... ..	1
B.	Ekumbe Clan ... ..	Mofako ... ..	1
		Ndene (Waterfall) ... ..	4
		Liongo ... ..	5
C.	Barombi Clan ... ..	Bekarakaru ... ..	1
		Ngatame ... ..	1
		Mokoko ... ..	1
		Bongongo I... ..	1
		Bongongo II ... ..	1
		Mokono ... ..	1
		Dora ... ..	1
		Bekura ... ..	1
		Lipenja ... ..	1
		Ngwengi ... ..	1
			—
			40
			—

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 214 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE KUMBA DIVISION NATIVE AUTHORITIES (VARIATION  
OF MEMBERSHIP) ORDER, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 10 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following order is hereby made by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This order may be cited as the Kumba Division Native Authorities (Variation of Membership) Order, 1954.
2. All persons who are at present members of the Native Authorities set out in the Schedule hereto shall cease to be members of the said Native Authorities on the 31st day of August, 1954.

SCHEDULE

Akwa Native Authority.  
Archibong Native Authority.  
Balue Native Authority.  
Balundu Native Authority.  
Bambuko Native Authority.  
Massake Native Authority.  
Mbonge Native Authority.  
Northern Bakundu Native Authority.  
Southern Bakundu Native Authority.  
North-Western Area Native Authority.  
Oron-Amuto-Beteka Native Authority.  
Eastern Area Native Authority.  
Basossi Native Authority.  
Kumba Central Native Authority.  
Kumba Town Native Authority.

MADE at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 215 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
NATIVE AUTHORITIES*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governor by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

2. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 6) Notice, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of August, 1954.

Short title and date of commencement.

3. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice is hereby amended by deleting the particulars contained in the First Schedule and substituting the particulars contained in the Second Schedule therefor:

E.R. Public Notice No. 6 of 1948.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

*Deletions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Came-rooms	Mamfe	Mamfe Town	—	Mamfe Town Council	Mamfe Town

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Additions*

Came-rooms	Mamfe	Mamfe Town and Area	—	Mamfe Town and Area Council.	Mamfe Town, Small Mamfe, Besongabang, Okoyong, Etemetek, Nchang, Egbeko, Bachuontai, Eyangchang.
------------	-------	---------------------	---	------------------------------	--

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 216 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
NATIVE AUTHORITIES*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 7) Notice, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of August, 1954.

Amendment  
Public  
Notice No. 6  
of 1948.

3. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice is hereby amended by deleting the particulars contained in the First Schedule and substituting the particulars contained in the Second Schedule therefor:

## FIRST SCHEDULE

*Deletions*

Province	Division	Designation of Native Authority	Native Authority to which subordinate	Members of Native Authority	Area
Came-rooms ...	Mamfe	Banyang	—	Banyang Clan Council	Banyang Clan Area

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Additions*

Came-rooms ...	Mamfe	Banyang	—	Banyang Clan Council	Banyang Clan excluding the area of the Mamfe Town and Area Council.
----------------	-------	---------	---	----------------------	---

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 217 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*MAMFE TOWN AND AREA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION) NOTICE, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 1st August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Lieutenant-Governor by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given.

1. This notice may be cited as the Mamfe Town and Area Council (Specification of Composition), Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of August, 1954. Short title and date of commencement.

2. The Mamfe Town and Area Council shall be composed of twenty-six members of whom twenty-three members shall be elected, in such manner as the Resident may specify, from the electoral units set out in the First Schedule hereto; and three members nominated by the electoral units set out in the Second Schedule shall be appointed by the Resident.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Electoral Unit</i>	<i>Number of Members</i>
MAMFE TOWN:	
Ibos ... ..	2
French Cameroonians ... ..	2
Hausas ... ..	1
British Cameroonians from Victoria and Kumba Divisions and Bamenda Province ... ..	1
British Cameroonians from Mamfe Division ... ..	2
VILLAGES:	
Small Mamfe ... ..	2
Besongabang ... ..	3
Okoyong... ..	2
Etemctek ... ..	1
Nchang ... ..	2
Bachuontai ... ..	2
Eyanchang ... ..	1
Egbeko ... ..	2

## SECOND SCHEDULE

Traders ... ..	1
Motor Owners ... ..	1
Women ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 29th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE IKOM DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(HOSPITAL RATING) RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 4th August, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ikom Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ikom Divisional (Hospital Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ikom Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ikom Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay a rate of five shillings and sixpence during the financial year, 1954-55.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any village council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ikom Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or, by rate-payers, in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon the construction of a hospital within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ikom Divisional Native Authority Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. Where a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ikom Divisional Native Authority the 14th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ikom Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

J. E. ODEY, *Secretary,*  
*Ikom Divisional Native Authority*

R. N. TAKON, *Chairman,*  
*Ikom Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 3rd day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 219 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*EPIE-ATISSA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 2nd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Epie-Atissa Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- Short title.** 1. These rules may be cited as the Epie-Atissa Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.
- Definitions.** 2. In these rules:—  
 “native authority” means the Epie-Atissa Native Authority;  
 “vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatever other than a motor vehicle.
- Vehicles to be licensed.** 3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.
- Application for licence.** 4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Onopa; on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.
- Metal plates.** 5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—  
 (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;  
 (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;  
 (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;  
 (d) on rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.
- Metal plates not to be removed.** 6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.
- Period of licence.** 7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date granted thereof until the 31st December next following.
- Offences and penalty.** 8. Any person failing to take out a licence under the provisions of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the

provisions of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for fourteen days. Such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:— Saving.

(a) The bye-laws of any First Class Township, or the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

THE EPIE-ATISSA NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1954

#### *Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to ..... to keep and use ..... number ..... day, until the 31st day of December, 19.....

Dated this ..... day of ..... 19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart... ..	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	7	6

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

### THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

MADE this 4th May, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Epie-Atissa Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

N. I. OKOKO, *Secretary*

PAUL OPOROPO, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 220 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*NEMBE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE)  
RULES, 1954*(Date of Commencement : 9th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Nembe Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Nembe Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Nembe Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area. Short title.
2. In these rules:— Definitions.

“native authority” means the Nembe Native Authority;  
“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatever other than a motor vehicle.
3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto. Vehicles to be licensed.
4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Nembe; on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle under direction of the Native Authority. Application for licence.
5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:— Metal plates.
  - (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
  - (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
  - (c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;
  - (d) on rickshaws, go-carts and carriages on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.
6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle. Metal plates not to be removed.
7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date granted thereof until the 31st December next following. Period of licence.
8. Any person failing to take out a licence under the provisions of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for 14 days and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions Offences and penalty.

of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for 14 days. Such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

Saving.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

(a) The bye-laws of any First Class Township, or the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a licence in respect of the same vehicle under these rules.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

THE NEMBE NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULE, 1954

#### Licence

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use.....  
number..... until the 31st day of December, 19.....  
DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### Fees for Vehicle Licences

	Per annum		
	£	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle	0	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow	0	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart	0	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley	0	7	6

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

### THIRD SCHEDULE

Date	Areas of Application
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority.

MADE this 7th January, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Nembe Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

D. I. OTIOTIO, *Secretary*

BARRAT BOKOLO, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 221 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE AFIKPO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)

RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st July, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Afikpo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons within the area of jurisdiction of the Afikpo Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Afikpo Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of eight shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Afikpo Native Treasury any such sum of money collected by him as rates; or
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates; or
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him; or
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE under the Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority this 24th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Afikpo Native Authority on 24th day of June, 1954, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

FRANCIS AKANU IBIAM, *Chairman,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 18th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 222 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 9th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons within the area of jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of sixteen shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ogoja Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon primary educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ogoja Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates; or
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates; or
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him; or
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules (No. 2), 1953, are hereby repealed.

MADE by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority the 2nd day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

D. U. INYAMBE, *President,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 12th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 223 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT  
ESTABLISHING THE ABAK COUNTY COUNCIL

*(Date of Commencement: 12th August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by sections 6 and 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Abak County Council is hereby amended as follows:—

Amendment  
of E.R.L.N.  
No. 36  
of 1954.

(a) by deleting the words "Abak County Council" wherever they occur in the Instrument and substituting therefor the words "Annang County Council;" and

(b) by deleting paragraph 2 and substituting the following therefor:—

"2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—"



MADE by the Regional Authority this 11th day of August, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 224 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE OKRIKA NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement, 15th August, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Okrika Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Okrika Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Okrika Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

"native authority" means the Okrika Native Authority;

"rate-payer" means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

"rate-collector" means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of 10s (ten shillings) per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

- (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
- (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Moneys may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All money raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provision of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Okrika Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector;

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the Court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Okrika Native Authority the 10th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Okrika Native Authority in the presence of:

R. O. JONATHAN, *Secretary*

C. O. J. OGAN, *President*

APPROVED this 14th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 225 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

ITU-ITAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(HAWKERS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council:

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Itu-Itam Rural District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to the area of the Council. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definition.
  - "child" means a person under the age of fourteen years;
  - "young female" means any girl between the age of fourteen and sixteen years;
  - "council" means the Itu-Itam Rural District Council and includes any person authorised by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council to act on its behalf.

3. No person shall hawk goods or food, or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space without a written permit from the Itu-Itam Rural District Council provided that nothing in this bye-law shall restrict or affect the sale or display of goods or food in any shop or premises. Hawking of goods, etc., in the street not permitted except under permit issued by the Council.

Street  
Hawkers  
Permit.

4. (i) A permit for the purposes set out in bye-law 3 shall be known as a Street Hawkers' Permit and the charge for such permit, which shall expire at the end of the half-year of issue shall be five shillings, payable in advance.

(ii) All Street Hawkers' Permits shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued.

No permit to  
be issued to  
child or  
young  
female.

5. No Street Hawkers' Permit shall be issued by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council to any child or young female.

Council to  
specify area  
in permit.

6. The Council shall specify, in every Street Hawkers' Permit issued by it, the area or locality in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food.

Permit  
holders may  
hawk only  
in areas  
specified by  
the Council.

7. No permit holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food in any locality other than that specified in the permit.

Penalty for  
contravention  
of bye-laws  
3 and 7.

8. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 3 and 7 of these bye-laws shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of ten shillings for every day or part of a day on which the offence continues after written warning by the Council.

Permit not  
transferable  
and to be  
carried when  
hawking.

9. A permit issued in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued when engaged in hawking and shall be produced for inspection on demand by the Council.

Penalty for  
transferring  
Permit.

10. Any person to whom a permit has been issued by the Council in accordance with these bye-laws who permits the same to be used or carried by any other person shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be liable to a fine of one pound.

Penalty for  
employing or  
permitting  
child or  
young female  
to hawk.

11. Any person who employs, or any parent or guardian who allows any child or young female to hawk contrary to the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine of not exceeding five pounds.

Cancellation  
of permit on  
conviction.

12. The Council may upon conviction of any permit holder for a breach of any of the provisions of these bye-laws cancel the permit and any fees paid shall not be recoverable.

The foregoing bye-laws have made by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council at a meeting of the said Council held this 25th day of June, 1954. In testimony whereof the Common Seal of the said Council has been hereunto affixed in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary*

P. A. AKPAN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of August, 1954.

By virtue of powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 226 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (BURNING  
OF VEGETATION) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)*

1. These Bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Burning of Vegetation) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons subject to the Authority of the Enugu Urban District Council but also to all persons whilst within the Enugu Urban District Council area. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions
  - “council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;
  - “vegetation” includes grass, shrubs, trees, crops, undergrowth and any parts thereof whether living or dead.
3. No person shall set fire to vegetation within the Enugu Urban Area for any purpose whatsoever except as provided for in bye-law 4 and bye-law 5 of these bye-laws. Firing of vegetation permitted on conditions.
4. A written permit must first be obtained from the Council before any vegetation outside the limits of a compound may be burned. Such permit shall not be granted unless a fire trace has been cut and precautions taken to the satisfaction of the Council to ensure proper control of the fire. Outside limits of compounds.
5. No vegetation may be burned within the limits of a compound except in the form of a bonfire which must at all times be under control and which shall not be left unattended. Within limits of compound.
6. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 3, 4 and 5 of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5 (five pounds) or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every such offence. Penalty.
7. The penalties provided in bye-law 6 of these bye-laws shall be imposed by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 30th day of June, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*

Mallam UMARU ALTINE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of August, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 227 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (VEHICLE LICENCE) BYE-LAWS, 1953

*(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1953, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Enugu Urban District Council;

“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw or other vehicle whatsoever, but does not include any motor vehicle.

Schedules

3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle either outside or inside the area of the authority of the Council and who uses or permits the same to be used inside the area of the authority of the Council shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule and shall pay such fees as are specified in the Second Schedule.

4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Council and on the issue of the licence a plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the council.

5. Such plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable and ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—

(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on portion of mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;

(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;

(c) on handcarts, barrows, trucks and trolleys on the pole or shaft;

(d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the pole or shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.

6. Such plate shall be the property of the Council and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Council for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.

7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st of December next following.

8. Any person who keeps or owns any vehicle either outside or inside the area of the authority of the council and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the authority without taking out a licence as provided in these bye-laws and without having another valid licence as provided in bye-law 9 shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings in addition to the fee payable for a licence.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of similar bye-laws or rules made by any other Local Government Council or by the Local Authority of any Township or in force in any Township or by any Native Authority shall not, while such licence is in force be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

10. If the holder of a current licence shall satisfy the Council that the licence or plate has been lost or stolen the council may, on payment of the fee specified in the Second Schedule, issue to such holder a new licence together with a new plate which the Council shall provide, and such new licence shall replace and have the same effect as the original licence. The original licence or plate, as the case may be, still in custody of the licensee shall be returned to the Council.

Second  
Schedule.

FIRST SCHEDULE

.....Urban District Council.  
Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....  
to keep and use until the 31st December, 19.....the vehicle of which the  
following are the particulars:—

Type.....  
Make.....  
Number.....

DATED this.....day of .....19.....  
Fee paid:

.....  
for....., U.D.C.

SECOND SCHEDULE

	Per annum
	£ s d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	0 7 6
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	0 5 0
Bath-chair, rickshaw, or go-cart ... ..	0 10 0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart, or truck ... ..	0 15 0
Four-wheeled carriage, cart, or trolley ... ..	1 2 6
For a new licence and plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	0 2 0

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of November, 1953.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Secretary,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

W. O. EBRENEYIN, *Chairman,*  
*Enugu Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 16th day of December, 1953.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OWUWA ANYANWU FEDERAL SUBORDINATE NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 9th September, 1955)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority with concurrence of the Bende Divisional Native Authority and with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person who resides or carries on business within the area of the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority, who pays tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance shall pay an annual general rate of 9s 6d.

4. The said rate shall be paid to the Owuwa Anyanwu Native Treasury at Owuwa Anyanwu or at such other collecting centre as the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority shall direct.

5. A receipt shall be issued to each rate-payer for the amount of rates paid.

6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer for the payment of the said rate.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the said rate, and a Native Authority Treasury receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the said rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7 shall be expended upon public services provided by the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority and upon the share of the cost of public services provided by Bende Divisional Native Authority which the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority is required to contribute and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound, or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every offence.

MADE by the Owuwa Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority this 6th day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Owuwa Anyanwu Subordinate Native Authority in the presence of:

O. UKAIRO, *Secretary*

O. O. OTISI, *Chairman*

CONCURRED in under the Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 26th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority on the 26th July, 1954, in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary*

J. N. IGWE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 229 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ODIDA ANYANWU FEDERAL SUBORDINATE NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 9th September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority with concurrence of the Bende Divisional Native Authority and with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person who resides or carries on business within the area of the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority, who pays tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance shall pay an annual general rate of 8s 6d.

4. The said rate shall be paid to the Odida Anyanwu Native Treasury at Odida Anyanwu or at such other collecting centre as the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority shall direct.

5. A receipt shall be issued to each rate-payer for the amount of rates paid.

6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the said rate.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the said rate, and a Native Authority Treasury receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the said rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7 shall be expended upon public services provided by the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority and upon the share of the cost of public services provided by Bende Divisional Native Authority which the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority is required to contribute and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound, or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every offence.

MADE by the Odida Anyanwu Federal Subordinate Native Authority this 5th day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Odida Anyanwu Subordinate Native Authority in the presence of:

N. EMELIKE, *Secretary*

J. I. ONUOHA, *Chairman*

CONCURRED in under the Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 26th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority on the 26th July, 1954, in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary*

J. N. IGWE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAJA-NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 9th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of 5s 2d (five shillings and two pence). The rate shall be paid at the office of the Native Authority, or at such other place, at such time and in such manner as may be specified by the Native Authority from time to time.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority, with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. The rate shall be paid annually by each rate-payer to the person appointed for the purpose by the Native Authority, and shall be paid by him into the Abaja-Ngwo Native Treasury.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon education within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

The Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority the 25th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority on the 29th day of June, 1954, in the presence of:

G. P. U. EKWUEME, *Secretary*

J. E. EKWUEME, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 26th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 231 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*

ONITSHA NORTHERN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF TRAFFIC) (OTUOCHA MARKET) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Onitsha Northern District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Onitsha Northern District Council (Control of Traffic) (Otuocha Market) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to all persons whilst within the area of the jurisdiction of Otuocha Local Council, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Onitsha Northern District Council;

“motor vehicle” includes all motor vehicles used or intend to be used for carrying passengers or merchandise;

“attendant” means any person duly appointed by the Council to control the use of the motor park;

“market” means Otuocha market.

3. Any driver of a motor vehicle who stops for the purpose of taking up or setting down passengers and/or merchandise anywhere within the market shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or in default to imprisonment for three months.

4. Any person who drives a motor vehicle anywhere within the market, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of five pounds or in default to imprisonment for three months.

5. All persons parking vehicles in the motor park shall obey the orders of the attendant.

6. The penalty under bye-laws three and four shall be imposed.

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the resolution of the Council this 28th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Council in the presence of :

G. C. NDU, *Secretary*

V. A. EMENOGHA, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of August, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 232 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BAMENDA SOUTH WESTERN FEDERATION NATIVE  
AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF DOMESTIC ANIMALS)  
RULES 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 9th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140) the following rules have been made by the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

Short title  
and  
application

1. These rules may be cited as the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority (Control of Animals) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons whilst in the area of Mankon Village.

Definitions

2. Definitions:—

“animals” means cattle, horse, sheep, goats, pigs together with their young;

“native authority” means the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority;

“area” means the area of Mankon Village;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority to have charge of a pound

Impounding  
of stray  
animals.

3. Any animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person authorised by the Native Authority.

4. Any person who permits any animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Person permitting animals to stray, guilty of offence.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any animal impounded under the provisions of these rules to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

Release of impounded animal on condition, Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Bamenda South Western Native Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

6. (1) Any animal impounded under the provisions of these rules, which is unclaimed seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Native Authority to the poundmaster.

Impounded animals to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such domestic animals shall be paid into the Bamenda South Western Native Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

Animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

## SCHEDULE

### Penalties

	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded ... ..	2	0

### Expenses

1. For every head of cattle impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6

MADE under the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority this 8th day of March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bamenda South Western Federation Native Authority on the 8th day of March, 1954, in the presence of:—

D. A. ATIA, *Secretary,*  
*South Western Federation Native*  
*Authority*

L. N. BONANJAH, *President,*  
*South Western Federation Native*  
*Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 12th day of August, 1954.

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapaer ECZ)*

THE ALA-ALA FEDERAL SUBORDINATE NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement 9th September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authority by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority and with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person who resides or carries on business within the area of the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority, who pays tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance shall pay an annual general rate of 4d in the pound of taxable income.

4. The said rate shall be paid to the Ala-Ala Native Treasury at Ala-Ala or at such other collecting centre as the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority shall direct.

5. A receipt shall be issued to each rate-payer for the amount of rates paid.

6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the said rate.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the said rate, and a Native Authority Treasury receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the said rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7 shall be expended upon public services provided by the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority and upon the share of the cost of public services provided by the Bende Divisional Native Authority which the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority is required to contribute and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound, or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every offence.

MADE by the Ala-Ala Federal Subordinate Native Authority this 12th day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ala-Ala Subordinate Native Authority in the presence of:

A. ELEBUA, *for Secretary*

D. O. EBILLAH, *Vice-Chairman*

CONCURRED in under the Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 26th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority on the 26th day of July, 1954, in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary*

J. N. IGWE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 234 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ELU-ELU FEDERAL SUBORDINATE NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement 9th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authority by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority with concurrence of the Bende Divisional Native Authority and with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority (General Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means an adult person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3.

3. Every male person who resides or carries on business within the area of the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority, who pays tax under the provisions of the Direct Taxation Ordinance shall pay an annual general rate of 9s 6d.

4. The said rate shall be paid to the Elu-Elu Native Treasury at Elu-Elu or at such other collecting centre as the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority shall direct.

5. A receipt shall be issued to each rate-payer for the amount of rates paid.

6. The Native Authority may exempt any rate-payer from payment of the said rate.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the said rate, and a Native Authority Treasury receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the said rate or contributed voluntarily under rule 7 shall be expended upon public services provided by Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority and upon the share of the cost of public services provided by the Bende Divisional Native Authority which the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority is required to contribute and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the said rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of one pound, or to imprisonment for seven days for each and every offence.

MADE by the Elu-Elu Federal Subordinate Native Authority this 25th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Elu-Elu Subordinate Native Authority in the presence of:

C. A. AKWANI, *Secretary*

O. EJITURU, *Chairman*

CONCURRED in under the Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 26th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority on the 26th day of July, 1954, in the presence of:

N. A. NDU, *Secretary*

J. N. IGWE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 27th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 235 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*EASTERN IJO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE  
LICENCE) RULES, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Eastern Ijo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

- Short title. 1. These rules may be cited as the Eastern Ijo Native Authority (Vehicle Licences) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority but also to all persons whilst within its area.
- Definitions 2. In these rules:—  
“native authority” means the Eastern Ijo Native Authority;  
“vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw, or other vehicle whatever other than a motor vehicle.
- Vehicles to be licenced. 3. Every person who owns or keeps any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area set out in the Third Schedule hereto shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule hereto and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule hereto.
- Application for licence 4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Native Authority situated at Oporoma; on the issue of the licence a metal plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Native Authority.
- Metal plates 5. Such metal plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and shall ordinarily be placed in the positions following:—  
(a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;  
(b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;  
(c) on hand-carts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;  
(d) on rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the pole or shaft; and, in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.
- Metal plates not to be removed. 6. Such metal plate shall be the property of the Native Authority and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Native Authority for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle.
- Period of licence. 7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date granted thereof until the 31st December next following.
- Offences and guilty. 8. Any person failing to take out a licence under the provisions of these rules shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for 14 days and in addition may be ordered to pay the fee payable for such licence, and any person contravening or failing to comply with the provisions

of rules 5 and 6 shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine of one pound or imprisonment for 14 days. Such fines to be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and  
 (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:— Saving

- (a) The bye-laws of any First Class Township, or the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township or Local Government Council, or the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority,

shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### THE EASTERN IJO NATIVE AUTHORITY (VEHICLE LICENCE) RULES, 1954

##### *Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....to keep and use.....  
 number.....until the 31st day of December, 19.....

DATED this.....day of.....19.....

.....  
*Native Authority*

*N.B.—This licence expires on 31st December, 19.....*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Fees for Vehicle Licences*

	<i>Per annum</i>		
	£	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle ... ..	0	5	0
Hand-cart or barrow ... ..	0	5	0
Bath-chair, rickshaw or go-cart ... ..	0	5	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley ... ..	0	7	6

For licences taken out after the 30th June one half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

### THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Date</i>	<i>Area of Application</i>
	All the area under the jurisdiction of the Native Authority

MADE this February, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Eastern Ijo Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

R. C. LELEI, *Secretary*

S. G. ERIZIA, *President*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 24th day of July, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

**B 584**

*E.R.L.N. No. 236 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 31 (1) (s) OF THE TOWNSHIPS  
ORDINANCE

It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor has sanctioned the making of bye-laws by the Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku, for the purposes of raising a rate for educational purposes.

MADE this 17th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 237 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*ESTABLISHMENT AND APPOINTMENT OF  
NATIVE AUTHORITIES

(Date of Commencement: 16th September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by sections 3 and 5 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) (Eastern Region) (Amendment No. 8) Notice, 1954. Short title.

2. The Schedule to the Native Authorities (Establishment and Appointment) Notice, is hereby amended by deleting the particulars set out in the First Schedule hereto and substituting therefor the particulars set forth in the Second Schedule hereto. Schedule to Native Authorities (Establishment) Notice (Public Notice No. 6 of 1948).

## FIRST SCHEDULE

*Deletions*

<i>Province</i>	<i>Division</i>	<i>Designation of Native Authority</i>	<i>Native Authority to which Subordinate</i>	<i>Members of Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
Ogoja.	Afikpo	Afikpo Divisional Native Authority	—	Representatives of Afikpo, Unwana, Okpoha, Amaseri, Agbo, Edda, Ishiago, Ake-Eze Okposi, Uburu, Isu, Onicha, Ukawu, Oshiri, Ugulangu	Afikpo Division.
		Afikpo	Afikpo Divisional Native Authority	Afikpo Clan Council	Afikpo Clan Area.
		Unwana	do.	Unwana Clan Council	Unwana Clan Area.
		Okpoha	do.	Okpoha Clan Council	Okpoha Clan Area.
		Amaseri	do.	Amaseri Clan Council	Amaseri Clan Area.
		Agbo	do.	Agbo Clan Council	Agbo Clan Area.
		Edda	do.	Edda Clan Council	Edda Clan Area.
		Ishiago	do.	Ishiago Clan Council	Ishiago Clan Area.
		Ake-Eze	do.	Ake-Eze Clan Council	Ake-Eze Clan Area.
		Okposi	do.	Okposi Clan Council	Okposi Clan Area.
		Uburu	do.	Uburu Clan Council	Uburu Clan Area.
		Isu	do.	Isu Clan Council	Isu Clan Area.
		Ukawu	do.	Ukawu Clan Council	Ukawu Clan Area.
Ugulangu	do.	Ugulangu Clan Council	Ugulangu Clan Area.		
Onicha	do.	Onicha Clan Council	Onitah Clan Area.		
Oshiri	do.	Oshiri Clan Council	Oshiri Clan Area.		

SECOND SCHEDULE  
*Additions*

<i>Province</i>	<i>Division</i>	<i>Designation of Native Authority</i>	<i>Native Authority to which Subordinate</i>	<i>Members of Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
Ogoja.	Afikpo	Afikpo Divisional Native Authority	—	Representatives of Afikpo, Agbo, Ake-Eze, Amaseri, Edda, Enna, Ishiago, Isu Okpoha, Okposi, Onicha, Oshiri, Uburu Ugulangu, Ukawu, Unwana	Afikpo Division.
		Afikpo	Afikpo Divisional Native Authority	Afikpo Clan Council	Afikpo Clan Area.
		Agbo	do.	Agbo Clan Council	Agbo Clan Area.
		Ake-Eze	do.	Ake-Eze Clan Council	Ake-Eze Clan Area.
		Amaseri	do.	Amaseri Clan Council	Amaseri Clan Area.
		Edda	do.	Edda Clan Council	Edda Clan Area.
		Enna	do.	Enna Clan Council	Enna Clan Area.
		Ishiago	do.	Ishiago Clan Council	Ishiago Clan Area.
		Isu	do.	Isu Clan Council	Isu Clan Area.
		Okpoha	do.	Okpoha Clan Council	Okpoha Clan Area.
		Okposi	do.	Okposi Clan Council	Okposi Clan Area.
		Onicha	do.	Onicha Clan Council	Onicha Clan Area.
		Oshiri	do.	Oshiri Clan Council	Oshiri Clan Area.
		Uburu	do.	Uburu Clan Council	Uburu Clan Area.
		Ugulangu	do.	Ugulangu Clan Council	Ugulangu Clan Area.
		Ukawu	do.	Ukawu Clan Council	Ukawu Clan Area.
		Unwana	do.	Unwana Clan Council	Unwana Clan Area.

GIVEN at Enugu this 12th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 238 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE BENDE DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) (AMENDMENT) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 13th August, 1945)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 (1) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Bende Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Bende Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954.

2. The Bende Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1953, is hereby amended by deleting the Schedule thereto, and substituting the following Schedule therefor:—

Eastern  
Region  
Public  
Notice  
No. 276 of  
1953.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Federal Area</i>	<i>Rate</i>
	s d
Odida-Anyanwu ... ..	11 9
Elu-Elu ... ..	6 6
Owuwa-Anyanwu ... ..	8 3
Ala-Ala ... ..	3d in the £ of taxable income

MADE by the Bende Divisional Native Authority this 7th day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Bende Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

S. M. OJUKWU,  
*Ag. Administrative Secretary,*  
*Bende Divisional Native Authority*

J. N. IGWE, *Chairman,*  
*Bende Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 12th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 239 of 1954*

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

ITU-ITAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (SALE OF LIQUOR) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council:

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Itu-Itam Rural District Council (Sale of Liquor) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definition.

“authorised person” means Police Officer and any person holding a valid written authorisation as in the Form B in the First Schedule, signed by the Secretary to the Council;

“council” means the Itu-Itam Rural District Council;

“liquor” means palm wine, and any kind or description of fermented liquor usually made by the natives of Nigeria or in the adjacent territories.

Issue of licences.

3. No person shall expose for sale or sell liquor within the area of the authority of the Council otherwise than in accordance with a licence issued under the provisions of these bye-laws and on or from the premises specified in such licence;

Provided that it shall not be an offence for any unlicensed person to sell liquor to the holder of a licence issued under the provisions of these bye-laws.

Types of licences.

4. (1) The Council may issue licences of the following descriptions authorising the sale of liquor subject to the provisions of these bye-laws:—

- (a) "Liquor On Licence," authorising the sale of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises.
- (b) "liquor Off Licence," authorising the sale of liquor to be consumed off the licensed premises.
- (c) "Occasional Liquor Licence," authorising the sale of liquor on such days during such hours and at such premises not being premises otherwise licensed under the provisions of these bye-laws as are specified therein.

Occasional licences valid for three days only.

Form of licences.

(2) Licences shall be in the Form A in the First Schedule hereto suitably adapted in accordance with type of licence for which application is made.

Occasional licences valid for three days only.

(3) An Occasional Liquor Licence shall only be granted to the holder of a liquor licence and shall not be granted for a period exceeding three days.

Hours of sale.

5. Except in the case of an Occasional Liquor Licence, every licence issued under these bye-laws shall permit the sale of liquor on any date between the hours of 6 a.m. and 10 p.m.

Provided that on application being made to it the Council may at its discretion extend the hours during which liquor may be sold on licensed premises on any special occasion.

Licences to expire at 31st December in every year.

6. (1) Every licence other than an Occasional Licence shall expire on the 31st of December, in the year in which it is issued.

(2) The fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be payable for licences.

(3) When any licence other than an Occasional Liquor Licence is issued on or after the 1st July, in any year, one-half of the fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto shall be payable.

Application to be made in person.

7. Application for licences and for the renewal of licences shall be made personally at the office of the Council and the applicant shall give whatever information the Council shall require to enable it to form an opinion on the merits of the application.

Power of Council to impose conditions.

8. The Council may at its discretion:—

- (1) Refuse to issue a liquor licence.
- (2) Impose and endorse on licences any special conditions of restrictions.
- (3) Revoke any licence:

Provided that except when the licence is revoked by reason of licencer holder having been convicted of an offence under these bye-laws or under other law, a refund of a proportional part of the fee paid for the licence in respect of each complete month of the unexpired period shall be made.

9. (1) Applications for the transfer of a licence from one person to another or from one address to another may be approved by the Council and all such applications shall be made in writing to the Council. Transfer of licence.

(2) On the approval of any such transfer by the Council the fee specified in the Second Schedule shall be payable and the licence shall be altered accordingly by the Council.

10. (1) Every holder of a licence other than a temporary licence authorising the sale of liquor shall suspend or affix and maintain over the entrance to the licensed premises a board of not less dimensions than two feet long by eight inches high on which is displayed in legible characters in English the name of the licensee and the class of licence of which he is the holder. Board to be affixed on licensed premises.

(2) No person who is not licensed shall display any board or notice of any kind on his premises purporting that he is licensed in any other way than that in which he is duly licensed.

11. Any licensed person who—

- (a) permits any riotous or quarrelsome behaviour to take place on his premises;
- (b) sells liquor to any person already in a state of intoxication;
- (c) sells liquor to a child under the age of fourteen years;
- (d) sells or supplies liquor to any soldier, police officer or railway servant in uniform;
- (e) permits his premises to be used as a brothel or as the habitual resort or place of meeting of prostitutes, or allows any such person to remain on his licensed premises longer than is necessary for the consumption of any liquor purchased by her;
- (f) keeps his premises open for the sale of liquor during any time when he is not authorised by his licence to sell liquor or allows liquor to be consumed upon such premises during any such time;
- (g) permits any person to consume liquor on his premises when he does not hold a Liquor On Licence or sells liquor for consumption off his premises when he does not hold a Liquor Off Licence;
- (h) sells liquor for any valuable consideration other than a cash payment in current coins;
- (i) fails to exhibit his licence or a certified copy thereof in a conspicuous position on the licensed premises; or
- (j) adds to liquor any other alcoholic liquor with the view to increasing its alcoholic content of the former;
- (k) permits any unlawful game to be placed on the licensed premises;

shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of £5 or to imprisonment for one month. Offences on premises.

12. Any licensed person, or his agent or servant shall refuse to admit to, and shall cause to depart from the licensed premises any disorderly or other person whose presence on the licensed premises would render the licensed person liable to proceedings under these bye-laws and it shall be lawful for the licensed person, his agent or his servant or any authorised person to remove by the exercise of reasonable force any such person who refuses or fails to depart when requested to do so and such person shall be liable to a fine of £5. Disorderly person on licensed premises.

13. Any person who—

- (a) not being the occupier or a servant or member of the family of the occupier consumes liquor on licensed premises during the hours when the sale of liquor is prohibited;

Drinking on premises during prohibited hours.

(b) being found on licensed premises during the hours during which the sale of liquor is prohibited refuses to give his name and address when demanded by an authorised person;

(c) knowingly purchases liquor from a person who is not duly licensed to sell the same;

shall be liable to a fine of £5.

Powers of authorised persons.

14. Any authorised person may—

(a) enter any licensed premises at any time for the purpose of detecting or preventing any breach of the provisions of these bye-laws;

(b) at any time demand the production of a licence;

(c) having reasonable grounds for believing that liquor is being sold by any unlicensed person, enter and inspect any premises occupied by such person; and

(d) seize and detain any native liquor, together with the receptacles containing the same, found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of any unlicensed person whom he has reasonable grounds for suspecting of having sold liquor;

Provided that every case of seizure and detention shall forthwith be reported to the Native Court.

Forfeiture of liquor.

15. A court may order the forfeiture of any liquor and of the receptacles containing the same, which may be found either on premises occupied by, or in the possession or under the control of, any unlicensed person who is convicted of selling liquor.

Not necessary to show money passed.

16. In any proceedings relating to any offence under these bye-laws it shall not be necessary to show that any money actually passed if the court hearing the case be satisfied that a transaction in the nature of a sale actually took place.

Licence holder's responsibility for acts of servants and agents.

17. If any person being the agent, or the servant of, or authorised to act for, a licence holder shall do any act or thing or be guilty of any omission which if done or omitted by the licence holder shall be liable to the penalties prescribed by these bye-laws for such offence, whether such act or thing or omission was done or made with or without the knowledge or consent of the licence holder.

Endorsement and forfeiture of licences.

18. (1) Every conviction under these bye-laws of a licence holder shall be endorsed on his licence by the court and the licence holder shall produce his licence to the court for such purpose.

(2) Whenever a licence holder shall be convicted of such an offence, his licence shall be liable to forfeiture on the order of the court.

(3) Every applicant for a licence who has a previous licence which has expired shall, if required by the Council, produce such previous licence.

(4) All convictions endorsed on such previous licence in respect of offences during the two years preceeding the date of application shall be transferred to the new licence.

(5) Any person who—

(a) shall neglect to produce his licence as required by these bye-laws; or

(b) without proper authority obliterates or alters any endorsement on his licence;

shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £5.

19. No person shall obstruct or resist an authorised person in the execution of his duty or fail to obey any lawful order given by him. Obstructions,  
etc.

20. Any person who shall offend against or fail to comply with the provisions of these bye-laws or any conditions endorsed on a licence shall be guilty of an offence and where no special penalty is provided therefore he shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or imprisonment for one month. General  
penalty.

21. Any penalty under these bye-laws may be imposed:—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

## FIRST SCHEDULE

### Form A

THE ITU-ITAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (LIQUOR SALES) BYE-LAWS, 1954

Type of Licence.....  
 of..... is hereby licensed to sell  
 liquor on the premises known as.....  
 to be consumed on the premises  
 to be consumed off the premises  
 to be consumed on the premises between the hours  
 of..... and..... on the.....

This licence is issued subject to the provisions of the Itu-Itam Rural District Council (Liquor Sales) Bye-laws, 1954, and to the following special conditions:—

DATED this..... day of....., 19.....  
 Fee paid: £ : :

.....  
*for Itu-Itam Rural District Council*

### Form B

The Itu-Itam Rural District Council (Liquor Sales) Bye-laws, 1954.

Mr..... is hereby appointed an authorised person for the purpose of the above-mentioned bye-laws.

This authorisation remains valid until the..... day of  
 ....., 19.....

Date.....

.....  
*Secretary, Itu-Itam Rural District Council*

## SECOND SCHEDULE

*Fees payable in respect of licences*

				£	s	d	
1. Liquor On Licence	...	...	...	1	0	0	per annum
2. Liquor Off Licence	...	...	...	0	10	0	per annum
3. Liquor Occasional Licence	...	...	...	0	2	6	per day or part thereof
4. Transfer of Licence	...	...	...	0	5	0	

The foregoing bye-laws were made by the Itu-Itam Rural District Council at a meeting of the said Council held this 25th day of June, 1954. In testimony whereof the Common Seal of the said Council has been hereunto affixed in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary*

P. A. AKPAN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 26th day of August, 1954."

By virtue of powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 240 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NKANU NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICE RATING)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Nkanu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Nkanu Native Authority (Public Service Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Nkanu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Nkanu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Nkanu Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Nkanu Native Authority this 1st day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority in the presence of:

E. O. UZOIGWE, *Secretary,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

D. O. NNAJI, *Chairman,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 6th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 241 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAJA-NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of 4s 6d (four shillings and sixpence) per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Abaja-Ngwo Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953' are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority the 30th day of March, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority in the presence of:

G. P. U. EKWUEME, *Secretary,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

J. E. EKWUEME, *Chairman,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

APPROVED this 6th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 242 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OGOJA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES  
GENERAL RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of three shillings and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ogoja Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ogoja Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Ogoja Divisional Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, No. 2, 1953, are hereby repealed.

MADE by the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority the 2nd day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority in the presence of:

D. B. ODU, *Secretary,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

D. U. INYAMBE, *President,*  
*Ogoja Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 2nd day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 243 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EZEAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (EDUCATION RATING)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ezeagu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ezeagu Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ezeagu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ezeagu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of four shillings.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon educational purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Ezeagu Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector, proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Umueziagu (Ezeagu) Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Resolution of the Native Authority this 26th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ezeagu Native Authority in the presence of:—

P. T. A. N. OZOAGU, *Secretary,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

J. M. AMALU, *Chairman,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 26th day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 244 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE ABAKALIKI DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (IKWO  
LOCAL RATES) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authorities Ordinance, (Chapter 140), the following rules have been made by the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority (Ikwo Local Rates) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the jurisdiction of the Native Authority residing or carrying on business in the Ikwo Clan of the Abakaliki Division of Ogoja Province.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business in the Ikwo Clan shall pay a local rate of five shillings per annum.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Abakaliki Divisional Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services purposes within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

(a) fails to deposit in the Abakaliki Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;

(b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE at Abakaliki this 25th day of June, 1954, under the Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Abakaliki Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

N. M. AGADA, *Secretary*

N. NWEZE, *Vice-President*

APPROVED this 2nd day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 245 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE EZEAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ezeagu Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ezeagu Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ezeagu Native Authority.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ezeagu Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of six shillings per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

(c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Native Treasury; and

(d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for 28 days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Ezeagu Native Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
- (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
- (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof of the commission of an offence by such group every member thereof shall individually be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rule 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Native Court, or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

14. The Umueziagu Native Authority (Public Services General Rating) Rules, 1953 are hereby revoked.

MADE by the Ezeagu Native Authority the 28th day of April, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ezeagu Native Authority in the presence of:

P. T. A. N. OZOAGU, *Secretary,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

J. M. AMALU, *Chairman,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 6th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 246 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

## IKWERRE CLAN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Ikwerre Clan Council (Specification of Composition) Notice, 1954.

2. The Ikwerre Clan Council shall be composed of twenty members elected from the Councils shown in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the scheme of representation shown in the second column of the Schedule.

<i>Representation of Groups on the Clan Council</i>							<i>Members</i>
Akpo-Mbu-Tolu Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Allua-Igrita Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
Elele Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Emohua Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Isiokpo Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Obia Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
Rumuji Group	...	...	...	...	...	...	3

GIVEN at Enugu this 31st day of August, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 247 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINIS-  
TRATIVE DIVISION OF AWKA AND ESTABLISHING  
THE ABBA LOCAL COUNCIL

*(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by subsection (2) of section 10 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following Instrument is hereby issued:—

1. The Abba Local Council is hereby dissolved and the Instrument establishing Local Councils within the area of the Administrative Division of Awka is hereby amended by the deletion therein of all particulars referring thereto.

2. (1) In this Instrument:—

“the council” means the Abba Local Council.

Amendment  
of E.R.P.N.  
No. 45 of  
1952 by  
dissolution  
of Abba  
Local  
Council.

Definition.

Seal

(2) The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—  
(*cf. Laws of Eastern Nigeria 1952 page B 129*)

Establishment of Abba Local Council.

3. The Abba Local Council shall be established on the 1st day of September, 1954.

Area of authority.

4. The area of the authority of the Abba Local Council shall be Abba village.

Number of councillors.

5. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty-eight members.

Qualification of voters

6. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the Njikoka District Council, which is the tax-collection authority for the purposes of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted under the provisions of Direct Taxation Ordinance.

Distribution of seats.

7. Councillors shall be elected by the voters in each of the quarters shown below in accordance with the representation shown against each quarter:—

Ire	...	...	...	7	Amabo	...	...	7
Okpuloji	...	...	...	7	Esiaba	...	...	7

Returning Officer.

8. (1) The Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of the election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of election.

9. In the event of a dispute being notified to the Returning Officer either orally by five voters of any quarter, or in writing signed by five voters of any quarter, the Returning Officer shall proceed to conduct an election in such quarter in the following manner:—

(i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such quarter fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that quarter to the Local Council.

(ii) Any voter desiring to vote at an election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.

(iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.

(iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:

Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.

(v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.

- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.
- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraph (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the persons so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii), or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, an election shall be held in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election will be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer may in his discretion proceed to take the poll by a show of hands; provided that if not less than ten voters claim a poll by secret vote, the Returning Officer shall not take the poll by a show of hands but shall proceed to take the poll as provided in sub-paragraphs (xvii) to (xxiv) below.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xviii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xix) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xx) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.

- (xxi) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxii) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.
- (xxiii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiv) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as practicable for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose may if it appears convenient to him to do so may appoint another day for the taking of such second vote, and shall announce such day and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxvi) Where:—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvii) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to become councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxviii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvii) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate elections.

Date of first election.

10. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 9 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

11. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 30th days of September, 1954.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance and of this paragraph, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or selected councillors who shall come into office on that day. Term of office of councillors.

(2) The councillors elected at the first election held under the provision of this Instrument shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of Chairman.

14. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to an election of a councillor to the Local Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

15. The Local Council may make a precept, before 31st May, 1955, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1956.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 16th day of August, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 248 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950  
(No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
LOCAL COUNCILS WITHIN THE AREA OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE  
DIVISION OF AWKA AND ESTABLISHING  
THE UKWULU LOCAL COUNCIL

(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by subsection (2) of section 10 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following Instrument is hereby issued:—

1. The Ukwulu Local Council is hereby dissolved and the Instrument establishing Local Councils within the area of the Administrative Division of Awka is hereby amended by the deletion therein of all particulars referring thereto. Amendment of E.R.P.N. No. 45 of 1952 by dissolution of Ukwulu Local Council. Definition.

2. (1) In this Instrument:—  
“the council” means the Ukwulu Local Council.

(2) The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:— Seal.  
(*cf. Laws of Eastern Nigeria, 1952 P B 127*)

3. The Ukwulu Local Council shall be established on the 1st day of September, 1954. Establishment of Ukwulu Local Council.

4. The area of the authority of the Ukwulu Local Council shall be Ukwulu village. Area of authority.

Number of  
councillors.  
Qualification  
of voters

5. The Council shall consist of a Council of twenty members.

6. The persons who are entitled to elect the members of any Local Council hereby established (hereinafter called "the voters") shall be those persons whose names appear as tax-payers on the nominal rolls approved by the Njikoka District Council, which is the tax-collection authority for the purposes of the Direct Taxation Ordinance, together with those persons who have been legally exempted under the provisions of Direct Taxation Ordinance.

Distribution  
of seats.

7. Councillors shall be elected by the voters in each of the quarters shown below in accordance with the representation shown against each quarter:—

Amagu	...	...	5	Etiti	...	...	...	5
Adagbe	...	...	5	Umugama	...	...	...	5

Returning  
Officer.

8. (1) The Resident in charge of the Onitsha Province shall appoint a suitable person to be in charge of and responsible for the conduct of the election. Such person shall be known as the Returning Officer.

(2) The Returning Officer may appoint fit and proper persons to be assistants, and in this Instrument the expression "Returning Officer" shall include any assistant so appointed by him.

Method of  
election.

9. In the event of a dispute being notified to the Returning Officer either orally by five voters of any quarter, or in writing signed by five voters of any quarter, the Returning Officer shall proceed to conduct an election in such quarter in the following manner:—

- (i) The Returning Officer shall cause to be published in the area of such quarter fourteen clear days' notice of the date and place of the election and the number of councillors to be elected by that quarter to the Local Council.
- (ii) Any voter desiring to vote at an election shall present himself to the Returning Officer at the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time.
- (iii) At the appointed place on the appointed day at the appointed time the Returning Officer shall call for candidates to be nominated to him, and shall appoint a period within which nominations shall be made.
- (iv) Every candidate for election shall be nominated by a voter and seconded by another voter:  
Provided that no voter may propose or second more than one candidate.
- (v) No candidate shall be nominated without his consent. It shall not be necessary for a candidate to be present in person if he has notified the Returning Officer in writing that he is willing to be a candidate.
- (vi) At the time that a nomination is made the Returning Officer shall decide whether the candidate is validly nominated.
- (vii) Any candidate may withdraw his candidature at any time before the expiration of the period appointed for the making of nominations.
- (viii) At the close of the period appointed for the making of nominations the Returning Officer shall announce the names of the candidates remaining nominated.

- (ix) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is the same as the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (x) If the number of candidates remaining nominated is less than the number of vacancies, those persons shall be deemed to be elected.
- (xi) Where under the provisions of sub-paragraph (ix) or (x) any person is deemed to be elected, the Returning Officer shall declare the name of the persons so elected.
- (xii) If after complying with sub-paragraph (xi) any vacancy or vacancies remain unfilled or if there are no nominations within the period appointed under sub-paragraph (iii), the Returning Officer shall appoint a further period for the making of nominations, proceeding as in sub-paragraphs (iv) to (xi) inclusive.
- (xiii) If the number of candidates remaining nominated at the end of the period appointed for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (iii), or at the end of the further period for the making of nominations under sub-paragraph (xii) exceeds the number of vacancies then unfilled, an election shall be held in accordance with the following provisions.
- (xiv) The Returning Officer may proceed at once to the taking of the poll, or if it appears more convenient to him to do so, and subject to the provisions of paragraph 11 of this Instrument, he may fix another day on which the election will be held, and shall fix the hour and the place for the taking of the poll, and shall announce such day, hour and place.
- (xv) At the time appointed for the taking of the poll in accordance with sub-paragraph (xiv), every voter desiring to cast his vote shall present himself at the place of voting.
- (xvi) The Returning Officer may in his discretion proceed to take the poll by a show of hands; provided that if not less than ten voters claim a poll by secret vote, the Returning Officer shall not take the poll by a show of hands but shall proceed to take the poll as provided in sub-paragraphs (xvii) to (xxiv) below.
- (xvii) The Returning Officer shall withdraw into a room where privacy is ensured.
- (xviii) The voters shall enter such room one at a time and shall vote by telling the Returning Officer the name or names of the candidate or candidates for whom he desires to cast his vote.
- (xix) The Returning Officer shall, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity and qualifications of such voter, record accurately such vote in a register made up for the purpose.
- (xx) A voter shall not give more than one vote for any candidate, and shall not give more votes in all than the total number of councillors to be elected.
- (xxi) The Returning Officer shall regulate the number of voters to be admitted to the place of voting at the same time, and shall exclude all other persons except persons appointed by him to assist in the recording of votes.
- (xxii) When the Returning Officer is satisfied that all voters present at the place of voting and desirous of voting have cast their votes he shall declare the poll closed.

- (xviii) The Returning Officer shall then at once proceed in the presence of the candidates if they wish to be present, to count the votes recorded in the register in favour of each candidate.
- (xxiv) When the count is completed the Returning Officer shall certify the number of votes cast in respect of each candidate and shall declare the candidates equivalent in number to the vacancies to be filled, who have received the highest number of votes, to be elected.
- (xxv) When at any election an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall direct a second vote to be taken as soon as practicable for each of such candidates having the equal number of votes for such vacancy or vacancies, and for this purpose may if it appears convenient to him to do so may appoint another day for the taking of such second vote, and shall announce such day and the hour and place for the taking of the poll.
- (xxvi) Where:—
  - (a) the number of persons remaining nominated at the expiration of the further period for making nominations under sub-paragraph (xvii) is insufficient to fill the vacancies to be filled, or
  - (b) the result of the second vote under sub-paragraph (xxv) is that an equality of votes is found to exist between any candidates so that the addition of a vote would entitle any one of the candidates to be declared elected, the Returning Officer shall report the fact to the Regional Authority.
- (xxvii) The Regional Authority may—
  - (a) not less than sixty days after the date of such election order another election to be held to fill any vacancies, or
  - (b) appoint a sufficient number of persons qualified to be candidates under the provisions of the Ordinance to become councillors and such persons shall be deemed to have been elected.
- (xxviii) Any election held under the provisions of sub-paragraph (xxvii) shall be held in accordance with the provisions of this Instrument.

Non-compliance with certain provisions not to invalidate elections.  
Date of first election.

10. An election shall not be invalidated for reason of non-compliance with the provisions of paragraph 9 of this Instrument if it appears to the court having cognisance of the question that the election was conducted substantially in accordance with the principles laid down in such paragraph and that the non-compliance did not affect the result of the election.

11. The first elections to the Council shall be held between the 1st and 30th days of September, 1954.

Term of office of councillors.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of section 35 of the Ordinance and of this paragraph, the term of office of councillors shall be three years from the date of their taking office, and the whole number of councillors shall retire together at the end of the third year and their places shall be filled by newly elected or selected councillors who shall come into office on that day.

(2) The councillors elected at the first election held under the provision of this Instrument shall retire on the 31st day of March, 1955.

13. The Chairman of the Council shall be elected at the first meeting of such Council by a show of hands from among the councillors. Election of chairman.

14. Part V of the Ordinance shall not apply to any election of a councillor to the Local Council. Part V of the Ordinance not to apply.

15. The Local Council may make a precept before 31st May, 1955, in respect of the financial year ending on 31st March, 1956.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 16th day of August, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

*E.R.L.N. No. 249 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE OTORO DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF  
DOMESTIC ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950), the following bye-laws have been made by the Otoro District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Otoro District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-Laws, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Council, but also to all persons within its area, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definitions.

“the council” means the Otoro District Council;

“animal” includes cows, sheep, goats and pigs; and the young of any such animal;

“impound” with its grammatical variations means take and confine within a pound or place appointed by the Council to be a pound;

“poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Council to have charge of a pound.

3. No person shall permit any of the animals or their young, set out in the First Schedule to stray within the area of the Otoro District Council unless such animal is tied or is being led under proper control or carried. Prohibition of allowing animals to be free within certain area.

4. No person shall confine or cause to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade and water. Animals to be properly confined.

5. Any animal, if found straying within the area of jurisdiction of the Otoro District Council, may be impounded by the Poundmaster or any authorised servant or agent of the District Council. Impounding.

6. (1) The owner of any impounded animal may claim that animal and shall be released to him on payment to the Poundmaster of the penalties and expenses set out in the Second Schedule. Claim and conditional release.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Otoro District Council Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this bye-laws shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Sale of unclaimed impounded animals.

7. Any impounded animal which is unclaimed, seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold by auction by the poundmaster, at the Local Council Headquarters, and the proceeds of the sale be paid into the District Council Treasury.

Penalties.

8. Any person contravening any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine of two pounds or in default of payment to imprisonment for two weeks.

gal

9. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court; and

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate.

10. The Otoro Native Authority (Control of Domestic Animals) Rules, 1950, are hereby revoked within the area of the authority of the Otoro District Council.

#### FIRST SCHEDULE

Cattle, Rams, Ewe, Ducks, Wether, Goats, Pigs, Drakes.

#### SECOND SCHEDULE

##### PENALTIES

	s	d
For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	15	0
For every duck or drake impounded ... ..	5	0
For every other animal impounded ... ..	10	0

##### EXPENSES OF KEEP

For every head of cattle impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	2	0
For every duck or drake impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	0	6
For every other animal impounded for each day or portion of a day ... ..	1	0

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of June, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Otoro District Council was affixed the 25th day of June, 1954, in the presence of:

J. E. EBE, *Secretary*

C. U. ESU, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 31st day of August, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 250 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*  
(No. 16 of 1950)

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT ESTABLISHING  
THE EASTERN ANNANG RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

(Date of Commencement: 23rd September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by sections 6 and 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instrument establishing the Eastern Annang Rural District Council is hereby amended as follows:—

Amendment  
of E.R.L.N.  
No. 37 of  
1954.

By deleting paragraph 2 and substituting the following therefor:—

“2. The Common Seal of the Council shall be the following device:—”



MADE by the Regional Authority this 28th day of August, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*



E.R.L.N. No. 251 of 1954

*Order MADE UNDER the Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)*THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (LICENSING  
OF DOGS) ORDER, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954)*

In exercise of the power conferred upon the Authority by section 11 (a) of the Dogs Ordinance it is hereby ordered by the Enugu Urban District Council with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor that the following licence fees shall be paid in respect of dogs kept within the area of the said Urban District Council as from the 1st October, 1954:

	<i>Per annum</i>
For a bitch or female dog ... ..	15s
For a male dog ... ..	10s
For a new licence and plate to take the place of one lost or stolen ... ..	2s

2. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st of December next following.

MADE by the Enugu Urban District Council this 28th day July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*UMARU ALTINE, *Chairman*

APPROVED this 15th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 252 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*OGUTA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (HAWKERS  
AND PETTY STALL-HOLDERS) RULES, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 7th October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Oguta Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Oguta Federal Native Authority (Hawkers and Petty Stall-Holders) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Oguta Federal Native Authority

whilst within the area of Oguta Town and shall come into operation on the date of publication in the *Eastern Regional Gazette*.

2. In these rules:—

“Oguta town” shall include that part of Oguta Town situated on the south side of Oguta Lake;

“native authority” means the Oguta Federal Native Authority;

“hawker” means any person who hawks or peddles goods or food in any street or open space, but shall not include any person who sells or displays any goods or food on any stall or table;

“petty stall-holder” means any person who sells or displays for sale any goods or food on any stall or table in any street or open space other than in a market.

3. No person shall hawk goods or food, set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space without a written permit from the Native Authority or from a person duly authorised by the Native Authority:

Provided that nothing therein shall restrict or affect the sale and display for sale of any goods or food in any shop or in the market.

4. (1) The Native Authority may issue, each quarter, a permit to a hawker allowing the sale and display of any goods or food in a specific locality.

(2) The fee for each permit shall be two shillings and sixpence.

5. (1) The Native Authority may issue, each quarter, a permit to a petty stall-holder allowing the sale and display of any goods or food in a specific locality.

(2) The fee for each permit shall be five shillings.

6. Any person who hawks goods or food or sets up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food in a place other than in the locality specified in a permit issued to such person or in the market or in a shop shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction liable to a fine of ten shillings for each offence.

7. The Native Authority may cancel any permit issued under the provisions of these rules if it appears to them that the permit holder has been convicted of an offence under these rules or has been convicted of any other offence.

MADE by Resolution of the Native Authority this 30th day of April, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Oguta Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

P. J. I. ANOKWU, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Oguta Native Authority*

DANIEL NWAKUCHE, *Chairman,*  
*Oguta Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region this 14th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 253 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE AFIKPO DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(LICENSING OF DOGS) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 7th October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules are hereby made by the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor, Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority (Licensing of Dogs) Rules, 1954 and shall apply to all persons whilst within the area of the Native Authority. Short title.
2. Every person owning a dog shall be required to take his dog to such place at such time, as shall be notified by order of the Native Authority, in order that it may be vaccinated against rabies. Vaccination against rabies.
3. Every person owning a dog shall pay a fee for such vaccination, amounting to seven shillings and sixpence, and shall upon payment of such fee receive a licence, which shall certify that vaccination has been given. Licence fee.
4. Licences shall be in the form set out in the Schedule hereto and shall expire on the 31st day of March, in the year beginning with the preceding 1st April. Form of licence (Schedule).
5. (1) The Native Authority or its authorised agent shall issue, free of charge, a suitable badge differing each year, bearing letters or numbers or other distinguishing marks, to be secured to the collar or other harness of the dog in respect of which a licence has been issued. Issue and return of badges.  
 (2) Badges issued under the provision of subsection (1) shall be returned to the Native Authority issuing the same by the person registered in accordance with the provision of section 6,  
 (a) on the expiration of the licence; or  
 (b) if the dog dies during the currency of the licence.
6. (1) The Native Authority shall enter in a register to be kept for the purpose: the name, address and occupation of the person keeping each dog in respect of which a licence is issued and also particulars of the letters or other distinguishing mark of the badge issued therefor. Register to be kept.  
 (2) Where any person so registered parts with the possession of such dog to another person, such other person shall notify the Native Authority concerned giving the particulars set out in subsection (1) and the register shall be rectified accordingly in respect of the unexpired period for which the licence was issued.
7. Any person required under rule 3 to license a dog who fails to do so or who fails to comply with the summons of a Licensing Officer or who shall wilfully refuse to supply the necessary information desired of him or her shall be guilty of an offence and on conviction shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for three months. Penalty.

8. The penalties provided by these rules shall be imposed—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or Magistrate's Court;
  - (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

SCHEDULE  
*Form of Licence*

Date.....  
 Licence is hereby given to.....of.....  
 to keep the dog.....  
 (set out a description of the dog sufficient for identification and the distinguishing mark of the badge provided for the dog).  
 .....shillings.

Licence	Fee paid
	The authority for.....

*Note.*—This licence hereby certifies that this dog was vaccinated against rabies on the date shown below.

*Note.*—This licence expires on the 31st day of March, 19.....

MADE under the Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority this 21st day of July, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Afikpo Divisional Native Authority on 21st day of July, 1954, in the presence of:

J. O. MBREY, *Clerk of the Council,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

FRANCIS IBIAM, *Chairman,*  
*Afikpo Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 18th day of September, 1954.  
 By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 254 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

EASTERN AREA COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF COMPOSITION)

*(Date of Commencement: 7th October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Lieutenant-Governors by section 5 (2) (a) of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following notice is hereby given by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. This notice may be cited as the Eastern Area Council (Specification of composition) Notice, 1954, and shall come into force on the completion of the elections in accordance with section 2.

2. The Eastern Area Council shall be composed of thirty-seven members elected from the areas set out in the first column of the Schedule hereto in accordance with the representation set out in the second column of the Schedule hereto and who shall hold office and be elected in such manner as the Resident may decide.

3. The Eastern Area Council Specification of Composition Notice dated 29th July, 1954, is hereby cancelled.

## SCHEDULE

		FIRST COLUMN	SECOND COLUMN
		Area	Number of Members
A.	Muambong Clan ...	Whole ... ..	1
B.	Ninong Clan ...	Elum I, Elum II, Ebonemin ... ..	1
		Muangemen, Njom, Muekan ... ..	1
		Nkack, Muebah, Muaku, Epenebel, Muanjeken ... ..	2
C.	Elung Clan ...	Nkiko ... ..	1
		Ekante, Nyan, Muanged, Ninon, Muangwekan, Nzobe ... ..	2
D.	Nhia Clan ...	Nzinjo, Ekambeng, Muangepo Ekambeng, Poele Ekambeng, Nyebe Ekambeng ... ..	1
		Poela, Muabi, Muasum, Mualong Mbad	2
E.	Bakossi Clan ...	Muahune Aku, Nyandong Muatan Aku, Elasse, Ngomuin, Mejelet, Nteho I ... ..	1
		Njimbeng, Elambeng, Muendibmel, Komwin, Ebase ... ..	2
		Ebamut Nkonte, Ndiamin Ndibsi I, Ndibsi II ... ..	2
		Mbat, Ekante, Epenebel, Muetuk Aku	1
		Nyandong I, Nyandon II, Kodmin, Melong, Nyale I, Nyale II, Bangone	2
		Mesake, Bakole, Menyong, Bajoh ...	1
		Nyassoso I, Nyassoso II, Ngusi, Mahole	2
		Meketmbeng I, Meketmbeng II, Meket Aku, Baseng, Edib, Ndibsi, Ekeb ...	2
		Bekume, Ngob, Mbomut ... ..	2
		Mbule, Muanyam, Ngomboku, Ngab ...	2
		Ndum, Nlog, Muahuncbeng, Mpako I, Mpako II, Ngombonbeng, Kack, Nhiang Peng ... ..	2
		Tombel French Cameroonians ... ..	3
		Tombel Ibos ... ..	1
		Tombel other Strangers ... ..	1
		Ebonji, Etam, Ehom ... ..	1
F.	Plantations ...	Cameroons Development Corporation	
		Tombel Estate ... ..	1

GIVEN at Enugu this 27th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
Civil Secretary, Eastern Region

E.R.L.N. No. 255 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE ENUGU URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (SPEED LIMIT)  
(AMENDMENT) BYE-LAWS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 17th September, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Enugu Urban District Council.

Citation.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Enugu Urban District Council (Speed Limit) (Amendment) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

E.R.L.N.  
No. 32 of  
1954.

2. The Enugu Urban District Council (Speed Limit) Bye-laws, 1954, are hereby amended by deleting the Schedule thereto and substituting therefor the following Schedule:—

## SCHEDULE

The area of the authority of the Council comprised within the boundary described as follows:—

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBM 1765 the co-ordinates of which are 9598.81 feet North and 10988.55 feet West of a concrete pillar marked T.B. 20 the origin of Enugu Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBM 1765	23° 39'	4958.7 feet	PBD 6289
PBD 6289	41° 38'	4958.4 feet	PBD 6290
PBD 6290	59° 37'	4958.0 feet	PBD 6291
PBD 6291	77° 37'	4957.8 feet	PBD 6292
PBD 6292	95° 38'	4957.7 feet	PBD 6293
PBD 6293	113° 37'	4956.6 feet	PBD 6294
PBD 6294	131° 37'	4955.5 feet	PBD 6295
PBD 6295	149° 39'	4953.7 feet	PBD 6296
PBD 6296	167° 40'	4953.2 feet	PBD 6297
PBD 6297	185° 40'	4952.8 feet	PBD 6298
PBD 6298	203° 41'	4952.9 feet	PBD 6299
PBD 6299	221° 41'	4953.4 feet	PBD 6300
PBD 6300	239° 40'	4953.7 feet	PBD 6301
PBD 6301	257° 40'	4953.9 feet	PBD 6302
PBD 6302	270° 46'	3069.0 feet	PBM 1746
PBM 1746	292° 25'	8145.2 feet	PBD 5330
PBD 5330	314° 55'	2958.7 feet	PBD 2988
PBD 2988	311° 28'	4032.6 feet	PBD 6544
PBD 6544	260° 39'	1763.6 feet	PBD 6376
PBD 6376	338° 46'	6130.1 feet	PBM 1649
PBM 1649	26° 32'	6858.7 feet	PBM 1765

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE by resolution of the Enugu Urban District Council this 28th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Enugu Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. C. N. CHUKUANI, *Town Clerk*                      MALLAM UMARU ALTINE, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 16th day of September, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 17th day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 256 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (STREET NAMES AND NUMBERS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Urban District Council (Street Names and Numbers) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and date of commencement.
2. In these bye-laws:—  
    “council” means the Calabar Urban District Council. Definitions.
3. The Council may name any street, and number the houses and buildings therein, and may paint or otherwise mark on any building the name of the street and the number of the building. Council may name streets and number buildings.
4. Any person who shall wilfully molest, hinder or obstruct any duly authorised person employed in marking on any building the name of the street or the number of the building shall be guilty of an offence, and liable upon summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or to imprisonment for three months. Penalty for obstruction.
5. Any person who destroys, pulls down, removes or defaces any street name or any number of a building, or who erects any name or number different from that decided by the Council shall be guilty of an offence and liable on summary conviction to a fine of five pounds. Penalty for destroying numbers, etc.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 13th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Calabar Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

E. ESIEN, *Secretary*

J. UFOT, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 21st day of September, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 257 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Public Health Ordinance (Chapter 183)*

PUBLIC HEALTH (EASTERN REGION NATIVE AUTHORITIES)  
RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 7th October, 1954)*

It is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by sections 41 and 42 of the Public Health Ordinance and by the Public Health (Native Authorities Enabling) Order in Council, 1940, the Ogoja Native Authority has with effect from the 1st of July, 1954, made rules the text of which was published in Native Authorities Public Notice No. 71 of 1943 and the Schedule to that Notice is accordingly amended by the insertion of the following item therein:

<i>Province and Division</i>	<i>Native Authority</i>	<i>Area</i>
Ogoja Province ... ..	Ogoja Divisional Native Authority	The Area of the Ogoja Divisional Native Authority.

APPROVED this 3rd day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 258 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(CONSERVANCY) BYE-LAWS, 1954*Date of Commencement: 15th October, 1954*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Urban District Council (Conservancy) Bye-laws, 1954 and shall come into operation on a date to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Calabar Urban District Council;

“health officer” includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority, whether general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health, and whether such Sanitary Inspector or other person is serving in the Medical or Sanitary Departments of the Government or is in the service of a Local Authority or a Native Authority or a Local Government Council;

“owner” includes the lessee of any premises and in the case of an absentee lessee, his local agent for the collection of rents. Definitions

3. No person shall contract to carry out conservancy in Calabar Urban District Council area unless he is approved by the Health Officer and registered for that purpose with the Urban District Council who may in their discretion, refuse any application for registration or revoke any registration previously made. Registration of contractor.

4. Night-soil shall not be removed from any building or carried along any public street at any other time than between the hours of 9 p.m. and 6 a.m. unless by permission of the Medical Officer of Health. Hours of clearing.

5. Any person carrying any pail or other receptacle containing excrement during the night must also carry a lighted lantern. Carrying of lighted lantern.

6. (1) Subject to the provisions of this bye-law, any bucket or other receptacle containing night-soil shall not be emptied into any drain or sewer or public latrine or elsewhere, save in accordance with any directions which may be either general or special, of the Medical Officer of Health. Disposal.

(2) Pails or receptacles containing excrement may be emptied into trenching grounds or into water night-soil depot situated south of Henshaw Town Beach.

7. No person shall carry any pail or other receptacle containing excrement or filth of any description along any public street unless the same is provided with a proper tight fitting cover. Tight fitting cover be provided.

8. Before removal of any pail from any premises the owner shall ensure that it shall contain a sufficient quantity of dry earth, saw dust, ashes or other suitable substance to act as absorbent and deoderant. Bucket to be provided with absorbent.

Public latrine.

9. No person shall void any excrement or urine upon the floor of any public latrine or upon any portion of the latrine other than in the receptacle furnished for that purpose.

Owner of premises to provide latrine accommodation.

10. (a) The owner of any premises shall, to the satisfaction of the Medical Officer of Health, provide and maintain adequate latrine accommodation containing either a suitable water-borne sewage installation or a bucket for the use of the persons residing on such premises.

(b) The owner of any premises shall provide and maintain one suitable latrine bucket for every three residential rooms in any one plot.

(c) The owner, or where all the premises are let to a single tenant, such tenant, shall cause all such buckets or receptacles to be removed and emptied daily in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws.

Penalty.

11. Any persons contravening or failing to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and liable, on conviction, to a fine of ten pounds in respect of such offence.

Revocation of Public Notice No. 174 of 1948.

12. The Calabar Township (Conscrancy) Bye-laws, 1948, are hereby revoked.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 13th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Calabar Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

E. ESIEN, *Secretary*

J. UFOT, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 4th day of October, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 15th day of October, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 259 of 1954*

**PUBLIC NOTICE**

*The Public Holidays Ordinance (Cap. 184)*

**APPOINTMENT OF A PUBLIC HOLIDAY**

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 3 of the Public Holidays Ordinance the Governor has been pleased to appoint the 10th day of November, 1954, to be kept as a public holiday throughout the Eastern Region.

GIVEN at Enugu this 9th day of October, 1954.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 47, Vol. 3 dated 21st October, 1954—Part B

E.R.L.N. No. 260 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

INSTRUMENT AMENDING THE INSTRUMENT OF COUNTY  
AND DISTRICT COUNCILS

(Date of Commencement: 21st day of October, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 8 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Instruments establishing the Councils set out in the Schedule hereto are hereby amended by conferring upon them in accordance with Public Notice No. 227 of 1951, subject to the provisions of the Education Ordinance, 1952, the power to provide for adult education:

SCHEDULE

Ikot Ekpene County Council.  
Calabar County Council.  
Eket County Council.  
Ibekwe County Council.  
Annang County Council.  
Lower Cross River County Council.  
Uyo County Council.  
Niger County Council.  
Nsukka County Council.  
Aba-Ngwa County Council.  
Onitsha Urban District Council.  
Awgu District Council.

MADE by the Regional Authority at Enugu this 4th day of October, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 261 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE MBA ISE FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC  
SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st day of October, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxi) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Mba Ise Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Mba Ise Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Mba Ise Federal Native Authority and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October, 1954.

2. In these rules:—

- “native authority” means the Mba Ise Federal Native Authority;
- “rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;
- “rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any house-holder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector:—

- (a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;
- (b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;
- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Mba Ise Native Treasury; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days or to both such fine and imprisonment for each and every offence.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who—

- (a) fails to deposit in the Mba Ise Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
- (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;

(c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;

(d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months or to both such fine and imprisonment.

12. When a group of persons is collectively appointed to be a rate-collector proceedings may be taken against such group or any members of such group, either together or separately, in respect of any act or default punishable under rule 11 and upon proof be liable to the penalties prescribed unless he shall satisfy the court that he was in no way responsible for or a party to the commission of the offence.

13. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10, or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court in a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Mba Ise Federal Native Authority the 12th day of August, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Mba Ise Federal Native Authority in the presence of:

M. A. ONYEKWERE, *Secretary*

A. I. NNODIM, *President*

APPROVED by the Governor this 1st day of October, 1954.

By His Excellency's Command,

ANTHONY G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 262 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(VEHICLE LICENCES) BYE-LAWS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Urban District Council (Vehicle Licences) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply to the whole of the area of the authority of the Council and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title and application.
2. In these bye-laws:— Definitions.
  - “council” means the Calabar Urban District Council.
  - “vehicle” means any carriage, cart, cycle, rickshaw or other vehicle whatsoever, but does not include any motor vehicle.
3. Every person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used inside the area of the authority of the Council shall take out a licence in the form set out in the First Schedule, and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Second Schedule. Vehicles to be licensed.  
Fees.  
Schedule.
4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his vehicle to the office of the Council and on the issue of the licence a plate bearing both the number of the licence and a letter denoting the class of vehicle for which such licence has been issued shall be affixed to the vehicle by or under direction of the Council. Vehicle to be produced when licensed.  
Plate to be affixed to vehicle.
5. Such plate shall be fixed in an upright position, so that every letter or figure on the plate is upright and easily distinguishable, and ordinarily be placed in the positions following:— Manner of affixing plate.
  - (a) on bicycles, on the rear fork above the mud-guard, or on the portion of mud-guard projecting in front of the crown of the front fork;
  - (b) on tricycles, on the rear axle;
  - (c) on handcarts, barrows, trucks and trolleys, on the pole or shaft;
  - (d) on bath-chairs, rickshaws, go-carts and carriages, on the pole or shaft; and in the case of four-wheeled carriages, on the rear axle thereof.
6. Such plate shall be the property of the Council and shall not be removed from the vehicle to which it is attached without the consent of the Council for any purpose whatsoever until the expiration of the licence granted in respect of such vehicle. Plate not to be removed from vehicle.
7. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st of December, next following. Validity of licence.

Offence and Court in which penalties may be imposed.

Vehicles licensed elsewhere.

8. Any person who keeps or owns any vehicle and who uses or permits the same to be used within the area of the authority without taking out a licence as provided in these bye-laws and without having another valid licence as provided in bye-law 9 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of forty shillings.

9. Any person who holds a licence in respect of a vehicle issued under:—

- (a) the bye-laws of any First Class Township, or
- (b) the rules or bye-laws made in respect of or by any Second Class Township, or
- (c) bye-laws made by any Local Government Council, or
- (d) the rules made in respect of or by any Third Class Township or other Native Authority, shall not, whilst such licence is in force, be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same vehicle.

10. If the holder of a current licence shall satisfy the Council that the licence or plate has been lost or stolen, the Council may, on payment of the fee specified in the Second Schedule, issue to such holder a new licence together with a new plate which the Council shall provide, and such new licence shall replace and have the same effect as the original licence. The original licence or plate, as the case may be, still in custody of the licensee shall be returned to the Council.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

#### CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

Licence is hereby granted to ..... of ..... to keep and use until the 31st of December, 195....., the vehicle of which the following are the particulars:—

Type.....  
 Make.....  
 Number.....

DATED this ..... day of ....., 195.....

Fee paid:       :       :

.....  
*For Calabar Urban District Council*

### SECOND SCHEDULE

						<i>Per annum</i>		
						£	s	d
Bicycle or tricycle	...	...	...	...	...	0	7	6
Hand-cart or barrow	...	...	...	...	...	0	7	6
Bath-chair, rickshaw, or go-cart	...	...	...	...	...	0	10	0
Two-wheeled carriage, cart or truck	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	0
Four-wheeled carriage, cart or trolley	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	0

For a new licence and plate to take the place of one lost or stolen, 2s.

For licences taken out after the 30th June, one-half of any of the above rates will be charged, but no half-yearly licences will be issued in respect of the first half of the year.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 13th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Calabar Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

ENIAN ESIEN, *Secretary*

JONES UFOT, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 1st day of October, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of October, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 263 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE NGOR-OKPALA FEDERAL NATIVE AUTHORITY (PUBLIC SERVICES RATING) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st day of October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraphs (xxvi) and (xxvii) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority with the approval of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Eastern Region.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority (Public Services Rating) Rules, 1954, and shall apply to all persons subject to the Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority and shall come into operation on the 1st day of October, 1954.

2. In these rules:—

“native authority” means the Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority;

“rate-payer” means a person liable to pay a rate in accordance with rule 3;

“rate-collector” means a person appointed by the Native Authority to be a rate-collector in accordance with rule 5.

3. Every male person over the age of sixteen residing or carrying on business within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority shall pay an annual rate of one shilling and sixpence per year.

4. Any person whose authority and control is recognised by a section of a community or any employer or any head of a family or any householder or any person who may be required to do so shall give all such information as may be required of him by the Native Authority or any rate-collector with a view to obtaining information for the assessment or collection of the rate.

5. (1) The Native Authority may, in writing, appoint any Village Council, or other suitable person or group of persons to be a rate-collector in respect of any specified area or community.

(2) It shall be the duty of every rate-collector:—

(a) to furnish orally or in writing to the Native Authority as and when directed by the Native Authority a nominal roll of all rateable persons in the area or community to which he has been appointed;

(b) to collect and receive on and when directed by the Native Authority from each person liable for the payment of the rate in the area or community to which he has been appointed the rate payable by each person;

- (c) to pay promptly all amounts so collected to the Ngor-Okpala Native Treasury; and
- (d) to report to the Native Authority the name of any person who has failed to pay the amount of the rate due from him.

6. The Native Authority may reduce or remit the payment of any rate on account of the poverty of any person liable to the payment thereof.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers or by rate-payers in excess of the rate. An official receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by the levying of the rate or contributed under the provision of rule 7 shall be expended upon public services within the area of jurisdiction of the Native Authority and upon no other purpose.

9. Any rate-payer who, without lawful justification or excuse, the proof of which shall lie on the person charged, shall refuse or neglect to pay the rate, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment for twenty-eight days.

10. Any person having been required to give information under the provisions of rule 4 who shall neglect or refuse to give such information or who shall wilfully mislead or attempt to mislead the Native Authority or any rate-collector or their agents on any matter connected with the collection of the rate shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

- 11. Any rate-collector or individual member of a rate-collector who
  - (a) fails to deposit in the Ngor-Okpala Treasury any sum of money collected by him as rates;
  - (b) demands from any community or any person an amount in excess of the duly assessed rates;
  - (c) renders false returns, whether orally or in writing, of the number of the rate-payers or the amount of rates collected or received by him;
  - (d) fails to carry out any duty imposed upon him either individually or as a member of a rate-collector,

shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine of £25 or to imprisonment for six months.

12. Proceedings either to enforce the payment of any rate or for the imposition of penalties under rules 9, 10 or 11 may be taken by the Native Authority or a rate-collector as the case may be—

- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court in a Native Court; or
- (b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, in a Magistrate's Court.

MADE by the Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority the 27th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of Ngor-Okpala Federal Native Authority in the Presence of:

N. A. ATUMONYOGO, *Secretary*

N. N. OKERE, *President*

A. E. NWOSU	} <i>Members</i>
S. I. EKWONYE	
G. O. AMAJIRIONWU	

APPROVED by the Lieutenant-Governor this 28th day of September, 1954.

By His Honour's Command,

J. G. MACKENZIE,  
*Civil Secretary, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 264 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*  
(No. 16 of 1950)

THE EASTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(CONTROL OF TRADITIONAL SOCIETIES)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st September, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council.

2. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall apply within the area of the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority. Short title, application and commencement.
3. In these bye-laws:— Definition.
- “the council” means the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council;
- “area” means the area of the jurisdiction of the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council;
- “traditional societies” means the Ekpo, Atat, Ekpe, Obon, Idiong and Iban Isong societies;
- “societies” shall have the same meaning as “traditional societies;”
- “weapon” includes matchets, bows and arrows, cudgels and instruments normally capable of inflicting bodily harm.
4. The head of every traditional society within the area shall register such society with the Council by giving the name of the society, the names and villages of all members and officers of the society. Registration of societies.
5. (1) The fees payable upon registration shall be as set out in the First Schedule hereto. Registration fees to be paid.
- (2) The head of each society shall be responsible for ensuring that registration fees are paid to the Council.
6. It shall be unlawful for any society to organise any procession or stage a play or perform any ceremony without first obtaining a permit for the purpose from the Council and upon payment of the fees set out in the Second Schedule hereto. Permits to be obtained.
7. It shall be unlawful for any one taking part in a procession or play or other ceremony of a society to carry a weapon. Weapons not to be carried.
8. (1) Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 4, 5, 6 or 7 shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction be subject to a fine not exceeding twenty-five pounds or in default to a term of imprisonment not exceeding three months. Penalty.
- (2) The penalties prescribed above shall be imposed:
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

FIRST SCHEDULE

REGISTRATION FEES

<i>Name of Society</i>	<i>Fees</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Atat... ..	21	0
Obon ... ..	21	0
Ekpo ... ..	50	0
Idiong ... ..	50	0
Ekpe ... ..	50	0
Iban Isong ... ..	50	0

SECOND SCHEDULE

PERMITS

<i>Name of Society</i>	<i>Fees</i>	
	<i>s</i>	<i>d</i>
Atat... ..	21	0
Obon ... ..	21	0
Ekpo ... ..	50	0
Idiong ... ..	50	0
Ekpe ... ..	50	0
Iban Isong ... ..	50	0

FORM OF PERMIT

The Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Controlling of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1954.

PERMIT

Permit is hereby granted to.....of the village of.....(head of the.....Society of the village of.....to stage the.....traditional play at the said village for the play season of the.....19.....to.....19.....subject to the provision laid down in the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Control of Traditional Societies) Bye-laws, 1954.

DATED this 26th day of June, 1954.

APPROVED and made by the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council by resolution dated 26th June, 1954, under the Common Seal of the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council in the presence of:

O. N. BASSEY, *Secretary-Treasurer*

JACOB UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 31st day of August, 1954.

By virtue of powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of September, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 265 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS

*(Date of commencement: 4th October, 1954)*

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 184 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950) I, SIR CLEMENT JOHN PLEASS, K.B.E., C.M.G., Governor of the Eastern Region of Nigeria, and Regional Authority, do hereby appoint the Director of Audit of the Eastern Region of Nigeria, or any officer of the Audit Department duly authorised by the said Director of Audit, to be the Auditor of the accounts of all Councils established under the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance.

2. All previous appointments of Auditors are hereby revoked.

GIVEN under my hand at Enugu this 4th day of October, 1954.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 266 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*Order MADE UNDER The Forestry Ordinance (Chapter 75)*

*(Date of commencement: 1st November, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 49 (g) of the Forestry Ordinance, which powers have been delegated to the Chief Conservator of Forests, the following order is hereby made:—

- (1) This order may be cited as the Enugu Water Headworks Forest Reserve (Prohibition of Trespass) Order, 1954.
- (2) Subject to the provisions of section 5 (2) of the Waterworks Ordinance no person except with the authority in writing of the Conservator of Forests shall enter the Enugu Water Headworks Forest Reserve.

DATED at Enugu this 1st day of November, 1954.

N. S. STEVENSON,  
*Chief Conservator of Forests, Eastern Region*

*E.R.L.N. No. 267 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948 (No. 38 of 1948)*

THE PORT HARCOURT TOWNSHIP (RATING NO. 2) ORDER, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Port Harcourt Town Council by section 44 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the following order is hereby made with the approval of the Governor, Eastern Region.

1. This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt Township (Rating No. 2) Order, 1954.
2. A Township rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements in the Township of Port Harcourt for the period of six months commencing on the 1st day of October, 1954, and ending on the 31st March, 1955.
3. The said rate shall be one shilling and three pence in the pound of the annual value of the tenements in respect of the period.
4. The said rate shall become due and be payable at the office of the Town Clerk within thirty days from the date of commencement of this order.

5. The following tenements shall be exempt from the payment of the said rate:—
- (a) Cemeteries.
  - (b) Tenements used exclusively for the purpose of public worship.
  - (c) Public Recreation Grounds.
  - (d) Tenements occupied by Government Schools, Teacher-Training Institutions or any School or Teacher-Training Institution which is in receipt of grant-in-aid under the provisions of the Education Ordinance, 1948, in so far as such tenements are used for educational purposes.

MADE at Port Harcourt this 25th day of September, 1954, by the Port Harcourt Town Council.

J. A. ANYANWU,  
*Ag. Town Clerk*

APPROVED by the Governor this 9th day of November, 1954.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

---

E.R.L.N. No. 268 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Township Ordinance (Cap. 216)*

THE UMUAHIA-IBEKU (EDUCATION RATING) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st October, 1954).*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by sections 31 (1) and 47 of the Townships Ordinance and by Eastern Regional Legal Notice No. 236 of 1954, the Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku, has made the following bye-laws with the approval of the Governor:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku (Education Rating) Bye-Laws, 1954, and shall come into force on the 1st day of October, 1954.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“rate” means education rate;

“annual value” means the annual value of a tenement as shown in the valuation list for the time being under the Assessment Ordinance.

“Township of Umuahia-Ibeku” means the Second Class Township of Umuahia-Ibeku as defined in the Townships Order, E.R. No. 14 of 1952.

3. A rate shall be levied in respect of all tenements in the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku and shall be two and one half *per centum* of the annual value of the tenements.

4. The rate shall be paid in advance by equal half-yearly instalments payable on the 1st day of April and the 1st day of October in every year at the office of the local authority.

5. The owners and occupiers of tenements not exempt from the rate shall be liable to the local authority for the payment of the rate, but in the case of an occupied tenement, the same shall be deemed to be an occupier's rate and, as between the owner and the occupier of any tenement, shall in the absence of any agreement to the contrary be borne by the occupier, and the amount thereof, if paid by the owner, may be recovered by him from the occupier in an action for money paid to his use, or if he is still in occupation of the tenement, by distress in the same manner as for rent.

6. If any person fail to pay any rate for which he is liable within one month after the same became payable, the local authority may recover the same with costs and interest at the rate of eight *per centum* from the day when such rate ought to have been paid until the day of payment.

7. Money may be contributed voluntarily by persons who are not rate-payers, or by rate-payers in excess of the local rate. An official Township receipt shall be issued for every sum so paid.

8. All moneys raised by levying of the rate, or contributed under bye-law 7, shall be expended upon primary education within the Township of Umuahia-Ibeku, and upon no other purpose.

9. The following tenements shall be exempt from payment of the said rate:—

- (a) all land and buildings appropriated exclusively for the purposes of public worship;
- (b) Cemeteries and burial-grounds;
- (c) Primary schools and buildings, including teachers' houses, within such school premises used exclusively for the purposes of conducting schools;
- (d) Private hospitals registered under the Private Hospitals Ordinance, and hospitals and similar institutions exempt from such registration.
- (e) Government premises provided such premises are not leased to any person other than an employee of government;
- (f) Public recreation grounds;
- (g) The Ibeku Clan Council Hall.

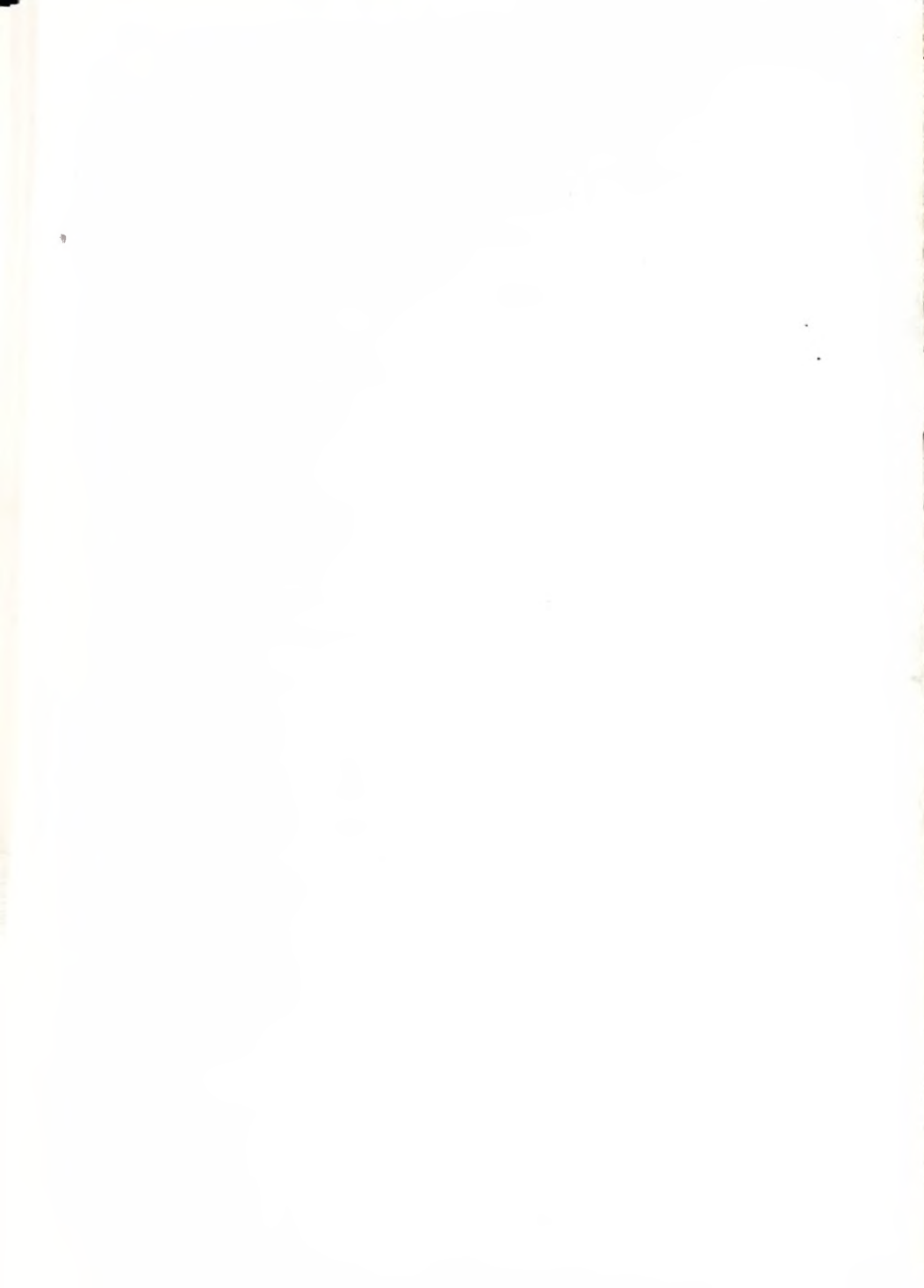
MADE this 27th day of August, 1954.

N. S. SWAISLAND,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED by the Governor this 11th day of November, 1954, at Enugu.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk of the Executive Council, Eastern Region*



E.R.L.N. No. 269 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Liquor Ordinance (Cap. 114)*

## THE LIQUOR (AMENDMENT) REGULATIONS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1955)*

In exercise of the power conferred upon the Governor in Council by section 68 of the Liquor Ordinance the following regulations are hereby made:—

1. These regulations may be cited as the Liquor (Amendment) Regulations, 1954.

2. The Second Schedule to Regulations 21 of 1917 is hereby revoked and the following substituted therefor:—

Replacement  
of Second  
Schedule to  
Regulations  
21 of 1917.  
(Vol. viii  
page 392).

## SECOND SCHEDULE

## Regulation 7.

## FEES TO BE PAID FOR LICENCES

<i>Class of licence</i>	£	s	d
1. Store liquor licence:—			
(a) When the premises are situated within a Category "A" area ...	75	0	0
(b) When the premises are situated within a Category "B" area ...	35	0	0
2. Tavern Licence ... ..	55	0	0
3. Wine and beer On-Licence ... ..	10	0	0
4. Wine and beer Off-Licence ... ..	5	0	0
5. General wholesale liquor licence:—			
(a) When the premises are situated within a Category "A" area ...	75	0	0
(b) When the premises are situated within a Category "B" area ...	35	0	0
6. General retail liquor licence:—			
(a) When the premises are situated within a Category "A" area ...	75	0	0
(b) When the premises are situated within a Category "B" area ...	35	0	0
7. Hotel Liquor Licence ... ..	55	0	0
8. Club:			
(a) Proprietary Club ... ..	55	0	0
(b) Members' Club ... ..	10	0	0
9. Native Club Liquor Licence ... ..	4	10	0
10. Railway station liquor licence ... ..	35	0	0
11. Railway restaurant car liquor licence ... ..	25	0	0
12. Temporary liquor licence—for each day or part of a day ...	2	0	0

## FEES TO BE PAID FOR TRANSFERS AND REMOVALS:

*For the transfer or removal of a licence:*

(a) licences 2, 5, 6 and 7 above ... ..	2	0	0
(b) other licences ... ..	1	0	0

## FEES FOR PERMIT TO INTRODUCE LIQUOR INTO A PROHIBITED

## AREA:

For each permit ... ..	0	0	9
------------------------	---	---	---

FEES CHARGED ON APPLICATION FOR LICENCES AND RENEWALS OF LICENCES:		£	s	d
For each application	... ..	0	15	0

In this Schedule—"premises situated within a Category "A" area" are premises situated within the townships or urban areas of Port Harcourt, Calabar, Ikot Ekpene, Abakaliki, Onitsha, Enugu, Umuahia-Ibeku, Aba and Owerri: and "premises situated within a Category "B" area" are premises situated within an area other than a Category "A" area.

MADE by the Governor in Council at Enugu, this 15th day of November, 1954.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council*

*E.R.L.N. No. 270 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE OBUBRA DIVISION (MEDICAL SERVICES, RATING)  
(AMENDMENT) RULES, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)*

Date of commencement.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xvi) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Governor:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Division (Medical Services Rating) (Amendment) Rules, 1954.

Amendment to rule 3 of E.R. Public Notice No. 59 of 1953.

2. Rule 3 of the Obubra Division (Medical Services Rating) Rules, 1953, is hereby amended, by the deletion of the words "two shillings" in the second line and the substitution of the words "three shillings" therefor.

Amendment to rule 7 of E.R. Public Notice No. 59 of 1953.

3. Rule 7 of the Obubra Division (Medical Services Rating) Rules, 1954, is hereby amended by the insertion of the expression "building," immediately after the expression "expended upon the" in the second line.

MADE this 26th day of March, 1954, under the Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. DAVID, *Secretary,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

D. O. ENANG, *Chairman,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Governor this 11th day of November, 1954, at Enugu.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 271 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*

*(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1955)*

THE ROAD TRAFFIC (LICENCE FEES) REGULATIONS, 1954

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor in Council by subsection (1) of section 34 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947, the following regulations are hereby made:—

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| 1. These regulations may be cited as the Road Traffic (Licence Fees) Regulations, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 1st day of January, 1955.   | Short title and date of commencement.                            |
| 2. Paragraph (ii) of sub-regulations (7) of regulation 19 of the Road Traffic Regulations, 1948, is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "twenty shillings" for the words "five shillings" occurring therein.             | Amendments to regulations 19 (7) (ii) of Regulations 29 of 1948. |
| 3. Paragraph (iii) of sub-regulation (II) of regulation 19 of the Road Traffic Regulations, 1948, is hereby amended by the substitution of the words "twenty shillings" for the words "five shillings" whenever they appear therein. | Amendment to regulation 19 (ii) (iii) of Regulation 29 of 1948.  |
| 4. The fees payable for the various licences mentioned in the Schedule shall be as is therein prescribed.  | Licence fees for motor vehicles.                                 |
| 5. The Motor Vehicles (Licence fees) Regulations, 1952, are hereby revoked.  | Revoking E.R. Regulations No. 4 of 1952.                         |

SCHEDULE  
PART I

Description of Vehicle	Net Weight	Annual Rate	LICENCE EXPIRING AT END OF QUARTER. AMOUNT PAYABLE IF TAKEN OUT ON OR AFTER				LICENCE EXPIRING 31ST DECEMBER, IF TAKEN OUT ON OR AFTER						AMOUNT PAYABLE		
			1st Jan.	1st Feb.	1st Mar.	1st Apr.	1st May	1st June	1st July	1st Aug.	1st Sept.	1st July	1st Aug.	1st Sept.	
			£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s	£ s
Motor cycle (with or without side car) ..	—	2 14	0 16	0 11	0 5	2 12	2 7	2 3	1 18	1 13	1 8	1 4	0 19		
Motor Vehicles other than Commercial Vehicles ..	0 12 17 17 12 22 22 27 27 ..	5 8 9 9 13 10 17 11 21 12	1 11 2 14 3 18 5 1 6 4	1 1 1 16 2 12 3 7 4 3	0 10 0 18 1 6 1 13 2 1	5 4 9 2 13 0 16 19 20 16	4 15 8 6 11 17 15 9 18 18	4 5 7 9 10 13 13 18 17 0	3 16 6 13 9 9 12 7 15 2	3 6 5 16 8 6 10 16 13 5	2 17 5 0 7 2 9 6 11 7	2 7 4 3 5 18 7 15 9 9	1 18 3 7 4 15 6 14 7 11		
Commercial Vehicles other than Hackney Carriages ..	Gross Weight ewt.cwt.	19 9 25 18 32 8 38 17 45 8 60 70 70 80 80 90 90 —	5 9 7 9 9 6 11 3 14 2 15 17 18 13	3 13 5 0 6 4 7 8 8 15 9 18 11 2 12 9	1 16 2 10 3 2 3 14 4 7 4 19 5 12 6 4	18 14 24 19 31 4 37 8 43 14 49 18 56 2 62 7	17 0 22 4 28 7 33 19 39 15 45 7 51 8 56 14	15 6 20 8 25 10 30 11 35 16 40 16 46 6 51 1	13 12 18 2 22 14 27 3 31 17 36 5 41 4 45 8	11 18 15 17 19 17 23 14 27 8 31 14 36 2 39 15	10 4 13 12 17 0 20 6 23 19 27 3 31 4 34 2	8 10 11 6 14 4 16 18 20 0 22 12 25 18 28 9	6 16 9 1 11 7 13 10 16 1 18 1 20 16 22 16		
Trailers ..	— 10 20 20 30 30 40 40 50 50 60 60 70 70 80 80 90 90 —	2 4 6 9 8 13 10 16 13 0 15 2 17 5 19 9 21 12	0 13 1 5 1 17 2 10 3 2 3 7 4 7 5 9 6 4	0 9 0 17 1 5 1 13 2 1 2 8 3 6 3 13 4 3	0 8 0 12 0 17 1 1 1 5 2 1 3 1 3 13 4 2	2 3 3 3 6 4 8 6 10 8 14 11 16 12 18 14 20 16	2 0 3 16 5 13 7 11 9 9 11 7 13 5 15 1 18 18	1 16 3 8 5 1 6 15 8 10 10 5 11 8 13 11 15 6 17 0	1 13 3 1 4 9 6 0 7 11 9 2 10 12 12 0 13 12 15 2	1 9 2 14 3 18 5 14 6 12 7 19 9 6 10 9 11 8 13 5 15 2	1 6 2 6 3 6 4 19 5 13 6 17 7 19 8 19 10 4 11 7	1 3 1 19 2 4 4 3 4 15 5 14 6 13 7 10 8 10 9 9 10 4 11 7	0 19 1 12 2 3 3 8 4 16 5 11 6 7 7 5 8 16 9 9 10 5 11 7		

## PART II

	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s	£	s						
Special Trade Licence	5	15	1	14	1	3	0	11	5	11	5	1	4	11	4	0	3	11	3	1	2	10	2	0

## PART III

For a Hackney Carriage licensed to carry <i>not</i> more than 5 persons (including the driver) .. .. .	5	15	1	14	1	3	0	11	5	11	5	1	4	11	4	0	3	11	3	1	2	10	2	0
For a Hackney Carriage licensed to carry more than 5 persons or a Stage Carriage licensed to carry not more than 15 persons (including the driver) For a Stage Carriage licensed to carry more than 15 persons .. .. .	11	10	3	8	2	6	1	3	11	2	10	2	9	1	8	1	7	1	6	1	5	1	4	1
	23	0	6	16	4	11	2	6	22	3	20	3	18	3	16	2	14	2	12	2	10	2	8	2

## PART IV

A refund of licence fee on a motor vehicle, special trade or hackney or stage carriage licence shall be calculated as follows:—

One-twelfth of the annual licence fee payable multiplied by the remaining number of complete months for which the licence is current less 10 per cent of the sum thus ascertained.

MADE by the Governor in Council this 16th day of November, 1954.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region

## E.R.L.N. No. 272 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Courts Ordinance (Chapter 142)*  
*(Date of Commencement: 25th November, 1954)*

It is hereby notified in pursuance of section 48 of the Native Courts Ordinance that the jurisdiction and power of all Native Courts established in the Eastern Region is as indicated in the Schedule hereto.

All particulars which relate to the Native Courts, Eastern Region which appear in the Schedule to Eastern Region Public Notice No. 288 of 1953, are hereby revoked.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
CALABAR PROVINCE				
Abak .. .. .	Abak	D (limited)	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Afaha Obong	do.	—	do.
	Midim and Ikot Imo	do.	—	do.
	Otoro	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Oloro	do.	—	do.
	Mbiakot	do.	—	do.
	Ibesti	do.	—	do.
	Ekparaikwa	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Ibritam	do.	—	do.
	Utu Etim Ekpo	do.	—	do.
	Uruk	do.	—	do.
	Ikomo	do.	—	do.
	Utu	do.	—	do.
	Obong Clan	do.	—	do.
	Achan Ika	do.	—	do.
	Ito Ika	do.	—	do.
	Southern Ukamafun	do.	—	do.
	Northern Ukamafun	do.	—	do.
	Northern Afaha	do.	—	do.
	Southern Afaha	do.	—	do.
	Afaha Obo	do.	—	do.
	Ika Na Annang	do.	—	do.

Division	Native Court	Grade	Extended Powers if any	Appeal to
CALABAR PROVINCE—continued				
Calabar	Efik Qua-Efut Efik-Qua-Efut Native Court of Appeal Alpabuyo	B (limited) B (limited) C (limited)	— — —	Magistrate, Magistrate, Efik-Qua-Efut Native Court of Appeal.
	Calabar	B (limited)	—	do.
	Creek Town	do.	—	do.
	Odot Ediong	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Okoyong Clan	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrates' Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ikpai (Ekoi Tribe)	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Netim (Ekoi Tribe)	D (limited)	—	do.
	Oban (Ekoi Tribe)	do.	—	do.
	L'yangra	do.	—	do.
Eket	Eket Clan	C (limited)	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ibeno Clan	D (limit)	—	do.
	Ibeno Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okobo Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okon Ibiakpan Obotim	do.	—	do.
	Oniong Nung Ndem Clan	do.	—	do.
	Efiat-Mibo	C (limited)	—	do.
	Oron	do.	—	do.
	Oyubia	do.	—	do.
	L'bium	do.	—	do.
	Awa	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	L'qoo	C (limited)	—	do.
	Aro Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
Enyong (Aro District)			—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ihe Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ezei Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ubarhara Clan	do.	—	do.
	Egur Ipa Group	do.	—	do.
	Ututu-Isu Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikpanya-Iwerri Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ukwa Clan	do.	—	do.
	Umon Group	do.	—	do.
	Ehnm-Uguakuma Group	do.	—	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<i>CALABAR PROVINCE—continued</i>				
Enyong .. (Itu District)	Ibiono (Itu District) Ibiono (Itu District) Ono Group	D (limited) do. do.	— — —	Magistrate's Court. Ibiono (Itu District) Native Court of Appeal. Ibiono (Itu District) Native Court of Appeal.
	Iyere Group	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Ikot Obong Group	do.	—	Magistrate's Court.
	Itam-Oku-Itu (Itu District) Court of Appeal	do.	—	Itam-Oku-Itu (Itu District) Native Court of Appeal.
	Itam Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oku-Mbiabo-Ayadehe Group	do.	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
	Itu Clan	do.	—	do.
	Eki Clan	do.	—	do.
	Enyong Group	do.	—	do.
	Adiasimi Ekpenyong	do.	—	do.
	Alaha-Odoro-Ikot	do.	—	do.
	Ikpe Annang Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okun Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ukana Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ediene Itak Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikomo I (Middle) Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikomo III (North) Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikomo II (South) Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Ekpene	do.	—	do.
	Amanyam	do.	—	do.
	Ikot Abia	do.	—	do.
	Nto Edino	do.	—	do.
	Obot Akara	do.	—	do.
	Ududu Ikpe Clan	do.	—	do.
	Nkalu Clan	do.	—	do.
	Acafor (Andomi)	do.	—	do.
	Okoro-Ete (Andomi)	do.	—	do.
Opobo ..	Ikot Akpan Essien (Annang) Ikot Ikpene (Annang)	do. do.	— —	do. do.

Division	Native Court	Grade	Extended Powers if any	Appeal to
CALABAR PROVINCE—continued				
Opobo—contd. . .	Ibibio (Opobo Division) Ibibio (Opobo Division) Native Court of Appeal Ibiaku Clan	C (limited) C (limited) D (limited)	— — —	Administrative Officer. Administrative Officer. Ibibio (Opobo Division) Native Court of Appeal. do. do. do. do. do. do.
	Ikpa Ibekeve Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikpa Ikono Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikpa Nung Asang Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikpa Nung Esctang Group	do.	—	do.
	Ukpum Ere-Onon	do.	—	do.
	Ukpum Minya	do.	—	do.
	Opobo Town Native Court	C (limited)	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court; other cases to Administrative Officer.
Uyo . . .	Northern Court, Uruan Clan	do.	—	do.
	Central Court, Uruan Clan	do.	—	do.
	Southern Court, Uruan Clan	do.	—	do.
	Asutan Ekpe Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Ibesikpo Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Western Nsit (I) Clan	C (limited)	—	do.
	Western Nsit (II) Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Eastern Nsit Clan	do.	—	do.
	Iman No. I Clan Court—Erinan, Mbioto, Ontong	do.	—	do.
	Ofot Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oku Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikono Clan	do.	—	do.
	Etoi Clan	do.	—	do.
OGGJA PROVINCE				
Abakaliki . . .	Agba Clan	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Etza Clan	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	do.
	Effium, Etza Effium and Izi Effium	D (limited)	Imprisonment for one year for praedial larceny	do.
	Arubia	C (limited)	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	do.
	Ahise Clan	do.	do.	do.
	Ishielu Clan	do.	do.	do.
	Izi Clan	do.	do.	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>	
<b>OJOJA PROVINCE—continued</b>					
Abakaliki—contd.	Izi Mother Towns Group	D (limited)	Imprisonment for one year for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.	
	Agbaja Sub-Clan	do.	Imprisonment for one year for praedial larceny	do.	
	Annachi Sub-Clan	do.	Imprisonment for two years for praedial larceny	do.	
	Edda-Enyigba-Okpuitumo Group	do.	do.	do.	
	Igbegu Sub-Clan	do.	do.	do.	
	Inyimagu Sub-Clan	do.	do.	do.	
	Ishieke Sub-Clan	do.	do.	do.	
	Nkaliki Achara Sub-Clan	do.	do.	do.	
	Nigbo Clan	C (limited)	do.	do.	
	Orri Clan	do.	do.	do.	
	Afikpo .. .. .	Afikpo Clan	do.	—	do.
	.. .. .	Agbo Clan	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
	.. .. .	Amascri Clan	do.	do.	do.
	.. .. .	Okpoha Clan	do.	do.	do.
	.. .. .	Unwana Clan	do.	do.	do.
	.. .. .	Aka-Eze Clan	do.	do.	do.
	.. .. .	Edda Clan	do.	do.	do.
.. .. .	Ishiago Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Isu Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Okposi Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Onicha Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Oshiri Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Uburu Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Ugulangu Clan	do.	do.	do.	
.. .. .	Ukawu Clan	do.	do.	do.	
Ikom .. .. .	Abo Group	do.	do.	do.	
	Akparabong Clan	do.	—	do.	
	Boje Group	do.	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.	
	Ikom Group	do.	—	do.	
	Nde-Nkum	do.	—	do.	
Northern Etung Clan	do.	—	do.		
Otutop Clan	do.	—	do.		

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<i>OJOJA PROVINCE—continued</i>				
<i>Ikoma—contd.</i>	Olulumo Group	D (limited)	—	Administrative officer.
	Southern Etung Clan	do.	—	do.
<i>Obubra</i>	Abanyum Clan	do.	—	do.
	Adun Clan	do.	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
	Atam Clan	do.	—	do.
	Bahumunu Clan	C (limited)	—	do.
	Iyala Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Osopong Clan	do.	—	do.
	Nnam-Nselle Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ofubonga Clan	do.	—	do.
	Okum Clan	do.	—	do.
	Yakur Clan	C (limited)	—	do.
	Igbo-Ayiga Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
<i>Ogoja</i>	Aferike Clan	C (limited)	—	do.
	Akajuk Clan	D (limited)	—	do.
	Bekworra Clan	do.	—	do.
	Irruan Sub-Clan	do.	—	do.
	Nkim Clan	do.	—	do.
	Nkum Clan	do.	—	do.
	Northern Ukelle Clan	do.	—	do.
	Osokum Group	do.	—	do.
	Southern Ukelle Clan	do.	—	do.
	Yaehi-Gabu Group	do.	—	do.
	Yala Clan	do.	—	do.
		Bette-Bendi	do.	—
<i>Obudu District</i>	Eastern Boki Group	do.	—	do.
	Obanliko Clan	do.	—	do.
	Otukwang-Ukpe	do.	—	do.
	Utanga-Beecheve Clan	do.	—	do.
<i>ONITSHA PROVINCE</i>				
<i>Awka</i>	Agudo	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	do.
	Mbamisi	do.	do.	do.
	Orumba	do.	do.	do.
	Mbailinofu	do.	do.	do.
	Mbareghete	do.	do.	do.
	Udoka	do.	do.	do.
	Agulu	do.	do.	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Posters if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>ONITSHA PROVINCE—continued</b>				
Awgu .. ..	Enugu	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Abboh Group	do.	do.	do.
	Owelli Group	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanano	do.	do.	do.
	Eha-Amufu Group	do.	do.	do.
	Enugu-Ezike Group	do.	do.	do.
	Itehi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Nibo Group	do.	do.	do.
	Nsukka Group	do.	do.	do.
	Obolo Group	do.	do.	do.
	Ogrugru Group	do.	do.	do.
	Omor Group	do.	do.	do.
	Opi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Atani Group	do.	do.	do.
	Aguleri Group	do.	do.	do.
	Edomani Group	do.	do.	do.
	Ogidi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Idemili Group	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanano Group	do.	do.	do.
	Nobi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Anam Group	do.	do.	do.
	Nzam Group	do.	do.	do.
	Achalla Group	do.	do.	do.
	Agbaja Group	do.	do.	do.
	Mbanesi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Orsu Group	do.	do.	do.
	Ozubulu Group	do.	do.	do.
	Ugwuochi Group	do.	do.	do.
	Osomari Group	do.	do.	do.
	Umuigwedo Group	do.	do.	do.
	Onitsha Town	B (limited)	—	Magistrate.
Udi .. ..	Ukana-Ngwó	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Olo-Oha-Amagu Umulokpa Group	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Neke Clan	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Uku-Ugunye Clan	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Osie Clan	do.	do.	do.
	Umu-Eziagu	do.	do.	do.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
ONITSHA PROVINCE—continued				
Udi—contd.	Agbani-Akpugo	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Akegbe-Ozalla Group	do.	do.	do.
	Anaurri-Ugboka Group	do.	do.	do.
	Anaigunze Group	do.	do.	do.
	Idodo Group	do.	do.	do.
	Mburubu Group	do.	do.	do.
	Nike Group	do.	do.	do.
OWERRI PROVINCE				
Aba	Asa	do.	—	do.
	Ocemiri Group	do.	—	do.
	Ikwuano	do.	—	do.
	Azumini	do.	—	do.
	Aba na Dhazu Group	do.	—	do.
	Ahiaba	do.	—	do.
	Awo	do.	—	do.
	Ujvwunagbo	do.	—	do.
	Nkwo Udara	do.	—	do.
	Nsulu	do.	—	do.
	Orie Agalaba	do.	—	do.
	Owerrioma	do.	—	do.
	Uhie	do.	—	do.
	Omuma	do.	—	do.
	Obobia	do.	—	do.
	Ariam Group	do.	—	do.
	Ibere Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oboro Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oloko Clan	do.	—	do.
	Alayi Clan	do.	—	do.
	Bende Clan	do.	—	do.
	Igbere Clan	do.	—	do.
	Item Clan	do.	—	do.
	Uzatiem Clan	do.	—	do.
	Uwamanyi Clan	do.	—	do.
	Iwa Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ibeka Clan	do.	—	do.
	Igba Ohuahu Clan	do.	—	do.
	Oloko Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ubakala Clan	do.	—	do.
Bende				



Division	Native Court	Grade	Extended Powers if any	Appeal to
OWERRI PROVINCE—continued				
Overri—contd.	Obike Group	D (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Okwe Group	do.	—	do.
	Umuaro-Imericwe Group	do.	—	do.
	Awa-Izombe Group	do.	—	do.
	Oru-Oguta Group	do.	—	do.
	Awarra Group	do.	—	do.
	Ohoba Group	do.	—	do.
	Umuakpo Group	do.	—	do.
	Aghala Group	do.	—	do.
	Ara-Umunwoha Group	do.	—	do.
	Nekede and Ihiagwa Group	do.	—	do.
	Owerri-Uratta Group	do.	—	do.
	Agwa Group	do.	—	do.
RIVERS PROVINCE				
Ahoada .. ..	Abua Clan	do.	—	do.
	Egbema clan	do.	—	do.
	Ahoada	do.	—	do.
	Oyiba	do.	—	do.
	Engeni Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikwerre Clan	do.	—	do.
	Ikwerre Clan Native Court of Appeal.	do.	—	do.
	Eiele Group	do.	—	do.
	Isiokpo Group	do.	—	do.
	Isoba Group	do.	—	do.
	Obia Group	do.	—	do.
	Rumuji Group	do.	—	do.
	Egwi Group	do.	—	do.
	Umuaturu	do.	—	do.
	Akabulka Group	do.	—	do.
	Omoku Group	do.	—	do.
Brass .. ..	Akassa Group	do.	—	do.
	Ogboin Group	do.	—	do.
	Bassan-Apoi Group	do.	—	do.
	Ekowe Group	do.	—	do.
	Elkpetama-Gbaran	do.	—	do.
	Kolokuma-Opokuma	do.	—	do.
			Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
				Ikwerre Clan Native Court of Appeal.

<i>Division</i>	<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Grade</i>	<i>Extended Powers if any</i>	<i>Appeal to</i>
<b>RIVERS PROVINCE—continued</b>				
<i>Brass—contd.</i>	Okordia			
	Trakiri Clan	D (limited)	Imprisonment for twelve months for praedial larceny	Administrative Officer.
	Epic-Aiussa Group	do.	—	do.
	Nembe Clan	do.	—	do.
	Anyama Group	C (limited)	—	do.
	Eneya Group	D (limited)	—	do.
	Oloibari Group	do.	—	do.
	Obodiana Oporoma Group	do.	—	do.
<i>Degema</i>	Bonny Clan	C (limited)	—	Magistrate.
	Kalabari	C (limited)	—	Administrative Officer.
	Odual (Saka) Clan	D (limited)	—	Land cases to Magistrate's Court,
	Okrika	C (limited)	—	Degema; other cases to Administrative Officer.
<i>Ogomi</i>	Ogomi Tribal	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Ogomi Tribal Native Court of Appeal	do.	—	Administrative Officer.
	Elene Clan	D (limited)	—	Ogomi Tribal Native Court of Appeal.
	Gokana (Ogomi) Clan	do.	—	do.
	Northern Kana (Ogomi) Clan	do.	—	do.
	Southern Kana (Ogomi) Clan	do.	—	do.
	T'ai (Ogomi) Clan	do.	—	do.

*N.B.*—1. “A (limited)” means that the court is a court of Grade A but that it has no jurisdiction to try the following offences:—

Homicide.

Treason.

Sedition.

Trial by ordeal.

Slave dealing.

Child stealing.

Offences against the revenue of the Government of Nigeria.

Offences relating to the Posts and Telegraphs or the Railway.

Official secrets.

Official corruption by Government officials.

Cases in which there is an issue as to whether or not a party to the case has practised witchcraft or juju.

2. “B (limited),” “C (limited)” and “D (limited)” respectively mean that the court is a court of Grade B, C or D, but that in each case the court has no jurisdiction to try the following offences:—

Homicide.

Treason.

Sedition.

Counterfeiting.

Trial by ordeal.

Slave dealing.

Child stealing.

Judicial corruption.

Fraudulent false accounting.

Obtaining goods by false pretences.

Offences against the public revenue of the Government of Nigeria.

Offences relating to the Posts and Telegraphs or the Railway.

Official secrets.

Official corruption.

Defilement of girls.

Procuration.

Rape.

Defamation (documentary).

Forgery.

Corrupt practices.

Conspiracy.

Knowingly making an untrue statement before a court unless that court considers that the offence can be adequately punished by not more than three months' imprisonment or by a fine not exceeding the maximum fine which the court is empowered to inflict.

Cases in which there is an issue as to whether or not a party to the case has practised witchcraft or juju.

3. (a) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 (c) below, all Native Courts have jurisdiction to enforce within the local limits of their jurisdiction

all the provisions of the following Ordinances, together with all subsidiary legislation made thereunder:—

<i>Chapter</i>	<i>Short Title</i>
24 ... ..	The Building Lines Regulation Ordinance.
54 ... ..	The Direct Taxation Ordinance.
127 ... ..	The Markets Ordinance.
227 ... ..	The Waterworks Ordinance.

(b) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, subject to the provisions of paragraph 3 (c) below, the Native Courts set out below have jurisdiction to enforce within the local limits of their jurisdiction all those provisions of the written laws particulars of which are set out below, together with all subsidiary legislation made under those provisions, and impose penalties on persons subject to their jurisdiction who offend against such provisions, subject to the restrictions and limitations, if any, shown in respect of any particular Court:—

<i>Native Court</i>	<i>Ordinance</i>	<i>Restrictions or Exercise of Limitations on Jurisdiction</i>
All Native Courts	Criminal Code (Cap. 4):— Sections 124, 130, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 144, 145, 243, 244, 245, 247, 341, 365, 372, 394, 488, 489, subsections (4), (5), (6), (7), (8) and (9) of section 133 and para- graphs (c) and (d) of section 249.	
	Labour Code (Cap. 99):— Part III of Chapter VI.	
All Native Courts in the Ogoja Di- vision of the Ogoja Province.	Criminal Code (Cap. 4):— Paragraphs (d) and (f) of section 210 and sec- tion 211.	Where the charge concerns the act or presence of the person charged at the worship or in- vocation of the juju known as "Nyam- buan" or the making, use or pos- session of any drug, charm or other article pro- hibited by the Pro- hibited Juju (Nyambuan) Or- der, 1939.

(c) By Order in Council No. 1 of 1945, as subsequently amended, a Native Court in exercise of the jurisdiction quoted in paragraph 3 (a) and (b) above may impose a penalty not greater than the maximum penalty it is authorised by warrant to impose in criminal causes, other than praedial larceny:

Provided that no penalty shall exceed the maximum penalty for the offence under the enactment creating the offence.

E. C. ALDERTON,  
*Permanent Secretary,*  
*Ministry of Internal Affairs*

Enugu,  
1st November, 1954.



## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Chapter 140)*

THE OBUDU DISTRICT NATIVE AUTHORITY  
 (BICYCLE LICENCES) RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1955)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xviii) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obudu District Native Authority with the approval of the Governor of the Eastern Region:—

1. These rules may be cited as the Obudu District Native Authority (Bicycle Licences) Rules, 1954. Short title.
2. In these rules:—
  - “authorised person” means any police officer while in uniform and any person holding a written authorisation as in the Form B in the Schedule hereto; Definition (Schedule).
  - “native authority” means the Obudu District Native Authority.
3. Any person who uses or permits any bicycle belonging to him to be used within the area of the Native Authority for which he is not in possession of a valid licence as in Form A set out in the Schedule hereto shall be guilty of an offence against these rules. Vehicle to be licensed.
4. Every applicant for a licence shall bring his bicycle to the office of the Native Authority, or to such other place as the Native Authority shall decide, to be licensed, and on payment of the prescribed fee shall there be issued with a licence. Application for licence.
5. Every licence shall continue in force from the date of the granting thereof until the 31st day of December next following. Period of licence.
6. The fee for every licence issued under the provisions of these rules shall be five shillings. Fee.
7. Licences shall be carried by the users of bicycles when using the bicycles at all times and shall be produced on demand to any authorised person. Licence to be carried.
8. Any person who is in possession of a valid licence in respect of a bicycle issued under the provisions of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the Townships Ordinance or the Native Authority Ordinance shall not be required to take out a further licence in respect of the same bicycle. Saving. (Cap. 216). (Cap. 140).
9. (1) Any person who:—
  - (a) commits an offence against these rules; or
  - (b) fails to produce his licence when it is lawfully demanded;
 shall be liable upon conviction to a fine of one pound. Offences and penalty.
- (2) Such fine shall be imposed—
  - (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by such Native Court; or
  - (b) if the offender is not so subject, by a Magistrate's Court.

## SCHEDULE

*Form A (Rule 3)*THE OBU DU DISTRICT NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1954*Licence*

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....to use a  
bicycle with frame numbered....., until....., 19.....  
DATED this.....day of....., 19.....  
Fee: 5s paid.

.....  
*Secretary/Treasurer, The Obudu  
District Native Authority*

*Form B (Rule 2)*THE OBU DU DISTRICT NATIVE AUTHORITY (BICYCLE LICENCES)  
RULES, 1954

Mr.....is hereby appointed an authorised person for  
the above mentioned rules.  
DATED this.....day of....., 19.....

.....  
*Secretary/Treasurer, The Obudu  
District Native Authority*

MADE the 14th day of June, 1954, under the Common Seal of the Obudu  
District Native Authority.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Obudu District Native Authority  
on the 14th day of June, 1954, in the presence of:

A. B. ENYONG, *Secretary,*  
*Obudu District Native Authority*

D. U. ATSU, *Chairman,*  
*Obudu District Native Authority*

APPROVED by the Governor this 11th day of November, 1954, at Enugu.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council, Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 274 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*THE UMU AHIA-IBEKU (TRAFFIC CONTROL)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by paragraph (f) of sub-  
section (1) of section 31 and section 47 of the Townships Ordinance the  
Local Authority of Umuahia-Ibeku Township has made the following  
bye-laws with the approval of the Governor.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Umuahia-Ibeku (Traffic Control)  
Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on the first day of December,  
1954.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. No person shall roll any container drum, drum, cask, puncheon or barrel upon any public highway or upon the verge of any public highway within the township of Umuahia-Ibeku.

No drums to be rolled in the roads of the township.

3. Any person contravening the provisions of bye-law 2 shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable upon summary conviction for a term of imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days or a fine of one pound for a first offence and for a term of imprisonment not exceeding one month or a fine of five pounds for any subsequent offence.

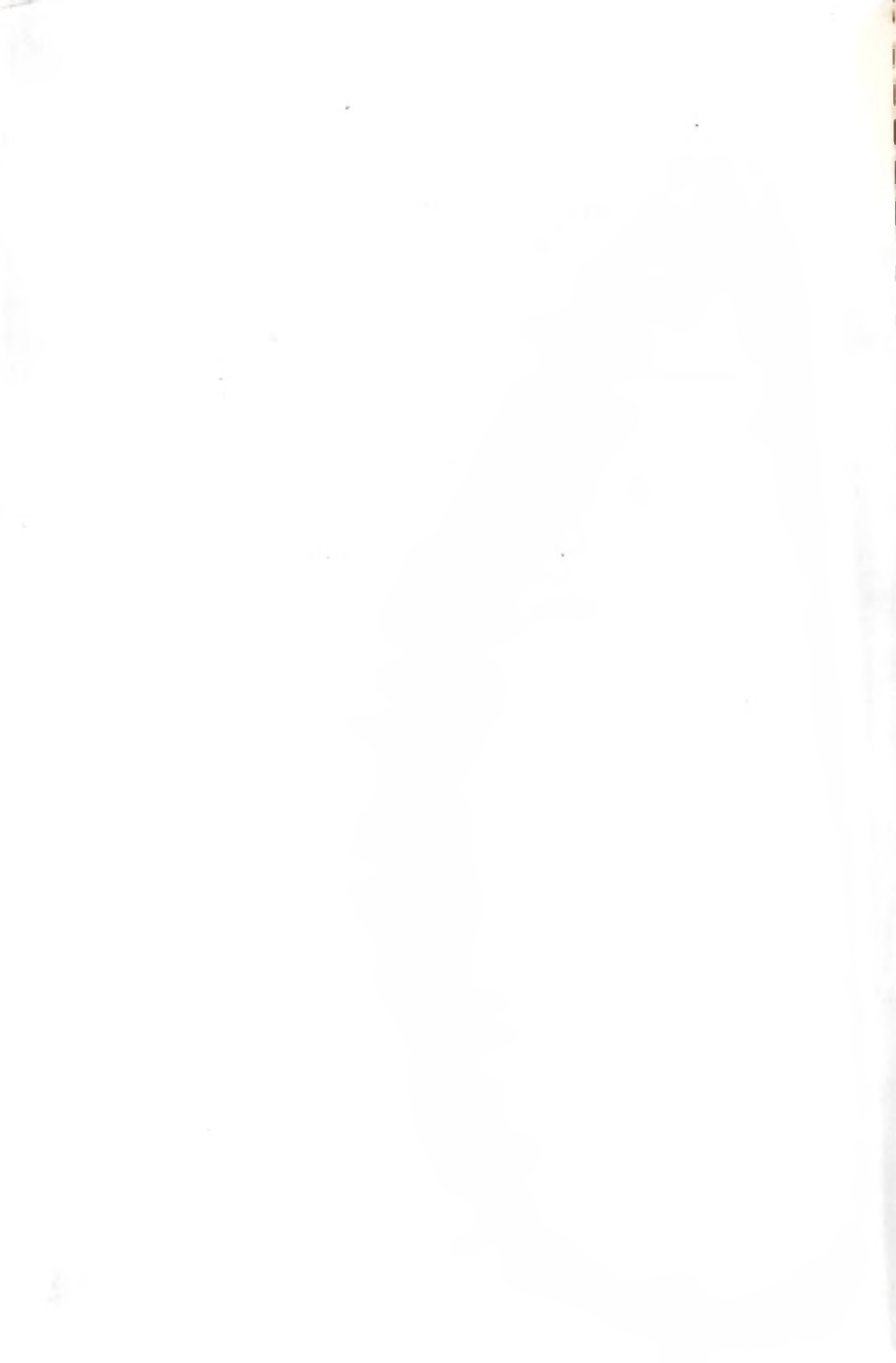
Offence and penalty

MADE this 21st day of September, 1954.

H. C. SWAISLAND,  
*Local Authority, Umuahia-Ibeku*

APPROVED by the Governor this 11th day of November, 1954, at Enugu.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Governor*



## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Vaccination Ordinance (Chapter 224)*

THE EZEAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VACCINATION)  
 RULES, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 9th December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 6 (2) of the Vaccination Ordinance the following rules have been made by the Ezeagu Native Authority with the approval of the Resident, Onitsha Province.

1. These rules may be cited as the Ezeagu Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Ezeagu Native Authority but to all persons whilst within its area. Short title.

2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by small-pox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Ezeagu Native Authority or any person duly authorised by the Native Authority to do so. Vaccination of an adult person.

3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous two years, nor attacked by small-pox, shall bring or cause to be brought such child for vaccination as prescribed in rule 2 herein. Vaccination of a child

Provided that in the case of an infant child, the parent shall bring or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.

4. Any person contravening these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction, to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days, and on each subsequent conviction, to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days. Offence. Penalty.

5. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed:—

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and

(b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate Court, by a Magistrate.

MADE by the Ezeagu Native Authority Council this 30th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Ezeagu Native Authority in the presence of:—

P. T. A. N. OZOAGU, *Secretary,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

J. M. AMALU, *Chairman,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 8th day of October, 1954.

O. P. GUNNING  
*Resident, Onitsha Province*

E.R.I.N. No. 276 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Vaccination Ordinance (Chapter 224)*THE NKANU NATIVE AUTHORITY (VACCINATION)  
RULES, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 9th December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by section 6 (2) of the Vaccination Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Nkanu Native Authority for the Nkanu Area in the Udi Division of the Onitsha Province with the approval of the Resident, Onitsha Province.

- Short title.** 1. These rules may be cited as the Nkanu Native Authority (Vaccination) Rules, 1954, and shall apply not only to persons normally subject to the jurisdiction of the Nkanu Native Authority, but to all persons whilst within its area.
- Vaccination of an adult person.** 2. Every adult who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the preceding two years, nor attacked by small-pox, shall present himself for vaccination if and when so directed either generally or individually by the Nkanu Native Authority or any person duly authorised by the Native authority to do so.
- Vaccination of a child** 3. Every parent of a child who has neither been successfully vaccinated within the previous period of two years nor attacked by small-pox, shall bring, or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination as prescribed in rule 2 herein.
- Provided that in the case of an infant child, the parent shall bring, or cause to be brought, such child for vaccination within six months from the date of birth.
- Offence.** 4. Any person contravening these rules shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on first conviction to a fine not exceeding forty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days and on each subsequent conviction to a fine not exceeding five pounds or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.
- Penalty.** 5. The penalties under these rules shall be imposed:—
- (a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, and
  - (b) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Magistrate's Court, by such a Magistrate.

MADE under the Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority this 29th day of April, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority on this 5th day of August, 1954, in the presence of:—

B. A. O. IBEGBU, *Secretary,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

D. O. NNAJI, *Chairman,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

APPROVED this 8th day of October, 1954.

O. P. GUNNING,  
*Resident, Onitsha Province*

E.R.L.N. No. 277 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*THE EZEAGU NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF  
BUSH BURNING) ORDERS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 9th December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (h) of section 23 of the Native Authority Ordinance the Ezeagu Native Authority hereby issue the following orders:—

1. This order may be cited as the Ezeagu Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Order, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 9th day of December, 1954.

2. (i) Save as hereunder provided, no person shall set fire to, or cause the destruction by fire of, any grass, tree or herbage on any land situate in an area to which this order applies.

(ii) Land required for farming may be cleared by fire provided that:

- (a) the land is cleared by fire in the same farming season that it would be farmed.
- (b) before fire is applied to such land, traces are cut around the land sufficient to prevent the fire from spreading to an area outside the area to be farmed.

3. No person being the owner or occupier of any land shall authorise or permit the doing of any act prohibited by this order upon such land and whenever an offence against the provisions of this order is committed by any person on such land the owner or occupier thereof in default of proof to the contrary (the onus of which shall be upon him) shall be deemed to have authorised or permitted the commission of such offence.

4. Any person committing a breach of this order shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding one month for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding three months with hard labour for each subsequent offence.

MADE by resolution of the Ezeagu Native Authority Council this 26th day of May, 1954.

SEALED with the Corporate Seal of the Ezeagu Native Authority in the presence of:

P. T. A. N. OZOGU, *Secretary,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

J. M. AMALU, *Chairman,*  
*Ezeagu Native Authority*

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

Bush  
burning  
prohibited  
in certain  
respects.

Duty of  
owner or  
occupier  
of land.

Penalties.

E.R.L.N. No. 278 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*THE NKANU NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF  
BUSH BURNING) ORDERS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 9th December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (h) of section 23 of the Native Authority Ordinance the Nkanu Native Authority hereby issue the following orders:—

Short title and date of commencement.

Bush burning prohibited in certain respects.

1. This order may be cited as the Nkanu Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Order, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 9th day of December, 1954.

2. (i) Save as hereunder provided, no person shall set fire to, or cause the destruction by fire of, any grass, tree or herbage on any land situate in an area to which this order applies.

(ii) Land required for farming may be cleared by fire provided that:

(a) the land is cleared by fire in the same farming season that it would be farmed.

(b) before fire is applied to such land, traces are cut around the land sufficient to prevent the fire from spreading to an area outside the area to be farmed.

Duty of owner or occupier of land.

3. No person being the owner or occupier of any land shall authorise or permit the doing of any act prohibited by this order upon such land and whenever an offence against the provisions of this order is committed by any person on such land the owner or occupier thereof in default of proof to the contrary (the onus of which shall be upon him) shall be deemed to have authorised or permitted the commission of such offence.

Penalties.

4. Any person committing a breach of this order shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding one month with hard labour for each subsequent offence.

MADE this 29th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Nkanu Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

B. A. O. IBEGBU, *Secretary,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

D. O. NNAJI, *Chairman,*  
*Nkanu Native Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 279 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE ABAJA NGWO NATIVE AUTHORITY (CONTROL OF BUSH BURNING) ORDERS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 9th December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (h) of section 23 of the Native Authority Ordinance the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority hereby issue the following orders:—

Short title and date of commencement.

Bush burning prohibited in certain respects.

1. This order may be cited as the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority (Control of Bush Burning) Order, 1954, and shall come into operation on the 9th day of December, 1954.

2. (i) Save as hereunder provided, no person shall set fire to, or cause the destruction by fire of, any grass, tree or herbage on any land situate in an area to which this order applies.

(ii) Land required for farming may be cleared by fire provided that:

- (a) the land is cleared by fire in the same farming season that it would be farmed.
- (b) before fire is applied to such land, traces are cut around the land sufficient to prevent the fire from spreading to an area outside the area to be farmed.

3. No person being the owner or occupier of any land shall authorise or permit the doing of any act prohibited by this order upon such land and whenever an offence against the provisions of this order is committed by any person on such land the owner or occupier thereof in default of proof to the contrary (the onus of which shall be upon him) shall be deemed to have authorised or permitted the commission of such offence.

Duty of owner or occupier of land.

4. Any person committing a breach of this order shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding fourteen days for the first offence and to a fine not exceeding twenty shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding one month with hard labour for each subsequent offence.

Penalties

MADE this 17th day of August, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

G. P. U. EKWUEME, *Secretary,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

J. E. EKWUEME, *Chairman,*  
*Abaja-Ngwo Native Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 280 of 1954*

#### PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*

#### THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF SITING OF ADVERTISEMENTS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st day of December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Control of Siting of Advertisements) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title and date of commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

“council” means the Aba Urban District Council;

“advertisement” includes announcement or direction and any Bill, poster, sign, signboard, sky-sign, placard, leaflet, notice, and any hoarding or similar structure or apparatus used, erected or intended for the purpose of advertising or for display of advertisements of any kind;

“building” includes every house, hut, shed, or roofed enclosure whether used for the purposes of human habitation or for manufacture, storage, business or otherwise and also every wall, fence, roof, gable, panel, staging, gate, post, pillar, paling, frame, hoarding, slip, pier, jetty, or bridge.

Definitions.

Control of advertisements.

3. No advertisement shall be exhibited or erected without the permission in writing of the Council who may impose such conditions as it shall think fit.

Notice for removal of advertisements.

4. Where any advertisement has been exhibited or erected in contravention of bye-law 3 or is in existence at the date of these bye-laws coming into operation and in the opinion of the Council injuriously affects the amenities and natural beauty of Aba or the convenience and safety of the public, the Council may serve or cause to be served a notice on the person who caused such advertisement to be exhibited or erected, if such person can be ascertained, or on the owner or occupier of the land or building on or in which the same is exhibited or erected, to remove such advertisement within fourteen days from the service of the notice.

Council may remove advertisements.

5. Whenever any person owner or occupier fails to comply with the terms of any notice served upon him in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 4, the Council or its servants may enter upon the land or building and remove the advertisement and the expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the person, owner or occupier in default.

Penalty.

6. Any person who contravenes the provisions of Bye-law 3 shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or three months imprisonment.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 25th day of June, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

C. N. OBIOMA, *Chairman,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority, this 11th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1954, is hereby fixed as date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 281 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*  
*(No. 16 of 1950)*

THE CALABAR URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL. (HAWKERS)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Calabar Urban District Council.

Short title and date of commencement.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Calabar Urban District Council (Hawkers) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

## 2. In these bye-laws:—

“child” means a person under the age of sixteen years;

“council” means the Calabar Urban District Council and includes any person authorised by the Council to act on its behalf;

“hawking” means sale or display for sale of goods or food or any article of food for sale anywhere other than in approved markets, shops and eating houses.

Definitions.

3. No person shall hawk goods or food or set up a stall or table for the sale of goods or food or otherwise display goods or food for sale in or near any street or open space or on a verandah of a building without a written permit from the Council.

Hawking of goods, etc., in the street.

4. (i) A permit for the purposes set out in bye-law 3 shall be known as street Hawkers Permit and the charge for such Permit which shall expire at the end of the half year of issue shall be ten shillings payable in advance.

Street Hawkers Permit.

(ii) All Street Hawkers' Permit shall bear a photograph of the person in whose name the permit is issued. The permit holder shall supply the photograph.

Fees.

5. No Street Hawkers' Permit shall be issued by the Council to any child.

No permit to be issued to a child.

6. The Council shall specify, in every Street Hawkers' Permit issued, the area or locality in which the holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food.

Council to specify area in permit.

7. No permit holder may hawk goods or food or set up a table or stall for the display and sale of goods or food in any locality other than that specified in the permit.

Permit holders may hawk only in area specified by Council.

8. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-laws 3 or 7 shall, on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of ten shillings for each offence, and a further penalty of ten shillings for every day or part of a day on which the offence continues after written warning by the Council.

Penalty for contravention of bye-laws 3 and 7.

9. Any permit issued in accordance with these bye-laws shall not be transferable and shall be carried at all times by the person to whom it is issued when engaged in hawking and shall be produced on demand by the Council or any Police Officer in uniform.

Permit not transferable and to be carried when hawking.

10. Any person, in respect of whom a permit has been issued by the Council in accordance with these bye-laws, who permits the same to be used or carried by any other person shall be guilty of an offence and shall on conviction thereof be liable to a fine of one pound.

Penalty for transferring permit.

11. Any person who employs, or any parent, guardian who allows any child to hawk contrary to the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction thereof to a fine of five pounds.

Penalty for employing or permitting child to hawk.

12. The Council may upon conviction of any permit holder for a breach of any of the provisions of these bye-laws or for any disorderly act or conduct on the part of the permit holder cancel the permit and any fees paid shall not be recoverable.

Cancellation of permit on conviction.

Revocation  
of Rule 7  
of 1948.

13. The Calabar Township (Hawkers) Rules, 1948, as amended, are hereby revoked.

MADE by resolution of the Council dated the 26th day of August, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Calabar Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

E. ESIEN, *Secretary*

J. UFOT, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority, by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 282 of 1954*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*

THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (SLAUGHTER)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

Definitions.

2. In these bye-laws:—

"animals" include sheep, goats, rams, swine, and cattle together with their young;

"approved butcher's shop" means premises approved under the provisions of bye-law 13;

"council" means the Aba Urban District Council;

"health officer" includes a Medical Officer of Health, a Health Superintendent, a Sanitary Inspector or other person acting under the authority of a Medical Officer of Health and whether or not such Health Superintendent, Sanitary Inspector or other person is serving in the Medical Department of Government or is in the service of the Council;

"market" means a market specified in the Schedule;

"slaughter" means the killing of animals intended for the food of man but shall not include the killing of goats, sheep or rams at premises other than a slaughter house on Easter Day, Christmas Day, Id el Fitr and Id el Dabir;

"slaughter house" means a slaughter house established by or with the consent of the Council and includes a slaughter slab so established.

(First  
Schedule).

Place of  
slaughter.

3. No person shall slaughter any animal intended for human consumption, except:—

- (a) In the Council's Slaughter House.  
 (b) In a private slaughter house.  
 (c) Under a special permit from the Council on the recommendation of the Health Officer, and not until the animal has been examined by the Health Officer and passed by him as fit for slaughter.

4. (i) The Health Officer shall at such place and at such hour as he shall appoint examine all animals which are intended to be slaughtered for human consumption. Examination of animals

(ii) If after examination an animal is passed as fit for slaughter, a certificate of fitness shall be issued by the Council in respect of such animal, which certificate shall be valid for 24 hours from the time of issue. Such certificate shall be in the form set out in the Second Schedule hereto.

5. When an animal is to be slaughtered in the Council's slaughter house or in a private slaughter house, the following fees shall be paid for the examination and (if the animal is passed as fit for slaughter) for the issue of a certificate of fitness in accordance with the preceding bye-law:— Public slaughter house.

<i>Per head</i>								<i>Amount</i>			<i>Fees.</i>
								£	s	d	
Cattle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	5	0	
Sheep or ram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0	
Swine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	0	
Goat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	6	

6. (i) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may issue a licence (as specified in the Third Schedule hereto) authorising the use of any premises as a private slaughter house, and any such licence may be granted for any period not exceeding the 31st of December of the year in which it is issued. Private slaughter house.

(ii) There shall be paid for every such licence a fee of ten shillings for each month or part of a month for which the licence is to have effect.

(iii) The Council when issuing any such licence may impose and endorse thereon such conditions as it thinks fit.

(iv) Any such licence may be suspended or revoked by the Council if the holder thereof commits any breach of the conditions of the licence or contravenes any of the provisions of these bye-laws.

7. (i) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may issue a permit authorising the holder thereof to slaughter any animal in any premises and at such time as may be specified in the permit subject in the case of animals intended for human consumption, to the slaughter being carried out under the supervision of the Health Officer. Private slaughter.

(ii) There shall be paid for every such permit the following fees which shall include the charges for the examination of the animal, the issue of a certificate of fitness and the supervision of the slaughter by the Health Officer. Private slaughter fees.

<i>Per head</i>								<i>Amount</i>		
								£	s	d
Cattle	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	7	6
Sheep or ram	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	6
Swine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	3	6
Goat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	2	0

Examination  
of carcasses.

8. After the slaughter in accordance with the preceding bye-laws of any animal intended for human consumption, the carcass shall be examined by the Health Officer and the whole or any part of such carcass found to be diseased shall be seized and destroyed as directed by the Health Officer at the expense of the owner.

Cleanliness,  
etc., of  
slaughter  
house.

9. Every person who shall make use of the Council's slaughter house and every holder of licence for a private slaughter house shall keep such slaughter house in a clean and sanitary condition and shall comply with all such instructions as may be given by the Council acting through the Health Officer with regard to:—

- (i) the cleanliness of the premises and the collection and disposal of blood, dirt, offal, filth and rubbish therefrom;
- (ii) the cleanliness and suitability of all instruments, utensils and appliances used in the process of slaughtering;
- (iii) the cleanliness of the person using the premises;
- (iv) the prevention of cruelty to animal; and
- (v) such other matters as may relate to the proper and efficient working of the slaughter house.

Time for  
the use of  
slaughter  
house.

10. Public slaughter houses shall be used only during the hours fixed by the Council on the recommendation of the Health Officer.

Transportation  
of  
meat.

11. Every person engaged in the transportation of meat prior to its sale in a public market or in an approved butcher's shop shall cause such meat to be conveyed in such a receptacle and in such a manner to the satisfaction of the Council.

Sale of meat.

12. Meat shall not be exposed for sale except in a market as specified in the First Schedule hereto or in an approved butcher's shop.

Butcher's  
shop.

13. (i) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws the Council may approve for the sale of meat any premises which the Health Officer considers suitable for the purposes and on the approval of such premises, a permit (as specified in the Fourth Schedule hereto) shall be issued by the Council to the person intending to carry on the business of a butcher therein.

(ii) There shall be paid in respect of every such permit issued a fee of six pounds per year. Permit fees shall be paid quarterly or annually in advance at the Treasury office of the Council. Every permit issued under this section shall expire on the 31st of December, next following the date of issue.

(iii) No premises shall be approved as a butcher's shop unless every room therein in which meat is to be kept and the fittings and appliances in such room comply with the following conditions:—

- (a) The rooms have a minimum floor area of 120 square feet and the minimum height of the ceiling shall be 10 feet.
- (b) The floor of the room shall be of concrete and the walls surfaced with glazed tiles or other approved material to a height of not less than 8 feet and all corners of walls shall be rounded in such a manner as, in the opinion of the Health Officer, will facilitate the removal of dirt.
- (c) A pipe-borne water supply shall be installed together with a suitable drainage system, the whole so arranged that, all parts of the room and its fittings can easily be swilled with water from a hose;

(d) The room shall not connect directly with any living quarters.

(e) The tables and counters shall have tops of impervious materials.

(iv) No premises shall be approved as a butcher's shop unless at least the upper half of the door or doors used by customers is/are fitted with glass so placed as to enable the interior of the room in which the meat is sold to be clearly visible from the outside at all times.

(v) On the recommendation of the Health Officer, the Council may order the endorsement of any conditions it may consider desirable on any permit issued under these bye-laws; such endorsement among other things may relate to the use of scales, cold storage plant, the painting and white-washing of the premises and the hours during which meat may be sold.

14. When the Council considers it desirable in the interest of public health so to do, it may require that any meat exposed for sale shall be protected from flies by the use of fly-proof storage facilities or coverings which shall be provided by the vendor, and such vendors shall comply with such instructions relating thereto as may be given by the Health Officer.

15. No person shall soak meat in water in a market or in a private butcher's shop.

16. Any person who contravenes or fails to comply with any of the provisions of these bye-laws or with any condition of a licence or permit or with any order or direction given by the Council, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for three months for each and every such offence.

FIRST SCHEDULE

APPROVED MARKETS

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>
Aba Township ... ..	Main Market.
Aba Township ... ..	New Market.

SECOND SCHEDULE

*Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of.....  
to slaughter the following animals,.....today, the  
day of....., 19.....

Fee Paid: £ : :

.....  
*Secretary,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

*Licence for Private Slaughter House*

Licence is hereby granted to.....of.....  
to open a private slaughter house at.....in accordance with  
bye-law 6 of the Aba Urban District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954,  
for the period up to 31st December, 19.....

ISSUED this.....day of....., 19.....

Fee Paid: £ : :

.....  
*Secretary,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

FOURTH SCHEDULE

Permission is hereby granted to.....of.....  
to use the premises at No.....as a private butcher's shop  
in accordance with bye-law 13 of Aba Urban District Council (Slaughter)  
Bye-laws for the period ending 31st December, 19.....

ISSUED at Aba, this..... day of..... 19.....  
Fee Paid: £ : :

Secretary,  
Aba Urban District Council

MADE by Resolution of the Aba Urban District Council this 25th day of June, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, Secretary, C. N. OBIOHA, Chairman,  
Aba Urban District Council Aba Urban District Council

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
Regional Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 283 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)  
THE ABA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL (CONTROL OF ANIMALS) BYE-LAWS, 1954

(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Aba Urban District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Aba Urban District Council (Control of Animals) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

2. In these bye-laws:—

- “area” means the area of the Aba Urban District Council;
- “animals” include cattle, horse, sheep, goats, pigs, and the young of any such animal;
- “council” means the Aba Urban District Council;
- “poundmaster” means a person appointed in writing by the Aba Urban District Council, to have charge of a pound.

3. Any animal found straying within the area may be impounded by the poundmaster or any other person duly authorised by the Council.

4. Any person who permits any animal to stray in the area shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of ten shillings or to imprisonment for seven days, or in the case of a second or subsequent offence, to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days.

5. (1) The poundmaster shall release any animal impounded under the provisions of these bye-laws to the owner of such animal upon payment of the penalties and expenses set out in the Schedule.

(2) Such penalties and expenses shall be paid into the Council Treasury.

(3) Nothing in this bye-law shall affect any claim or right of action by any person against the owner of any animal for damage done to his person or property.

Short title and date of commencement.  
Definitions.  
Impounding of stray animals.  
Persons permitting animal to stray guilty of offence.  
Release of impounded animal on condition.

6. (1) Any animal impounded under the provisions of these bye-laws, which is unclaimed within seven days after the date of impounding, shall be sold in accordance with instructions issued by the Council to the pound-master. Impounded animal to be sold.

(2) The proceeds of the sale of such animal shall be paid into the Council Treasury.

7. Any person who confines or causes to be confined any animal within a pen in which it has not adequate space, shade or water, shall be guilty of an offence and shall be liable to a fine of two pounds or to imprisonment for fourteen days. Animals not to be confined in bad conditions.

8. The penalties and expenses under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:—

- (a) If the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court, or a Magistrate Court, and  
 (b) If the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate Court.

#### SCHEDULE

##### *Penalties*

	£	s	d
1. For every head of cattle impounded ... ..	0	3	0
2. For every other animal impounded ... ..	0	2	0

##### *Expenses*

For every head of cattle impounded per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	1	0
2. For every other animal impounded, per day or portion of a day ... ..	0	0	6

MADE by resolution of the Aba Urban District Council, this 30th day of July, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Aba Urban District Council was affixed in the presence of:

C. O. OKOLI, *Secretary,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

C. N. OBIOMA, *Chairman,*  
*Aba Urban District Council*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 284 of 1954*

#### *The Interpretation Ordinance (Cap. 94)*

#### DELEGATION OF POWERS

(*Date of Commencement* : 9th December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 33A of the Interpretation Ordinance the Governor of the Eastern Region has been pleased to delegate to the officers set out in the third column of the Schedule hereto the powers set out in the first column opposite to the said officers which said powers are conferred upon the Governor of the Eastern Region by the Ordinances or Regulations set out in the second column adjacent thereto.

## SCHEDULE

<i>Powers conferred</i>	<i>Ordinance of Regulation</i>	<i>Officer</i>
1. (1) To grant leases of Crown Lands which have vested in the Governor of the Eastern Region on such general conditions as have been approved by the Governor and in respect of such leases by whomsoever granted:—	Crown Lands Ordinance, (Chapter 45) section 4	Commissioner of Lands.
(a) to fix, revise and postpone revision of rents;	Sections 4 and 9	
(b) to accept surrenders thereof;	Section 5 (a)	
(c) to remit, wholly or partially, covenants and conditions contained therein and to extend the time for performing conditions;	Section 5 (b) and (c)	
(d) to approve assignment, sub-letting or other parting with possession of land held thereunder;	Section 7 (b) (iii)	
(e) to receive notifications of appeals against the revision of rents and to agree to the appointment of an arbitrator;	Section 9 (3) and (4)	
(f) to fix penal rents;	Section 10	
(g) to exercise the option to purchase buildings;	Section 11	
(h) to approve purchasers thereof where such leases are sold by or under orders of Court.	Section 12	
(2) To resume land sold or leased under the Ordinance, and to pay compensation therefor.	Section 24	Commissioner of Lands.
(3) To close or alter any road on land sold or leased under the Ordinance.	Section 25	Commissioner of Lands.
(4) To grant leases of plots of Crown Land vested in the Governor of the Eastern Region on such general conditions as have been approved by the Governor, where such plots form part of general layout, a plan of which, showing the plots and layout, has been deposited in accordance with section 3 (f) of Regulations 29 of 1924 made under section 28 of the Land Registration Ordinance, and in respect of such leases, by whomsoever granted,	Section 4	Commissioner of Lands and Residents in charge of Provinces.
(a) to accept surrenders thereof;	Section 5 (a)	
(b) to extend the term of building covenants contained therein;	Section 5 (c)	
(c) to approve assignment, sub-letting or other parting with possession of land held thereunder;	Section 7 (b) (iii)	
(d) to fix penal rents;	Section 10	
(e) to approve purchasers thereof where such leases are sold by or under orders of Court.	Section 12	
(5) To grant licences for the temporary occupation of Crown Lands vested in the Governor of the Eastern Region and for taking building materials therefrom, for a term not exceeding one year, and to cancel them and accept surrenders thereof.	Sections 4 and 6	Commission of Lands, Residents in charge of Provinces, Officers in charge of Divisions and Land Officers.
(6) To reduce or remit the amount of any fee.	Crown Lands (Fees) Regulations (No. 18 of 1950) proviso to Regulation 2.	Commissioner of Lands.
2. (1) To reduce or remit the amount of any fee payable under the Ordinance.	Land Registration Ordinance (Chapter 108) section 27.	Commissioner of Lands.
(2) To exempt by endorsement thereon any instrument from the provisions of section 9 of the Ordinance in so far as that section directs that an instrument shall not be registered unless it contains a plan of the land affected.	Regulation 3 (e) of Regulations 29 of 1924 made under the Land Registration Ordinance.	Commissioner of Lands.

By His Excellency's Command,  
A. G. SAVILLE,

*Clerk to Executive Council, Eastern Region*

15th November, 1954.

E.R.L.N. No. 285 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance (No. 16 of 1950)*THE EASTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(OSUSU CLUB) BYE-LAWS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council:—

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council (Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into force on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title application and commencement.

2. In these bye-laws:—

Definition.

“club head” means a person who arranges or conducts an Osusu Club;

“commission” means “drink money,” or the approved deduction not to exceed  $1\frac{1}{4}$  per cent of a hand, payable to the club head, other officers and members of Osusu Club for their responsibilities in collecting and distributing;

“contribution” means a fixed amount contributed by a member at a meeting of an Osusu Club;

“council” means the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council;

“hand” means the gross total of the amount collected by the contributor at any one meeting;

“osusu club” means an association of persons formed for the purpose of collecting and distributing money, each member of which contributes a fixed sum at meetings held at regular intervals and receives in his turn the amount collected less certain approved deductions.

3. (1) Every Osusu Club established within the area of the authority of the Council after the date of the coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council.

Osusu Club to be registered.

(2) Every Osusu Club established and functioning within the area of the authority of the Council at the date of coming into operation of these bye-laws shall be registered with the Council within thirty days of such date.

(3) Every registration shall be renewed annually.

4. Any person who shall operate, conduct or establish an Osusu Club which is not registered in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws shall be guilty of an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of five pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Offence and penalty.

5. (1) Application for the registration of an Osusu Club shall be made in each year by the proposed club head in the form contained in the First Schedule and shall be accompanied by the appropriate registration fee as laid down in the Fourth Schedule.

Application for registration. First Schedule.

(2) Every application for registration of a new Osusu Club shall be considered by the Council within thirty days of its receipt by the secretary to the Council.

Fourth Schedule.

Council may refuse registration.

6. The Council may refuse to register an Osusu Club if it is not satisfied that:

- (a) the applicant is a fit and proper person to run an Osusu Club by reason of his character or financial standing; or
- (b) the Osusu Club which it is desired to register will be conducted to the satisfaction of the Council and in accordance with these bye-laws.

Permit to operate. Second Schedule.

7. Upon registration of an Osusu Club the Council shall issue a permit to operate in the form set out in the Second Schedule.

Cancellation of Registration.

8. The Council may cancel the registration of an Osusu Club if it appears to it that such club is not being conducted in accordance with the provisions of these bye-laws.

Secretary to Osusu Clubs.

9. (1) There shall be appointed to an Osusu Club a secretary whose duty it shall be to keep accurately all such records and accounts as shall be necessary for the proper running of the club.

(2) Any secretary to a club who:—

- (a) fails, neglects or refuses to make all necessary entries in the records or accounts of the club; or
- (b) makes any false or unauthorised entry in the records or accounts of the club

shall be guilty of an offence and liable on conviction to a fine of ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

Conduct and proceedings of club. Third Schedule.

10. The provision of the Third Schedule shall have effect as respects the conduct and proceedings of an Osusu Club registered under these bye-laws.

Club to keep records.

11. The records of an Osusu Club shall be maintained at the headquarters of such club and shall be open to inspection at all reasonable hours by every member of the club or by any officer of the Council.

Determination of Osusu Clubs.

12. (1) Subject to the provisions of these bye-laws, every Osusu Club shall determine within three years from the date of its first registration.

(2) This bye-law shall not apply to an Osusu Club which existed before and was functioning at the date of coming into operation of these bye-laws.

Osusu Club may wind up its affairs.

13. An Osusu Club may wind up its affairs at any time upon a decision of the majority of its members being reached to the effect at a general meeting of the club, the quorum of which shall not be less than three quarters of the total number of members.

Club head may start second club.

14. The club head of an Osusu which has wound up its affairs may apply to act as the head of another Osusu Club with the same or different members subject to the provisions of these bye-laws.

15. Any club head or other officer or any member of an Osusu Club acting in such capacity who:—

- (i) demands or accepts an entrance fee to the club of more than one shilling; or
- (ii) demands or accepts any commission, money or gift in any form of more than 1¼ per cent of any one hand; or

- (iii) refuses without just cause to pay a hand to a member whose turn it is to receive it; or
- (iv) relinquishes his office without just cause; or
- (v) disbands the club before every contributor has received his hand, is guilty of an offence and is liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding ten pounds or to imprisonment for one month.

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE EASTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Form of Registration*

1. Name of the Osusu Club.....
2. Headquarters of the club.....
3. The Regular meeting place of the club.....
4. Number of members.....
5. Total number of shares.....
6. Value of one share.....
7. Value of one hand.....
8. Total value of all hands.....
9. Name of the Club Head.....
10. Name of the Club Secretary.....
11. Name of the Club Treasurer.....

SECOND SCHEDULE

THE EASTERN NSIT RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL (OSUSU CLUB)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954

*Permit to Operate an Osusu Club*

Permission is hereby granted to Mr/Madam.....of  
.....to operate the..... Osusu Club at  
.....from the..... day of.....  
19.....subject to the provisions of the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council  
(Osusu Club) Bye-laws, 1954.

.....  
*Secretary/Treasurer,*  
*Eastern Nsit Rural District Council*

THIRD SCHEDULE

1. An Osusu Club shall not hold a meeting during the hours of darkness.
2. A roster of the names of contributors and order of preference for the taking of hand shall be prepared at the first general meeting of the club and approved by the majority of the members present provided that the general meeting shall have powers by resolution to adjust the order of preference in the event of any emergency.
3. Notwithstanding the provision of paragraph 2, by the consent of the majority of the members present at a general meeting, any member may be allowed to draw his hand or one hand if he has more than one hand in the club.
4. Every hand shall be paid to the member whose turn it is to receive a hand at the meeting of the club as soon as the collection is completed.

5. Before a member shall receive a hand, he shall produce before the club two sureties of good financial standing approved by the majority of the members present at that meeting of the club. The sureties shall ensure that the member pays his contribution regularly until the determination of the club.

6. When a member, whose turn it is to receive a hand is unable or fails to produce two sureties, an amount equal to the sum he has contributed may be deducted from the hand and given to him with the approval of the majority of the members of the club present at the meeting. The balance shall then be handed to the treasurer of the club until such time as the member shall produce sureties when such amount shall be handed over to him. If the club determines before he has produced sureties, then the club treasurer shall hand over such sum to him at the date of the determination.

7. A member wishing to leave a club may do so provided he produces a substitute who is approved by the majority of the members of the club. Such substitute shall be a member of the club in all respects, and shall be in the same position as to the payment of any sum to, or the receipt of any benefit from the club, as the member whose place he has taken.

8. When a member who has not received a hand dies, the secretary of the club shall inform his next of kin in writing that he can either act as a substitute to the deceased member himself or, with the approval of the majority of the members of the club produce another person as a substitute. The provision of paragraph 7 shall apply to such substitute in either case.

9. Any amount contributed by a deceased member shall at the determination of the club be paid to his next of kin.

10. When a member who has received a hand dies, his estate shall be liable for the payment of his contribution until the determination of the club.

#### FOURTH SCHEDULE

##### *Registration Fee*

	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, registration fee shall be...	0	2	6
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	5	0
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	10	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, registration fee shall be ... ..	0	15	0
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	0	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, registration fee shall be ... ..	1	10	0

FOURTH SCHEDULE—(continued)

7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, registration fee shall be ... ..	2 0 0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100, registration fee shall be... ..	2 0 0
	for the 1st £100 and 2s 6d for every additional £10 or part there- of.

FIFTH SCHEDULE

*Fee for Renewal of Registration*

	£	s	d
1. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is £2 but not exceeding £10, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	1	0
2. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £10 but not exceeding £20, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	2	6
3. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £20 but not exceeding £30, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	5	0
4. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £30 but not exceeding £40, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	7	6
5. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £40 but not exceeding £50, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	10	0
6. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £50 but not exceeding £75, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	0	15	0
7. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £75 but not exceeding £100, fee for renewal shall be ... ..	1	0	0
8. For every Osusu Club which total value of a hand is above £100, fee for renewal shall be... ..	1	0	0
			and 1s for every addi- tional £10 per annum.

DATED this 9th day of September, 1954.

APPROVED and made by the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council by resolution dated 26th June, 1954, under the Common Seal of the Eastern Nsit Rural District Council in the presence of:—

O. N. BASSEY, *Secretary/Treasurer*

JACOB UDO, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 11th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of December, 1954, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. PLEASS,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 286 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950*

(No. 16 of 1950)

## THE IMAN DISTRICT (SLAUGHTER) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1955)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Iman Rural District Council.

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Iman Rural District Council (Slaughter) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.
2. In these bye-laws:—  
 "animals" include sheep, goats and cattle together with their young;  
 "council" means the Iman Rural District Council;  
 "market" means any market specified in the second column of the First Schedule;  
 "public slaughter house" means any slaughter house established by or with the consent of the Council for the slaughter of animals and includes a public slaughter slab;  
 "slaughter" means the killing of animals intended for the food of man but does not include the killing of animals if the meat thereof is not to be sold or exposed for sale.
3. Any person who slaughters any animal in any place other than in a public slaughter house shall be guilty of an offence.
4. Any person who sells or exposes for sale any meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house in a place other than a market shall be guilty of an offence.
5. (1) No person may slaughter except he shall first obtain a permit to slaughter the animal or animals mentioned therein from a person duly authorised by the Council in that behalf.  
 (2) Such permit, which shall be in the form of the Second Schedule hereto, shall issue upon the following conditions:—  
 (a) that the animal or animals have been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food and  
 (b) that the fees prescribed in the Third Schedule to these rules have been paid in respect of the animal or animals to be specified in the permit.  
 (3) Any person who slaughters an animal without being in possession of a valid permit shall be guilty of an offence.
6. (1) No person shall remove the meat of any animal slaughtered in a public slaughter house until such meat has been inspected by a person duly authorised in that behalf by the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health and passed by such person as fit for human food.

Short title and date of commencement.

Definition.

Public slaughter house to be used.

Sale of meat

Permit to slaughter.

(Second Schedule).

Meat to be inspected.

(2) Any meat which a person so authorised considers unfit for human consumption shall be destroyed in such manner as the Council upon the advice of a Medical Officer of Health shall direct.

(3) (a) Any person who removes any such meat before it has been inspected; or

(b) Any person not complying with a direction given under the provisions of this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence.

(7). (1) Any person who slaughters at a public slaughter house shall immediately afterwards clear away and dispose of in such manner as directed all blood, offal, and rubbish of any description and shall thoroughly wash and clean the slaughter house. Slaughter house to be rendered clean.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with a direction given under the provisions of this bye-law shall be guilty of an offence.

8. Any person who is guilty of an offence against these bye-laws shall be liable upon conviction to a fine not exceeding five shillings or to imprisonment not exceeding seven days for the first offence or to a fine not exceeding five pounds or to imprisonment not exceeding thirty days for any subsequent offence. Penalties.

9. The penalties under these bye-laws shall be imposed or ordered:— Imposition of penalties.

(a) if the offender is subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Native Court or a Magistrate's Court;

(b) if the offender is not subject to the jurisdiction of a Native Court, by a Magistrate's Court.

### FIRST SCHEDULE

<i>Area</i>	<i>Market</i>
Mbioto Local Council ... ..	{ Mkpafi Market. Ikot Obio Inyang Market. Ikot Ekan Market.
Etinan Local Council ... ..	{ Isiet Market. Etinan Market. Urua Idiong.
Ikot Akpan Ntembom ... ..	{ Urua Ese. Ikot Mfon Market. Obo Market.
Oniong Local Council ... ..	{ Urua Ikot Inyang.

### SECOND SCHEDULE

#### *Permit to Slaughter*

Permission is hereby granted to.....of.....

to slaughter the following animals, today the.....day of.....19.....

Fees: £ : :

Date .....

.....  
*Iman Rural District Council*

## THIRD SCHEDULE

<i>Animal</i>	<i>Prescribed Fee</i>
	s    d
Cattle per head    ...    ...    ...	5    0
Sheep and goats per head    ...    ...	3    0
Swine per head    ...    ...    ...	2    0

MADE by resolution of the Iman Rural District Council this 26th day of June, 1954.

SEALED with the Common Seal of the Iman Rural District Council this 13th day of August, 1954, in the presence of:

J. A. INYANG, *Secretary/Treasurer*

J. D. IME, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 25th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of the powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1955, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

E.R.L.N. No. 287 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)*PORT HARCOURT TOWN COUNCIL (SPECIFICATION  
OF PARKING PLACES) ORDER, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 23rd December, 1954)*Date of  
commence-  
ment.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Local Authorities by section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 and by virtue of the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 13 of the Port Harcourt Township Ordinance, 1948, the open space described in the Schedule hereto is hereby declared a Motor Park for purposes of parking motor vehicles with effect from the date of publication of this Notice in the *Gazette*.

## SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Port Harcourt in the Rivers Province of Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 9447.59 square yards, the boundaries of which are described below.

Starting at a concrete pillar marked PBJ. 2481 the co-ordinates of which are 2312.75 feet South and 1542.11 feet East of a concrete pillar marked I.S. the origin of Port Harcourt Cadastral Surveys, the boundaries run in straight lines the bearings and lengths of which are as follows:—

<i>From</i>	<i>Bearing</i>	<i>Length</i>	<i>To</i>
PBJ. 2481	86° 57'	252.7 feet	PBJ. 2482
PBJ. 2482	176° 57'	260.0 feet	PBO. 3227
PBO. 3227	176° 56'	215.1 feet	PBJ. 2926
PBJ. 2926	278° 50'	66.0 feet	PBJ. 2925
PBJ. 2925	300° 00'	51.6 feet	PBJ. 2924
PBJ. 2924	318° 46'	52.6 feet	PBJ. 2923
PBJ. 2923	340° 57'	407.8 feet	PBJ. 2481

(the starting point).

All property beacons are concrete pillars, all bearings and lengths are approximate and all bearings are referred to True North.

MADE by the Port Harcourt Town Council by resolution dated 26th of August, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Port Harcourt Town Council was affixed this 24th day of September, 1954, in the presence of:

J. A. ANYANWU, *Ag. Town Clerk*G. C. IKOKWU, *President*

E.R.L.N. No. 288 of 1954

## PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Townships Ordinance (Cap. 216)*THE PORT HARCOURT (ADVERTISEMENTS)  
BYE-LAWS, 1954*(Date of Commencement: 23rd December, 1954)*Date of  
commence-  
ment.

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Councils by section 31 of the Townships Ordinance the following bye-laws have been made by the Port Harcourt Town Council with the approval of the Governor.

Short title. 1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Port Harcourt (Advertisements) Bye-laws, 1954.

Definitions. 2. In these bye-laws:—  
 "advertisement" includes announcement or direction and any bill, poster, sign, signboard, sky-sign, placard, leaflet, notice, and any hoarding or similar structure or apparatus used, erected or intended for the purpose of advertising or display of advertisements of any kind;  
 "building" includes every house, hut, shed or roofed enclosure whether used for the purposes of human habitation or for manufacture, storage, business or otherwise and also every wall, fence roof, gable, panel, staging, gate, pillar-paling frame, hoarding, slip, dock, wharf, pier, jetty, landing stage or bridge;  
 "council" means the Municipal Authority for the Township of Port Harcourt;  
 "township" means the First Class Township of Port Harcourt.

Advertisement not to be exhibited, etc., without a licence. 3. No person shall exhibit or erect or shall cause to be exhibited or erected within the Township any advertisement unless he shall previously have applied for an advertisement licence issued by the Council and shall pay for such licence the fee specified in the Schedule hereto:

Provided that nothing in this bye-law shall prohibit the exhibition or erection of an advertisement within a private building, or on Public Notice Boards provided by the Council.

Notice for removal of advertisements. 4. Where any advertisement has been exhibited or erected in contravention of bye-law 3 or is in existence on the date that these bye-laws come into operation and in the opinion of the Council injuriously affects the amenities and natural beauty of Port Harcourt or the convenience and safety of the public, the Council may serve or cause to be served a notice on the person who caused such advertisement to be exhibited or erected, if such person can be ascertained, or on the owner or occupier of the land or building on or in which the same is exhibited or erected, to remove such advertisement within fourteen days from the service of the notice.

Town Council may remove advertisements. 5. Whenever any person, owner or occupier fails to comply with the terms of any notice served upon him in accordance with the provisions of bye-law 4, the Council or its servants may enter upon the land or building and remove the advertisement and the expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the person, owner or occupier in default.

Penalty. 6. Any person who contravenes the provisions of bye-law 3 shall be liable on summary conviction to a fine of twenty-five pounds or three months imprisonment, and shall in either case be ordered to remove the advertisement in respect of which he was convicted.

Revocation of Public Notice No. 48 of 1949. 7. The Port Harcourt (Control of Siting of Advertisement) Bye-laws No. 48 of 1949, are hereby revoked.

SCHEDULE OF FEES

Measurement	Amount per annum		
	£	s	d
For all advertisements measuring 5' x 3' or less in area ... ..	0	10	6
For all advertisements measuring more than 5' x 3' but not exceeding 10' x 7' in area ... ..	1	0	0
For all advertisements measuring more than 10' x 7' but not exceeding 20' x 14' in area ... ..	5	0	0
For all advertisements exceeding 20' x 14' ... ..	7	0	0

MADE by the Port Harcourt Town Council by resolution dated the 19th day of August, 1954.

The Common Seal of the Council was affixed this 6th day of September, 1954, in the presence of:

D. E. IWARIMIE JAJA, *Town Clerk*

G. C. IKOKWU, *President*

APPROVED this 1st day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,

*Officer Administering the Government  
of the Eastern Region*

E.R.L.N. No. 289 of 1954

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950 (No. 16 of 1950)*

THE ITU/ITAM RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL  
(MATERNITY FEES) BYE-LAWS, 1954

*(Date of Commencement: 1st January, 1955)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Government Councils by section 106 of the Eastern Region Local Government Ordinance, 1950, the following bye-laws have been made by the Itu/Itam Rural District Council:

1. These bye-laws may be cited as the Itu/Itam Rural District Council (Maternity Fees) Bye-laws, 1954, and shall come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Regional Authority.

Short title  
and date of  
commence-  
ment.

2. (1) Any person desirous of availing herself of the maternity services provided by the Itu/Itam Rural District Council shall pay a fee of 7s 6d to the midwife in charge of any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Itu/Itam Rural District Council.

Fee for  
maternity  
service.

(2) Such fee shall entitle the payer to the full course of treatment including antenatal treatment for a period not exceeding six months before confinement, delivery at the maternity ward and post-natal treatment for a period not exceeding six months following confinement or such part thereof in respect of a particular pregnancy as remains to be performed at the time that the payment is made.

(3) Such treatment may be claimed by the payer at any of the maternity wards established and maintained by the Itu/Itam Rural District Council and the payer may, if she wishes, transfer from one ward to another during the period of treatment.

3. Any person who is attended by a midwife in charge of any Itu/Itam Rural District Council Maternity Ward, when delivering a baby at her home or at any place other than in the Itu/Itam Rural District Council Maternity Ward, shall pay a fee of 7s 6d which shall be additional to the fee prescribed by bye-law 2.

Additional  
fee.

4. (1) The midwife in charge of a ward who receives the fee shall give an official receipt to each payer for the fee paid and shall enter the payer's name, address, and the number of the receipt given to her together with the date of payment in a register to be kept for the purpose.

Receipt  
to be  
given.

(2) The midwife in charge of a ward shall keep a record of the treatment given to each payer.

(3) Upon request made for the purpose of transferring to another ward, the midwife in charge of a ward shall give to any payer a copy of the record of treatment given.

Pauper patients.

5. The midwife may remit wholly or in part the fee payable by any person on the ground of poverty. A record of all such exemptions will be kept in a register provided for the purpose.

The foregoing bye-laws are made and enacted by the Itu/Itam Rural District Council at a meeting of the said Council held this 25th day of August, 1954. In testimony whereof the Common Seal of the said Council has been hereunto affixed in the presence of:

G. O. EDET, *Secretary*

P. A. AKPAN, *Chairman*

APPROVED by the Regional Authority this 25th day of November, 1954.

By virtue of powers conferred upon the Regional Authority by section 107 (3) of the Eastern Regional Local Government Ordinance, the 1st day of January, 1955, is hereby fixed as the date on which these bye-laws shall come into operation.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Regional Authority*

*E.R.L.N. No. 290 of 1954.*

PUBLIC NOTICE

*The Native Authority Ordinance (Cap. 140)*

THE OBUBRA DIVISIONAL NATIVE AUTHORITY  
(EDUCATION RATING) (AMENDMENT No. 2) RULES, 1954.

*(Date of Commencement: 1st December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon Native Authorities by paragraph (xxvi) of subsection (1) of section 25 of the Native Authority Ordinance, the following rules have been made by the Obubra Divisional Native Authority with the approval of the Governor of the Eastern Region:—

Short title.

1. These rules may be cited as the Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) (Amendment No. 2) Rules, 1954.

Amendment to rule 3 of E.R.P.N. 143 of 1952.

2. Rule 3 of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority (Education Rating) Rules, 1952, is hereby amended by deleting the expression "twenty-two shillings and sixpence" where it occurs therein and by substituting therefor the expression "twenty shillings."

MADE the 25th day of June, 1954, under the Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority.

The Common Seal of the Obubra Divisional Native Authority was affixed in the presence of:

E. DAVID, *Secretary,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

D. O. ENANG, *Chairman,*  
*Obubra Divisional Native Authority*

APPROVED this 1st day of December, 1954.

C. J. MAYNE,  
*Officer Administering the Government*  
*of the Eastern Region*

Supplement to the Eastern Regional Gazette No. 59, Vol. 3, dated 30th Dec., 1954—Part B

*E.R.L.N. No 291 of 1954.*

*The Pawnbrokers Ordinance (Cap. 165).*

THE PAWNBBROKERS (APPLICATION TO ONITSHA URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL) ORDER IN COUNCIL, 1954.

*(Date of Commencement: 30th December, 1954)*

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor in Council by section 1 of the Pawnbrokers Ordinance, the following Order in Council is hereby made:—

1. This Order in Council may be cited as the Pawnbrokers (Application to Onitsha Urban District Council) Order in Council, 1954.
2. The Pawnbrokers Ordinance shall apply to and be in force in the area of jurisdiction of the Onitsha Urban District Council.
3. The Pawnbrokers (Application to Onitsha Town Native Authority) Order in Council, 1954, is hereby revoked.

MADE by the Governor in Council at Enugu this 11th day of December, 1954.

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council*

*E.R.L.N. No. 292 of 1954.*

PUBLIC NOTICE

THE NIGERIA TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ORDINANCE  
(CHAPTER 155)

*(Date of Commencement: 30th December, 1954)*

WHEREAS by Order No. 34 of 1950 the area described in the Schedule hereto was declared a planning area:

AND WHEREAS the said order by virtue of subsection (2) of section 10 of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance, on the 29th day of September, 1953, ceased to have effect.

AND WHEREAS the Port Harcourt Planning Authority is still of the opinion that a scheme should be made for the said area.

NOW THEREFORE in exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 10 of the Nigeria Town and Country Planning Ordinance the following order is hereby made:—

- (1) This order may be cited as the Port Harcourt (Re-declaration of Planning Area) Order, 1954.
- (2) The area described in the Schedule hereto is hereby declared a Planning Area.

SCHEDULE

All that parcel of land at Port Harcourt in the Rivers Province, Nigeria, containing an area of approximately 305.9 acres, south-east of the Creek Road Extension Layout, the limits of which are edged red on the plan No. 50/13 of the Port Harcourt Planning Authority signed by the Governor on the 29th day of July, 1948, and deposited in the office of the Director of Surveys at Lagos.

MADE at Enugu this 11th day of December, 1954.

By His Excellency's Command,

A. G. SAVILLE,  
*Clerk to the Executive Council*

E.R.L.N. No. 293 of 1954.

PUBLIC NOTICE

Road Traffic Ordinance, 1947 (No. 43 of 1947)

THE AHOADA (CONTROL OF TRAFFIC) ORDER, 1954.

(Date of Commencement: 30th December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Local Authority, Ahoada, by section 11 of the Road Traffic Ordinance the following order is hereby made:

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| Short title                                    | 1. This order may be cited as the Ahoada (Control of Traffic) Order, 1954.  |
| Sounding of horns prohibited in certain areas. | 2. In the twenty-four hours of each day the sounding of horns by motor vehicles is prohibited— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) on the Ahoada-Abua road, from the Police Barrack Gate to the point where the Ahoada-Abua road crosses the Township Boundary; and</li> <li>(b) on the staff quarters road, from the Police Barrack Gate to the Leprosy Inspectors' house.</li> </ul> |

MADE at Ahoada this 22nd day of November, 1954.

W. S. KING,  
Local Authority

E.R.L.N. No. 294 of 1954

Order MADE UNDER the Dogs Ordinance (Chapter 56)

(Date of commencement: 30th December, 1954)

In exercise of the powers conferred upon the Governor by section 16 of the Dogs Ordinance (Cap. 56), which powers have been delegated to Residents in charge of Provinces, the following order is hereby made:—

1. This order may be cited as the Rabies (Port Harcourt Division) Declaration Order, 1954.
2. The areas which lie within the boundaries of Port Harcourt Division in the Rivers Province are hereby declared to be diseased areas.
3. The removal of dogs from the diseased areas to any other area or from any other area into the diseased areas is prohibited.
4. The Authorities for the areas declared by this order to be diseased areas are hereby directed to make rules for all the matters referred to in section 15 of the Dogs Ordinance.

MADE at Port Harcourt this 6th day of December, 1954.

J. G. C. ALLEN,  
Senior Resident, Rivers Province

